

中國廣核新能源控股有限公司 CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百募達註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1811.HK



善用自然的能量 Natural Energy Powering Nature

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Corporate Information 公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

15th Floor Harbour Centre 25 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

1811

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.cgnne.com

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director

Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)

President and Executive Director

Mr. Li Guangming (appointed on 4 September 2023)

註冊辦事處

Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

香港總部及主要營業地點

香港 灣仔 港灣道25號 海港中心15樓

香港聯合交易所有限公司股份 代號

1811

公司網址

www.cgnne.com

董事會成員

黨委書記、主席兼執行董事

張志武先生(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日辭任總裁)

總裁兼執行董事 李光明先生(於2023年9月4日獲委任)



Corporate Information 公司資料

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023) Mr. Zhao Xianwen (appointed on 7 February 2024) Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023) Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick

Members of the Audit Committee

Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023)

Members of the Remuneration Committee

Mr. Wang Minhao *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023)

非執行董事

劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任) 趙賢文先生(於2024年2月7日獲委任) 王宏新先生(於2023年12月29日辭任) 卞書明先生(於2023年9月4日辭任) 陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

王民浩先生 楊校生先生 梁子正先生

審核委員會成員

梁子正先生(*主席)* 王宏新先生(於2023年12月29日辭任) 楊校生先生 劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任)

薪酬委員會成員

王民浩先生(主席) 王宏新先生(於2023年12月29日辭任) 楊校生先生 劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任)



Corporate Information 公司資料

Members of the Nomination Committee

Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (Chairman) Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng

Members of the Investment and **Risk Management Committee**

Mr. Liu Qingming (Chairman) (appointed on 7 February 2024) Mr. Chen Xinguo (Chairman) (appointed on 29 December 2023 and resigned on 7 February 2024) Mr. Wang Hongxin (Chairman) (resigned on 29 December 2023) Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick

Company Secretary

Mr. Lee Kin

Authorized Representatives

Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (with Mr. Wong Chun Cheong as his alternate) Mr. Lee Kin

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Jun He Law Offices Suite 3701-10, 37/F Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

AUDITOR

KPMG

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central Hong Kong

提名委員會成員

張志武先生(主席) 王民浩先生 楊校生先生

投資與風險管理委員會成員

劉清明先生(主席)(於2024年2月7日獲委任) 陳新國先生*(主席)* (於2023年12月29日獲委任及於2024年2月7日辭任) 王宏新先生(主席)(於2023年12月29日辭任) 楊校生先生 梁子正先生

公司秘書

李 健先生

授權代表

張志武先生(黃振昌先生為其替任人士) 李 健先生

香港法律顧問

君合律師事務所 香港 中環 康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈 37樓3701-10室

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 根據《會計及財務匯報局條例》註冊的公眾利益實體核數師 香港 中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited 34/F, ICBC Tower 3 Garden Road Hong Kong

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited 9/F, Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong

China Development Bank Corporation, Hong Kong Branch Suites 3307-3315 33/F, One International Finance Centre 1 Harbour View Street Central Hong Kong

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited 13/F, Standard Chartered Bank Building 4-4A Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 香港 花園道3號 中國工商銀行大廈34樓

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港 花園道1號 中銀大廈9樓

國家開發銀行股份有限公司香港分行 香港 中環 港景街1號 國際金融中心一期33樓 3307-3315室

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 香港 德輔道中4-4A號 渣打銀行大廈13樓





JAN 1月

Qingyun Shangtang Wind Power Project in Shandong Province, Anqiu Huangminshan Wind Power Project in Shandong Province, and Linqu Wind Power Project in Shandong Province were awarded the honorary title of the "Excellent New Energy and Renewable Energy Enterprise for 2022" by Shandong Province Electricity Association

山東省慶雲尚堂風電項目、山東省安丘 黃皿山風電項目、山東省臨朐風電項目 各榮獲:山東省電力行業協會「2022年度 新能源及可再生能源優秀企業」榮譽稱號



MAR Зя

Obtained the first-class project of "National Power Industry Equipment Management Innovation Achievements for 2022" by the China Electric Equipment Management Association

獲評中國電力設備管理協會「2022年全國電力行業 設備管理創新成果」一等項目





FEB 2я

Hongshagang Wind Power Project in Gansu Province was awarded the "Safety Management Excellence Award" and the "Outstanding Contribution Award" in the Hongshagang Industrial Cluster Area for 2022

甘肅省紅沙崗風電項目榮獲:2022年度紅沙崗集中區「安全管理優秀獎」和「突出貢獻獎」

Announced the annual results for 2022

發佈2022年度全年業績





APR 4月

Participated in 2023 China (Zhangjiakou) Renewable Energy Conference and Expo

參加2023中國(張家口)可再生能源大會暨博覽會

中广核 G CGN 中國廣核新能源控設有限公司

MAY 5я

Kezuo Zhongqi Photovoltaic Poverty Alleviation Project in Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region was assessed as an "Integrity-compliant Enterprise" by the Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region Development and Reform Commission

內蒙古自治區科左中旗光伏扶貧項目: 被內蒙古自治區發展和改革委員會評定為 「誠信達標企業」



Convened the 2023 Annual General Meeting

召開2023年股東週年大會





JUN 6月

Huaiyin Liulaozhuang Wind Power Project in Jiangsu Province was awarded the "Top Ten Excellent Wind Farm Stations" at the "Selection Event of Top 50 in China Wind Power Industry for 2023" jointly organized by Jiangsu Province Renewable Energy Industry Association, etc.

江蘇省淮陰劉老莊風電項目榮獲: 江蘇省可再生能源行業協會等聯合 舉辦的「2023年中國風電產業50強 評選活動」中「十佳優秀風電場站」 獎項





Swept a total of eleven titles at the 9th Investor Relations Awards from the Hong Kong Investor Relations Association (HKIRA): "Grand ESG Award" (mid cap); "3 Years IR Awards Winning Company"; "Best IR Company"; "Best ESG"(Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance 3 awards); "Best Annual Report"; "Best IR by Chairman/CEO", "Best IR by CFO", "Best IRO" and "Best IR Team"

榮獲香港投資者關係協會(HKIRA)第九屆投資者關係十一項大獎:港股中型 股「ESG卓越大獎」;「連續三年投資者關係大獎」;「最佳投資者關係公司」; 「最佳ESG」(環境、社會、企業管治三個獎項);「最佳年報」;「最佳投資者 關係(主席/行政總裁)」;「最佳投資者關係(財務總監)」;「最佳投資者關係 專員」及「最佳投資者關係團隊」

Participated in the 19th Western China International Fair

參加第十九屆中國西部國際博覽會

JUL7月

China Electricity Council announced the results:

Zhangbei Xinsheng Wind Farm in Hebei Province was awarded the honor of "5A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Wind Farms in China", Leling Zhuji Wind Farm in Shandong Province was awarded the honor of "4A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Wind Farms in China", and Leling Tieying Photovoltaic Power Station in Shandong Province was awarded the honor of "4A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Solar Photovoltaic Power Stations in China"

中國電力企業聯合會公佈結果:

河北省張北新勝風電場獲得「全國風電場生產運行統計指標對標5A級」 榮譽、山東省樂陵朱集風電場獲得「全國風電場生產運行統計指標對標 4A級」榮譽、山東省樂陵鐵營光伏電站獲得「全國太陽能光伏電站生產運 行統計指標對標4A級」榮譽



中广核GOCGN

AUG 8月

Announced the interim results for 2023

發佈2023年中期業績





Cenxi Dalong Wind Power Project in the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region was awarded the Category 3 Achievement of "Guangxi Quality Management Team Activities" by Guangxi Association for Quality

廣西壯族自治區岑溪大隆風電項目榮獲:廣西質量協會「廣西質量管理小組活動」三類成果



SEP 9_月

Dongzhi Photovoltaic Project in Anhui Province won the "Quality Engineering Award" from the Anhui Province Electric Association

安徽省東至光伏項目榮獲:安徽省電力協會「優質工程獎」

ОСТ 10я

Dangtu Fishing-Photovoltaic Power Complementary Project in Anhui Province was awarded the title of "Green Innovation Excellent Environmental Protection Organization" by the Anhui Ecosystem Protection Association

安徽省當塗漁光互補 光伏項目榮獲:安徽 省生態環境保護協會 「綠色創新優秀環保 組織」稱號

<u>6</u>	荣誉证书
中广核(多涂)	新教建有限公司:
	时我会生态环境保护工作的品力支持与 2.予查単位"绿色创新优秀环保红积"称 双量履输。
X	2011. 16 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1

DEC 12月

Obtained the "2023 Advanced Organizations Implementing High Performance" from China Association for Quality

獲得中國質量協會「2023年度實施卓越績效 先進組織」榮譽



Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

Continuing our adherence to the basic principles of "Safety First, Quality Foremost and Pursuing Excellence", the Company implements the work style of "Stringency, Prudence, Meticulosity and Pragmatism" to continuously maintain high-quality development

公司繼續堅持「安全第一、質量第一、 追求卓越」的基本原則、踐行「嚴慎細實」 的工作作風, 持續保持高質量發展

Zhang Zhiwu 張志武

Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director 黨委書記、主席兼執行董事

Dear Honourable Shareholders,

2023 was the beginning year for the implementation of the spirit of the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China ("**CPC**"), and a crucial transitional year for the implementation of the "14th Five-Year Plan". The Company shouldered its mission and maintained its strategic focus in the context of the national dual-carbon goal, and accelerated the construction of a more competitive first-class new energy enterprise.

尊敬的各位股東:

2023年是貫徹黨的二十大精神的開局之年,是落實 「十四五」規劃承上啟下的關鍵之年,公司在國家雙碳 目標大背景下肩負使命、保持戰略定力,加快建設更具 競爭力的一流新能源企業。

Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATING RESULTS

The Company was deeply aware of the situation facing the new energy industry and endeavoured to seize the opportunity of industry development. The Company adhered to the basic principles of "Safety First, Quality Foremost and Pursuing Excellence", carried forward the work style of "Stringency, Prudence, Meticulosity and Pragmatism", and strictly abode by the principles of lawfulness, compliance, and integrity to ensure the Company's high-quality development.

In 2023, the profit attributable to equity shareholders amounted to US\$267.7 million, representing an increase of 37.2% compared with last year; basic earnings per share of the Company was US\$6.24 cents (equivalent to HK\$48.66 cents per share). As of 31 December 2023, the attributable installed capacity of the Company's power plants reached 9,622.8 MW, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.1%. During the year, the new attributable installed capacity reached 644.8 MW. The Company strengthened the quality control of equipment and captured every single watt of electricity. In 2023, the Company's power generation reached 19,076.6 GWh, remained basically stable as compared with last year. The condition of production safety was stable, and our production and operation maintained a good momentum.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Under the background of "30.60" dual-carbon policy, the Company will always adhere to its corporate mission of "Developing Clean Energy and Building a Beautiful China", and endeavour to work hard and struggle for the Company's high-quality development.

Zhang Zhiwu

Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director

26 March 2024

業務發展及經營業績

公司深刻認識新能源行業面臨的形勢,努力搶抓行業 發展的機遇期,堅持「安全第一、質量第一、追求卓越」 的基本原則,發揚「嚴慎細實」的工作作風,嚴守合法合 規、廉潔從業,保障公司高質量發展。

2023年,權益股東應佔溢利為267.7百萬美元,較上年 度增加37.2%;公司每股基本盈利為6.24美仙(相當於每 股48.66港仙)。截至2023年12月31日,公司發電廠的權 益裝機容量達到9.622.8兆瓦,同比增加7.1%,年內新增 權益裝機容量達644.8兆瓦。公司強化設備質量治理,度 電必爭。2023年,公司發電量達19.076.6吉瓦時,與去 年基本持平,安全生產形勢穩定,生產經營保持良好態 勢。

展望未來

「30.60」雙碳政策大背景下,公司始終秉承「發展清潔能 源,建設美麗中國」的企業使命,為公司高質量發展努力 拼搏、奮鬥。

張志武 黨委書記、主席兼執行董事

2024年3月26日

President's Statement 總裁致辭

The Company will grab the opportunities arising from market changes, and contribute to the realization of the dual-carbon goal by consolidating and developing its existing capabilities and strengths, and cultivating and building its core competitiveness with high standards.

公司將緊抓市場變革機遇, 鞏固發展既有能 力和優勢, 高標準培育打造核心競爭力, 為實現雙碳目標貢獻力量

Li Guangming 李光明

President and Executive Director 總裁兼執行董事

Dear Honourable Shareholders,

In 2023, under the correct leadership of the Board of Directors of the Company and with the joint efforts of all employees, the Company, in the face of tough and complex external environment, adhered to a high-quality lean development approach to promote the realization of its annual operating objectives.

尊敬的各位股東:

2023年,在公司董事會的正確領導下,在全體員工的共同努力下,公司面對嚴峻複雜的外部環境,堅持高質量精益化發展路線,推動年度經營目標實現。

President's Statement 總裁致辭

INDUSTRY SITUATIONS

By the end of 2023, the nationwide installed capacity of power generation reached 2,919.7 GW, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 13.9%. Driven by the rapid development of new energy power generation, the installed capacity of non-fossil energy power generation exceeded that of thermal power generation for the first time in 2023, and its share in the total installed capacity exceeded 50% for the first time in 2023, reaching approximately 53.9%, while the share of coal power generation fell below 40% for the first time. By the end of 2023, the combined installed capacity of grid-connected wind power and solar power exceeded 1,000 GW, accounting for over one-third of the total installed capacity, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 6.4 percentage points.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION MANAGEMENT

In accordance with the established tasks and objectives, all staff of the Company practiced the work style of "Stringency, Prudence, Meticulosity and Pragmatism", and strove for and captured every single watt of electricity. The Company maximized the overall benefits of power generation and tariffs through the synergy of production and sales. Meanwhile, the Company pushed forward the pre-project work, effectively improved the efficiency of project conversion, and strengthened the resource security, which laid the foundation for the completion of the task for the whole year.

The Company paid close attention to safety management and quality management in accordance with the basic principles of "Safety First, Quality Foremost and Pursuing Excellence". During the year, the newly commissioned attributable installed capacity of wind power was 18.7 MW; the newly commissioned attributable installed capacity of solar power was 581.1 MW; and the Hanneng's Phase II attributable installed capacity of a unit of 45 MW natural gas distributed project in Hubei Province was successfully put into operation.

The Company was awarded several prizes in terms of engineering and capital market during the year: the Company continued to explore and innovate in engineering construction. In 2023, the Company's Huaiyin Liulaozhuang Project in Jiangsu Province was awarded the "Top Ten Excellent Wind Farm Stations" (「十佳優秀風電場站」). The Company maintained a high level of corporate governance. In 2023, the Company swept eleven titles at the 9th Investor Relations Awards from the Hong Kong Investor Relations Association (HKIRA), including the "Grand ESG Award" (mid cap) and "Best IR Company" for three consecutive years.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

New energy continues to be the mainstay of green energy development. Amid the fast and steady industrial development, new energy is in a period of major strategic development opportunities. The Company will grab the opportunities arising from market changes, and contribute to the realization of the dualcarbon goal by consolidating and developing its existing capabilities and strengths, and cultivating and building its core competitiveness with high standards.

Li Guangming

President and Executive Director

26 March 2024

行業形勢

2023年底全國發電裝機容量達到2,919.7吉瓦,同比增 長13.9%左右。在新能源發電快速發展帶動下,非化石能 源發電裝機在2023年首次超過火電裝機規模,佔總裝機 容量比重在2023年首次突破50%,達到53.9%左右,煤電 裝機比重首次降至40%以下。2023年底併網風電和太陽 能發電合計裝機容量突破1,000吉瓦,佔總裝機比重超 過三分之一,同比提高6.4個百分點左右。

業務發展及運營管理

公司全體員工按照既定任務和目標,踐行「嚴慎細實」工 作作風,度電必爭、度電必搶,通過產銷協同促進電量 電價總體效益最大化。同時,公司全力推進項目前期工 作,切實提高項目轉化效率,強化資源保障力度,為完 成全年任務奠定基礎。

公司按照「安全第一、質量第一、追求卓越」的基本原則,狠抓安全管理和質量管理,年內新增風電權益裝機容量18.7兆瓦;新增太陽能權益裝機容量581.1兆瓦;湖 北省漢能二期一台機組權益裝機容量45兆瓦天然氣分 佈式項目順利完成投運。

公司年內榮獲多個工程及資本市場獎項:公司工程建設 不斷探索和創新。2023年,公司位於江蘇省的淮陰劉老 莊項目獲得「十佳優秀風電場站」。公司保持企業管治高 水平運行。2023年榮獲香港投資者關係協會(HKIRA)第 九屆投資者關係十一項大獎,當中包括港股中型股中的 「ESG卓越大獎」、連續三屆獲得「最佳投資者關係公司」 獎項。

展望未來

新能源繼續作為能源綠色發展主力軍,產業發展蹄疾步 穩,新能源處於重大戰略發展機遇期。公司將緊抓市場 變革機遇,鞏固發展既有能力和優勢,高標準培育打造 核心競爭力,為實現雙碳目標貢獻力量。

李光明 總裁兼執行董事

Distribution of Projects 項目分佈圖

Henan, China 中國河南	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Guizhou, China 中國貴州	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
	≈衣饭在重 663.6 мw兆瓦		≈表城在重 170 мw兆瓦
*	5.7 мw兆瓦		
		Guangxi, China 中國廣西	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
Gansu, China 中國甘肅	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量		≈表做谷里 195.9 м₩兆瓦
т <u>к</u>	1,043 мwжа	×	80 мw兆瓦
濛	121 мw兆瓦	** **	18 мwжа
Qinghai, China 中國青海	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Jiangxi, China 中國江西	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
1 <u>4</u> -	200 мwжд	12	177.8 мwжҕ
.	160 мw兆瓦		
Sichuan, China	Total Installed Capacity	Inner Mongolia, Chin 中國內蒙古	a Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
中國四川	總裝機容量	12	10 мw兆瓦
\$	51 мwжд	*	193 мw兆瓦
Hunan, China 中國湖南	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Shaanxi, China 中國陝西	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
12-	245.2 мѡ҄иѣҕ	*	0.7 мw继ā
※	9.8 мw兆瓦		
		Heilongjiang, China 中國黑龍江	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
		拉	100 мw兆瓦
			20

Distribution of Projects 項目分佈圖

Guangdong, China 中國廣東	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Shanghai, China 中國上海	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
※	16.4 мwжд	*	4.5 мwжe
Hainan, China 中國海南	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Anhui, China 中國安徽	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
*	124.3 мw兆瓦	1 1 1	66.2 MW兆国
		*	394.6 мwжъ
Shanxi, China 中國山西	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	Zhejiang, China	Total Installed Capacity
论	199 мw兆б		總裝機容量 404.2 мw兆国
Hebei, China 中國河北	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	*	137.6 мwжы
<u>∱</u> ≋	104.6 мwжд 10 мwжд	Hubei, China 中國湖北	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
يەلى		1/2	24 мw继国
Shandong, China 中國山東	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	* *	100 мwжљ 251.5 мwжљ
12	567.6 мw兆瓦	(associates參股 49%)	2,020 мwжъ
*	35 мw兆瓦		
Jiangsu, China	Tatal lastellad Osnasitu	Fujian, China 中國福建	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量
中國江蘇	Total Installed Capacity 總裝機容量	*	8.9 MW#5
论	554 MW兆瓦		
∱ } ≋	231 мwжā	Korea	Total Installed Capacity
(* <u>s</u>)	63 мwжā	韓國 ● • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	總裝機容量
	the state of the s		507mw*s
			1,549.1 мw兆₅

Financial and Operating Highlights 財務及業務摘要

EBITDA

經營溢利加折舊與攤銷

(US\$ million) (百萬美元)



Decreased by 2.8% as compared with 2022 比 2022年減少2.8%

REVENUE

收入 (US\$ million) (百萬美元)

2,193

7/4

Decreased by 9.8% as compared with 2022 比 2022年減少9.8%

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY 本公司描述即古座(上送利

本公司權益股東應佔溢利

(US\$ million) (百萬美元) 268

Increased by 37.2% as compared with 2022 比 2022年增加 37.2%

STREES.

EPS

每股盈利 US cents per share 每股美仙

> Increased by 37.2% as compared with 2022 比 2022年增加 37.2%





I. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

China's power market:

According to the data published by the NEA, the installed capacity of the PRC amounted to 2,919.7 GW in 2023, representing a year-on-year increase of 13.9%, while electricity consumption amounted to 9,224.1 TWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.7%. The accumulated grid-connected wind power capacity for 2023 reached 441.3 GW, with a year-on-year increase of 20.7%, while the accumulated grid-connected solar power capacity recorded 609.5 GW, with a year-on-year increase of 55.2%.

In 2023, the new energy industry continued to maintain a stable growth trend, achieved high-quality development, and provided strong support for China to achieve the goal of carbon peak and carbon neutrality.

Firstly, energy investment maintained a relatively fast growth trend. The construction of key infrastructure and new infrastructure was vigorously promoted in the energy sector, driving investment growth at a high level. Renewable energy continued to maintain a rapid growth trend, and the construction of large-scale wind power photovoltaic bases focusing on deserts, Gobi and barren lands was progressing well. The first batch of large-scale wind power photovoltaic bases have all been started, and the second batch of base projects have been started one after another, helping the new installed capacity of new energy to break through the highest level in history.

In April 2023, the NEA issued the "Guiding Opinions on Energy Work in 2023" (《2023年能源工作指導意見》). The document proposed that it promotes the first batch of large-scale wind power photovoltaic base projects focusing on deserts, Gobi and barren lands to be connected to the grid and put into operation, builds the second and third batches of projects, and actively promotes the large-scale development of solar and thermal power generation; it is proposed to steadily build offshore wind power bases, and plan for the commencement of the construction of offshore solar farms; it is also proposed to vigorously push forward the construction of distributed onshore wind power and distributed photovoltaic power generation projects.

In November 2023, China and the United States issued the "Sunnylands Statement on Enhancing Cooperation to Address the Climate Crisis" (《關於加強合作應對氣候危機的陽光之鄉聲明》), stating that both countries support the G20 Leaders Declaration to pursue efforts to triple renewable energy capacity globally by 2030 and intend to sufficiently accelerate renewable energy deployment in their respective economies through 2030 from 2020 levels in this critical decade of the 2020s.

-. 行業概覽

中國電力市場:

根據國家能源局數據顯示,2023年中國發電裝 機容量達到2,919.7吉瓦,同比增長13.9%,用電 量9,224.1太瓦時,同比增長6.7%。2023年,風 電累計併網容量達441.3吉瓦,同比增長20.7%; 太陽能發電累計併網容量達609.5吉瓦,同比增 長55.2%。

2023年,新能源行業繼續保持穩定增長的態勢,實現高質量發展,為我國實現碳達峰碳中和 目標提供有力支撐。

一是能源投資保持較快增長態勢。能源領域有 力推進重點基礎設施和新型基礎設施建設,帶 動投資增速保持較高水平。可再生能源繼續保 持快速增長的態勢,以沙漠、戈壁、荒漠地區為 重點的大型風電光伏基地建設進展順利。第一 批大型風電光伏基地已全部開工,第二批基地 項目已陸續開工,助力新能源新增裝機突破歷 史最高水平。

2023年4月,國家能源局印發《2023年能源工作 指導意見》。文件提出,推動第一批以沙漠、戈 壁、荒漠地區為重點的大型風電光伏基地項目 併網投產,建設第二批、第三批項目,積極推進 光熱發電規模化發展;穩妥建設海上風電基地, 謀劃啟動建設海上光伏;大力推進分散式陸上 風電和分佈式光伏發電項目建設。

2023年11月,中美兩國發表《關於加強合作應對 氣候危機的陽光之鄉聲明》,提出在21世紀20年 代這關鍵十年,兩國支持二十國集團領導人宣 言所述努力爭取到2030年全球可再生能源裝機 增至三倍,並計劃從現在到2030年在2020年水 平上充分加快兩國可再生能源部署。

Secondly, green and low-carbon transformation was promoted in depth. Various pilot demonstration projects have been carried out, encouraging different types of projects, cities and zones to explore the paths and forms of achieving carbon peaks with their own characteristics, and assuming the important responsibility of demonstrating and leading, so as to ultimately promote the coordination and progress of the national carbon peak work. The construction of the carbon market and the power market was further promoted, and the green certificate system was improved to further stimulate the vigor and momentum of high-quality energy development. A coal power capacity tariff mechanism was established to promote the transformation of coal power into a regulated energy source.

In July 2023, the second meeting of the Central Commission for Comprehensively Deepening Reform considered and adopted the "Opinions on Promoting the Gradual Shift from Dual Control of Energy Consumption to Dual Control of Carbon Emissions" (《關於推動能 耗雙控逐步轉向碳排放雙控的意見》), which is the third time that the shift to "dual control" of the total volume and intensity of carbon emissions was proposed at the national top-level meeting following the 2021 Central Economic Work Conference and the Report of the 20th National Congress of the Party, and will accelerate the expansion and increase the volume of China's carbon market. In the carbon market, carbon offsets are driven by carbon quotas, which in turn drive the China Certified Emission Reduction (CCER). Through the form of carbon trading, on the one hand, the pressure to reduce emissions is pressed down to the corporate level, and on the other hand, through the economic incentives, funds are guided to promote low-carbon technological innovations and the development of renewable energy.

In August 2023, the NDRC, the Ministry of Finance, and the NEA jointly issued the "Notice on Doing a Good Job of Full Coverage of Renewable Energy Green Power Certificates to Promote Renewable Energy Power Consumption" (《關於做好可再生能源綠色電力證書全 覆蓋工作促進可再生能源電力消費的通知》). The Notice specified that full coverage of green certificate issuance will be realized, and that green certificates will be issued for all electricity produced by registered renewable energy power generation projects.

In September 2023, the NEA issued the "Notice on Organizing Pilot Demonstration of Renewable Energy Development" (《關於組織開展 可再生能源發展試點示範的通知》). The pilot demonstration projects include twenty types of new scenarios of new energy such as deepsea wind power technology demonstration, new high-efficiency photovoltaic battery technology demonstration, low-cost solar and thermal power generation technology demonstration, geothermal energy power generation technology demonstration, photovoltaic sand control demonstration, photovoltaic corridor demonstration, deep-sea offshore wind power parity demonstration, offshore photovoltaic pilot, offshore energy island demonstration, biomass energy clean heating demonstration, high-ratio new energy demonstration, and green energy demonstration parks (districts). 二是綠色低碳轉型深入推進。開展各類試點示 範工程,鼓勵不同類型項目、不同城市和園區結 合自身特色探索碳達峰的實現路徑和形式,擔 負示範引領重任,最終推動全國碳達峰工作的 協調共進。碳市場、電力市場建設深入推進,完 善綠證制度,進一步激發能源高質量發展活力 動力。建立煤電容量電價機制,推動煤電向調節 能源轉型。

2023年7月,中央全面深化改革委員會第二次會 議審議通過了《關於推動能耗雙控逐步轉向碳 排放雙控的意見》,這是繼2021年中央經濟工 作會議和黨的二十大報告之後,第三次在國家 頂層會議上提出向碳排放總量和強度「雙控」轉 變,將加快推動我國碳市場擴容增量。碳市場是 由碳配額帶動碳抵消,再帶動國家核證自願碳 減排壓力壓實到企業層面,另一方面通過經濟 激勵機制,引導資金推動低碳技術創新,促進可 再生能源的發展。

2023年8月,國家發改委、財政部、國家能源局 聯合發佈《關於做好可再生能源綠色電力證書 全覆蓋工作促進可再生能源電力消費的通知》。 《通知》明確,將實現綠證核發全覆蓋,對已建 檔立卡的可再生能源發電項目所生產的全部電 量核發綠證。

2023年9月,國家能源局發佈《關於組織開展可 再生能源發展試點示範的通知》。試點示範項目 包括深遠海風電技術示範、新型高效光伏電池 技術示範、光熱發電低成本技術示範、地熱能發 電技術示範、光伏治沙示範、光伏廊道示範、深 遠海海上風電平價示範、海上光伏試點、海上能 源島示範、生物質能清潔供暖示範、高比例新能 源示範、綠色能源示範園(區)等二十類新能源 新場景。

In October 2023, the NDRC and the NEA jointly issued the "Notice on Further Accelerating the Construction of Electricity Spot Market" (《關於進一步加快電力現貨市場建設工作的通知》). The Notice specified that the scope of spot market construction will be expanded in an orderly manner, the construction of regional electricity markets will be accelerated, and the vast majority of regions other than the Tibet Autonomous Region will have the conditions for trial operation of settlement by the end of 2023.

In October 2023, the NDRC issued the "National Carbon Peak Pilot Construction Program" (《國家碳達峰試點建設方案》), proposing to select 100 typical representative cities and zones nationwide to carry out carbon peak pilot construction. The Program proposed to plan and implement a number of key projects in the areas of energy infrastructure, energy-saving and carbon-reducing renovation, advanced technology demonstration, environmental infrastructure, resource recycling, and ecological protection and restoration.

In November 2023, the NDRC and the NEA jointly issued the "Notice on Establishment of Capacity Tariff Mechanism for Coal Power" (《關於 建立煤電容量電價機制的通知》). The Notice specified that the current single-part tariff for coal power will be adjusted to a two-part tariff, in which the electricity volume tariff will be formed through a market-based approach, sensitively reflecting the supply and demand in the electricity market and changes in fuel costs, etc.; and the level of the capacity tariff will be reasonably determined and adjusted gradually in accordance with the progress of the transition and other actual circumstances, fully reflecting the supportive and regulatory value of coal power to the electricity system, and ensuring the sustained and healthy operation of the coal power industry.

Thirdly, new progress was made in the high-quality development of energy. The construction of key projects in solar thermal and pumped storage was sped up. The construction of auxiliary service markets around the regions was accelerated according to local conditions, and over 90 GW of peaking potential was tapped. With the deepening of the energy transition, the substantial growth of new energy power generation installed capacity, the high proportion of power electronic equipment access, the security and stability of the power system are facing serious challenges. As China has put forward the requirements for the construction of a new type of power system, the importance of the flexibility of regulating power supply and peaking power supply has become more prominent, lithium batteries, compressed air, flow batteries and other technology projects are growing rapidly and their positioning is clearer.

In March 2023, the NEA issued the "Notice on Matters Related to Promoting Large-scale Development of Solar Thermal Power Generation" (《關於推動光熱發電規模化發展有關事項的通知》). The Notice required the energy authorities of Inner Mongolia, Gansu, Qinghai, Xinjiang and other key provinces of solar thermal power generation to actively promote the planning and construction of solar thermal power generation projects, coordinate the planning and layout of photovoltaic and solar thermal, reasonably lay out or reserve solar thermal sites, simultaneously promote the scale and industrialized development of solar thermal power generation projects in the construction of local new energy bases, and strive for the annual new construction scale of solar thermal power generation in China to reach about 3 GW during the "14th Five-Year Plan" period.

2023年10月,國家發改委、國家能源局聯合發佈 《關於進一步加快電力現貨市場建設工作的通 知》。《通知》明確,將有序擴大現貨市場建設範 圍,加快區域電力市場建設,除西藏自治區以外 的絕大多數地區在2023年底前具備結算試運行 條件。

2023年10月,國家發改委發佈《國家碳達峰試 點建設方案》,提出在全國範圍內選擇100個具 有典型代表性的城市和園區開展碳達峰試點建 設。《方案》提出,在能源基礎設施、節能降碳改 造、先進技術示範、環境基礎設施、資源循環利 用、生態保護修復等領域規劃實施一批重點工 程。

2023年11月,國家發改委、國家能源局聯合發佈 《關於建立煤電容量電價機制的通知》。《通知》 明確,將現行煤電單一制電價調整為兩部制電 價,其中電量電價通過市場化方式形成,靈敏反 映電力市場供需、燃料成本變化等情況;容量電 價水平根據轉型進度等實際情況合理確定並逐 步調整,充分體現煤電對電力系統的支撐調節 價值,確保煤電行業持續健康運行。

三是能源高質量發展取得新進展。加快光熱、 抽水蓄能重點工程建設。因地制宜加快推動各 地輔助服務市場建設,挖掘調峰潛力超過90吉 瓦。隨著能源轉型深入推進,新能源發電裝機大 幅增長,電力電子設備高比例接入,電力系統安 全穩定面臨嚴峻挑戰,國家提出建設新型電力 系統的要求,靈活性調節電源和調峰電源的重 要性更加凸顯,鋰電池、壓縮空氣、液流電池等 多種技術項目增長迅速,定位更加明確。

2023年3月,國家能源局發佈《關於推動光熱 發電規模化發展有關事項的通知》。《通知》要 求,內蒙古、甘肅、青海、新疆等光熱發電重點 省份能源主管部門積極推進光熱發電項目規劃 建設,統籌協調光伏、光熱規劃佈局,合理佈局 或預留光熱場址,在本地新能源基地建設中同 步推動光熱發電項目規模化、產業化發展,力爭 「十四五」期間,全國光熱發電每年新增開工規 模達到3吉瓦左右。

In June 2023, the NEA issued the "Notice on Pilot Demonstration of New Energy Storage" (《關於開展新型儲能試點示範工作的通知》). Demonstration projects will be included in the relevant national major engineering project library, preferably selected and recommended to participate in the relevant scientific and technological innovation, standards and other awards selection, and enjoy relevant support policies. The purpose of the Notice is to drive innovation in technology and business models through pilot demonstration, and to drive the diversified and industrialized development of new energy storage.

In June 2023, the NEA issued the "Blue Book on the Development of New Power Systems" (《新型電力系統發展藍皮書》), which took 2030, 2045 and 2060 as important time nodes for the construction of new power systems, and formulated a "three-step" development approach for new power systems, with key tasks including the coordination of hydropower development and ecological protection, active development of nuclear power in a safe and orderly manner, vigorous promotion of the development and construction of new energy sources, rational distribution of clean and efficient thermal power, and the development of biomass power generation in accordance with local conditions; promotion of multi-energy complementarity of new energy and regulatory power supply, the integrated development of power generation, grid, load and storage, and promotion of the construction of system-friendly "new energy + energy storage" power stations.

In August 2023, 10 departments including the NDRC jointly issued the "Implementation Program for Demonstration Projects of Green and Low-carbon Advanced Technologies" (《綠色低碳先進技術示範 工程實施方案》). The Program proposed that by 2025, a number of demonstration projects will have been implemented, and a number of support policies, business models and regulatory mechanisms conducive to the promotion and application of green and low-carbon technologies will have been gradually improved, so as to explore effective paths for carbon reduction in key areas. Key areas of focus include deep-sea wind demonstration, advanced power grid and energy storage demonstration, green hydrogen demonstration, low-carbon industrial park demonstration, carbon capture, utilization and storage (CCUS) demonstration and other projects.

In September 2023, the NDRC and the NEA jointly issued the "Guiding Opinions on Strengthening the Stability of the Power System in the New Situation" (《關於加強新形勢下電力系統穩定工作的指導意見》). The document proposed that new energy should be transformed from passive access to active support, reflecting system friendliness. Energy storage should be scientifically planned and configured according to needs, and the construction capacity and access locations of energy storage power stations should be reasonably determined to ensure that they play a role in regulating resources.

2023年6月,國家能源局發佈《關於開展新型儲 能試點示範工作的通知》。示範項目將納入國家 有關重大工程項目庫,優選推薦參加相關科技 創新、標準等獎勵評選,並享受相關支持政策。 《通知》旨在通過試點示範帶動技術、商業模式 創新,帶動新型儲能多元化、產業化發展。

2023年6月,國家能源局發佈《新型電力系統發展藍皮書》,以2030年、2045年、2060年為構建 新型電力系統的重要時間節點,制定新型電力 系統「三步走」發展路徑,重點任務包括:統籌水 電開發和生態保護,積極安全有序發展核電,大 力推動新能源開發建設,合理佈局清潔高效火 電,因地制宜發展生物質能發電。推進新能源與 調節性電源的多能互補,推廣電力源網荷儲一 體化發展模式,推動系統友好型「新能源+儲能」 電站建設等。

2023年8月,國家發改委等十部門聯合印發《綠 色低碳先進技術示範工程實施方案》。《方案》提 出,到2025年,一批示範項目落地實施,若干有 利於綠色低碳技術推廣應用的支持政策、商業 模式和監管機制逐步完善,為重點領域降碳探 索有效路徑。重點方向包括深遠海海風示範、先 進電網和儲能示範、綠氫示範、低碳產業園區示 範、碳捕集利用與封存(CCUS)示範等項目。

2023年9月,國家發改委和國家能源局聯合發佈 《關於加強新形勢下電力系統穩定工作的指導 意見》。文件提出,新能源要從被動接入轉變為 主動支撐,體現系統友好性。儲能要按需科學規 劃與配置,合理確定儲能電站建設容量及接入 地點,確保發揮調節資源作用。

Offshore wind power:

In 2023, offshore wind power continued to show a trend of rapid development globally, and its development was mainly manifested in the expansion of indicator issuance, and continuous innovation in technology.

Expansion of indicator scale: In 2022, a total of six provinces issued offshore wind power indicators, totalling 16 GW. In 2023, a total of two provinces opened competitive allocations for offshore wind power projects, issuing a total scale of 25 GW, including 16 GW in sea areas under national jurisdiction, marking the gradual development of offshore wind power projects to the distant sea and deep sea, and greatly unlocking the development space of offshore wind power, which provided a guarantee for the continuous growth of new installed capacity of offshore wind power in the country.

Continuous innovation in technology: On one hand, China has developed the world's largest 18 GW offshore wind turbine, which has reduced the number of units deployed in the project and significantly lowered the cost per kW of the project, effectively enhancing the economics of offshore wind power; on the other hand, continuous improvement in the design and installation of offshore wind power equipment has further promoted the development of offshore wind power technology.

In November 2023, the Ministry of Natural Resources issued the "Notice on Exploring and Promoting the Work of Establishing Multidimensional Layered Rights in Sea Areas"(《關於探索推進海域立體 分層設權工作的通知》), which encouraged multi-dimensional layered authorization of sea uses such as cross-sea bridges, aquaculture, warm (cold) drainage, submarine cables and pipelines, and submarine tunnels. The document is the first national-level policy on multidimensional sea use. The multi-dimensional layered affirmation of rights is a supplement to the existing "flat" sea area management system, which enables the multi-dimensionality and multi-functionality of sea area spatial resources to be effectively brought into full play, and will promote the change of the sea area management mode to "multi-dimensionality" and "three-dimensionality", which will be conducive to the exploration of the co-operation mode between new energy enterprises and other sea-users for the co-exploitation and joint use of different portions of the same sea area by means of "layered comprehensive exploitation and utilization", so as to maximize the benefits of the sea area resources.

Korean power market:

As the Korean power market is undergoing a transformation of energy structure, it is expected that there would be an increase in the use of renewable energy and more natural gas power plants in the future. As the operation of new power plants would intensify the competition in the power market, the profitability of Korean gas-fired power generation companies was hindered.

海上風電:

2023年,海上風電在全球範圍內持續呈現快速發展的趨勢,其發展主要表現在指標發放擴大、技術持續創新等方面。

指標規模放大:2022年共有六省發佈海上風電 指標,總計16吉瓦,2023年共有兩省開放了海 上風電項目競配,共發放25吉瓦的規模,其中還 包括了國管海域的16吉瓦,標誌著海上風電項 目逐漸向遠海、深海發展,也極大地打開了海上 風電的可開發空間,為國內海上風電新增裝機 的持續增長提供了保障。

技術持續創新:一方面,我國研製出全球最大的18吉瓦海上風電機組,減少項目佈點機位數量,單位千瓦工程造價得到顯著降低,有效提升 了海上風電的經濟性;另一方面,海上風電設備 的設計和安裝技術持續改進,進一步推動了海 上風電技術的發展。

2023年11月,自然資源部發佈《關於探索推進 海域立體分層設權工作的通知》,鼓勵對跨海 橋樑、養殖、溫(冷)排水、海底電纜管道、海底 國家級立體用海政策,立體分層確權是對現行的 「平面」海域管理制度體系一個補充,使海域空 間資源的立體性和多功能性得到有效發揮,將 推動海域管理模式向「立體」、「三維」轉變,有利 於新能源企業與其他用海主體通過「分層綜合 開發利用」的方式,探索合作開發、共同使用同 一海域不同部分的合作模式,實現海域資源效 益最大化。

韓國電力市場:

韓國電力市場方面,其正在進行能源結構轉型, 預計未來可再生能源以及天然氣發電站會增 加。隨著新發電廠的投產使電力市場競爭加劇, 韓國的燃氣發電商盈利空間受壓。

II. BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group's portfolio of assets comprises wind, solar, gas-fired, coalfired, oil-fired, hydro, cogen, fuel cell and biomass projects, which are in the PRC and Korea power markets. The Group's business in the PRC covers 19 provinces, two autonomous regions and a municipality with a wide geographical coverage and diversified business scope. As of 31 December 2023, the operations in the PRC and Korea accounted for approximately 77.5% and 22.5% of the Group's attributable installed capacity of 9,622.8 MW, respectively. Clean and renewable energy projects (namely, wind, solar, gas-fired, hydro, fuel cell and biomass projects) accounted for 83.8% of the Group's attributable installed capacity; and conventional energy projects (namely, coal-fired, oil-fired and cogen projects) accounted for 16.2% of our attributable installed capacity.

The following table sets out items selected by us from the results of the Group (by fuel type):

二. 業務回顧

本集團的資產組合包括位於中國及韓國電力市 場的風電、太陽能、燃氣、燃煤、燃油、水電、熱 電聯產、燃料電池及生物質發電項目,本集團 在中國的業務分佈19個省份、兩個自治區及一 個直轄市,地理分佈廣泛,業務範圍多元。截至 2023年12月31日,中國及韓國分別約佔本集團 權益裝機容量9,622.8兆瓦的77.5%及22.5%。清 潔及可再生能源項目(即風電、太陽能、燃氣、 水電、燃料電池及生物質項目)佔本集團權益裝 機容量的83.8%;傳統能源項目(即燃煤、燃油及 熱電聯產項目)佔我們權益裝機容量的16.2%。

下表載列由我們自本集團的業績中挑選的項目 (按燃料分類):

			PRC					
			Coal-fired,					
		Korea	Cogen and Gas-fired	PRC	PRC Wind	PRC Solar		
		Projects	Projects	Hydro Proiects	Proiects	Projects	Corporate	Total
		Projects	中國燃煤、	Projects	Projects	Projects	Corporate	TULAI
			熱電聯產及	中國水電	中國風電	中國太陽能		
US\$ million	百萬美元	韓國項目	燃氣項目	項目	項目	項目	企業	總計
For the year ended	截至2023年12月31日							
31 December 2023	止年度							
Revenue	收入	1,151.0	133.4	7.0	702.4	134.1	65.1	2,193.0
Operating expenses	經營開支	(1,039.8)	(120.0)	(6.1)	(329.9)	(75.3)	(69.4)	(1,640.5)
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	111.2	13.4	0.9	372.5	58.8	(4.3)	552.5
Profit/(loss) for the year		71.5	16.4	(4.2)	269.0	29.0	(102.1)	279.6
Profit/(loss) attributable								
to equity shareholders of the Company	應佔溢利/(虧損)	71.5	15.2	(4.6)	259.5	28.2	(102.1)	267.7
of the Company		/ 1.5	15.2	(4.0)	209.0	20.2	(102.1)	201.1
For the year ended	截至2022年12月31日							
31 December 2022	止年度(經重列)							
(Restated)								
Revenue	收入	1,377.4	151.1	18.8	692.8	137.1	52.9	2,430.1
Operating expenses	經營開支	(1,261.6)	(143.4)	(10.9)	(297.9)	(67.1)	(59.5)	(1,840.4)
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	115.8	7.7	7.9	394.9	70.0	(6.6)	589.7
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	62.7	(43.2)	8.0	241.2	45.7	(100.0)	214.4
Profit/(loss) attributable	本公司權益股東							
to equity shareholders	應佔溢利/(虧損)							
of the Company		62.7	(49.9)	7.3	230.9	44.1	(100.0)	195.1

Korea Projects

If the one-off adjustment on the post-tax impact of impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment of US\$16.8 million in 2022 was taken out, the profit would have decreased from US\$79.5 million in 2022 to US\$71.5 million in 2023, which was mainly due to the decrease in power generation.

PRC Coal-fired, Cogen and Gas-fired Projects

The increase in profit for the year from loss of US\$43.2 million in 2022 to profit of US\$16.4 million in 2023 was mainly attributable to the decrease in market coal price that led to the increase in profit of the associates.

PRC Wind Projects

The increase in revenue for the year was mainly attributable to the increase in power generation from wind projects.

If the one-off adjustment on the post-tax impact of impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment of US\$45.0 million in 2022 was taken out, the profit would have decreased from US\$286.2 million in 2022 to US\$269.0 million in 2023, which was mainly due to the increase in other operating expenses and depreciation.

PRC Solar Projects

The revenue as well as the power generation from solar projects for the year remained stable. The profit decreased from US\$45.7 million in 2022 to US\$29.0 million in 2023, which was mainly attributable to the increase in recognition of loss allowance of trade and other receivables and contract assets and impairment loss of goodwill.

韓國項目

倘剔除2022年確認物業、廠房及設備減值虧損 的除稅後影響16.8百萬美元的一次性調整,溢 利將由2022年的79.5百萬美元減少至2023年的 71.5百萬美元,乃主要由於發電量減少。

中國燃煤、熱電聯產及燃氣項 目

年內溢利由2022年的虧損43.2百萬美元增加至 2023年的溢利16.4百萬美元乃主要歸因於市場 煤價下跌,導致聯營公司的溢利增加。

中國風電項目

年內收入增加主要由於風電項目的發電量增 加。

倘剔除2022年確認物業、廠房及設備減值虧損 的除稅後影響45.0百萬美元的一次性調整,溢 利將由2022年的286.2百萬美元減少至2023年 的269.0百萬美元,乃主要由於其他經營開支及 折舊增加。

中國太陽能項目

年內太陽能項目的收入及發電量保持穩定。溢 利由2022年的45.7百萬美元減少至2023年的 29.0百萬美元,乃主要歸因於確認就貿易及其 他應收款項及合同資產虧損撥備以及商譽減值 虧損增加。

Installed Capacity

The attributable installed capacity of the Group's power assets as of 31 December 2023 and 2022 by fuel type are set out as follows:

裝機容量

本集團所屬發電資產於2023年及2022年12月 31日的權益裝機容量按燃料類型分類載列如下:

109.5

(1.2%)

63.0

(0.7%)

507.0

(5.7%)

989.8

(11.0%)

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>(MW)</i> (兆瓦)	2022 2022年 <i>(MW)</i> <i>(兆瓦)</i>
Clean and renewable energy portfolio	清潔及可再生能源組合		() () ()
Wind	風電	4,437.8	4,419.1
Solar	太陽能	1,759.4	1,186.8
Gas-fired	燃氣	1,700.0	1,655.0
Hydro	水電	56.3	56.3
Biomass	生物質	109.5	109.5
Subtotal	小計	8,063.0	7,426.7
Conventional energy portfolio	傳統能源組合		
Coal-fired	燃煤	989.8	989.8
Oil-fired	燃油	507.0	507.0
Cogen	熱電聯產	63.0	63.0
Subtotal	小計	1,559.8	1,559.8
Total attributable installed capacity	總權益裝機容量	9,622.8	8,986.5





As at 31 December 2023, the attributable installed capacity of the Group reached 9,622.8 MW, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.1%, in particular, the newly added attributable installed capacity of wind power and solar power amounted to 599.8 MW in total and the newly added attributable installed capacity of gas-fired power amounted to 45.0 MW.

The attributable installed capacity of wind power amounted to 4,437.8 MW, representing a year-on-year increase of 18.7 MW or 0.4%; whereas the attributable installed capacity of solar power amounted to 1,759.4 MW, representing a year-on-year increase of 572.6 MW or 48.2%. The wind power and solar power accounted for 64.4% of the Group's attributable installed capacity. As at 31 December 2023, the consolidated installed capacity of the power plants reached 8,906.7 MW.

In 2023, the Group steadily promoted the development of its wind power business. The newly added attributable installed capacity of 18.7 MW was mainly distributed by region as follows: (1) 15.0 MW in Hebei Province and (2) 3.7 MW in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region.

In 2023, the Group further strengthened the development of its solar business, and the newly added attributable installed capacity of 581.1 MW was mainly distributed by region as follows: (1) 200.0 MW in Jiangsu Province, (2) 121.1 MW in Zhejiang Province, (3) 100.0 MW in Hainan Province, (4) 80.0 MW in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, (5) 50.0 MW in Anhui Province, (6) 20.0 MW in Gansu Province and (7) 10.0 MW in Hebei Province. In the first half of 2023, the Group disposed of a 8.48 MW distributed rooftop photovoltaic power project in Hunan Province.

In 2023, the Group achieved grid connection of a generator set of 75.0 MW (60% held) Hanneng Phase II natural gas distributed project in Hubei Province; another generator set of 75.0 MW (60% held) achieved grid connection in January 2024.

The Group has been adhering to the principle of high-quality development and expedited project construction comprehensively. It is expected that the growth of new operating capacity in 2024 will remain steady. 截至2023年12月31日,本集團權益裝機容量達 9,622.8兆瓦,同比增加7.1%,其中風電及太陽 能合共新增權益裝機容量599.8兆瓦、燃氣新增 權益裝機容量45.0兆瓦。

風電權益裝機容量4,437.8兆瓦,同比增加18.7 兆瓦或0.4%;太陽能權益裝機容量1,759.4兆 瓦,同比增加572.6兆瓦或48.2%。風電、太陽能 佔本集團權益裝機容量的64.4%。截至2023年 12月31日,發電廠的控股裝機容量達到8,906.7 兆瓦。

2023年,本集團穩步推進風電業務發展,新增 18.7兆瓦權益裝機容量,按地區主要分佈為:(1) 河北省15.0兆瓦及(2)廣西壯族自治區3.7兆瓦。

2023年,本集團進一步強化太陽能業務的發展,新增581.1兆瓦權益裝機容量,按地區主要 分佈為:(1)江蘇省200.0兆瓦、(2)浙江省121.1 兆瓦、(3)海南省100.0兆瓦、(4)廣西壯族自治區 80.0兆瓦、(5)安徽省50.0兆瓦、(6)甘肅省20.0兆 瓦及(7)河北省10.0兆瓦。2023年上半年,本集 團出售了湖南省一個8.48兆瓦屋頂分佈式光伏 項目。

2023年,本集團湖北省漢能二期一台機組75.0 兆瓦(佔60%)天然氣分佈式項目併網發電;其 另一台機組75.0兆瓦(佔60%)於2024年1月併網 發電。

本集團堅持高質量發展原則,全面加快項目建設進度。2024年,新增投產容量預計保持穩定 增長。

Safety Management

During the development process, the Company deeply implemented General Secretary Xi Jinping's important statement and important directions on safety production and always insisted on the people first and life first, upholding the policy of safety first as the key to prevention, adhering to "three musts for three managements (i.e. safety must be guaranteed in management of industry, management of operation and management of production) and the basic principles of "Safety First, Quality Foremost and Pursuing Excellence". In 2023, the Company fully focused on the theme of building a solid foundation, continued to enhance the effectiveness of quality management system, implemented the safety development in all areas and all procedures of the Company, implemented the safety production responsibilities at all levels, achieved a highly stable safety situation and high-quality development, as well as protected the health and safety of employees.

The Company established and improved the safety production responsibility system for all staff, improved the safety, quality and environmental responsibilities at all levels and positions. In addition, adhering to the overall idea of "the persons in charge shoulder their respective responsibilities" with the principle of separating the management and the supervision, we further optimized performance evaluation models, improved the standard for performance evaluation by conducting the supervision on the performance of safety, quality and environmental responsibilities for all staff at all levels, and fully implementing the responsibility for safety production for all staff at all levels, so as to safeguard high-end and stable safety production.

The Company continued to implement a dual prevention mechanism for safety risk classification and control, and for the investigation and treatment of hidden dangers, advanced the judgment of risks, and organized units in each region to conduct seminars on the safety, quality and environmental risks, with clear management responsibility and precise management and controls of risks. Meanwhile, we improved the process of investigation and treatment of hidden dangers, and clarified the responsibilities of investigation, treatment, monitor and close-loop management at all levels. Through various methods such as leader-led team inspection, on-site assistance, and overall safety inspection, the Company deeply implemented investigation and treatment of hidden dangers on the basis of "full system and procedures" and implemented close-loop management of hidden dangers by prioritizing safety risks over potential risks and potential risks over incidents so as to fortify production safety network.

The Company attached great importance to the construction of safety, quality and environmental standardization, and through the optimization of the construction, evaluation and incentive mechanism for safety, quality and environmental standardization, and the conduction of special improvements on safety, quality and environmental activities, the Company promoted the deep integration of safety, quality and environmental standardization with daily work, and practically improved the safety, quality and environmental level on site.

The Company promoted the autonomous management of safety, quality and environment, and strengthened the proactive and autonomous management of its branches and enhanced the responsibilities for safety, quality and environment of each unit by means of formulating plans, supervising processes and inspiring and restricting.

安全管理

本公司在發展中深入貫徹落實習近平總書記關 於安全生產重要論述和重要指示批示精神,始 終堅持人民至上、生命至上,始終堅持安全第 一、預防為主,始終堅持「三管三必須」一 管行 業必須管安全、管業務必須管安全、管生產經營 必須管安全,始終堅持「安全第一、質量第一、 追求卓越」的基本原則。2023年,本公司全面圍 繞固本強基主題,持續提升質量管理體系有效 性,把安全發展貫徹於公司各領域和全過程,層 層壓實安全生產責任,安全生產形勢總體平穩, 護航公司高質量發展,守護員工生命健康安全。

本公司建立健全全員安全生產責任制,完善各 層級各崗位的安質環責任,按照「誰用人、誰負 責」的總體思路,以管監分離為原則,進一步優 化履職評價模式,完善履職評價標準,分層分級 開展全員安質環履職督查,全面壓實各層級人 員安全生產責任,保障安全生產高端穩定。

本公司持續推進安全風險分級管控和隱患排查 治理雙重預防機制建設工作,超前研判風險,組 織各區域單位開展安質環風險研討,明晰管理 職責、精准管控風險。同時完善隱患排查治理工 作流程,明晰各級隱患排查、治理、督辦、閉環 管理責任,通過領導帶隊檢查、駐守幫扶、安全 大檢查等方式深入開展「全系統、各環節」排查 治理隱患,實施風險隱患閉環管理,切實把風險 挺在隱患前面,把隱患挺在事故前面,築牢安全 生產屏障。

本公司高度重視安質環標準化建設工作,通過 優化安質環標準化建設、評審、激勵機制,開展 安質環專項提升活動,推動安質環標準化與日 常工作深度融合,切實提高現場安質環管理水 平。

本公司推進安質環自主化管理工作,通過方案 制定、過程監管、激勵約束等方式推動安質環自 主化管理工作,強化分公司自主管理主動性,壓 實各單位安質環責任。

Project Construction

In 2023, the Company focused on the enhancement of its core competence in engineering construction, continued to expand the breadth of its industry-wide and chain-wide management, strengthened the depth of its process-wide and element-wide management. and pushed forward the progress of engineering construction in a comprehensive and orderly manner. Firstly, our projects achieved remarkable results, with key and difficult projects completing their commissioning tasks one after another, and the new installed capacity growing steadily. Secondly, our integrated management and control has become more in-depth. The Company continued to implement multiple management methods, such as framework procurement of equipment, national unified scheduling of production, supply and construction resources, so as to provide solid protection for the project construction. Thirdly, safety, quality, environment and cost management were further enhanced, with the "three zeros" targets - zero serious injuries, zero large equipment liability accidents and zero environmental penalty, target for safety, quality and environment achieved in the field of project construction, and our unit cost per kW ranked as the leader in the industry. Fourthly, information technology construction has enabled new capabilities. We have built an information technology platform for project management, pushed forward the promotion and coverage of intelligent construction sites, and driven changes in project management and efficiency enhancement through information technology.

Development of Preliminary Projects

Against the backdrop of carbon peak and carbon neutrality, the Company has demonstrated its responsibility as a central enterprise of clean energy, resolutely implemented a high-quality development strategy, insisted on development as the first priority, intensified the development and construction of new energy sources, united with the upstream and downstream industrial chains, innovated its development mode, built its core competitiveness, and strived to achieve the "dualcarbon" goal.

工程建設

2023年,本公司聚焦工程建設核心能力提升, 持續拓展全業態、全鏈條管理廣度,不斷強化全 過程、全要素管理深度,全面有序推進工程建設 進度。一是項目攻堅顯成效,重難點項目陸續完 成投運任務,新增裝機容量穩健增長。二是一體 化管控更深入,繼續推行設備框架採購、排產供 貨與施工資源全國統一調度等多重管理方式, 為工程建設提供堅實的保障。三是安質環與造 價管理再提升,工程建設領域實現安質環「三個 零」目標 — 零重傷、零較大設備責任事故、零環 保處罰,單位千瓦造價行業排名領先。四是信息 化建設賦新能,搭建工程管理信息化平台,推進 智慧工地推廣與覆蓋,以信息化驅動工程管理 變革和效率提升。

前期項目開發

在碳達峰碳中和的背景下,本公司彰顯清潔能 源央企的責任擔當,堅定不移實施高質量發展 戰略,堅定以發展為第一要務,加大新能源開發 建設力度,聯合上下游產業鏈,創新發展模式, 打造核心競爭能力,為實現「雙碳」目標而努力 奮鬥。

Power Generation

The power generation (GWh) of the projects of the Group is set out as follows:

電力生產

下表載列本集團項目的發電量(吉瓦時):

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
PRC Wind Projects	中國風電項目	10,367.7	9,370.8
PRC Solar Projects	中國太陽能項目	1,733.5	1,692.4
PRC Cogen and Gas-Fired Projects	中國熱電聯產及燃氣項目	387.1	362.8
PRC Hydro Projects	中國水電項目	227.0	488.4
Korea Projects	韓國項目	6,361.3	7,275.3
Total	總計	19,076.6	19,189.7

In 2023, the Company's production, operation and maintenance lines. faced with the pressure and challenges of extreme weather, equipment quality and restrictions on electricity consumption, always insisted on focusing on the electricity target, conducted in-depth analysis and explored the potential in terms of inspection and maintenance plan management, control of non-scheduled outages, and performance enhancement, etc., focused on identifying the areas of equipment risks, coordinated and reasonably arranged modes of operation, monitored the power generation situation, increased the frequency of inspections of key areas, key equipment, and weak links, strictly enforced hierarchical control of equipment and timely elimination of equipment risks; firmly built a network information security prevention system and comprehensively protected information security, providing strong protection for stable power supply. As of 31 December 2023, the electricity generated by the Group's consolidated power generation projects amounted to 19,076.6 GWh, which remained basically stable as compared with that of last year.

The electricity generated by PRC wind projects and PRC solar projects reached 10,367.7 GWh and 1,733.5 GWh respectively, representing growth rates of 10.6% and 2.4%, respectively. The increase in power generation was mainly due to the increase in power generation of existing wind projects and the contribution from newly commissioned solar projects.

The electricity generated by PRC cogen and gas-fired projects amounted to 387.1 GWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.7%. It was mainly due to the power generation of a cogen project in Jiangsu Province increased as a result of the increase of the local electricity demands.

The power generation from PRC hydro projects reached 227.0 GWh, representing a year-on-year decrease of 53.5%, mainly due to the expiration of the cooperation between the Group's Fushi I hydro project in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and the local partner. Such hydro power station was officially handed over to the local partner for operation and management in September 2022, resulting in a decrease in power generation from PRC hydro projects in 2023.

2023年,本公司生產運維線面對極端天氣、設 備質量、限電消納等壓力和挑戰,始終堅持聚焦 電量目標,從檢修計劃管理、非計劃停運控制、 效能提升等方面進行深入剖析挖潛,重點識別 設備風險領域,統籌合理安排運行方式,監測發 電情況,增加重點區域、重點設備、薄弱環節巡 查頻次,嚴格執行設備分級管控,及時消除設備 風險;牢築網信安全預防體系,全面守護信息安 全,為電力穩定供應提供堅強保障。截至2023 年12月31日,本集團控股發電項目的發電量達 19.076.6吉瓦時,與去年基本持平。

中國風電項目及中國太陽能項目發電量分別為 10,367.7吉瓦時及1,733.5吉瓦時,增長率分別 為10.6%及2.4%。發電量增加主要由於來自現有 風電項目發電量增加及新增太陽能項目的貢獻 所致。

中國熱電聯產及燃氣項目發電量為387.1吉瓦時,同比增加6.7%。主要是位於江蘇省的一個 熱電聯產項目因當地電力需求上升增加了發電 量。

中國水電項目發電量為227.0吉瓦時,同比減少 53.5%,主要由於本集團位於廣西壯族自治區 浮石一期水電項目與當地合作方合作屆滿,有 關水電站已於2022年9月正式移交當地合作方 運營管理,導致中國水電項目2023年發電量減 少。

The power generation from Korea projects reached 6,361.3 GWh, mainly from gas-fired and biomass projects, representing a yearon-year decrease of 12.6%, mainly due to a decrease in the power dispatch load of gas fired projects in 2023, resulting in a decrease of power generation of the Korea projects in 2023.

The total steam sold by the Group amounted to 2,970,000 tonnes, representing a decrease of 3.8% as compared with 2022.

The following table sets out the average utilization hour applicable to our projects for the Group:

Average utilization hour by fuel type⁽¹⁾

韓國項目發電量為6,361.3吉瓦時,主要是來自 燃氣及生物質項目,同比減少12.6%,主要原因 是燃氣項目2023年的電網調度負荷減少,導致 韓國項目2023年發電量減少。

本集團出售的蒸汽總量為2,970,000噸,較2022 年減少3.8%。

下表載列本集團的項目適用的平均利用小時:

按燃料種類劃分的平均利用小時⑴

For the year ended 31 December

		截至12月31日止年度 2023 2023年
PRC Wind Projects(2)	中國風電項目(2)	2,285
PRC Solar Projects(3)	中國太陽能項目(3)	1,407
PRC Coal-fired Projects ⁽⁴⁾	中國燃煤項目(4)	4,545
PRC Cogen Projects ⁽⁵⁾	中國熱電聯產項目(5)	4,373
PRC Hydro Projects ⁽⁶⁾	中國水電項目(6)	3,290
Korea Gas-fired Projects(7)	韓國燃氣項目仍	3,514

Notes:

- Average utilization hour is the gross electricity generated in a specified period divided by the average installed capacity in the same period.
- (2) Average utilization hours for the year ended 31 December 2023 for the PRC wind projects in major regions such as Gansu Province, Henan Province and Jiangsu Province were 2,127 hours, 2,374 hours and 2,685 hours, respectively. Average utilization hours for the PRC wind projects remained stable in 2023.
- (3) Average utilization hours for the year ended 31 December 2023 for the PRC solar projects in major regions such as Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region, Anhui Province and Qinghai Province were 1,706 hours, 1,323 hours and 1,631 hours, respectively. Average utilization hours for the PRC solar projects remained stable in 2023.
- (4) Average utilization hour for the PRC coal-fired projects decreased in 2023 due to decrease in power generation because of the decrease in local demand.
- (5) Average utilization hour for the PRC cogen projects increased in 2023 due to increase in local demand, which led to increase in total volume of power generation.
- (6) Average utilization hour for the PRC hydro projects decreased in 2023 due to the unstable water inflows in Sichuan Province and Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region.
- (7) Korea gas-fired power projects had lower average utilization hour in 2023 mainly due to the lower power generation of Yulchon II Power Project as a result of a decrease in the load of power grid dispatch in 2023.

- 附註:
- (1) 平均利用小時為指定期間產生的總發電量除 以該期間的平均裝機容量。
- (2) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,中國風電項目 於甘肅省、河南省及江蘇省等主要區域的平 均利用小時分別為2,127小時、2,374小時及 2,685小時。中國風電項目的平均利用小時於 2023年維持穩定。
- (3) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,位於內蒙古自治區、安徽省及青海省等主要區域的中國太陽能項目平均利用小時分別為1,706小時、1,323小時及1,631小時。中國太陽能項目的平均利用小時於2023年維持穩定。
- (4) 中國燃煤項目的平均利用小時於2023年有所 減少,乃由於當地需求減少導致發電量減少 所致。
- (5) 中國熱電聯產項目的平均利用小時於2023年 有所上升,乃由於當地需求增加,導致總發 電量上升。
- (6) 2023年中國水電項目的平均利用小時減少, 乃由於四川省及廣西壯族自治區的來水情況 不穩定所致。
- (7) 韓國燃氣電力項目於2023年平均利用小時減少,主要由於2023年電網調度負荷減少導致 栗村二期電力項目的發電量減少。

2022 2022年

2,284

5,018 4.163

3.996

4,065

The table below sets out the weighted average tariffs (inclusive of value-added tax ("**VAT**")) applicable to the projects in the PRC and Korea for the Group for the periods indicated below:

下表載列本集團在下文所述期間屬本集團於中國及韓國的項目適用的加權平均電價(含增值稅 (「增值稅」):

Weighted average tariff - Electricity (inclusive of VAT)⁽¹⁾

加權平均電價--電力 (含增值稅) 🗥

			F	or the year ended 31 截至12月31日止	
		Unit 單位		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
	Wind Projects ⁽²⁾ 虱電項目 ⁽²⁾	RMB per kWh 每千瓦時人民幣		0.56	0.57
	Solar Projects ⁽³⁾ 太陽能項目 ⁽³⁾	RMB per kWh 每千瓦時人民幣		0.64	0.64
	Coal-fired Projects 然煤項目	RMB per kWh 每千瓦時人民幣		0.49	0.50
	Cogen Projects ⁽⁴⁾ 執電聯產項目 ⁽⁴⁾	RMB per kWh 每千瓦時人民幣		0.46	0.47
	Hydro Projects ⁽⁵⁾ 水電項目 ⁽⁵⁾	RMB per kWh 每千瓦時人民幣		0.24	0.30
	Gas-fired Projects ⁽⁶⁾ 然氣項目 ⁽⁶⁾	KRW per kWh 每千瓦時韓元		232.12	251.67
•	hted average tariff – steam (incl 平均價格-蒸汽 (含增值稅)	lusive of VAT)			
	Cogen Projects ⁽⁷⁾ 執電聯產項目 ⁽⁷⁾	RMB per ton 每噸人民幣		263.54	286.26
Notes:			附註:		
(1)	The weighted average tariffs are affected each project but also the change in net		(1)	加權平均電價不只受各個 響,亦受各個項目的淨發	
(2)	The weighted average tariff of our PRC v	vind projects remained stable in 2023.	(2)	中國風電項目的加權平均電價於2023年保持 穩定。	
(3)	(3) The weighted average tariff of our PRC solar projects remained stable in 2023.		(3)	中國太陽能項目的加權平均電價於2023年維 持穩定。	
(4)	The weighted average tariff of our PRC of	cogen projects excludes steam tariff.	(4)	中國熱電聯產項目的加林 汽價格。	雚平均電價不包括蒸
(5) The weighted average tariff of our PRC hydro projects decreased in 2023, which was mainly due to the expiration of the cooperation between the Group's Fushi I hydro project in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and the local partner. Such hydro power station was officially handed over to the local partner for operation and management in 2022. The average tariff of the existing hydro projects is lower.		(5)	中國水電項目的加權平 降,主要由於本集團位於 石一期水電項目與當地 關水電站已於2022年正 營管理,存量水電項目平	《廣西壯族自治區浮 合作方合作屆滿,有 式移交當地合作方運	
(6)	The decrease in weighted average tariff line with the decrease in gas price in Ko		(6)	韓國燃氣項目的加權平; 天然氣價格下降相符。	匀電價下降,與韓國
(7)	The decrease in weighted average tariff decrease in PRC coal price.	of steam in 2023 was in line with the	(7)	蒸汽的加權平均價格於2 煤價下降相符。	023年下降,與中國

The following table sets out the weighted average standard coal and gas prices (exclusive of VAT) applicable to the projects in the PRC and Korea for the Group for the periods indicated below:

下表載列在下文所述期間適用於本集團在中國 及韓國的項目的加權平均標準煤及天然氣價格 (不含增值稅):

For the year ended 31 December

		截至12月31日止年度			
		Unit 單位		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
	reighted average dard coal price ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	RMB per ton		1,187.6	1,436.5
	l權平均標準煤價格 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	每噸人民幣			
	weighted average gas price ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾]權平均天然氣價格 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	KRW per Nm³ 每標準立方米韓元		1,107.6	1,228.6
Notes:			附註:		
(1)) The weighted average standard coal and the weighted average gas prices are determined based on the consumption of gas or coal in each applicable period.		(1)	加權平均標準煤及加權平均天然氣價格乃按 照於各適用期間天然氣或煤的消耗而釐定。	
(2)			2023年的中國加權平均標準約 年減少,此乃因為市場煤價下路		
(3)	3) Our Korea weighted average gas price in 2023 decreased compared to 2022 due to the decrease in the prices known as the Japanese Crude Cocktail, which are calculated with reference to the average prices of crude oil imported into Japan and are an important determinant of natural gas prices in Korean markets. Yulchon I Power Project's power purchase agreement allows us to pass on the fuel cost fluctuations of the tariff to our customers in accordance with the laws.			於2023年,我們的韓國加權平 較2022年下降,原因是日本原 格下降,有關價格參考進口至 均價格計算得出,該價格為韓 價格的主要決定因素。栗村一 購電協議容許我們依法將電價 幅轉嫁予客戶。	油進口報關價 日本的原油平 國市場天然氣 期電力項目的
Rev	enue and segment informa	ation	收入	及分部資料	

The Group has three reportable segments as follows:

- (1) Power plants in the PRC Generation and supply of electricity;
- (2) Power plants in Korea Generation and supply of electricity; and
- (3) Management companies Provision of management services to power plants operated by CGN and its subsidiaries.

本集團擁有以下三個可呈報分部:

的電廠提供管理服務。

(1)

(2)

(3)

中國的電廠-發電及電力供應;

韓國的電廠一發電及電力供應;及

管理公司一向中廣核及其附屬公司營運

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

For the year ended 31 December 2023

以下為按可呈報分部劃分的本集團收入及業績 分析:

截至2023年12月31日止年度

• • • • • • • • • • • • •					
		Power plants in the PRC 中國的 電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	Power plants in Korea 韓國的 電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Segment revenue - external	分部收入一外部	1,012,714	1,151,008	29,255	2,192,977
Segment results	分部業績	303,791	91,246	1,393	396,430
Unallocated other income Unallocated operating expenses Unallocated finance costs Share of results of associates	未分配其他收入 未分配經營開支 未分配財務費用 攤佔聯營公司業績				37 (3,532) (43,429) 3,022
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利				352,528
For the year ended 31 De	cember 2022		截至2022年1	2月31日止年度	
		Power plants	Power plants	Management	
		in the PRC 中國的	in Korea 韓國的	companies	Total
		電廠	電廠	管理公司	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000

千美元

1,024,780

287,229

Segment revenue - external 分部收入一外部 Segment results 分部業績

 Unallocated other income
 未分配其他收入

 Unallocated operating expenses
 未分配經營開支

 Unallocated finance costs
 未分配財務費用

 Share of results of associates
 攤佔聯營公司業績

Profit before taxation 除稅前溢利

Segment revenue for power plants in the PRC decreased by 1.2%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in weighted average tariffs of PRC Cogen and Hydro Projects.

Segment results for power plants in the PRC increased by 5.8%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment.

中國發電廠的分部收入減少1.2%,乃主要由於 中國熱電聯產及水電項目的加權平均電價下跌 所致。

千美元

27,841

1,326

千美元

2,430,056

373,651

32

(5,796)

(31,641)

(63,252)

272,994

千美元

1,377,435

85,096

中國發電廠的分部業績增加5.8%,乃主要由於 就物業、廠房及設備確認的減值虧損減少所致。

Segment revenue for power plants in Korea decreased by 16.4%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in power generation as well as decrease in weighted average tariff of electricity.

Segment results for power plants in Korea increased by 7.2%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment.

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

韓國發電廠的分部收入減少16.4%,乃主要由於 發電量減少及加權平均電價下跌所致。

韓國發電廠的分部業績增加7.2%,乃主要由於 就物業、廠房及設備確認的減值虧損減少所致。

以下為按可呈報分部劃分的本集團資產及負債 分析:

		At 31 Decembe 於12月31日	-
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Segment assets	分部資產		
Power plants in the PRC	中國的電廠	6,894,919	6,743,376
Power plants in Korea	韓國的電廠	1,335,257	1,481,181
Management companies	管理公司	954	3,050
Management companies			3,000
Total segment assets	分部資產總值	8,231,130	8,227,607
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	75,929	74,268
Unallocated	未分配		
 Right-of-use assets 	一使用權資產	1,136	2,258
- Others	一其他	41,947	39,800
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	8,350,142	8,343,933
Segment liabilities	分部負債		
Power plants in the PRC	中國的電廠	5,201,487	5,150,238
Power plants in Korea	韓國的電廠	647,951	876,975
Management companies	管理公司	573	772
Total segment liabilities	分部負債總額	5,850,011	6,027,985
Unallocated	未分配		
- Bank borrowings	一銀行借貸	100,000	100,000
- Loans from fellow subsidiaries	一來自同系附屬公司的貸款	700,000	700,000
- Lease liabilities	一租賃負債	1,151	2,274
- Others	一其他	10,421	14,118
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	6,661,583	6,844,377
Consolidated habilities	空口は	0,001,000	0,044,377

The increase in both segment assets and liabilities for power plants in the PRC in 2023 was mainly due to increase in purchase of property, plant and equipment for a number of subsidiaries.

The decrease in both segment assets and liabilities for power plants in Korea in 2023 was mainly due to decrease in trade receivables, trade payables and bank borrowings.

於2023年中國發電廠的分部資產及負債均有所 增加乃主要由於多家附屬公司購買的物業、廠 房及設備增加所致。

於2023年韓國發電廠的分部資產及負債均有所 減少乃主要由貿易應收賬款、貿易應付賬款及 銀行借貸減少所致。

Scientific and Technological Innovation

During the period of rapid development of the "dual-carbon" strategic goal and the construction of a new type of power system based on new energy, the Company has cultivated and formed industrial control through scientific and technological innovation. In terms of new energy science and technology innovation, the Company adhered to the "value creation" orientation, focused on core capacity building, systematically rolled out the "leading project of digital operation and maintenance" (「數字化運維領先工程」) and the "integration project of advanced technology of offshore wind power" (「海風先進技術集成工程」), promoted the innovation of green development mode led by new energy, and sped up the transformation of the results to serve the market, thus continuously shaping new driving forces and advantages for development, and boosting the high-quality development of the Company.

Digital operation and maintenance: The Company developed intelligent operation and maintenance equipment to create efficient and highly reliable power station operation capabilities and realize unattended operation of wind power and photovoltaic power stations. The Company applied intelligent analysis and forecasting tools to maximize the benefits of electricity market transactions. The Company has been focusing on promoting demonstration projects such as onshore wind farms, digital twins for offshore wind turbine equipment and unattended photovoltaic power stations.

Integration project of advanced technology of offshore wind power: The Company has steadily promoted research and engineering demonstrations on key issues such as parity offshore wind power, floating wind and photovoltaic power and new power systems. The Company has also promoted the implementation and demonstration iteration of parity offshore wind power technology through large capacity and base-driven developments, advanced offshore wind and photovoltaic power through research and demonstration of key technologies including floating wind power, floating photovoltaic power and pile-based photovoltaic power, and pushed forward the construction of new power systems through layered and threedimensional application of ultra-long distance, low-frequency division, flexible and direct transmission and marine energy, thus accelerating the transformation and integrated application of innovative achievements, vigorously supporting the high-quality development of the Company's offshore wind power industry for the creation of a major strategic pillar for the offshore wind development.

科技創新

本公司在「雙碳」戰略目標和構建以新能源為主 體的新型電力系統快速發展期,通過科技創新 培育形成產業控制力。新能源科技創新工作,堅 持「價值創造」導向,聚焦核心能力建設,系統佈 局「數字化運維領先工程」,「海風先進技術集成 工程」,推動新能源引領的綠色發展模式創新, 加快成果轉化服務市場,不斷塑造發展新動能、 新優勢,助推本公司的高質量發展。

數字化運維領域:開發智能化運維裝備,打造高效、高可靠性的電站運行能力,實現風電、光伏 電站的無人值守。應用智能化分析與預測工具, 實現電力市場交易利益最大化。著力推進陸上 風電場、海上風機設備數字攀生體、無人值守光 伏電站等示範項目。

海風先進技術集成工程:穩步推進平價海風、浮 動風光、新型電力系統的關鍵問題研究與工程 示範。通過大容量、基地化推進平價海風技術的 落地示範迭代;通過浮式風電、浮式光伏及樁基 式光伏關鍵技術研究與示範推進風光大航海; 通過超遠程、低分頻和柔直輸電、海洋能分層立 體化應用推進新型電力系統建設,加快創新成 果轉化與集成應用,大力支撐公司海風產業高 質量發展,打造海風發展重大戰略支柱。

The Company enhanced the application of the turbine control system, the stability of turbine operation and the comprehensive grid-connected performance of the wind farm through our efforts in the modification and optimization of the major control system and converter system, while still meeting the requirements of power grid dispatching, as a result of which the Company was awarded the first-class project of "National Power Industry Equipment Management Innovation Achievements" (「全國電力行業設備管理創新成果」) by the China Electric Equipment Management Association (中國電力設備管理協會) in March 2023.

Adhering to the concept of "value creation", the Company stuck to the innovation-driven development strategy and strengthened its principal role in scientific and technological innovation, in order to become a reliable national strategic scientific and technological force and provide solid support for enhancing the resilience and security of the industrial chain, as well as ensuring unimpeded national economy under extreme scenarios.

Social Responsibility

2023 was the first year to fully implement the spirit of the 20th National Congress of the Party, and it was also an important year to accelerate the promotion of rural revitalization. The Company actively implemented the decisions and arrangements of the Party Central Committee and the State Council on comprehensively promoting rural revitalization and rural construction, and participated in the national rural revitalization cause with a high sense of political responsibility and historical mission. The Company practiced its corporate mission of "Developing Clean Energy and Building a Beautiful China" (「發展清潔 能源,建設美麗中國」) by carrying out public welfare projects such as educational assistance, livelihood improvement, and helping the poor and needy from a high position, giving full play to the leading role of the Party building, and rallying the strengths of all parties to continue to consolidate and expand the achievements in poverty alleviation.

In June 2023, a fish stocking scheme was commenced by the Company's Shengsi 5#6# Offshore Wind Power Project in Zhejiang Province, effectively promoting the efficiency of fisheries, increasing fishermen's income, and revitalizing rural fishing areas.

In June 2023, several points of emergency rescue were built around offshore wind turbines by the Company's Rudong H8# Offshore Wind Power Project in Jiangsu Province available for use by fishermen engaging in the aquaculture industry and victims in the vicinity.

本公司通過主控系統和變流系統研製與優化等 手段改進風機控制系統應用技術,提升風機運 行的穩定性,在滿足電網調度要求的前提下提 高風電場的綜合併網性能,2023年3月獲評中國 電力設備管理協會「全國電力行業設備管理創 新成果」一等項目。

本公司秉承「價值創造」理念,堅持創新驅動發 展戰略,強化科技創新主體地位,成為可靠的國 家戰略科技力量,為提升產業鏈韌性和安全水 平、確保極端場景下國民經濟暢通提供堅實支 撐。

社會責任

2023年是全面貫徹落實黨的二十大精神的開局 之年,也是加快推進鄉村振興事業的重要之年。 本公司積極貫徹落實黨中央、國務院關於全面 推進鄉村振興和鄉村建設的決策部署,以高度 的政治責任感和歷史使命感參與國家鄉村振興 事業。本公司踐行「發展清潔能源,建設美麗中 國」的企業使命,高站位紮實開展教育幫扶、民 生改善、扶危濟困等公益項目,充分發揮黨建引 領作用,凝聚各方力量,持續鞏固拓展脫貧攻堅 成果。

2023年6月,本公司浙江省嵊泗5#6#海上風電 項目開展增殖放流活動,有利促進漁業增效、漁 民增收、漁區鄉村振興。

2023年6月,本公司江蘇省如東H8#海上風電項 目在海上風機設置應急救助點,可供周邊養殖 漁民和附近遇險人員在緊急情況下使用。
In August 2023, under the influence of a typhoon, Xingtai City, Hebei Province, suffered from exceptionally heavy rainfall, tens of thousands of people in Renze District were urgently relocated to take shelter from the danger, and the situation of flood prevention was grim and complicated. The Company's Renxian Phase I Wind Power Project in Hebei Province actively responded to the arrangement of the "Initiative on Assisting Disaster Relief and Post-Disaster Reconstruction Work" of the People's Government of Renze District, Xingtai City, and donated to the Xingtai Charity Federation, which was directed to be used in the disaster relief and post-disaster reconstruction work in Renze District, for which the local government awarded a medal to the Company.

In August 2023, the Company's Dachaidan Solar Project in Qinghai Province (Xitieshan Phases I, II and III) donated to the Experimental Primary School in Delingha City for the purpose of improving the teaching infrastructure, enhancing the conditions and quality of schooling, and enriching the second classroom for students. Through the donation project, approximately 830 students benefited, including 270 ethnic minority students. The Delingha Municipal People's Government awarded the Company with a medal of "School-Enterprise Twinning and Supporting Caring Enterprise" in Delingha City.

Exchange of Ideas with Industrial Peers

In April 2023, China (Zhangjiakou) Renewable Energy Conference and Expo was held in Zhangjiakou, the PRC. The Company was invited to attend the conference and addressed the opening ceremony and the new energy forum. Under the theme of "Clean Development, Win-Win Cooperation" (「清潔發展、合作共贏」), the conference provided a broad platform for sharing ideas and views about incubating the energy innovation achievements and exploring the future of the energy industry through exhibitions, exchanges and thematic forums.

In June 2023, with the theme of "New Era of China, New Journey for Western China" (「中國新時代 · 西部新征程」), the Opening Ceremony of the 19th Western China International Fair (WCIF) and the 11th Western China International Cooperation Forum was held in Chengdu, the PRC, the Company was invited to attend the opening ceremony. The WCIF has become more prominent in its role as an important platform for opening up and cooperation in Western China, and the level of internationalization, professionalism and marketization has been continuously improved.

2023年8月,受颱風影響,河北省邢台市降特大 暴雨,任澤區數萬名群眾緊急轉移避險,防洪形 勢嚴峻複雜。本公司河北省任縣一期風電項目 積極響應邢台市任澤區人民政府《關於助力搶 險救災和災後重建工作的倡議書》安排,向邢台 市慈善總會捐贈,定向用於任澤區搶險救災和 災後重建工作,當地政府為本公司頒發獎牌。

2023年8月,本公司青海省大柴旦太陽能項目 (錫鐵山一、二、三期)向德令哈市實驗小學捐 贈,用於改善教學基礎設施,提高辦學條件和質 量,豐富學生第二課堂。通過捐贈項目,約830 名學生受益,其中少數民族學生270名。德令哈 市人民政府向本公司頒發德令哈市「校企結對 幫扶愛心企業」獎牌。

行業交流

2023年4月,中國(張家口)可再生能源大會暨 博覽會在中國張家口召開。本公司受邀參加出 席大會並在開幕式和新能源論壇上致辭。大會以 「清潔發展、合作共贏」為主題,通過展示交流 及專題論壇,為能源創新技術成果孵化、探索能 源行業未來提供了廣闊的交流平台。

2023年6月,以「中國新時代.西部新征程」為主題的第十九屆中國西部國際博覽會(西博會)開幕式暨第十一屆中國西部國際合作論壇在中國成都舉行,本公司受邀參加開幕式。西博會作為中國西部地區重要開放合作平台的功能更加凸顯,國際化、專業化、市場化水平不斷提升。

Brand Promotion: Recognitions and Awards

As the Company's information disclosure system and environmental, social and governance (ESG) disclosure continued to improve and evolve, with the continued innovation in our investor relations management measures, we have witnessed remarkable support to the high-quality development of the Company.

In February 2023, the Company was recognized as the "Best IR of Hong Kong Listed Company" by the 5th New Fortune Awards.

In June 2023, the Company swept a total of eleven titles at the 9th Investor Relations Awards ("**IR Awards**") from the Hong Kong Investor Relations Association (HKIRA), not only "Best IR Company", "Best ESG" (Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance 3 awards), "Best Annual Report", but also the "Grand ESG Award" (mid cap) as selected by the Judging Panel. The Company was also named a "3 Years IR Awards Winning Company", a hallmark award in the field of investor relations, as the Company had been recognized as the "Best IR Company" for three consecutive years. Individual and team awards included the "Best IR by Chairman/CEO", the "Best IR by CFO", the "Best IRO" and the "Best IR Team".

Adhering to the work style of "Stringency, Prudence, Meticulosity and Pragmatism", the Company strongly advocated the initiation of quality management activity groups, fully exploited the potential of equipment, improved the energy efficiency of equipment through "in-depth inspection" and "in-depth governance" of equipment, enhanced the standard of enterprise quality management, and gave full play to the spirit of innovation, so as to inject technological vitality into the highquality development of the Company.

In May 2023, the "Equipment Management and Technological Innovation Achievements of the Electric Power Industry for 2023" (「2023電力行業設備管理與技術創新成果」) organized by China Association of Plant Engineering (中國設備管理協會) published the results, where each of the Company's Minqin Wind Power Project in Gansu Province and Hongshagang Wind Power Project in Gansu Province was awarded one second-class prize.

In June 2023, the "Project Quality Management Activities in relation to Electric Power Industry Problem-Solving Topics" (「電力行業問題 解決型課題質量管理活動」) organized by the Anhui Province Electric Association (安徽省電力協會) published the results, where the Company's Dongzhi Zhaotan Wind Power Project in Anhui Province was awarded one second-class prize and the Company's Dingyuan Phase I Fishing-Photovoltaic Power Complementary Project in Anhui Province was awarded two second-class prizes.

In August 2023, the Company's Cenxi Dalong Wind Power Project in the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region was awarded the Category 3 Achievement of "Guangxi Quality Management Team Activities" (「廣西 質量管理小組活動」) by Guangxi Association for Quality (廣西質量 協會).

品牌推廣:榮譽與獎項

本公司信息披露體系和環境、社會、管治(ESG) 披露內容持續完善和優化,投資者關係管理舉 措不斷創新,為本公司高質量發展提供了重要 支撐。

2023年2月,本公司榮獲第五屆新財富「最佳IR 港股公司」獎。

2023年6月,本公司榮獲香港投資者關係協會 (HKIRA)第九屆投資者關係大獎(「**IR大獎**」)共 十一項。不僅榮獲「最佳投資者關係公司」、「最 佳ESG」(環境、社會、企業管治三個獎項)、「最 佳年報」大獎,更獲得由評審團甄選的港股中型 股中的「ESG卓越大獎」。本公司因連續三屆獲得 「最佳投資者關係公司」獎項,獲大會頒發「連 續三年投資者關係大獎」這一投關領域重量級 的殊榮。個人和團隊獎項包括:「最佳投資者關 係(主席/行政總裁)」獎項、「最佳投資者關係 (財務總監)」獎項、「最佳投資者關係專員」獎 項及「最佳投資者關係團隊」獎項。

本公司秉持「嚴慎細實」的工作作風,大力倡導 開展質量管理活動小組,充分挖掘設備潛能,通 過設備「深度體檢」、「深度治理」提升設備能效, 提升企業質量管理水準,發揮創新精神,為公司 高質量發展注入科技活力。

2023年5月,中國設備管理協會組織的「2023電 力行業設備管理與技術創新成果」發表結果,本 公司甘肅省民勤風電項目及甘肅省紅沙崗風電 項目各榮獲一項二等獎。

2023年6月,安徽省電力協會組織的「電力行業 問題解決型課題質量管理活動」發表結果。本公 司安徽省東至昭潭風電項目榮獲一項二等獎及 安徽省定遠一期漁光互補光伏項目榮獲兩項二 等獎。

2023年8月,本公司廣西壯族自治區岑溪大隆風 電項目獲得廣西質量協會「廣西質量管理小組 活動」三類成果。

The Company strictly controlled the production and operation indicators, adopted scientific and strict management methods, continuously optimized and improved the production efficiency, actively cultivated high-quality operation and maintenance teams, and stimulated employees' creativity to make a concerted effort to achieve the goal of efficient operation.

In July 2023, the China Electricity Council (中國電力企業聯合會) announced the results, where the Company's Zhangbei Xinsheng Wind Farm in Hebei Province was awarded the honor of "5A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Wind Farms in China", Leling Zhuji Wind Farm in Shandong Province was awarded the honor of "4A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Wind Farms in China", and Leling Tieying Photovoltaic Power Station in Shandong Province was awarded the honor of "4A-level Unit in the Benchmarking of Production and Operation Statistical Indicators for National Solar Photovoltaic Power Stations in China".

Through technology leadership, innovation and improvement in efficiency, adhering to independent innovation and leading development, low-carbon development and environmental friendliness, the Company continued to strive towards the goal of becoming a company that is trusted by the public and more responsible, technologically advanced, capable, sustainable and valuable.

In January 2023, the Company's Qingyun Shangtang Wind Power Project in Shandong Province, Anqiu Huangminshan Wind Power Project in Shandong Province, and Linqu Wind Power Project in Shandong Province were awarded the honorary title of the "Excellent New Energy and Renewable Energy Enterprise for 2022" (「2022年 度新能源及可再生能源優秀企業」) by Shandong Province Electricity Association (山東省電力行業協會).

In February 2023, the Company's Hongshagang Wind Power Project in Gansu Province won the "Safety Management Excellence Award" (「安全管理優秀獎」) and the "Outstanding Contribution Award" (「突 出貢獻獎」) in the Hongshagang Industrial Cluster Area (紅沙崗集中 區) for 2022 at the Economic Work Conference of the Wuwei Minqin Hongshagang Energy and Chemical Industrial Cluster Area (武威民勤 紅沙崗能源化工工業集中區經濟工作會議).

In May 2023, the Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region Development and Reform Commission (內蒙古自治區發展和改革委員會) assessed the Company's Kezuo Zhongqi Photovoltaic Poverty Alleviation Project in Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region as an "Integrity-compliant Enterprise" (「誠信達標企業」).

In June 2023, the Company's Huaiyin Liulaozhuang Wind Power Project in Jiangsu Province was awarded the "Top Ten Excellent Wind Farm Stations" (「十佳優秀風電場站」) at the "Selection Event of Top 50 in China Wind Power Industry for 2023" (「2023年中國風電產業50 強評選活動」) jointly organized by Jiangsu Province Renewable Energy Industry Association (江蘇省可再生能源行業協會), etc.

In September 2023, the Company's Dongzhi Photovoltaic Project in Anhui Province won the "Quality Engineering Award" (「優質工程獎」) from the Anhui Province Electric Association (安徽省電力協會).

本公司對於生產運行指標嚴格把關,採用科學 嚴謹的管理方法,持續優化提升生產效能,積極 培養高素質運維團隊,激發員工創造力度,為實 現高效運行目標而一致奮鬥。

2023年7月,中國電力企業聯合會公佈結果,本 公司河北省張北新勝風電場獲得「全國風電場 生產運行統計指標對標5A級」榮譽、山東省樂陵 朱集風電場獲得「全國風電場生產運行統計指 標對標4A級」榮譽、山東省樂陵鐵營光伏電站獲 得「全國太陽能光伏電站生產運行統計指標對 標4A級」榮譽。

本公司通過技術引領、創新增效,堅持自主創 新、引領發展,堅持低碳發展、環境友好,持續 朝著成為公眾信賴、更具責任,技術領先、更具 實力,持續發展、更具價值的目標奮進。

2023年1月,本公司山東省慶雲尚堂風電項目、 山東省安丘黃皿山風電項目、山東省臨朐風電 項目分別榮獲山東省電力行業協會「2022年度 新能源及可再生能源優秀企業」榮譽稱號。

2023年2月,本公司甘肅省紅沙崗風電項目在武 威民勤紅沙崗能源化工工業集中區經濟工作會 議上,榮獲2022年度紅沙崗集中區「安全管理優 秀獎」和「突出貢獻獎」。

2023年5月,內蒙古自治區發展和改革委員會評 定本公司內蒙古自治區科左中旗光伏扶貧項目 為「誠信達標企業」。

2023年6月,本公司江蘇省淮陰劉老莊風電項 目在江蘇省可再生能源行業協會等聯合舉辦的 「2023年中國風電產業50強評選活動」中獲得 「十佳優秀風電場站」獎項。

2023年9月,本公司安徽省東至光伏項目獲得安徽省電力協會「優質工程獎」。

In October 2023, the Company's Dangtu Fishing-Photovoltaic Power Complementary Project in Anhui Province was awarded the title of "Green Innovation Excellent Environmental Protection Organization" (「綠色創新優秀環保組織」) by the Anhui Ecosystem Protection Association(安徽省生態環境保護協會).

In 2023, the Company introduced high performance mode in all respects, so as to promote the universal integration of the high performance mode and the quality, environmental and occupational health and safety management systems by integrating the high performance mode into the Company's daily management. In December 2023, the Company obtained the "2023 Advanced Organizations Implementing High Performance" (「2023年度實施卓越 績效先進組織」) from China Association for Quality (中國質量協會). The Company will continue to implement General Secretary Xi Jinping's important instructions on quality work, continue to be committed to the work style of focusing on "Stringency, Prudence, Meticulosity and Pragmatism" to deeply promote the management improvement, and constantly optimize the construction of the management system, so as to promote the improvement of overall guality management level, advance the high-quality development of the Company, comprehensively improve the market competitiveness.

III. OPERATING RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

In 2023, the revenue of the Group amounted to US\$2,193.0 million, representing a decrease of 9.8% compared with last year. In 2023, the operating profit of the Group amounted to US\$552.5 million, representing a decrease of 6.3% compared with last year.

The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company in 2023 amounted to US\$267.7 million, representing an increase of US\$72.6 million or 37.2% compared with last year. In 2023, the profit of the Group amounted to US\$279.6 million, representing an increase of US\$65.2 million or 30.4% compared with last year.

If one-off adjustments were taken out, which mainly include (1) posttax impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment of US\$7.7 million and US\$61.8 million in 2023 and 2022 respectively, and (2) impairment losses recognized in respect of goodwill of US\$8.7 million in 2023, the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have increased by 10.6% comparing with last year. 2023年10月,本公司安徽省當塗漁光互補光伏 項目獲得安徽省生態環境保護協會授予「綠色 創新優秀環保組織」稱號。

2023年,本公司全面導入卓越績效模式,推動 卓越績效模式與質量、環境、職業健康安全管理 體系一體化融合,將卓越績效模式融入公司日 常管理。2023年12月,本公司獲得中國質量協會 「2023年度實施卓越績效先進組織」榮譽。本 公司將繼續深入貫徹習近平總書記關於質量工 作重要批示指示精神,持續秉持「嚴慎細實」的 工作作風,深入推進管理改進,不斷優化完善管 理體系建設,促進全面質量管理水平提升,推動 公司高質量發展,全面提升市場競爭力。

三. 經營業績及分析

2023年,本集團的收入為2,193.0百萬美元,較 上年度下降9.8%。2023年,本集團的經營溢利 為552.5百萬美元,較上年度下降6.3%。

2023年本公司權益股東應佔溢利為267.7百萬 美元,較上年度上升72.6百萬美元或37.2%。 2023年,本集團的溢利為279.6百萬美元,較上 年度上升65.2百萬美元或30.4%。

倘剔除一次性調整,主要包括:(1)確認2023年 及2022年物業、廠房及設備的除稅後減值虧損 分別為7.7百萬美元及61.8百萬美元;及(2)確認 2023年商譽的減值虧損8.7百萬美元,截至2023 年12月31日止年度本公司權益股東應佔溢利將 較上年度增加10.6%。

Revenue

In 2023, the revenue of the Group amounted to US\$2,193.0 million, representing a decrease of 9.8% compared with US\$2,430.1 million of last year. The revenue derived from wind projects in the PRC amounted to US\$702.4 million, representing an increase of 1.4% compared with US\$692.8 million of last year. Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in power generation from the wind projects.

The revenue derived from Korea in 2023 amounted to US\$1,151.0 million, representing a decrease of 16.4% compared with US\$1,377.4 million of last year. Such decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the decrease in power generation as well as decrease in weighted average tariff of electricity.

Operating Expenses

In 2023, the operating expenses of the Group amounted to US\$1,640.5 million, representing a decrease of 10.9% compared with US\$1,840.4 million of last year. The decrease in operating expenses was mainly due to a decrease in gas costs of Yulchon I & II Power Projects.

The breakdown of operating expenses is analyzed as below:

收入

2023年,本集團的收入為2,193.0百萬美元,較 上年度的2,430.1百萬美元下降9.8%。來自中國 風電項目的收入為702.4百萬美元,較上年度的 692.8百萬美元增加1.4%。有關增加主要是由於 風電項目的發電量增加所致。

2023年,來自韓國的收入為1,151.0百萬美元, 較上年度的1,377.4百萬美元減少16.4%。收入下 降主要是由於發電量減少以及加權平均電價下 降。

經營開支

2023年,本集團的經營開支為1,640.5百萬美 元,較上年度的1,840.4百萬美元減少10.9%。經 營開支減少乃主要由於栗村一期及二期電力項 目的天然氣成本下降。

經營開支明細分析如下:

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Operating expenses:	經營開支:		
Coal, oil, gas and wood pellet Depreciation of property,	煤炭、石油、天然氣及木質顆粒 物業、廠房及設備折舊	983,336	1,247,302
plant and equipment		343,740	335,969
Repair and maintenance	維修及保養	31,358	29,971
Staff costs	員工成本	120,313	109,395
Recognition of loss allowance of trade and other receivables and	確認就貿易及其他應收款項及 d 合同資產虧損撥備		
contract assets		8,593	2,791
Other operating expenses (note)	其他經營開支 <i>(附註)</i>	153,144	114,976
Total operating expenses	經營開支總額	1,640,484	1,840,404

附註:

2023

2023年 *US\$'000*

千美元

63,313

12,772

7,744

8,313

10,270

3,648

8.261

4.948

7.978

8,145

2.535

1.480

153,144

13,737

Note:

Operation support expenses Fuel, chemicals, electricity and water Other maintenance cost Depreciation of right-of-use assets Transportation and entertainment expenses Outsourcing expenses Tools and consumables Consultancy fees Insurance expenses Other taxes, surcharges and duties Miscellaneous operating expenses Expense relating to short-term leases Office expenses 經營支援學物質及水電 其他維護成本 使用權資產動費用 外包費用 及膨耗品 諮詢費用 保險費用 其他稅項運開支 與短親租賃有關的開支 辦公室開支

Operating Profit

In 2023, the operating profit, which is equal to revenue minus operating expenses, of the Group amounted to US\$552.5 million, representing a decrease of US\$37.2 million or 6.3% compared with US\$589.7 million of last year. The decrease in operating profit was mainly caused by the increase in operating expenses arising from the wind and solar projects.

Other Income

Other income mainly represented government grants, interest income and income on sales of generating rights and capacity. In 2023, other income of the Group amounted to US\$19.8 million, representing a decrease of US\$22.9 million or 53.7% compared with US\$42.7 million of last year. The decrease in other income was primarily due to a decrease of US\$13.7 million in income on sales of generating rights and capacity.

Other Gains and Losses

In 2023, the other losses amounted to US\$10.0 million, representing a decrease of US\$59.0 million compared with last year. The decrease in other losses was primarily due to a decrease of US\$59.2 million in impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and equipment compared with last year.

經營溢利

2023年,本集團的經營溢利(即收入減經營開 支)為552.5百萬美元,較上年度的589.7百萬 美元減少37.2百萬美元或6.3%。經營溢利減少 主要由於風電和太陽能項目的經營開支增加所 致。

其他收入

其他收入主要為政府補助金、利息收入及出售 發電權及容量收入。2023年,本集團的其他收 入為19.8百萬美元,較上年度的42.7百萬美元減 少22.9百萬美元或53.7%。其他收入減少主要由 於出售發電權及容量收入減少13.7百萬美元。

其他收益及虧損

2023年,其他虧損為10.0百萬美元,較上年度減 少59.0百萬美元。其他虧損減少主要由於就物 業、廠房及設備確認的減值虧損較上年度減少 59.2百萬美元。

2022 2022年

US\$'000

千美元

30,168

11,656

16,863

5,008

8,006

4,286

3.552

3 9 5 4

6,718

6.795

13.216

2 0 8 5

2.669

114,976

Finance Costs

In 2023, the finance costs of the Group amounted to US\$212.8 million, representing a decrease of US\$14.3 million or 6.3% compared with US\$227.1 million of last year. The decrease in finance costs was mainly attributable to the decrease in interest expenses on bank borrowings.

Share of Results of Associates

In 2023, the share of profit of associates amounted to US\$3.0 million, representing an increase of US\$66.3 million compared with the share of losses of associates of US\$63.3 million of last year. The increase in profits of the associates was mainly attributable to the decrease in market coal price during the year.

Income Tax

In 2023, the income tax of the Group amounted to US\$72.9 million, representing an increase of US\$14.3 million or 24.5% compared with US\$58.6 million of last year, which was mainly due to the expiration of the preferential tax rate period of certain subsidiaries in the PRC.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Group's cash and cash equivalents decreased from US\$440.6 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$287.5 million as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly due to the increase in net cash used in investing and financing activities.

Net Debt/Equity Ratio

The Group's net debt/equity ratio decreased from 3.64 as at 31 December 2022 to 3.30 as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly due to the decrease in loans from fellow subsidiaries.

Dividend

At the Board meeting held on 26 March 2024, the Board recommended the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 of 1.56 US cents per Share (equivalent to 12.17 HK cents per Share), totalling approximately US\$66.9 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$522.0 million), which is calculated based on 4,290,824,000 Shares in issue on 26 March 2024. The payout ratio of the proposed dividend is 25% of the profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the financial year of 2023.

財務費用

2023年,本集團的財務費用為212.8百萬美元, 較上年度的227.1百萬美元減少14.3百萬美元或 6.3%。財務費用減少主要是由於銀行借貸利息 開支減少所致。

攤佔聯營公司業績

2023年,攤佔聯營公司溢利為3.0百萬美元, 較上年度攤佔聯營公司虧損63.3百萬美元增加 66.3百萬美元。聯營公司溢利增加主要由於年 內市場煤價下跌的影響。

所得稅

2023年,本集團的所得稅為72.9百萬美元,較 上年度的58.6百萬美元增加14.3百萬美元或 24.5%,乃主要由於中國若干附屬公司的優惠稅 率期限屆滿。

流動資金及資金來源

本集團的現金及現金等價物由2022年12月31 日的440.6百萬美元減少至2023年12月31日的 287.5百萬美元,乃主要由於投資及融資活動所 用現金淨額增加。

淨債務/權益比率

本集團的淨債務/權益比率由2022年12月31日 的3.64下降至2023年12月31日的3.30,主要乃 由於來自同系附屬公司的貸款減少。

股息

於2024年3月26日舉行的董事會會議上,董事 會建議派付截至2023年12月31日止年度的末期 股息每股股份1.56美仙(相當於每股股份12.17 港仙),按2024年3月26日的4,290,824,000股已 發行股份計算,合共為約66.9百萬美元(相當於 約522.0百萬港元)。建議股息的派息比率為本 公司權益股東應佔2023年財政年度年內溢利的 25%。

Earnings per Share

每股盈利

		Year ended 31 截至12月31	
		2023 2023年 <i>US cents</i> <i>美仙</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US cents</i> <i>美仙</i>
Earnings per Share, basic and diluted – calculated based on the number of ordinary shares outstanding at year end	每股盈利, 基本及攤薄-以年末發行 在外普通股的數目計算	6.24	4.55
		Year ended 31	
		截至12月31	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Earnings for the purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per Share (profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company)	用於計算每股基本及攤薄 盈利的盈利(本公司普通股 權益股東應佔年內溢利)	267,685	195,149
		'000 千股	'000 千股
Number of ordinary shares outstanding at year end	年末發行在外普通股的數目	4,290,824	4,290,824
Trade Receivables		貿易應收賬款	

	As at 31 December		
	於12月31日	於12月31日	
	US\$'000	2022 2022年 /S\$'000 千美元	
Trade receivables - contracts with customers Less: allowance for credit losses	(14,756)	751,352 (12,038) 739,314	
	766,0	28 7	

The following is an aging analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for credit losses presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the revenue recognition dates. 以下載列於報告期末按發票日期(與收入確認 日期相若)呈列的貿易應收賬款減去信貸虧損 撥備的賬齡分析。

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
0 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 180 days Over 180 days	0至60日 61至90日 91至180日 180日以上	215,900 15,562 57,075 477,491	340,956 16,301 47,574 334,483

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables balance included debtors with aggregate carrying amount of US\$174.9 million (2022: US\$317.8 million) from the sales of electricity and other services, which are due within 20 to 90 days from the date of billing.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables balance included debtors with aggregate carrying amount of US\$591.1 million (2022: US\$421.5 million) from the tariff income receivables. These receivables are tariff income receivables from relevant government authorities pursuant to the Cai Jian [2020] No.5 Notice on the Measures for Administration of Subsidy Funds for Tariff of Renewable Energy (《可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理辦法》). The collection of tariff income receivables is subject to settlement by state grid companies upon finalization of the allocation of funds by relevant PRC government authorities to the state grid companies. As a result, the tariff income receivables are not considered as overdue or in default.

The Group measures loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix based on the historical settlement records, latest aging profile of those receivables and forward looking information that is available without undue cost and effort. During the year ended 31 December 2023, expected credit losses of US\$2.9 million in respect of trade receivables were recognized (2022: reversal of expected credit losses of US\$5.7 million in respect of contract assets were recognized (2022: US\$6.0 million).

The Group does not hold any collateral over the trade receivables balance.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的貿易應收賬款結 餘包括來自銷售電力及其他服務的總賬面值為 174.9百萬美元(2022年:317.8百萬美元)的應 收賬款,應於自開具發票日期起計20到90天內 支付。

739.314

766.028

於2023年12月31日,本集團的貿易應收賬款結 餘包括來自應收電價收入的總賬面值為591.1 百萬美元(2022年:421.5百萬美元)的應收賬 款。根據《可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理辦 法》財建[2020]5號通知,該等應收賬款為應收 相關政府部門的電價補貼收入,相關款項在相 關中國政府部門落實對國家電網公司的資金分 配後由國家電網公司進行結算,因而不被視為 逾期或違約。

本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量 該等貿易應收賬款及合同資產的虧損撥備,有 關計算乃根據該等應收賬款的過往結算記錄、 最新賬齡情況及無須過多成本及努力即可獲得 的前瞻性資料按撥備矩陣作出。截至2023年12 月31日止年度,就貿易應收賬款確認預期信貸 虧損2.9百萬美元(2022年:預期信貸虧損5.7百 萬美元)及就合同資產確認預期信貸虧損5.7百 萬美元(2022年:6.0百萬美元)。

本集團並無就貿易應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押 品。

Contract Assets

合同資產

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Tariff income from sales of renewable energy Less: allowance for credit losses	銷售可再生能源所得電價收入 減:信貸虧損撥備 -	383,732 (15,586)	364,333 (10,114)
		368,146	354,219

The contract assets represented tariff income receivables from sales of renewable energy to the local state grid in the PRC, with such amounts pending approval for registration in the Renewable Energy Tariff Subsidy List (the "List") by the relevant government authorities. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the relevant right becomes unconditional, upon the registration of the Group's respective operating power plants in the List.

Trade Payables

The following is an aging analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period. 合同資產指就向中國的地方國家電網銷售可再 生能源的應收電價收入,該款項尚待相關政府 機構批准納入可再生能源電價附加資金補助清 單(「**清單**」)。於有關收款權利成為無條件時,即 在本集團各營運電廠納入清單後,合同資產轉 撥至貿易應收賬款。

貿易應付賬款

於報告期末,按發票日期呈報的貿易應付賬款 的賬齡分析如下。

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
0 - 60 days 61 - 90 days Over 90 days	0至60日 61至90日 90日以上	81,618 12,725 14,328	216,279 1,084 5,665
		108,671	223,028

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 48 days (2022: 27 days) for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure all payables are settled within the credit period.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,購買貨品的平均 信貸期為48日(2022年:27日)。本集團已制定 財務風險管理政策,以確保所有應付款項均可 於信貸期限內結清。

Financial Position

Non-current assets increased from US\$6,451.0 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$6,582.2 million as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly due to the increase in property, plant and equipment during the year.

Current assets decreased from US\$1,892.9 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$1,768.0 million as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents.

Current liabilities decreased from US\$2,467.5 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$2,002.6 million as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly due to the decrease in short-term bank borrowings.

Non-current liabilities increased from US\$4,376.9 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$4,659.0 million as at 31 December 2023, which was mainly due to the increase in long-term bank borrowings.

Goodwill

財務狀況

非流動資產由2022年12月31日的6,451.0百萬 美元增加至2023年12月31日的6,582.2百萬美 元,主要由於年內物業、廠房及設備增加所致。

流動資產由2022年12月31日的1,892.9百萬美元 減少至2023年12月31日的1,768.0百萬美元,主 要由於現金及現金等價物減少所致。

流動負債由2022年12月31日的2,467.5百萬美元 減少至2023年12月31日的2,002.6百萬美元,主 要是由於短期銀行借貸減少所致。

非流動負債由2022年12月31日的4,376.9百萬 美元增加至2023年12月31日的4,659.0百萬美 元,主要是由於長期銀行借貸增加所致。

商譽

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
COST	成本		
At 1 January	於1月1日	167,513	182,908
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(2,779)	(15,395)
At 31 December	於12月31日	164,734	167,513
ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT LOSSES At 1 January	累計減值虧損 於1月1日	(12,917)	(14,110)
Impairment losses recognized in	於損益內確認的減值虧損		
profit or loss	雨公米西	(8,681)	-
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	216	1,193
		(21,382)	(12,917)
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值		
At 31 December	於12月31日	143,352	154,596

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the following cash-generating units ("CGUs") or group of cash-generating units as follows:

包含商譽的現金產生單位之減 值測試

商譽分配至以下現金產生單位(「現金產生單 **位**」) 或現金產生單位組別:

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Wind Energy Subsidiaries (as defined below) <i>(note)</i> Solar Energy Subsidiaries	風電附屬公司 (定義見下文) <i>(附註)</i> 太陽能附屬公司	110,337	112,560
(as defined below) (note) Multiple units without significant goodwill	(定義見下文)(附註) 並無重大商譽的多個單位	31,589 1,426	40,600 1,436
		143,352	154,596

Note:

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the subsidiaries under CGN Wind Energy acquired in 2015 ("Wind Energy Subsidiaries") and subsidiaries under CGN Solar Energy Development Co., Ltd. acquired in 2015 ("Solar Energy Subsidiaries") which are considered as group of cash-generating units. The recoverable amounts of the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries have been determined based on value in use calculations. Goodwill impairment testing has been assessed for the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries individually. These calculations are based on the present value of the cash flow projections covering the operation period of each individual cash-generating unit. The cash flow projections are derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management which cover operation periods ranging from 6 to 22 years (2022: 7 to 23 years). The cash flow projections are discounted using discount rates ranged from 10.20% to 11.35% (2022: 10.18% to 11.89%). Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the budgeted electricity generation volume, which is determined based on the installed capacity, past performance of the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries and management's expectations for the market development. The estimated annual average growth rates in electricity generation volume range from -11.4% to 7.9% (2022; 0% to 9.4%).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, due to a general decrease in electricity generation volume growth rate adopted in the projected cash flows and a decrease in the operation periods as the time elapsed, impairment losses of US\$8.335.000 and US\$346,000 were recorded in "Other gains and losses" in relation to certain CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively. Two cash generating units, CGN Solar Energy (Dachaidan) Development Co., Ltd (+ 廣核太陽能(大柴旦)開發有限公司) and CGN Lingu Longgang Wind Power Co. Ltd (中廣核臨朐龍崗風力發電有限公司) have been reduced to their recoverable amount of US\$30,795,000 and US\$16,947,000 respectively and adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculations of recoverable amounts would result in further impairment losses.

A reduction in annual average growth rate in electricity generation volume of 5% will result in additional impairment losses of US\$775,000 and US\$1,698,000 to the CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively. An increase in discount rate of 0.5% will result in additional impairment losses of US\$3,049,000 and US\$1,841,000 to the CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively.

附註:

商譽已分配予於2015年收購之中廣核風電的附屬公司 (「風電附屬公司」)及於2015年收購之中廣核太陽能 開發有限公司的附屬公司(「太陽能附屬公司」),其被 視為現金產生單位組別以進行減值測試。風電附屬公 司及太陽能附屬公司可收回金額乃基於使用價值計算 釐定。風電附屬公司及太陽能附屬公司已獨立進行商 譽減值測試評估。該等計算乃基於涵蓋各個別現金產 生單位營運期間的現金流量預測的現值而得出。該現 金流量預測來自管理層批准的最近期財務預算,涵蓋6 至22年(2022年:7至23年)的經營期。現金流量預測 乃根據10.20%至11.35%(2022年:10.18%至11.89%) 之折現率折現。其他計算使用價值的主要假設與預算 發電量有關,按風電附屬公司及太陽能附屬公司裝機 容量、過往之表現及管理層對市場發展之預期釐定。 估計發電量平均年增長率介乎-11.4%至7.9%(2022年: 0%至9.4%)不等。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,由於預測現金流量所採 用的發電量增長率普遍下降及營運期間隨時間減少, 本集團太陽能附屬公司及風能附屬公司的若干現金 產生單位分別於「其他收益及虧損」項下錄得減值虧損 8,335,000美元及346,000美元。兩個現金產生單位中廣 核太陽能(大柴旦)開發有限公司和中廣核臨朐龍崗風 力發電有限公司已分別減至其可收回金額30,795,000 美元及16,947,000美元,而用於計算可收回金額的假設 出現任何不利變動均將導致進一步減值虧損。

發電量的年均增長率降低5%將導致本集團太陽能附 屬公司及風電附屬公司的現金產生單位分別出現額外 減值虧損775,000美元及1,698,000美元。折現率增加 0.5%將導致本集團太陽能附屬公司及風電附屬公司的 現金產生單位分別出現額外減值虧損3,049,000美元及 1,841,000美元。

Bank Borrowings

The Group's total bank borrowings increased from US\$4,364.5 million as at 31 December 2022 to US\$4,448.2 million as at 31 December 2023. Details of bank borrowings are as follows:

銀行借貸

本集團的總銀行借貸由2022年12月31日的 4,364.5百萬美元增加至2023年12月31日的 4,448.2百萬美元。銀行借貸的詳情如下:

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	2,716,937 1,731,218	2,864,220 1,500,260
		4,448,155	4,364,480
The maturity profile of bank borrowings is as follows:	銀行借貸的到期情況如下:		
Within 1 year	一年內	494,635	957,392
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years Over 5 years	一年以上但不超過兩年 兩年以上但不超過五年 五年以上	393,972 1,995,158 1,564,390	397,449 1,369,181 1,640,458
		3,953,520	3,407,088
		4,448,155	4,364,480

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had committed unutilized banking facilities of US\$1,410.9 million (2022: US\$2,022.5 million).

All bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the functional currency of the respective group entities that include RMB, USD and KRW. The bank borrowings of the Group carry interest rates which range from 2.25% to 5.86% (31 December 2022: 2.50% to 7.04%) per annum during the year ended 31 December 2023. The analysis of bank borrowings with fixed interest rate and variable interest rate is analyzed below:

於2023年12月31日,本集團未使用的銀行已 承諾信貸額度為1,410.9百萬美元(2022年: 2,022.5百萬美元)。

於報告期末的所有銀行借貸以各集團實體的功 能貨幣計值,包括人民幣、美元及韓元。截至 2023年12月31日止年度,本集團銀行借貸按介 乎2.25%至5.86%(2022年12月31日:2.50%至 7.04%)的年利率計息。固定利率及浮動利率利 息的銀行借貸分析如下:

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Fixed rate Variable rate	固定利率 浮動利率	1,265,826 3,182,329 4,448,155	1,169,986 3,194,494 4,364,480

Loans from Fellow Subsidiaries

來自同系附屬公司的貸款

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the amounts represent:

於2023年及2022年12月31日,該等款項指:

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Loans from fellow subsidiaries – due within 1 year: CGN Finance Co., Ltd ("CGN Finance") CGN Wind Energy CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited ("CGNPC Huasheng")	來自同系附屬公司的貸款 一於1年內到期: 中廣核財務有限責任公司 (「中廣核財務」) 中廣核風電 中廣核華盛投資有限公司 (「中廣核華盛」)	i(a) ii	228,470 338,854 250,000	106,335 545,617 –
(817,324	651,952
Loans from fellow subsidiaries – due after 1 year: CGN Finance CGNPC Huasheng China Clean Energy Development Limited ("China Clean Energy")	來自同系附屬公司的貸款 一於1年後到期: 中廣核財務 中廣核華盛 中國清潔能源開發 有限公司 (「中國清潔能源」)	i(b) iii iv	142,782 - 450,000	176,591 250,000 450,000
			592,782	876,591

Notes:

(i)(a) Loans from CGN Finance of RMB1,601.4 million (equivalent to US\$226.1 million) (31 December 2022: RMB706.1 million (equivalent to US\$101.4 million)) are unsecured, interest bearing at 2.35% to 3.30% (31 December 2022: 3.45% to 4.21%) per annum and repayable within one year; and

Loans from CGN Finance of RMB16.8 million (equivalent to US\$2.4 million) (31 December 2022: RMB34.4 million (equivalent to US\$4.9 million)) are unsecured, interest bearing at RMB Loan Prime Rate announced by the PRC National Interbank Funding Center ("**RMB Loan Prime Rate**") minus 0% to 1% (31 December 2022: RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0.60% to 1%) per annum and repayable within one year.

(i)(b) Loan from CGN Finance of RMB8.2 million (equivalent to US\$1.2 million) (31 December 2022: RMB61.7 million (equivalent to US\$8.9 million) is unsecured, interest bearing at 3.30% (31 December 2022: 3.60% to 4.21%) per annum and repayable in 2038 (31 December 2022: 2030 to 2035); and

Loans from CGN Finance of RMB1,003.1 million (equivalent to US\$141.6 million) (31 December 2022: RMB1,168.2 million (equivalent to US\$167.7 million)) are unsecured, interest bearing at the RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0% to 1.35% (31 December 2022: RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0.60% to 1.35%) per annum and repayable in 2031 to 2040 (31 December 2022: 2031 to 2040).

- (ii) Loan from CGN Wind Energy of RMB2,400.0 million (equivalent to US\$338.9 million) (31 December 2022: RMB3,800.0 million (equivalent to US\$545.6 million)) is unsecured, interest bearing at 2.40% (31 December 2022: 3.50%) per annum and repayable in 2024 (31 December 2022: 2023).
- (iii) Loan from CGNPC Huasheng of US\$250.0 million (31 December 2022: US\$250.0 million) is unsecured, interest bearing at 3 months Secured Overnight Financing Rate plus 1.30% (31 December 2022: 3 months London Interbank Offered Rate plus 1.30%) per annum and repayable in 2024 (31 December 2022: 2024).
- (iv) Loan from China Clean Energy of US\$450.0 million (31 December 2022: US\$450.0 million) is unsecured, interest bearing at 4.50% (31 December 2022: 4.50%) per annum and repayable in 2025 (31 December 2022: 2025).

附註:

(i)(a) 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣1,601.4百萬元(相當於226.1百萬美元)(2022年12月31日:人民幣706.1百萬元(相當於101.4百萬美元))為無抵押、按年利率2.35%至3.30%(2022年12月31日:3.45%至4.21%)計息及須於一年內償還;及

來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣16.8百萬元 (相當於2.4百萬美元)(2022年12月31日: 人民幣34.4百萬元(相當於4.9百萬美元))為 無抵押、按中國全國銀行間同業拆借中心公 佈的人民幣貸款優惠利率(「人民幣貸款優惠 利率」)減0%至1%(2022年12月31日:人民幣 貸款優惠利率減0.60%至1%)的年利率計息 及須於一年內償還。

(i)(b) 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣8.2百萬元(相 當於1.2百萬美元)(2022年12月31日:人民 幣61.7百萬元(相當於8.9百萬美元)為無抵 押、按年利率為3.30%(2022年12月31日: 3.60%至4.21%)計息及須於2038年(2022年 12月31日:2030年至2035年)償還;及

> 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣1,003.1百萬 元(相當於141.6百萬美元)(2022年12月31 日:人民幣1,168.2百萬元(相當於167.7百萬 美元))為無抵押、按人民幣貸款優惠利率減 0%至1.35%(2022年12月31日:人民幣貸款 優惠利率減0.60%至1.35%)的年利率計息及 須於2031年至2040年(2022年12月31日: 2031年至2040年)償還。

(ii) 來自中廣核風電的貸款人民幣2,400.0百萬元(相當於338.9百萬美元)(2022年12月31日:人民幣3,800.0百萬元(相當於545.6百萬美元))為無抵押、按年利率2.40%(2022年12月31日:3.50%)計息及須於2024年(2022年12月31日:2023年)償還。

- (iii) 來自中廣核華盛的貸款250.0百萬美元(2022年12月31日:250.0百萬美元)為無抵押、按 三個月有抵押隔夜融資利率加1.30%(2022年12月31日:三個月倫敦銀行間同業拆息加 1.30%)的年利率計息及須於2024年(2022年12月31日:2024年)償還。
- (iv) 來自中國清潔能源的貸款450.0百萬美元 (2022年12月31日:450.0百萬美元)為無 抵押、按年利率4.50%(2022年12月31日: 4.50%)計息及須於2025年(2022年12月31 日:2025年)償還。

Capital Expenditures

The Group's capital expenditure increased by US\$278.6 million to US\$641.4 million in 2023 from US\$362.8 million in 2022.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

Pledged Assets

The Group pledged certain property, plant and equipment, trade receivables, contract assets and bank deposits for credit facilities granted to the Group. As at 31 December 2023, the total book value of the pledged assets amounted to US\$1,845.2 million (2022: US\$1,785.0 million).

Significant Investments

Save as disclosed in this report, there were no other significant investments held by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Material Acquisitions or Disposals

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no other material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Future Plans for Material Investments or Capital Assets

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no other plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2023.

資本開支

本集團的資本開支由2022年的362.8百萬美元 增加278.6百萬美元至2023年的641.4百萬美 元。

或然負債

於2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日,本集團 並無任何重大或然負債。

抵押資產

本集團已抵押若干物業、廠房及設備、貿易應收 賬款、合同資產及銀行存款,以取得授予本集團 的信貸融資。於2023年12月31日,抵押資產的 賬面總值為1,845.2百萬美元(2022年:1,785.0 百萬美元)。

重大投資

除於本報告所披露者外,於截至2023年12月 31日止年度,本集團並無持有其他重大投資。

重大收購或出售

除於本報告所披露者外,於截至2023年12 月31日止年度,本集團並無進行其他附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營企業的重大收購或出售。

重大投資或資本資產的未來計 劃

除於本報告所披露者外,於2023年12月31 日,並無其他有關重大投資或購入資本資產 的計劃。

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had about 2,056 full-time employees, with the majority of them based in China. The Group provides its employees with salaries and bonuses, as well as employee benefits, including retirement schemes, medical and life insurance schemes.

Employees located in China are covered by the mandatory social security schemes required by local practice and regulations of the PRC, which are essentially defined contribution schemes. The Group is required by the PRC law to contribute a certain percentage of the average salaries of the employees to various schemes in accordance with the respective regulatory requirements of each city. The PRC government is directly responsible for the payment of the benefits to these employees.

In Korea, the Group is required by law to contribute 4.5% of the employees' monthly average salaries for the national pension, 3.545% for national health insurance (12.95% of the national health insurance is contributed for long term care insurance), 1.15% for unemployment insurance, 0.766% (Seoul Office)/0.686% (Yulchon)/0.686% (Daesan) for the industrial accident compensation insurance and 0.06% for a wage claim guarantee fund.

In Hong Kong, the Group participates in a mandatory provident fund scheme established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Cap. 485). Employees contribute 5.0% of their relevant income to the mandatory provident fund scheme subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000, and the Group contributes 10.0% of each employee's monthly base salary.

The remuneration of senior management is determined by making reference to the performance of individuals and the group and market trends. The emoluments of senior management (excluding directors) for the year end 31 December 2023 were within the following bands:

僱員及薪酬政策

於2023年12月31日,本集團的全職僱員人數約 2,056人,其中大部分駐於中國。本集團向其僱 員提供薪酬及花紅以及僱員福利,包括退休計 劃、醫療及人壽保險計劃。

於中國的僱員受到中國當地慣例及法規所規定 的強制性社會保障計劃(基本上為界定供款計 劃)保障。中國法律規定,本集團須根據各城市 的監管規定向不同計劃作出按照僱員平均薪酬 若干百分比計算的供款。中國政府直接負責向 該等僱員支付福利。

在韓國,本集團根據法例須向國民年金作出僱 員平均月薪4.5%的供款、3.545%為國民健康保 險(國民健康保險供款的12.95%為長期護理保 險)、1.15%為失業保險、0.766%(首爾辦事處) /0.686%(栗村)/0.686%(大山)為工業意外賠 償保險及0.06%為工資索賠擔保基金。

在香港,本集團參與了根據香港法例第485章 強制性公積金計劃條例設立的強制性公積金 計劃。僱員須向強制性公積金計劃作出其有關 入息5.0%的供款,每月有關入息上限為30,000 港元,而本集團須按照僱員各自的基本月薪的 10.0%作出供款。

高級管理層的酬金乃參考個人及本集團表現 以及市場趨勢釐定。截至2023年12月31日止年 度,高級管理層(不包括董事)的薪酬在以下範 圍內:

No. of senior management 高級管理層人數

Less than HK\$500,001 (Equivalent to US\$64.001)	少於500,001港元 (相常於64.001美元)	11
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000 (Equivalent to US\$64,001 to US\$128,000)	500,001港元至1,000,000港元 (相當於64,001美元至128,000美元)	0
(Equivalent to US\$64,001 to US\$128,000) HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 (Equivalent to US\$128,001 to US\$192,000)	(相當於84,001美九至128,000美九) 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 (相當於128,001美元至192,000美元)	0
(Equivalent to US\$192,001 to US\$255,000) (Equivalent to US\$192,001 to US\$255,000)	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 (相當於192,001美元至255,000美元)	0
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 (Equivalent to US\$255,001 to US\$319,000)	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 (相當於255,001美元至319,000美元)	0
(Equivalent to US\$319,001 to US\$383,000) (Equivalent to US\$319,001 to US\$383,000)	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 (相當於319,001美元至383,000美元)	1
Total	總計	12

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Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

Environmental Policies and Performance

PRC

Wind and Solar Projects

In order to protect and continuously improve the living environment and ecological environment, the Company ensures good management of wastewater, exhaust gas, solid wastes and hazardous wastes in production and operation activities, so as to achieve environmental protection to the greatest extent. Embracing the idea that "lucid waters and lush mountains are invaluable assets", the Company deeply implemented the thoughts from General Secretary Xi Jinping on ecology, and strictly followed the requirements of environment-related laws and regulations such as the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China" (《中華人民共和國環境保護法》), the "Water and Soil Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China" (《中華人民共和國水土保持法》) and the "Law on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste of the People's Republic of China"(《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》) to conduct monthly inspections on potential environmental hazards, and establish a list of dynamic potential hazards, so as to control the key pollutants and strictly implement environmental and water protection measures on "Three Simultaneous" for project constructions. Through identification, appraisal and control of environmental elements of each project and site, the Company has identified important environmental elements, and formulated effective environmental protection plans and countermeasures to ensure that all environmental protection work is carried out smoothly and strive to build itself as a resource-saving and environment-friendly enterprise.

環境政策及表現

中國

風電及太陽能項目

為保護和持續改善生活環境與生態環境,本公 司做好生產經營活動中廢水、廢氣、固體廢棄 物和危險廢棄物管理,最大限度地達到環境保 護目的。本公司牢固樹立「綠水青山就是金山銀 山」理念,深入貫徹落實習近平總書記生態文明 思想,嚴格落實《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、 《中華人民共和國水土保持法》、《中華人民共 和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》等環境相關法 律法規要求,每月對環境風險隱患進行排查,建 立動態隱患風險清單,對重點污染物進行控制, 嚴格落實建設項目環水保「三同時」各項措施。 通過對各項目、場站開展環境因素識別與評價 控制工作,本公司識別出重要環境因素,制定有 效的環境保護方案和應對措施,確保各項環境 保護順利開展,努力建成資源節約型、環境友好 型企業。

Hydro Projects

The hydro projects of the Company strictly comply with the environmental protection requirements of the local government. Being a renewable and clean energy resource, hydro projects almost discharge no pollutant. The requirements of the local government on hydro projects concern waste disposal, noise control, flow control and ecological protection.

Our requirements on waste disposal are implemented according to GB8978-1996 standard, we have achieved grade one standard in wastewater disposal with all indices up to standard. In respect of our requirements on noise control, they are implemented according to GBZ/T189.8-2007 "Work Place Physical Agents Measurement, Part VIII: Noise"(《工作場所物理因素測量第8部分:噪音》), GBZ2.2-2007 "Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace, Part II: Physical Agents" (《工作場所有害因素職業病接觸 限制第2部分:物理因素》) and Provision 20 of Order No.47 of State Administration of Work Safety, as well as the relevant requirements set out in the "Laws on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases" (《職業病防治法》), all monitoring results are of the required standard, and there are no external complaints arising from noise emission. In respect of the flow control requirements for environmental protection, they are implemented according to the water resources distribution plan "One Station One Strategy" of local water authority. There were no accidents caused by power generation flow change during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Thermal Projects (coal-fired, oil-fired, gas-fired including cogen)

The environmental protection systems and facilities of the Company's coal-fired and gas-fired power projects complied with applicable national and local environmental protection regulations. Environmental management in all of the Company's operating project companies met the relevant standards and have been accredited with ISO14001 (environmental management system) international certification. In addition, the Company's coal-fired and gas-fired power projects have their own environmental protection office and staff responsible for monitoring and operating its environmental protection equipment. Other than the "Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS)", another "Remote Emissions Monitoring Systems (REMS)" are also equipped in all coal-fired and gas-fired projects to continuously monitor power projects emissions at the relevant project companies. The Company has continued to invest substantially in energy saving and environmental upgrading facilities at the projects to comply with the regulations and emissions reduction. By the end of 2015, all desulfurization, de-nitration and particulate matter removal facilities have been installed in coal-fired projects and put into service as planned. By the end of 2017, the coal-fired power plants in operation (Nantong in Jiangsu and Huangshi in Hubei) have all completed the "Ultralow Emission" technical improvement to further reduce the emission of NOx, SO2 as well as dust. The Company is of the view that the Company is not in material breach of any applicable environmental laws or regulations as at 31 December 2023.

水電項目

本公司水電項目嚴格執行了地方政府的環保要 求。水電作為清潔可再生能源,對環境幾乎無污 染物排放。地方政府對水電項目的環保要求主 要包括廢棄物處理要求、噪聲控制要求、流量控 制要求、生態保護要求。

廢棄物處理要求參照GB8978-1996標準執行, 各項指標均符合標準,廢水處理結果達一級標 準。噪聲控制要求參照GBZ/T189.8-2007《工作 場所物理因素測量第8部分:噪音》、GBZ2.2-2007《工作場所有害因素職業病接觸限制第2部 分:物理因素》、國家安監總局47號令第20條以 及依照《職業病防治法》相關規定,其監測結果 均符合標準要求,且未發生過因噪聲排放而引 發的外界投訴事件。而生態保護中流量控制要 求是根據地方水務局頒佈的「一站一策」水資源 調度方案執行,於截至2023年12月31日止年度 未發生因發電流量變化而引發的意外事件。

熱能項目 (燃煤、燃油、燃氣包括熱電聯產)

本公司的燃煤、燃氣電力項目安裝了環保系統 及設施足以符合國家及地方適用的環保規例。 在公司營運監控下所有項目公司之環境管理符 合相關標準,並獲ISO14001 (環境管理體系)國 際認證。此外,本公司的燃煤、燃氣電力項目均 設有環境保護辦公室,有專職員工負責監察及 操作其環保設備。全部燃煤、燃氣項目,除安裝 了線上監測系統(CEMS)之外,也安裝遠端排放 監測系統(REMS),以持續監測相關項目公司的 大氣排放情況。本公司在節能環保設施方面繼 續大幅投資,以符合法例要求及減少排放。所有 燃煤項目脫硫、脫硝及除塵設施在2015年底前 均已完成安裝及投入服務。截至2017年底,在 運的燃煤項目(江蘇南通及湖北黃石)均已完成 「超低排放」技術改進工程,以進一步減少氮氧 化物、二氧化硫和粉塵的排放。本公司認為,截 至2023年12月31日,本公司沒有重大違反任何 適用環境法例或法規。

Air emissions of all existing thermal power projects of the Company in the PRC have met the more stringent latest national emissions regulation, which became effective on 1 January 2012. According to the "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution" (《中華人民共和國大氣污染 防治法》), a penalty of up to RMB1,000,000 will be levied for noncompliance. The environmental laws and regulations also impose fines on enterprises which violate such laws, regulations or decrees and provide for other sanctions including the possible closure of any power projects which fail to rectify activities that cause environmental damage or cease its operation. As at 31 December 2023, the Company had not received any sanctions to cease operation or rectify to environmental damages.

Korea

The Company is committed to the establishment of good standards of environmental protection and management practices. The environmental policies and facilities of the Company's power projects in Korea are in compliance with the applicable national and local environmental protection regulations in Korea. The Company's power projects in Korea have their own environmental protection offices and staffs responsible for monitoring and operating its environmental protection equipment. Environmental monitoring system required by the applicable national and local environmental protection regulations are equipped in the Company's power projects in Korea. Environmental management in our operating project companies is meeting the relevant international standards and have been accredited with ISO14001 (environmental management system) international certification.

In addition, the Company's power projects in Korea have passed the relevant supervisory inspections on air emission levels and effluent water quality by the local government. We are of the view that we are not in material breach of applicable environmental laws or regulations for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Major Customers and Suppliers

Our primary customers are the electricity offtakers for our projects. Our primary suppliers are the fuel providers for our projects. Our largest customer is Korea Power Exchange ("**KPX**") and our largest supplier is Korea Gas Corporation ("**KOGAS**").

KPX is a non-profit, neutral and independent organization in South Korea's power industry. KPX ensures the reliability of power supply by coordinating the flow of electricity in all regions of South Korea. To secure future power reliability, KPX runs a sophisticated national planning process for generation and transmission expansion by active cooperation and coordination with the Korea government. KPX has become our largest customer since the combined cycle of Yulchon II Power Project commenced business operations and we have maintained a business relationship with KPX since 2009.

KOGAS is an independent third party supplier of gas for Yulchon I Power Project, Fuel Cell Project and Yulchon II Power Project in Korea. KOGAS is a publicly listed company on the Korean Exchange that engages in the production and distribution of gas in Korea. KOGAS was incorporated by the Korean government in 1983 and is the sole wholesale supplier of natural gas in Korea. 本公司在中國所有現有火電項目的大氣排放 均符合自2012年1月1日起生效更嚴格的最新 國家排放規例。根據《中華人民共和國大氣污 染防治法》,對不合規的單位徵收最高人民幣 1,000,000元的罰款。若違反有關法律、法規或 法令的企業除徵收罰款外,並作出其他制裁,包 括可能關閉未能整頓造成環境破壞的電力項目 或終止其營運。截至2023年12月31日,本公司 並無受到終止營運或被要求整頓環境破壞的任 何制裁。

韓國

本公司致力於建立優良的環境保護及管理實務 標準。本公司在韓國境內的電力項目的環境政 策及設施符合韓國適用的國家及地方環保規 定。本公司在韓國境內的電力項目擁有本身的 環保辦事處及員工,負責監控及運作環保設備, 且各項目均已根據適用的國家及地方環保規定 的要求,配備了環境監控系統。本公司營運項目 公司的環境管理正在達到相關國際標準,並獲 授ISO14001 (環境管理體系)國際認證。

此外,本公司在韓國境內的電力項目已通過地 方政府有關氣體排放水準及出水水質的相關監 督檢查。我們認為,截至2023年12月31日止年 度,我們並無嚴重違反適用的環境法律或法規。

主要客戶及供應商

我們的主要客戶為電廠的電力承購商。我們的 主要供應商為電廠的燃料供應商。我們的最大 客戶為Korea Power Exchange (「KPX」)及最大 供應商為Korea Gas Corporation (「KOGAS」)。

KPX為南韓電力市場中的一間非牟利,中性和獨 立的機構。KPX協調南韓各區的電力配送以維持 穩定的電力供應。為了保持未來的電力穩定性, KPX與南韓政府合作和協調操作一套尖端的國 家發電及輸電擴展流程,KPX自栗村二期電力項 目展開聯合循環操作的商業營運起成為我們的 最大客戶,而我們自2009年起與KPX維持業務 關係。

KOGAS為韓國栗村一期電力項目、燃料電池 項目及栗村二期電力項目的獨立第三方天然 氣供應商。KOGAS為於韓國交易所上市的上 市公司,在韓國從事生產及配送天然氣業務。 KOGAS於1983年由韓國政府註冊成立,為韓國 天然氣的獨家批發供應商。

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

During the year ended 31 December 2023, as far as the Company is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

IV. RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Risks Relating to the Industry

Our power projects are located in the PRC and Korea, both of which have undergone, and may continue to undergo, regulatory changes. Governmental regulations affect all aspects of our power project operations, including the amount and timing of electricity generation, the setting of tariffs, compliance with power grid controls, dispatch directives and environmental protection. Regulatory changes in the PRC and Korea can affect, among other things, dispatch policies, clean and renewable energy and environmental compliance policies and tariffs, and may result in a change of tariff setting procedures or mandatory installation of costly equipment and technologies to reduce environmental pollutants.

In addition, the solar power projects are highly dependent on solar illumination conditions, and the wind power projects are dependent particularly on wind conditions. Extreme wind or weather conditions could lead to downtime of the wind power projects. Solar illumination conditions and wind conditions vary across seasons and locations, and could be unpredictable and are out of our control.

Risk Relating to Fuel Cost

The non-renewable energy power projects of the Group require supplies of coal, oil and gas as fuel. Fuel costs represent a significant portion of our operating expenses and the operating expenses of our associates. The extent to which our profit is ultimately affected by the cost of fuel depends on our ability to pass through fuel costs to our customers as set out under the relevant regulatory guidelines and the terms of our power purchase agreement for a particular project, as we currently do not take any measures to hedge our exposure to fuel price fluctuations. Our fuel costs are also affected by the volume of electricity generated because the coal consumption rate of coalfired and cogen power projects decreases when we generate more electricity as a result of economies of scale. In the PRC, government tariff regulations limit our ability to pass through changes in fuel costs. In Korea, while our Yulchon I Power Project is able to pass through our exposure to fuel price fluctuations through fuel cost pass through provisions in the tariff formula, our Yulchon II Power Project and Daesan I Power Project receive payments based on the system marginal price, which is influenced by market demand and supply, and may not fully reflect the power plants' respective fuel price fluctuations. Our diversified generation portfolio enables us to diversify the risks that we would face to utilize a single resource for electricity generation. In particular, our exposure to several fuel types mitigates risks such as price increases in or the availability of any particular fuel source.

遵守相關法律法規

截至2023年12月31日止之年度,據本公司所 知,本集團並無重大違反或不遵守對本集團業 務及營運會造成重大影響的適用法律法規。

四. 風險因素及風險管理

行業風險

本集團的電力項目位於中國及韓國,均已經歷 且可能繼續經歷監管制度變動。政府法規影響 我們電力項目營運的各個方面,包括發電量及 發電時間、設定電價、電網監控合規、調度指令 及環境保護。中國及韓國的監管制度變動可能 影響(其中包括)調度政策、清潔及可再生能源 及環境合規政策及電價,並可能導致更改設定 電價程序或強制安裝昂貴設備及技術以減少環 境污染物。

此外,太陽能項目高度依賴於太陽照度情況,而 風電項目尤其依賴於風力情況。極端的風力或 天氣情況可能導致風電項目停工。不同季節及 地理位置太陽照度情況及風力情況不同,且可 能無法預知及無法控制。

燃料成本風險

本集團的非再生能源電力項目需要煤、石油及 天然氣供應作為燃料。燃料成本佔我們的經營 開支以及聯營公司的經營開支的一大部分。由 於我們目前並無對沖燃料價格波動風險的舉 措,我們的利潤最終受燃料成本影響的程度視 乎我們轉嫁燃料成本予客戶的能力(如相關規 管指引及我們就特定項目的購電協議條款所 載)。燃料成本亦受發電量影響,原因是我們因 規模經濟產生更多電量時燃煤及熱電聯產項目 的煤炭消耗率下降。於中國,政府電價規定限制 我們轉嫁燃料成本變動的能力。於韓國,我們的 栗村一期電力項目可通過電價方案的燃料成本 轉嫁條文將燃料價格波動風險轉嫁,栗村二期 電力項目及大山一期電力項目按系統邊際價格 收取費用,而有關費用受到市場供求所影響,故 不一定能充分反映各電廠的燃料價格波幅。我 們的多元化發電組合有助我們分散所面對使用 單一發電來源的風險,特別是,我們的業務涉及 多類燃料,可減低因個別燃料來源價格上漲或 供應的風險。

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk resulting from fluctuations in interest rates on our debt with floating interest rates based on market prevailing rates. We undertake debt obligations to support asset acquisition and general corporate purposes including capital expenditures and working capital needs. Certain amount of our indebtedness is calculated in accordance with floating interest rate or interest rate that are subject to adjustment by our lenders. We periodically review the ratio of debt with floating interest rates to debt with fixed rates, taking into account the potential impact on our profit, interest coverage and cash flows.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The functional currency of the Company is US dollars, and our reportable profit is affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. We collect most of our revenue from our projects in RMB and KRW, some of which are converted into foreign currencies to (1) purchase foreign-made equipment and parts for repair and maintenance; (2) make investments in certain joint ventures or acquire interests from other companies; (3) pay out dividends to the shareholders of our project companies; and (4) repay our outstanding debt. During the reporting period, the Group used forward exchange contracts to manage its exchange rate risk until the settlement date of foreign currency receivables or payables. By managing and monitoring the risks of foreign currency, we ensure that appropriate measures are adopted effectively in a timely manner.

V. PROSPECTS

2024 is the 75th anniversary of the founding of the new China and a crucial year to implement the "14th Five-Year Plan". The Company will actively and duly promote business developments, coordinate the key actions of "six resolutions" with innovation-oriented, reform-driven approach, striving for aggressive progresses and new achievements, so as to make all efforts to promote the high-quality developments.

1. Resolutely strengthen the leadership and construction of the Party, to focus on creating a "practical" atmosphere

> To earnestly learn the important ideology of General Secretary Xi Jinping on the Party construction, fully implement the general requirements for Party construction in the new era, focus on strengthening the leadership and construction of the Party, and deeply promote a comprehensive and strict Party governance with the spirit of self-revolution, so as to provide a solid safeguard for the Company's high-quality developments.

利率風險

根據當前市場利率計算,我們以浮動利率計息 的債務使我們面臨利率波動產生的利率風險。 我們承擔債務責任以支持收購資產及一般公司 用途,包括資本開支及營運資金需求。我們的一 部分債務款項按浮動利率或可由貸方調整的利 率計息。我們定期檢討浮息債務與定息債務之 比率,並考慮到對溢利、利息覆蓋及現金流的潛 在影響。

匯率風險

本公司的功能貨幣為美元,而我們的可呈報利 潤受外幣匯率波動影響。我們主要以人民幣及 韓元收取大部分來自我們項目的收入,其中部 分兌換為外幣以(1)購買外國製造的設備及零件 以用於維修及保養;(2)對若干合營公司進行投 資或收購其他公司權益;(3)向我們的項目公司 股東支付股息;及(4)償還未償還的債務。於報 告期間,本集團利用外匯遠期合約管理其匯率 風險直至外幣應收款項或應付款項結算日期為 止。我們管理及監察外幣的風險,以確保及時且 有效地採取適當措施。

五. 未來展望

2024年是新中國成立75周年,是實施「十四五」 規劃的關鍵之年。本公司積極穩妥推動業務發展,統籌推進「六個堅定不移」關鍵行動,創新引 領、改革驅動,奮發有為、勇建新功,全力推動 高質量發展。

 堅定不移強化黨的領導黨的建設,著力 營造「實」的幹事氛圍

> 深入學習貫徹習近平總書記關於黨的 建設重要思想,全面落實新時代黨的建 設總要求,著力加強黨的領導黨的建 設,以自我革命精神縱深推進全面從嚴 治黨,為公司高質量發展提供堅強保 障。

2. Resolutely promote business developments and strive to improve "fast" developments

> Actively and duly promoting business developments is the crucial action for implementing the layouts of new industries. The Company will spare all effort to make success in obtaining and converting the projects and resources, actively build the cooperative community of various industries, constantly choose prime strategic partners, and consolidate the advantages of the industry chains, so as to improve the toughness and adhesion with companies over the upstream and downstream and constantly improve the industry influences. At the same time, the Company will do its best to promote the work constructions and operation of projects, keep insisting on the simultaneous developments of self-building and high-quality projects, so as to ensure to achieve its annual new targets. Lastly, the Company will do its best to achieve the coordinated developments of its diverse businesses, as well as its wind and photovoltaic developments and accelerate the entry and approval of its matured projects.

3. Resolutely increase technological innovation, so as to foster a "strong" growth momentum

The 20th National Congress of the Party has emphasized on innovation as the primary driving force. The Company shall improve its position, take the initiative, accelerate the developments of the new quality productivity and achieve the improvements of its innovation ability at the same time, so as to support the Company's longer-term developments.

4. Resolutely promote and deepen reform, so as to improve "sound" governance effects

> As entering into a new stage of development, the original production relationship gradually cannot meet the productivity development needs. Therefore, in order to better enhance vigour and energy, it is urgently needed to coordinate and promote a new round of deepening reform by ways of breaking up the barrier of systems and mechanisms and optimizing organizational security system in an effective way, and constantly deepening the reform of the market-oriented operation mechanism, so as to empower the Company's highquality developments.

5. Resolutely enhance lean management, so as to create an "excellent" operation environment

> The Company always adheres to the theme of the high-quality development. The Company achieves this by consolidating foundation, improving quality, enhancing efficiency through fully benchmarking leading and lean management, and coordinating reasonable growth of the quantity and effective improvement of the quality, so as to bring again the operating results of the Company to a new level.

 堅定不移推動業務發展,著力提高「快」 的發展速度

> 積極穩妥推動業務發展是落實戰新產 業佈局的關鍵行動。本公司全力以赴做 好項目資源獲取與轉化,積極打造產業 協同共同體,持續甄選優質戰略合作夥 伴,凝聚產業鏈優勢,提高與上下游企 業的黏性與韌性,不斷提升行業影響 力。同時,本公司全力以赴推進工程建 設與項目投運,繼續堅持自主建設與高 質量項目併購併舉,全力確保年度新增 目標實現。最後,本公司全力以赴做好 多元業務協同發展,協同風光發展,加 快推動條件成熟的項目入規和核准。

 堅定不移加大科技創新力度,著力培育 「強」的增長動能

> 黨的二十大強調創新是第一動力。本公 司提高站位、主動作為,加快發展新質 生產力,實現創新能力的同步提升,支 撐公司更長遠發展。

 堅定不移推進深化改革,著力提升「好」 的治理效能

> 進入新的發展階段,原有生產關係逐漸 無法滿足生產力發展要求,為更好激發 活力動力,亟需統籌推進新一輪深化改 革提升行動,破除體制機制障礙,有效 優化組織保障體系,持續深化市場化經 營機制改革,為公司高質量發展賦能。

 堅定不移強化精益管理,著力開創「優」 的經營局面

> 本公司始終堅持高質量發展主題,通過 全面強化對標一流、精益化管理,統籌 量的合理增長與質的有效提升,強基固 本、提質增效,推動公司經營業績再上 新台階。

 Resolutely fortify its red line and bottom line, so as to solidify a "steady" development foundation

> Facing complicated and fluid industry trends and arduous and formidable development missions, all levels of staff within the Company will enhance early risk prevention perspectiveness, strengthen risk control and management pertinence, increase risk mitigation effectiveness, and practice various risk prevention and control. Through endeavouring to achieve a responsible, accountable and diligent end in safeguarding our homeland, the Company achieves steady and sustainable development.

EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 18 January 2024, the Company, as service receiver, entered into certain financial services framework agreements with CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited ("**CGNPC Huasheng**") and CGN Finance Co., Ltd. ("**CGN Finance**"), each as service provider, respectively, pursuant to which such service providers agreed to provide deposit and other financial services to the Group. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 18 January 2024.

On 25 January 2024, Rudong Lu Nuclear New Energy Co., Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as employer, entered into an engineering, procurement and construction contract with China Energy Engineering Group Jiangsu No. 1 Electric Power Construction Co., Ltd., as contractor, pursuant to which such contractor was engaged to carry out the works for the design, engineering, procurement, construction and construction management of a power storage station located in Nantong City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC and related structures and facilities. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 25 January 2024.

On 8 March 2024, CGN New Energy Yancheng Co., Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as employer, entered into an engineering, procurement and construction contract with China Energy Engineering Group Jiangsu Electric Power Design Institute Co., Ltd., as contractor, pursuant to which such contractor was engaged to carry out the works for the design, engineering, procurement, construction and construction management of the phase one of the fishery and photovoltaic complementary project located in Jianhu County, Yancheng City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC and related structures and facilities. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 8 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above, no important event or transaction affecting the Group and which is required to be disclosed by the Company has taken place after 31 December 2023. 堅定不移築牢紅線底線,著力鞏固「穩」 的發展根基

> 面對複雜多變的行業形勢、艱巨繁重的 發展任務,本公司上下提高風險防範前 瞻性,強化風險管控針對性,增強風險 化解有效性,抓實各類風險防控,全力 做到守土有責、守土負責、守土盡責, 更好助力公司行穩致遠。

報告期後事項

於2024年1月18日,本公司(作為服務接受方)與中廣核 華盛投資有限公司(「**中廣核華盛**」)及中廣核財務有限 責任公司(「**中廣核財務**」)(各自作為服務供應商)分別 訂立若干金融服務框架協議,據此,有關服務供應商同 意向本集團提供存款及其他金融服務。有關進一步資 料,請參閱本公司日期為2024年1月18日的公告。

於2024年1月25日,本公司的全資附屬公司如東鷺核新 能源有限公司(作為僱主)與中國能源建設集團江蘇省 電力建設第一工程有限公司(作為承包商)訂立工程、採 購及施工合同,據此,有關承包商獲委聘對位於中國江 蘇省南通市的儲電站以及相關結構及設施進行設計、工 程、採購、施工及施工管理工作。有關進一步資料,請參 閱本公司日期為2024年1月25日的公告。

於2024年3月8日,本公司全資附屬公司中廣核新能源鹽 城有限公司(作為僱主)與中國能源建設集團江蘇省電 力設計院有限公司(作為承包商)訂立工程、採購及施工 合同,據此,有關承包商獲委聘對位於中國江蘇省鹽城 市建湖縣的建湖漁光互補項目的第一期工程及相關結 構及設施進行設計、工程、採購、施工及施工管理工作。 有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司日期為2024年3月8日的 公告。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日後,概無影響本 集團及本公司須披露之重要事項或交易。

SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY COMMITTEE, CHAIRMAN AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR 黨委書記、主席兼執行董事

(1) Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu 張志武先生



Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu (張志武), aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director on 22 January 2020, and was further appointed as the Chairman of the Board, the President, and the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") on 8 April 2022. Mr. Zhang further ceased to serve concurrently as the President of the Company with effect from 4 September 2023. Currently, he is also the secretary of the Communist Party Committee and the chairman of CGN Wind Power Company, Limited (中廣核風電有限公司) ("CGN Wind Energy").

Mr. Zhang joined the Company as a senior vice president in December 2019. Prior to joining the Company, he worked in the Ministry of Personnel (人事部), the State-owned Enterprises Working Committee (中央企業工委) and the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (國務院國有資產監督管理委員會) from June 1995 to November 2010.

From November 2010 to January 2012, Mr. Zhang served as the deputy general manager (presiding over the work) of the human resources department of China Guangdong Nuclear Power Holding Co., Ltd. (中國廣東核電集團有限公司) (former name of China General Nuclear Power Corporation (中國廣核集團有限公司) ("**CGN**")). From January 2012 to December 2019, Mr. Zhang served as the director of the department of party affairs (renamed as the party team working division from January 2017 to June 2018) of CGN. From March 2012 to December 2019, he served as the direct deputy secretary of the Party Committee of CGN. Mr. Zhang graduated with a Bachelor's Degree in industrial engineering management from the University of Science and Technology Beijing (北京科技大學) in June 1992, a Master's Degree in labor economics from the Beijing University of Economics (北京經濟學院) in June 1995, and a Doctorate Degree in national economics from the Guanghua School of Management, Peking University (北京大學光華管理學院) in July 2000.

張志武先生,54歲,於2020年1月22日獲委任為執行董事,並於2022年4月8日獲委任為董事會主席、總裁兼本公司提名委員會(「**提名 委員會**」)主席。張先生於2023年9月4日不再同時兼任本公司總裁。彼現時亦擔任黨委書記及中廣核風電有限公司(「**中廣核風電**」)之 董事長。

張先生於2019年12月加入本公司擔任高級副總裁。加入本公司之前,彼於1995年6月至2010年11月期間在人事部、中央企業工委、 國務院國有資產監督管理委員會任職。

在2010年11月至2012年1月,張先生於中國廣東核電集團有限公司(中國廣核集團有限公司(「中廣核」)之前稱)任人力資源部副總經 理(主持工作)、於2012年1月至2019年12月任中廣核黨群工作部(2017年1月至2018年6月部門更名為黨組工作部)主任,在2012年 3月至2019年12月期間任中廣核直屬黨委副書記。張先生於1992年6月獲得北京科技大學工業工程管理學士學位,於1995年6月獲得 北京經濟學院勞動經濟學碩士學位,並於2000年7月獲得北京大學光華管理學院國民經濟學博士學位。

PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR 總裁兼執行董事

(2) Mr. LI Guangming

李光明先生

Mr. LI Guangming (李光明), aged 47, was appointed as the President and an executive Director on 4 September 2023. Currently, Mr. Li Guangming is also the deputy secretary of the Communist Party Committee of the Company. Mr. Li is a member of the Communist Party of China and senior engineer. Currently, he also serves as a director and general manager of CGN Wind Energy. Mr. Li obtained the Bachelor's Degree from Sichuan University in 2000, majoring in power system and automation. Mr. Li joined the Company in August 2016. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Li was the project manager of the substation branch (變電分公司) of Jilin Power Transmission and Transformation Engineering Company* (吉林省送變電工程公司) from July 2000 to January 2010. He served as the assistant to the general manager in general manager office of the northeast branch of CGN Wind Power Generation Limited* (中廣核風力發電有限公司) ("CGN Wind Power") from January 2010 to May 2012. From May 2012 to February 2013, Mr. Li was an assistant to the general manager office of the Jilin branch (吉林分公司) of CGN Wind Energy, and acted as the deputy regional engineering director (Greater Northern China Region) (工程區域副總監 (大華北區))



of engineering department of CGN Wind Energy from February 2013 to December 2013. From December 2013 to March 2015, he was the regional engineering director (Northern China Region) (工程區域總監 (華北區)) of engineering department of CGN Wind Energy, the deputy general manager (presiding over the work) of the Northern China Branch of CGN Wind Energy and the regional director for Northern China of the engineering department of CGN Wind Energy from March 2015 to August 2016. He was the general manager of the Shanxi Branch (山西分公司) and Hebei Branch (河北分公司) of CGN New Energy Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.* (中廣核新能源投資 (深圳) 有限公司) from August 2016 to June 2018, and was its regional director for Northern China from October 2016 to June 2018. Mr. Li was the deputy general manager of Engineering Department of the Company from June 2018 to May 2019. He was the general manager of the Engineering Department of the Company from December 2020. He was the deputy general manager of the Company from December 2020 to August 2023.

李光明先生,47歲,於2023年9月4日獲委任為總裁兼執行董事。李光明先生現時亦擔任本公司黨委副書記。李先生為中國共產黨黨 員,擁有高級工程師職稱。彼現時亦擔任中廣核風電之董事及總經理。李先生於2000年獲得四川大學本科學歷,主修電力系統及其 自動化專業。李先生於2016年8月加入本公司。於加入本公司前,李先生於2000年7月至2010年1月擔任吉林省送變電工程公司變電 分公司項目經理。彼於2010年1月至2012年5月擔任中廣核風力發電有限公司(「中廣核風力發電」)東北分公司總經理部總經理助理。 於2012年5月至2013年2月,李先生擔任中廣核風電吉林分公司總經理部總經理助理;於2013年2月至2013年12月擔任中廣核風電工 程事業部工程區域副總監(大華北區)。於2013年12月至2015年3月擔任中廣核風電工程事業部工程區域總監(華北區);於2015年3 月至2016年8月為中廣核風電華北分公司副總經理(主持工作)兼工程事業部華北區域總監;於2016年8月至2018年6月擔任中廣核 新能源投資(深圳)有限公司山西分公司及河北分公司總經理;於2016年10月至2018年6月期間兼任華北區域總監。於2018年6月至 2019年5月擔任本公司工程事業部副總經理;於2019年5月至2020年12月為本公司工程事業部總經理;於2020年12月至2023年8月 擔任本公司副總經理。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 非執行董事

(3) Mr. LIU Qingming 劉清明先生

Mr. LIU Qingming (劉清明), aged 57, was appointed as a non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee on 29 December 2023. Mr. Liu was then appointed as the chairman of the investment and risk management committee (the "Investment and Risk Management Committee") on 7 February 2024. From July 1995 to December 2005, Mr. Liu worked in China Nuclear Industry 22nd Construction Co., Ltd. (中國核工業第二二建設有限公司) and successively served as the deputy director of the production and operation department, the deputy director of the project department of Qinshan Nuclear Power Phase III (秦山核電三期), the deputy manager of the project department, the manager of the project department of Tianwan Nuclear Power (田灣核電) and the deputy general manager of China Nuclear Industry 22nd Construction Co., Ltd. (中國核工業第二二建設有限公司). From December 2005 to May 2018, Mr. Liu held various positions in China Nuclear Power Engineering Co., Ltd. (中廣核工程有限公司)("China Nuclear Power Engineering"), including the deputy manager and deputy general manager of the



project department of Ningde Site (寧德現場) (from March 2007 to January 2010, he studied on-the-job at Wuhan Institute of Technology, majoring in civil engineering), general manager of the preliminary projects in the preliminary projects office, deputy general manager of the international projects in the international projects team, deputy general manager of CIECC Engineering Company Limited (中諮工程有限公司) under China Nuclear Power Engineering, and deputy general manager of China Nuclear Industry Huaxing Construction Co., Ltd. (中國核工業華興建設有限公司) under the assignment of the planning and operation department. From May 2018 to June 2023, he was the deputy general manager of CGN Services Group Co., Ltd.* (中廣核服務集團有限公司)("CGN Services"), an executive director and general manager of Shenzhen Zhenhe Construction Project Management Co., Ltd.* (深圳市振核建設工程項目管理有限公司) under CGN Services. Mr. Liu is currently a director of China Nuclear Power Co., Ltd. (中廣核核電運營有限公司), China Nuclear Power Engineering and CGN Lufeng Nuclear Power Co., Ltd. (中廣核陸豐核電有限公司). He has over 30 years of experience in project management. Mr. Liu graduated from Zhejiang University with Associate Degree and a major in Industrial and Civil Architecture Engineering in July 1990, and obtained a Bachelor's Degree of civil engineering from Wuhan Institute of Technology in January 2010.

劉清明先生,57歲,於2023年12月29日獲委任為非執行董事、審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。劉先生其後於2024年2月7日獲 委任為投資與風險管理委員會(「投資與風險管理委員會」主席。劉先生於1995年7月至2005年12月期間在中國核工業第二二建 設有限公司曾先後擔任生產經營處副處長、秦山核電三期籌備處副處長、項目部副經理、田灣核電項目部經理及中國核工業 第二二建設有限公司的副總經理。於2005年12月至2018年5月期間,劉先生在中廣核工程有限公司(「中廣核工程」)擔任多個 不同職位,包括寧德現場項目部副經理及副總經理(於2007年3月至2010年1月在武漢工程大學土木工程專業在職學習)、前期 項目辦公室前期項目總經理、國際項目團隊國際項目副總經理、中廣核工程下中諮工程有限公司(「中廣核工程)) 前期 項目辦公室前期項目總經理、國際項目團隊國際項目副總經理、中廣核工程下中諮工程有限公司(「中廣核服型)、前期 項目辦公室前期項目總經理、國際項目團隊國際項目副總經理、中廣核工程下中諮工程有限公司副總經理、規劃經營部外派 中國核工業華興建設有限公司副總經理。於2018年5月至2023年6月期間,彼為中廣核服務集團有限公司(「中廣核服」)副總經 理、中廣核服下屬的深圳市振核建設工程項目管理有限公司執行董事兼總經理。劉先生於1990年7月畢業於浙江大學工業與 民用建築工程大學專科,並於2010年1月取得武漢工程大學土木工程專業學士學位。

(4) Mr. ZHAO Xianwen 趙賢文先生

Mr. Zhao Xianwen (趙賢文), aged 57, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 7 February 2024. Mr. Zhao joined the Second Artillery Corps Back-end Operation Management Department under the Chinese People's Liberation Army and engaged in internal audit works until May 1998 after graduating from the Military Economic Institute of the Chinese People's Liberation Army* (中國 人民解放軍軍事經濟學院) majored in military audit with a Master's Degree in July 1997. Mr. Zhao has abundant finance-related experiences since he worked for CGN and its subsidiaries (the "CGN Group") in April 2001. From April 2001 to December 2015, Mr. Zhao worked in finance departments in Guangdong Daya Bay Nuclear Power Services Group Co., Ltd.* (廣東大亞灣核電服務 (集團) 有限 公司), Liaoning Hongyanhe Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.* (遼寧紅沿河核電有限公司) and China Nuclear Power Technology Research Institute Co., Ltd.* (中科華核電技術研究院有限公司) respectively. Subsequently, Mr. Zhao worked as the chief accountant of CGN Cangnan Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.* (中廣核蒼南核電有限公司) until January 2022. From January 2022 to June 2023, Mr. Zhao worked as



the chief accountant of Guizhou Yuping Clean Thermal Energy Co., Ltd.* (貴州玉屏清潔熱能有限公司). From June 2023, Mr. Zhao has worked as a director in the various subsidiaries under the CGN Group. Mr. Zhao was appointed as a director of CGN Capital Holdings Co., Ltd.* (中廣核資本控股有限公司) in June 2023; as a director of Daya Bay Nuclear Power Operations and Management Co., Ltd.* (大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公司), Guangdong Nuclear Power Joint Venture Co., Ltd.* (廣東核電合營有限公司), Fujian Ningde Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.* (福建寧德核電有限公司), Fujian Ningde Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.* (福建寧德核電有限公司), Fujian Ningde Second Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.* (福建寧德第二核電有限公司) and CGN Ninghe Investment Co., Ltd.* (中廣核寧核投資有限公司) in September 2023; as a director of Taishan Nuclear Power Joint Venture Co., Ltd.* (台山核電合營有限公司) in November 2023; and as a director of CGN Wind Energy in January 2024.

趙賢文先生,57歲,於2024年2月7日獲委任為非執行董事。趙先生於1997年7月於中國人民解放軍軍事經濟學院軍隊審計專 業碩士畢業後,加入中國人民解放軍第二炮兵後勤部生產管理部參與內部審計工作至1998年5月。趙先生自2001年4月加入中 廣核及其附屬公司(「中廣核集團」)工作至今,擁有豐富的財務相關經驗。2001年4月至2015年12月期間,趙先生分別於廣東大 亞灣核電服務(集團)有限公司、遼寧紅沿河核電有限公司及中科華核電技術研究院有限公司的財務部工作。其後至2022年1 月,趙先生於中廣核蒼南核電有限公司出任總會計師。2022年1月至2023年6月,趙先生則為貴州玉屏清潔熱能有限公司總會 計師。自2023年6月起,趙先生於中廣核集團不同的附屬公司出任董事。趙先生2023年6月獲委任為中廣核資本控股有限公司 董事;2023年9月獲委任為大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公司、廣東核電合營有限公司、福建寧德核電有限公司、福建寧德第 二核電有限公司及中廣核寧核投資有限公司董事;2023年11月獲委任為台山核電合營有限公司董事;及2024年1月獲委任為 中廣核風電董事。

(5) Mr. CHEN Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024) 陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)



Mr. CHEN Xinguo (陳新國), aged 60, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 8 April 2022 and the chairman of Investment and Risk Management Committee on 29 December 2023. He was the director of CGN Wind Energy. Mr. Chen successively served as a staff member, a deputy chief staff member and a chief staff member of the Education Division, a chief staff member of the Finance Division and the deputy chief of the Finance Division (in charge of the overall work) of the Xinjiang Autonomous Region Economic Commission (新疆自治區經濟委員會) from August 1985 to April 1998, and he took a temporary position as the deputy director in the Economic Commission of Hami, Xinjiang (新疆哈密地區經委) from January 1994 to June 1995. From April 1998 to January 2003, Mr. Chen successively served as the head of the Finance Division and the head of the Foreign Economics Division of the Economic and Trade Commission of Xinjiang Autonomous Region (新疆 自治區經貿委). He served as the deputy secretary of the Communist Party Committee and director general of the Urumgi Trade Development Bureau (Grain Bureau) (烏魯木齊市貿易發展局 (糧食局)),

the deputy secretary and director of the Communist Party Committee of the National Development and Reform Commission (發 改委黨組) and the secretary and deputy director of the Communist Party Committee of the Supply and Marketing Cooperative Society (供銷合作社) from January 2003 to May 2012, and he concurrently served as the deputy secretary and director of the Communist Party Committee of Wuchang Development and Reform Commission (烏昌發改委) from December 2008 to August 2011. From May 2012 to February 2022, Mr. Chen successively served as the deputy general manager (in charge of the overall work), deputy secretary of the Communist Party Committee, secretary of the Communist Party Committee and general manager of the Xinjiang Branch of CGN. He has served as a director of China Nuclear Power Engineering, CGN Nuclear Technology Development Co., Ltd. (中廣核核技術發展股份有限公司) (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 000881)) and CGN Environmental Protection Industry Co., Ltd. (中廣核環保產業有限公司) since February 2022. He has over 30 years of experience in finance. Mr. Chen graduated from the School of Finance and Economics of Xinjiang University of Finance and Economics (新疆財經大學財經學院) in August 1985, majoring in industrial economics.

陳新國先生,60歲,於2022年4月8日獲委任為非執行董事及於2023年12月29日獲委任為投資與風險管理委員會主席。彼曾擔 任中廣核風電之董事。陳先生於1985年8月至1998年4月期間曾先後擔任新疆自治區經濟委員會教育處科員、副主任科員、主 任科員、財政金融處主任科員、財政金融處副處長(主持工作),並於1994年1月至1995年6月期間在新疆哈密地區經委擔任副 主任(掛職)。陳先生於1998年4月至2003年1月期間曾先後擔任新疆自治區經貿委財政金融處處長及外經處處長。彼於2003年 1月至2012年5月期間擔任烏魯木齊市貿易發展局(糧食局)黨組副書記、局長、發改委黨組副書記、主任,以及供銷合作社黨委 書記及副主任,並於2008年12月至2011年8月期間兼任烏昌發改委黨組副書記及主任。陳先生於2012年5月至2022年2月期間 曾先後擔任中廣核新疆分公司副總經理(主持工作)、黨委副書記、黨委書記及總經理。自2022年2月起擔任中廣核工程、中廣 核核技術發展股份有限公司(一家於深圳證券交易所上市的公司)(股份代號:000881)及中廣核環保產業有限公司董事。彼於 財政金融方面積逾30年經驗。陳先生於1985年8月畢業於新疆財經大學財經學院工業經濟專業。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 獨立非執行董事

(6) Mr. WANG Minhao

王民浩先生



Mr. WANG Minhao (王民浩), aged 65, has been an independent non-executive Director since 26 June 2018. Mr. Wang also serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. He participated in the design of the Longyangxia and Daxia Hydropower Stations and served as the vice president of Northwest Engineering Corporation (西北勘測設計院) in 1993. He was the deputy general manager of China Hydropower Engineering Consulting Group Co.(中國水電顧問集團公司), and the deputy general manager of China Water Conservancy & Hydropower Consulting Co., Ltd. (中國水利水電工程諮詢有限公司) from March 2000 to September 2011. Mr. Wang graduated from Xi'an University of Technology (西安理工大學) (formerly known as Shaanxi Institute of Mechanical Engineering (陜西機械學院)) of Hydraulic Engineering and obtained a Master's Degree in Engineering from Xi'an University of Technology (西安理工大學) in April 2003. He was a registered structural engineer. Mr. Wang retired on 25 February 2019 and ceased to act as deputy general manager and a member of Party Standing Committee of Power Construction Corporation of China (中國電力建設集團 (股份) 有限公司) in March 2019. Mr. Wang also ceased to

act as the chairman and the legal representative of the Powerchina Water Environment Governance Co., Ltd (中配建水環境治理 技術有限公司) on 16 May 2019.

王民浩先生,65歲,自2018年6月26日起擔任獨立非執行董事,王先生亦出任薪酬委員會主席及提名委員會成員。彼曾參與龍羊峽及 大峽水電站的設計,隨後於1993年擔任西北勘測設計院副院長。於2000年3月至2011年9月,彼曾在中國水電顧問集團公司擔任副總 經理及中國水利水電工程諮詢有限公司擔任副總經理。王先生畢業於西安理工大學(前稱陝西機械學院)水工專業,並於2003年4月 獲西安理工大學工程碩士學位。彼為註冊結構師。王先生於2019年2月25日退休,於2019年3月不再擔任中國電力建設集團 (股份)有 限公司副總經理及黨委常委,王先生亦於2019年5月16日不再擔任中電建水環境治理技術有限公司董事長及法定代表。

(7) Mr. YANG Xiaosheng 楊校生先生

Mr. YANG Xiaosheng (楊校生), aged 71, has been an independent non-executive Director since 26 June 2018. Mr. Yang also serves as a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment and Risk Management Committee. Mr. Yang is currently the president of Chinese Wind Energy Equipment Association (中國農業機械協會風電設 備分會) and an independent non-executive director of Dongfang Electric Wind Power Co., Ltd. (東方 電氣風電股份有限公司). Mr. Yang resigned as an independent non-executive director of Titan Wind Energy (Suzhou) Co,. Ltd. (天順風能 (蘇州) 股份有限公司) (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 002531), Xinjiang Goldwind Science & Technology Co., Ltd. (新疆金風科技 股份有限公司)(a company listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 2208) and Jinlei Technology Co., Ltd. (金雷科技股份公司) (formerly known as Shandong Laiwu Jinlei Wind Power Technology Co., Ltd. (山東萊蕪金雷風電科技股份有限公司))(a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 300443) in May 2019, June 2019 and August 2022 respectively. He has previously Served as a deputy director of the energy and electricity generation subdepartment of the Ministry of Energy (能源部農電司新能源發電處), a deputy general manager and chief engineer of China Fulin Windpower Development Corp. (中國福霖風能開發公司) and a chief engineer of Longyuan Power Group Limited (龍源電力集



團公司) from May 1988 to January 2007. From June 2007 to April 2012, he served several positions in China Longyuan Power Group Corporation Limited (龍源電力集團股份有限公司) including the chief engineer, manager of the development department, technical development department and safety production department, a director of preparatory office of wind energy research centre, technical information department, renewable energy research and development centre and Jiangsu Longyuan Offshore Wind Power Project. He also served as a committee member of the Beijing Direct Committee of the Chinese Community Party Longyuan Power Group Company (中共龍源電力集團公司) from July 2006 to December 2010. Mr. Yang was the general manager of the Suzhou Longyuan Bailu Wind Power Vocational Technology Training Center Co., Ltd. (蘇州龍源白鷺風電職業 技術培訓中心有限公司) from July 2007 to April 2012. Mr. Yang graduated from Wuhan Polytechnic University (武漢工學院) of Electronic Engineering in January 1982 and obtained a Postgraduate Degree in Electricity from China Agricultural University (北 京農業工程大學) in October 1986.

楊校生先生,71歲,自2018年6月26日起擔任獨立非執行董事。楊先生亦出任審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及投資與風險管 理委員會成員。楊先生現為中國農業機械協會風電設備分會理事長及東方電氣風電股份有限公司之獨立非執行董事。楊先生分別於 2019年5月、2019年6月及2022年8月退任天順風能(蘇州)股份有限公司(於深圳證券交易所上市之公司,股份代號:002531)、新疆 金風科技有限公司(於聯交所上市之公司,股份代號:2208)及金雷科技股份公司(前稱山東萊蕪金雷風電科技股份有限公司)(於深 圳證券交易所上市之公司,股份代號:300443)之獨立非執行董事職務。彼於1988年5月至2007年1月期間分別擔任能源部農電司新 能源發電處副處長、中國福霖風能開發公司副總經理及總工程師,以及龍源電力集團公司總工程師。由2007年6月至2012年4月,彼 曾先後擔任龍源電力集團股份有限公司總工程師、開發部、技術開發部、安全生產部經理及風電研發中心、技術信息部、可再生能源 研究發展中心以及江蘇龍源海上風電項目籌建處主任。彼亦於2006年7月至2010年12月,兼任中共龍源電力集團公司在京直屬委員 會委員及於2007年7月至2012年4月兼任蘇州龍源白鷺風電職業技術培訓中心有限公司總經理。楊先生於1982年1月畢業於武漢工學 院電子工程系,並於1986年10月獲北京農業工程大學電力專業研究生學位。

(8) Mr. LEUNG Chi Ching Frederick 梁子正先生



Mr. LEUNG Chi Ching Frederick (梁子正), aged 65, has been an independent non-executive Director since 17 September 2014. Mr. Leung also serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee and was appointed as a member of the Investment and Risk Management Committee on 22 January 2020. Mr. Leung has over 30 years of professional and industrial experience in management, corporate governance, corporate finance, banking and accounting. Mr. Leung resigned as an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of China Logistics Property Holdings Co., Ltd. (a company previously listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1589) on 1 March 2022. He was previously an executive director, chief financial officer and company secretary of Skyworth Digital Holdings Limited ("**Skyworth**") (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 751). In his almost nine years of services in Skyworth, he was mainly responsible for the company's successful resumption of trading of its shares and strengthening of its internal controls, accounting system, corporate governance and investor relations management. In 2011 and 2013, Skyworth was awarded by Asia Money as the Best Managed Medium Cap Company in China of 2011 and by Forbes as Asia's Fabulous 50 of 2013, respectively. Furthermore,

Mr. Leung accumulated 14 years of working experience in Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. He left Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in June 1999 as a principal of corporate finance. Mr. Leung obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Science in Business Administration (major in Accounting) from the University of The East in the Philippines in November 1981. He became an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in April 1997 and has been its fellow member since October 2013. Also, he has been a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants since December 1996. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute since April 1999 and has been its fellow member since November 2015. In addition, he has been a founding member of the Hong Kong Independent Non-Executive Director Association since November 2015.

Mr. Leung was previously a non-executive director of Richly Field China Development Limited ("Richly Field") (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 313), which was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability. He joined Richly Field as an independent non-executive director on 2 May 2003 and was appointed as an executive director on 3 March 2004. He was re-designated as a non-executive director on 1 May 2005 and he resigned from the directorship on 4 March 2006. Since his resignation as a non-executive director of Richly Field on 4 March 2006, Mr. Leung has no involvement in any matters relating to Richly Field. During Mr. Leung's tenure of directorship with Richly Field, Richly Field and its then subsidiaries were engaged in the building construction and maintenance industry including building work, design and construction and building maintenance in Hong Kong. As disclosed in the public announcements made by Richly Field, a winding up petition was served on it on 30 June 2006 by a public accounting firm for an unpaid service fee of approximately HK\$593,000. On 18 December 2006, the winding up petition for Richly Field was heard in the High Court of Hong Kong and winding up order was made against Richly Field. On 29 May 2007, the High Court of Hong Kong made an order to appoint joint and several liquidators and the committee of inspection of Richly Field. The winding up order against Richly Field was permanently stayed effective on 23 July 2008 and the joint and several liquidators were discharged with effect from 23 July 2008.

梁子正先生,65歲,自2014年9月17日起擔任獨立非執行董事。梁先生亦出任審核委員會主席及於2020年1月22日獲委任為投資與風 險管理委員會成員。梁先生擁有超過30年專業及工業的管理、公司管治、企業融資、銀行及會計經驗。梁先生已於2022年3月1日辭任 中國物流資產控股有限公司(曾於聯交所上市之公司,股份代號:1589)之獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。彼曾 於創維數碼控股有限公司(「創維」)(於聯交所上市之公司,股份代號:751)擔任執行董事、首席財務官兼公司秘書。在梁先生於創 維服務接近九年的期間,彼主要負責該公司股票成功復牌,加強內控、會計系統、企業管治、投資者關係管理方面。創維分別在2011 年獲亞洲貨幣月刊選舉為「2011年中國最佳管理中市值公司」及在2013年獲福布斯雜誌選為「2013年亞太地區最佳上市企業主五十 強」。此外,梁先生在德勤.關黃陳方會計師行累積了14年的工作經驗。彼在1999年6月離開德勤.關黃陳方會計師行時,是該行的企 業融資主管。梁先生於1981年11月取得菲律賓東方大學工商管理科學學士(主修會計學)學位。梁先生於1997年4月成為香港會計師 公會會員,並自2013年10月起成為其資深會員。彼亦於1996年12月成為美國會計師公會會員。彼自1999年4月起成為香港證券及投 資學會會員,並自2015年11月成為其資深會員。另外,彼亦於2015年11月成為香港獨立非執行董事協會的創會會員。

梁先生曾為裕田中國發展有限公司(「裕田中國」)(於聯交所上市之公司,股份代號:313)(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續 的有限責任公司)的非執行董事。彼於2003年5月2日加入裕田中國為獨立非執行董事,並於2004年3月3日獲委任為執行董事。彼於 2005年5月1日調任為非執行董事,及於2006年3月4日辭任其董事職務。自梁先生於2006年3月4日辭任裕田中國之非執行董事後, 彼並無參與有關裕田中國之任何事宜。於梁先生擔任裕田中國董事期間,裕田中國及其當時之附屬公司主要從事建築及樓宇保養行 業,包括香港樓宇工程、設計及建築與樓宇保養。根據裕田中國刊發的公告所披露,於2006年6月30日,一家會計師行就裕田中國欠 其約593,000港元服務費向裕田中國送達清盤呈請。於2006年12月18日,香港高等法院聆訊對裕田中國之清盤呈請,並對裕田中國 頒令清盤。於2007年5月29日,香港高等法院頒令就裕田中國委任共同及個別清盤人及成立審查委員會。對裕田中國發出之清盤令 於2008年7月23日永久擱置,共同及個別清盤人已解職,由2008年7月23日起生效。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理層

(1) Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu

張志武先生

Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu (張志武) is the secretary of the Communist Party Committee and the Chairman of the Board. See "Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director" in this annual report for details of Mr. Zhang's biography.

張志武先生為黨委書記及董事會主席。張先生之履歷詳情請參閱本年報「黨委書記、主席兼執行董事」一節。

(2) Mr. LI Guangming 李光明先生

Mr. LI Guangming is the deputy secretary of the Communist Party Committee and the President. See "President and Executive Director" in this annual report for details of Mr. Li's biography.

李光明先生為黨委副書記及總裁。李先生之履歷詳情請參閱本年報「總裁兼執行董事」一節。

(3) Mr. LI Jing 李靖先生

Mr. LI Jing (李靖), aged 58, is currently the committee member of the Communist Party Committee and the deputy general manager of the Company. Mr. Li joined the Company in January 2015. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Li served in the design division of nitrogenous fertiliser factory of Nanning Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. (南化公司氮肥廠) from July 1987 to February 1992; joined the Guangdong Nuclear Power Joint Venture Co., Ltd. from February 1992 to April 1999; the engineering department of Lingao Nuclear Power Company Ltd. from April 1999 to March 2003; and the maintenance department of Daya Bay Nuclear Power Operations and Management Co., Ltd from March 2003 to August 2004. From September 2004 to May 2010, he held several positions in the commissioning department of China Nuclear Power Engineering, including the head of commissioning division for nuclear islands, manager assistant and head of commissioning division for nuclear islands, manager assistant and director of the commissioning manager office. From May 2010 to June 2011, he was the deputy general manager of safety and engineering management department of CGN and from June 2011 to May 2014, he was the deputy general manager and general manager of safety and information management department of CGN. Mr. Li served as deputy general manager of safety and quality assurance department of CGN from January 2013 to January 2015, and concurrently as deputy general manager of safety and quality assurance department of CGN Power since May 2014. From January 2015 to January 2016. Mr. Li served as chief safety officer of CGN Meiva Power Holdings Co., Limited, From January 2016 to January 2018. he served as the chief safety officer of the Company. Mr. Li served as the member of the party committee and deputy general manager of the Company from January 2018, and served as the member of the Party Committee of CGN Wind Energy from November 2019. Mr. Li obtained a Bachelor's Degree in engineering majoring in chemical engineering from Nanjing College of Chemical Engineering (南京化工學院) in July 1987, and a Master's Degree in Engineering majoring in industrial engineering from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中科技大學) in February 2001. Mr. Li holds professional gualification as a senior engineer.

李靖先生,58歲,現擔任黨委委員及本公司副總經理。李先生於2015年1月加入本公司。於加入本公司前,李先生於1987年7月 至1992年2月期間在南化公司氮肥廠設計科任職;於1992年2月至1999年4月在廣東核電合營有限公司任職;於1999年4月至 2003年3月在嶺澳核電有限公司工程部任職;於2003年3月至2004年8月期間在大亞灣核電運營管理責任有限公司維修部任 職;於2004年9月至2010年5月在中廣核工程調試部任職,曾先後擔任核島調試處處長、經理助理兼核島調試處處長、經理助 理兼調試經理辦公室主任;於2010年5月至2011年6月擔任中廣核安全與工程管理部副總經理及於2011年6月至2014年5月擔 任中廣核安全與信息管理部副總經理及總經理職務。李先生於2013年1月至2015年1月擔任中廣核安全質保部的副總經理,並 自2014年5月起兼任中廣核電力安全質保部副總經理;李先生於2015年1月至2016年1月擔任中國廣核美亞電力控股有限公司 安全總監;於2016年1月至2018年1月擔任本公司安全總監。李先生於2018年1月至今擔任本公司黨委委員及副總經理,並自 2019年11月至今兼任中廣核風電黨委委員。李先生於1987年7月獲得南京化工學院化學工程專業的工學學士學位,並於2001 年2月獲得華中科技大學工業工程專業的工程碩士學位,並具有高級工程師的專業資格。

(4) Mr. XIE Qiufa 謝秋發先生

Mr. XIE Qiufa (謝秋發), aged 50, joined the Company in June 2023 and is currently the committee member of the Communist Party Committee and the chief accountant of the Company. Mr. Xie worked in the finance department of Lingao Nuclear Power Co., Ltd. (嶺澳核電有限公司) from February 1998 to June 2001, and worked in the finance department of China Guangdong Nuclear Power Group Co., Ltd. (中國廣東核電集團有限公司) from June 2001 to May 2009. From May 2009 to January 2015, he worked in the Finance Department of Taishan Nuclear Power Joint Venture Co., Ltd. (台山核電合營有限公司). From January 2015 to August 2021, he served as a member of the party committee and chief accountant of Daya Bay Nuclear Power Operation Management Co., Ltd. (大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公司). From August 2021 to June 2023, he served as chief accountant of Yangjiang Nuclear Power Co., Ltd. (陽江核電有限公司). He served as the chief accountant of the Company from July 2023 and served as the committee member of the Communist Party Committee and the chief accountant of the Company from July 2024 to present. Mr. Xie obtained a Bachelor's Degree in accounting from Jilin University in July 1996 and a Master's Degree in business management from Jilin University in June 2007.

謝秋發先生,50歲,2023年6月加入本公司,現擔任本公司黨委委員、總會計師。謝先生於1998年2月至2001年6月在嶺澳核電 有限公司的財務部任職,於2001年6月至2009年5月在中國廣東核電集團有限公司財務部任職,於2009年5月至2015年1月在 台山核電合營有限公司財務部任職,於2015年1月至2021年8月在大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公司出任黨委委員及總會計 師職務,於2021年8月至2023年6月在陽江核電有限公司擔任總會計師,於2023年7月任本公司總會計師,於2024年2月至今任 本公司黨委委員、總會計師。謝先生於1996年7月獲得吉林大學會計學專業的學士學位,並於2007年6月獲得吉林大學企業管 理專業、碩士研究生學歷。

(5) Mr. QI Fang 齊放先生

Mr. QI Fang (齊放), aged 40, joined the Company in April 2016 and is currently the committee member of the Communist Party Committee and the deputy general manager of the Company. From July 2008 to August 2010, Mr. Qi held various positions in China Three Gorges Corporation (中國長江三峽集團公司). In September 2010, Mr. Qi joined CGN Wind Power, where he held various positions in the investment and development department. He served as the assistant to the general manager of the investment development center (presiding over the work) from September 2015 to April 2016. Mr. Qi joined the Company in April 2016 and has held important positions in different departments of the Company. He served as the deputy general manager of the merger and acquisition department from April 2016 to April 2018. He served as the deputy general manager of the merger and acquisition department from April to October 2019, the general manager of the power marketing department from December 2019 to January 2022. He served as the deputy general manager of the Company from January 2022 and served as the committee member of the Communist Party Committee and the deputy general manager of the Company from February 2024 to present. Mr. Qi Fang obtained a Bachelor's Degree in engineering in July 2005 at Sichuan University (四川大學), and obtained a Master's Degree from North China Electric Power University (華北電力大學) in April 2008.

齊放先生,40歲,2016年4月加入本公司,現擔任本公司黨委委員、副總經理。齊先生於2008年7月至2010年8月,於中國長江 三峽集團公司擔任不同職位。2010年9月,齊先生加入中廣核風力發電,期間在投資發展部擔任不同職位,於2013年11月至 2015年8月出任投資發展部總經理助理;2015年9月至2016年4月出任投資發展中心副總經理(主持工作)。2016年4月,齊先生 加入本公司,並於本公司不同部門擔任重要崗位。於2016年4月至2018年4月出任四川分公司副總經理;於2018年4月至10月 出任投資併購部副總經理;2018年10月至2019年12月出任市場開發部副總經理(主持工作);2019年12月至2022年1月出任電 力行銷部總經理;2022年1月起出任本公司副經理,2024年2月至今出任本公司黨委委員、副總經理。齊放先生於2005年7月獲 得四川大學工學學士學位;2008年4月獲得華北電力大學工學碩士學位。

(6) Mr. DING Yeliang 丁業良先生

Mr. DING Yeliang (丁業良), aged 48, is currently the committee member of the Communist Party Committee, the deputy general manager of the Company, serves as the director of Science and Technology Committee (科學技術委員會), the general manager of CGN Solar and Thermal Research Institute Co., Ltd. (in preparation) (中廣核光熱研究院有限公司 (籌) 總經理) and joined the Company in January 2022. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Ding worked in Qinghai Electric Power Company (青海省電力公司) and Qinghai Provincial National Economic and Trade Commission (青海省國家經濟貿易委員會) and from July 1998 to September 2003. Subsequently, Mr. Ding also held different positions in the Qinghai Provincial Government from September 2003 to January 2014. From January 2014 to January 2022, Mr. Ding held various positions in the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council. Mr. Ding served as the deputy general manager of the Company in January 2022, and served as the director of the Science and Technology Committee in March 2023. Mr. Ding served as the general manager of CGN Solar and Thermal Research Institute Co., Ltd. (in preparation) in January 2024 and elected as a committee member of the Communist Party Committee of the Company in February 2024. In July 1998, Mr. Ding graduated from Wuhan University of Hydraulic and Electrical Engineering, majoring in power system and automation. He also obtained a Master's Degree from China University of Geosciences in 2018.

丁業良先生,48歲,現擔任黨委委員、本公司副總經理、兼科學技術委員會主任、兼任中廣核光熱研究院有限公司(籌)總經 理。2022年1月加入本公司。加入本公司前,丁先生於1998年7月至2003年9月分別在青海省電力公司、青海省國家經濟貿易委 員會任職。隨後,丁先生於2003年9月至2014年1月亦於青海省政府擔任不同崗位。2014年1月至2022年1月,丁先生則於國務 院國有資產監督管理委員會擔任不同崗位。丁先生於2022年1月擔任本公司副總經理,2023年3月兼任科學技術委員會主任, 2024年1月兼任中廣核光熱研究院有限公司(籌)總經理,2024年2月當選本公司司黨委委員。丁先生於1998年7月畢業於武漢 水利電力大學電力系統及其自動化專業;及於2018年獲得中國地質大學碩士研究生學歷。

(7) Mr. JI Wenbo 計文博先生

Mr. JI Wenbo (計文博), aged 44, who holds the Bachelor's Degree in electrical engineering and automation from Jilin University (吉林大學), is currently the committee member of the Communist Party Committee, the deputy general manager of the Company and also serves as the general manager of the Inner Mongolia Branch of CGN New Energy. Mr. Ji joined the Company in August 2016. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Ji held various positions at XJ Electric Co., Ltd. (許繼電氣股份有限公司) from October 2000 to April 2012. He served as the general manager of Beijing XJ Renewable Resources Technology Co., Ltd. (比京許繼新能源科技有限責任公司) from April 2012 to June 2013. Mr. Ji worked in the Henan Branch of CGN Wind Energy from June 2013 to August 2016, during which time he held various important positions and he served as the deputy general manager of the ecompany from September 2015 to August 2016. Mr. Ji served as the deputy general manager (presiding over the work) of the Henan Branch of CGN New Energy from August 2016 to March 2018, and the general manager of the Henan Branch of CGN New Energy in February 2023. He served as the general manager of the Inner Mongolia Branch of CGN New Energy in February 2023, served as the deputy general manager of the Company in November 2023 and elected as a committee member of the Communist Party Committee of the Company in February 2024.

計文博先生,44歲,吉林大學電氣工程及其自動化專業,本科學歷,現擔任本公司黨委委員、副總經理、兼中廣核新能源內蒙 古分公司總經理。計先生於2016年8月加入本公司,於加入本公司前,計先生於2000年10月至2012年4月在許繼電氣股份有限 公司曾擔任不同職位;於2012年4月至2013年6月在北京許繼新能源科技有限責任公司擔任總經理;於2013年6月至2016年8 月在中廣核風電河南分公司任職,期間擔任不同重要崗位,於2015年9月至2016年8月擔任副總經理。計先生於2016年8月至 2018年3月在中廣核新能源河南分公司擔任副總經理(主持工作);於2018年3月至2023年2月在中廣核新能源河南分公司擔任 總經理;2023年2月擔任中廣核新能源內蒙古分公司總經理;於2023年11月擔任本公司副總經理;2024年2月當選本公司黨委 委員。

(8) Mr. CHEN Shengli 陳勝利先生

Mr. CHEN Shengli (陳勝利), aged 51, joined the Company in September 2017 and is currently the assistant general manager of the Company. Mr. Chen worked in Guangdong Nuclear Power Joint Venture Co., Ltd. (廣東核電合營有限公司) from July 1992 to March 2004, and worked in Daya Bay Nuclear Power Operations and Management Co., Ltd. (大亞灣核電運營管理有限公司) from March 2004 to November 2006. From November 2006 to December 2014, he served serveral major positions in China Nuclear Power Engineering. Mr. Chen served as deputy general manager and deputy general engineer of CGN Huizhou Nuclear Power Co., Ltd (中廣核惠州核電有限公司) from December 2014 to November 2016, and served as general manager and director of CGN Yangxi Nuclear Power Co., Ltd (中廣核陽西核電有限公司) from December 2017. In September 2017, Mr. Chen joined the Company and has served as the assistant to the general manager of the Company since November 2018. Mr. Chen obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Administration from Sun Yat-Sen University.

陳勝利先生,51歲,2017年9月加入本公司,現擔任本公司總經理助理。陳先生於1992年7月至2004年3月在廣東核電合營有限 公司任職;於2004年3月至2006年11月在大亞灣核電運營管理有限公司任職;於2006年11月至2014年12月在中廣核工程有限 公司任職,期間在不同部門擔任重要崗位;於2014年12月至2016年11月在中廣核惠州核電有限公司擔任副總經理及副總工程 師職務;於2016年12月至2017年9月於中廣核陽西核電有限公司擔任總經理及董事。2017年9月,陳先生加入本公司,2018年 11月至今擔任本公司總經理助理。陳先生取得中山大學行政管理學專業、本科學歷。

(9) Mr. LONG Yingbin 龍應斌先生

Mr. LONG Yingbin (龍應斌), aged 53, is currently the assistant general manager of the Company. He joined the Company in November 2018. Prior to joining the Company, he served various positions in Unit 61785 (61785部隊) from January 1996 to September 2003. From September 2003 to October 2018, he served different major positions in the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (國務院國有資產監督管理委員會), including deputy director of the General Department of the Foreign Affairs Bureau from September 2005 to January 2009, director of the General Department of the Foreign Affairs Bureau from September 2005 to January 2009, director of the General Department of the Foreign Affairs Bureau, and director of the General Department of the International Cooperation Bureau from January 2009 to October 2018; Mr. Long served as a member of the Party Committee and Deputy General Manager of China Eastern Airlines Beijing Branch from November 2013 to May 2015. Mr. Long obtained a Master's Degree of Military Informatics from Information Science Department of the PLA Information Engineering University (解放軍信息工程大學) in July 1996, and an EMBA Degree from Business School of École des Ponts ParisTech (法國國立路橋大學) in May 2016.

龍應斌先生,53歲,現擔任本公司總經理助理。龍先生於2018年11月加入本公司,於加入本公司前,龍先生於1996年1月至 2003年9月在61785部隊曾擔任不同職位;於2003年9月至2018年10月在國務院國有資產監督管理委員會曾出任不同重要崗 位,其中2005年9月至2009年1月出任外事局綜合處副處長,2009年1月至2018年10月出任外事局綜合處處長、國際合作局綜 合處處長;龍先生曾於2013年11月至2015年5月掛職任東方航空北京分公司黨委委員、副總經理。龍先生於1996年7月獲得解 放軍信息工程大學碩士研究生學位,於2016年5月獲得法國國立路橋大學商學院EMBA學位。

(10) Mr. LEE Kin 李健先生

Mr. LEE Kin (李健), aged 51, joined the Company on 1 June 2007 as the controller. He has been the company secretary of the Company since 26 January 2015. He has experience in public accounting and several industries including energy, media and ports. He has over 29 years of experience in areas of accounting, internal control, financing, investor relations and corporate strategy. Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1994, Master of Business Administration from the University of Warwick, United Kingdom in 2004 and Master of Corporate Governance (with distinction) from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2013. He was awarded a Graduate Diploma in English and Hong Kong law by Manchester Metropolitan University in 2023. Mr. Lee holds PRC Legal Professional Qualification and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA), the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA), the Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (HKCGI) and the Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom, a member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA) and a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) respectively. Mr. Lee has been awarded an Honorary University Fellowship from Hong Kong Baptist University. He is currently a member of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Election Committee, the Secretary General for the Association of Hong Kong Accounting Advisors and Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC) member of Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region. He is the former chairman of the ACCA – Hong Kong branch (2015-16). Mr. Lee was awarded the Medal of Honor (MH) by the Hong Kong SAR Government in 2023.

李健先生,51歲,於2007年6月1日加入本公司擔任財務總監,自2015年1月26日起擔任本公司的公司秘書。彼於會計及多個行 業(包括能源、媒體及港口)擁有經驗。彼於會計、內部控制、融資、投資者關係及企業策略擁有逾29年的經驗。李先生於1994 年在香港中文大學取得工程學士學位,其後於2004年在英國華威大學取得工商管理碩士學位,並於2013年在香港理工大學以 優異成績取得公司管治碩士學位,2023年獲英國曼撤斯特都會大學頒發英國及香港法律學士程度文憑。李先生持有中國法律 職業資格,同時為香港會計師公會(HKICPA)、特許公認會計師公會(ACCA)、香港公司治理公會,以及英國特許公司治理公會的 資深會員,並為英國特許管理會計師公會(CIMA)會員及特許財務分析師(CFA)。李先生獲香港浸會大學頒發榮譽大學院士。彼 現時為香港特別行政區選舉委員會委員、香港會計諮詢專家協會秘書長及寧夏回族自治區政協委員。彼曾於2015-16年擔任特 許公認會計師公會(ACCA)香港分會會長。李先生在2023年獲香港特區政府頒授榮譽勛章(MH)。

(11) Mr. XU Jiapeng 許嘉鵬先生

Mr. XU Jiapeng (許嘉鵬), aged 50, is currently the general counsel of the Company. From January 2010 to January 2014, Mr. Xu worked in the legal affairs office in CGN Wind Power, and later from January 2014 to January 2015, he served as deputy general manger (in charge of overall operation) of Legal Department. Mr. Xu served as temporary person-in-charge of Legal Department of the Company from January 2015 to July 2017; he served as the general manager of Legal Department of the Company from July 2017 to October 2019; served as the general counsel and the general manager of Legal Department of the Company from October 2019 to January 2021. Mr. Xu served as the general counsel of the Company from January 2021 to March 2023. From March 2023 to present, he served as the general counsel and general manager of the Contract Business Department of the Company. In July 2023, he also served as the company's chief compliance officer of the Company. Mr. Xu obtained a Bachelor's Degree of International Economic Law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學) in 1997, and a Master's Degree of Law from Peking University (北京大學) in 2004. Mr. Xu is a qualified lawyer.

許嘉鵬先生,50歲,現擔任本公司總法律顧問。許先生於2010年1月至2014年1月在中廣核風力發電的法律事務辦公室任職, 在2014年1月至2015年1月擔任法律事務部副總經理(主持工作)職務;許先生於2015年1月至2017年7月擔任本公司法律事務 部臨時負責人;於2017年7月至2019年10月擔任本公司法律事務部總經理;於2019年10月至2021年1月擔任本公司總法律顧 問及法律事務部總經理。許先生於2021年1月至2023年3月,擔任本公司總法律顧問,於2023年3月至今擔任本公司總法律顧 問及合同商務部總經理,於2023年7月兼任本公司首席合規官。許先生於1997年獲得中國政法大學國際經濟法法學學士學位, 2004年獲得北京大學法學碩士學位。許先生具有律師資格。
Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及經營高管簡歷

(12) Mr. CHENG Hexiang 成和祥先生

Mr. CHENG Hexiang (成和祥), aged 54, joined the Company in November 2007 and is currently the deputy chief engineer of the Company and the general manager of the operation and maintenance division of the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Cheng worked as an electrical shift supervisor in Yancheng Thermal Power Co., Ltd. (鹽城熱電有限責任公司) from August 1993 to November 2007, and the manager of the production department in the Northeast Branch of CGN Wind Power Generation Limited (中廣核風力發電有限公司) from November 2007 to March 2009. He worked as the Director of Safety Production Department in the operation and maintenance division of CGN Wind Energy from March 2009 to January 2014 and he served as the assistant to the general manager and director of Human Resources Performance and Training Management Department of the production operation and maintenance center from January 2014 to July 2015. He served as the assistant to the general manager of the operation and maintenance division of the Company from July 2015 to August 2018. He worked as the deputy general manager of the operation and maintenance division of the Company (presiding over the work) from August 2018 to September 2020. He worked as the general manager of the operation and maintenance division of the Company from September 2020 to November 2023 and also served as the general manager of the technology company from February 2020 to June 2021. He has served as the deputy chief engineer and general manager of the operation and maintenance division of the Company since November 2023. Mr. Cheng obtained a college degree in electrical technology from Yancheng Industrial College (鹽城工業 專科學校) in July 1993 and a Bachelor's Degree in computer science and technology from Nanjing University (南京大學) in July 2004.

成和祥先生,54歲,於2007年11月加入本公司,現擔任本公司副總工程師兼運維事業部總經理。加入本公司前,成先生於1993 年8月至2007年11月在鹽城熱電有限責任公司擔任電氣班長;於2007年11月至2009年3月在中廣核風力發電有限公司東北分 公司擔任生產部經理;2009年3月至2014年1月在中廣核風電運維事業部擔任安全生產處長;2014年1月至2015年7月在中廣 核風電有限公司運維事業部擔任總經理助理兼人資績效與培訓管理處處長;2015年7月至2018年8月在本公司運維事業部擔 任總經理助理;2018年8月至2020年9月在本公司運維事業部擔任副總經理(主持工作);2020年9月至2023年11月在本公司運 維事業部擔任總經理,同時在2020年2月至2021年6月兼任科技公司總經理;2023年11月至今擔任本公司副總工程師兼運維事 業部總經理。成先生於1993年7月取得鹽城工業專科學校電氣技術專業、大學專科學歷,於2004年7月取得南京大學電腦科學 與技術專業、大學本科學歷。

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The directors (the "**Directors**") of the CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. (the "**Company**") are pleased to present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") are engaged in the generation and supply of electricity, construction and operation of power stations and other associated facilities in the PRC and Korea.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance can be found in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section of this annual report, which forms part of this report of the Directors.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in this annual report.

The board of Directors of the Company (the "**Board**") recommends that 1.56 US cents (equivalent to 12.17 HK cents) per share of the Company be distributed as final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023. The proposed final dividend, if approved at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 23 May 2024 (the "**2024 AGM**"), is expected to be paid on Friday, 21 June 2024 to shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 12 June 2024.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the entitlement to attend and vote the 2024 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 20 May 2024 to Thursday, 23 May 2024 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be qualified for attending and voting at the 2024 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 17 May 2024.

For the purpose of determining the entitlement to the proposed final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 7 June 2024 to Wednesday, 12 June 2024 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be qualified for the proposed final dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with Tricor Investor Services Limited at the above address for registration by not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 6 June 2024.

中國廣核新能源控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈本公司截至2023年12月31日止年度的年報及 經審核綜合財務報表。

主營業務及業務回顧

本公司及其附屬公司(「**本集團**」)在中國及韓國從事電力的生產及供應,以及電廠及其他相關設施的建設及運營。

根據香港《公司條例》附表5所規定有關該等業務的進一步討論及分析載於本年報「管理層討論與分析」一節,並 構成本董事會報告的一部分。

業績及股息

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業績載於本年報 之綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)建議就截至2023年12月31日 止年度按本公司每股派付1.56美仙(相當於12.17港仙) 作為末期股息。建議末期股息如在即將於2024年5月23 日(星期四)舉行的本公司股東週年大會(「2024年股東 週年大會」)上獲得批准,預期將於2024年6月21日(星期 五)向於2024年6月12日(星期三)名列本公司股東名冊 的本公司股東(「股東」)派付。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定有權出席2024年股東週年大會並於會上投票的 資格,本公司將於2024年5月20日(星期一)至2024年5 月23日(星期四)期間(首尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份 過戶登記手續,於此期間概不辦理任何股份過戶登記。 為符合資格出席2024年股東週年大會並於會上投票,所 有股份過戶文件連同有關股票須不遲於2024年5月17日 (星期五)下午4時30分送達本公司的香港股份過戶登 記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓,以辦理股份登記手續。

為釐定享有建議末期股息的權利,本公司將於2024年6 月7日(星期五)至2024年6月12日(星期三)期間(首尾 兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,於此期間 概不辦理任何股份過戶登記。為符合資格收取建議末期 股息,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票須不遲於2024年 6月6日(星期四)下午4時30分送達於上述地址的卓佳證 券登記有限公司,以辦理股份登記手續。

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements, is set out on pages 259 to 260. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in property, plant and equipment are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 35(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

The shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") are subject to the rights, privileges and restrictions set forth in the memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company (the "**Bye-laws**") and are not subject to any pre-emptive or similar rights under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda or pursuant to the Bye-laws.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 35(a) to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 133 to 134, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company as of 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$156.0 million.

財務資料概要

本集團過往五個財政年度的已公佈業績、資產及負債概要(摘錄自經審核綜合財務報表)載於第259至260頁。該 份概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備的變動載於綜合財務報表附註14。

股本

本公司股本於截至2023年12月31日止年度的變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註35(c)。

優先購買權

本公司股份(「股份」)須遵守本公司組織章程大綱及細則 (「細則」)載列的權利、特權及限制,但無需遵守1981 年百慕達公司法項下或根據細則遵守任何優先購買或 類似權利。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證 券

本公司及其任何附屬公司於截至2023年12月31日止年 度概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

儲備

本公司及本集團於截至2023年12月31日止年度的儲備 變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註35(a)及第133至 134頁的綜合權益變動表內。

可供分派儲備

截至2023年12月31日,可供分派予本公司權益股東的 儲備總額約為156.0百萬美元。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy. Below is a summary of the policy:

- The profit distribution policy of the Company aims to safeguard the interests of Shareholders as well as the sustainable development of the Company, ensure the continuity and stability of profit distribution policy in compliance with relevant requirements of laws, regulations and byelaws of the Company.
- 2. The payment and amount of dividends will depend on the specific operation results of the Company, general financial position, cash flow position, future operating and capital needs, amount of distributable profit, restrictions under loan covenants, tax considerations, general economic conditions, applicable laws and regulations as well as other factors that the Board considers relevant.
- The declaration of final dividend shall be recommended to Shareholders by the Board based on the above situations, and will be implemented after being voted and approved in general meeting of the Company.
- 4. The declaration, payment and amount of interim dividend shall be determined by the Board and implemented based on the above situations from time to time.

LARGEST CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 70% of the Group's total revenue and the Group's largest customer for the year accounted for approximately 33% of the Group's total revenue. The Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 97% of the Group's total purchases, while the largest supplier for the year accounted for approximately 82% of the Group's total purchases.

To the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange) or any of the Shareholders who owns more than 5% of the Company's number of issued Shares has any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策。以下為該政策之摘要:

- 本公司的利潤分配政策以維護股東權益和兼顧 本公司的可持續發展為宗旨,保持利潤分配政 策的連續性和穩定性,並符合法律、法規及本公 司細則的相關規定。
- 派付股息的形式及金額應取決於本公司具體經 營業績、整體財務狀況、現金流量狀況、未來營 運及資本需求、可分配溢利金額、貸款契據限 制、稅務考慮、總體經濟狀況、適用法律及法規 以及董事會認為相關的其他因素而釐定。
- 宣派末期股息由董事會按上述狀況向股東建 議,並經本公司股東大會表決通過後實施。
- 宣派中期股息則由董事會不時按上述狀況決定 派付股息的形式及金額後實施。

最大客戶及供應商

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五大客戶佔本 集團總收入約70%,而本集團於本年度的最大客戶則佔 本集團總收入約33%。本集團五大供應商佔本集團總採 購額約97%,而本年度的最大供應商則佔本集團總採購 額約82%。

就董事所知,概無董事或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人(定義 見聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」))或擁有本公司已 發行股份數目逾5%的任何股東於本集團任何五大客戶 或供應商中擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors since 1 January 2023 and up to the date of this annual report were:

Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director:

Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)

President and Executive Director:

Mr. Li Guangming (appointed on 4 September 2023)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023)

Mr. Zhao Xianwen (appointed on 7 February 2024)

Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) (note (i))

Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023) (note (ii))

Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024) (note (iii))

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng

- Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick
- Note (i): Due to retirement, Mr. Wang Hongxin has resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 29 December 2023.
- Note (ii): Due to job arrangement, Mr. Bian Shuming has resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 4 September 2023.
- Note (iii): Due to retirement, Mr. Chen Xinguo has resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 7 February 2024.

Under the Bye-laws, the existing Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company.

In accordance with bye-law 83(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Li Guangming, Mr. Liu Qingming and Mr. Zhao Xianwen will retire at the 2024 AGM and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with bye-law 84 of the Bye-laws, Mr. Zhang Zhiwu and Mr. Yang Xiaosheng will retire by rotation at the 2024 AGM and, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election.

The retiring Directors, if re-elected, will hold office from the date of re-election to the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company to be held in 2027, subject to earlier determination in accordance with the Bye-laws and/or any applicable laws and regulations.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, a confirmation of independence pursuant to the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

董事

自2023年1月1日起直至本年度報告日期止的董事如下:

黨委書記、主席兼執行董事:

張志武先生(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日辭任總裁)

總裁兼執行董事:

李光明先生(於2023年9月4日獲委任)

非執行董事:

劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任) 趙賢文先生(於2024年2月7日獲委任) 王宏新先生(於2023年12月29日辭任)(附註(i)) 卞書明先生(於2023年9月4日辭任)(附註(ii)) 陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)(附註(iii))

獨立非執行董事:

王民浩先生 楊校生先生 梁子正先生

- 附註(i): 王宏新先生因退休已辭任非執行董事,自2023年12月 29日起生效。
- 附註(ii): 卞書明先生因工作需要已辭任非執行董事,自2023年 9月4日起生效。
- 附註(iii):陳新國先生因退休已辭任非執行董事,自2024年2月7 日起生效。

根據細則規定,現任董事須於本公司的股東週年大會上 輪值退任及膺選連任。

根據細則第83(2)條,李光明先生、劉清明先生及趙賢文 先生將於2024年股東週年大會上退任,且符合資格膺選 連任。

根據細則第84條,張志武先生及楊校生先生將於2024 年股東週年大會上輪值退任,且符合資格膺選連任。

退任董事倘獲重選,任期將由重選日期起直至將於2027 年舉行的本公司股東週年大會結束時為止,惟可根據細 則及/或任何適用法律及法規提前終止。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條 所載因素發出的獨立性確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非 執行董事均屬獨立。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election or election at the 2024 AGM has or will have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Related Party Transactions" in this section and note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023 or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2023.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Other than the continuing connected transactions as stated in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" of this report of the Directors, no contract of significance between the Company or its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholder of the Company or its subsidiaries subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023 or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2023.

TAXATION

Under present Bermuda law, there is no Bermuda income or profits tax, withholding tax, capital gains tax, capital transfer tax, estate duty or inheritance tax payable by the Company or its members, other than members ordinarily resident in Bermuda. Further, no such tax is imposed by withholding or otherwise on any payment to be made to or made by the Company.

STAMP DUTY

Under present Bermuda law, the Company is exempt from all stamp duties in Bermuda except on transactions involving "Bermuda property". This term relates, essentially, to real and personal property physically situated in Bermuda, including the shares of local companies (as opposed to exempted companies). Transfers of shares and warrants in all exempted companies are exempt from stamp duty in Bermuda.

董事的服務合同

概無擬於2024年股東週年大會膺選連任或膺選的董事 已經或將會與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本集團在 一年內須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)方可終止的服務合 同。

董事於重大交易、安排或合同的權 益

除本節「關聯方交易」一段及綜合財務報表附註39所披露者外,於截至2023年12月31日止年度終結時或於截至2023年12月31日止年度內任何時間,概無由本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立且存續的重大交易、安排或合同,而董事或與董事有關連的實體於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

控股股東於重大合同的權益

除本董事會報告「持續關連交易」一節所述的持續關連 交易外,於截至2023年12月31日止年度終結時或於截 至2023年12月31日止年度內任何時間,概無由本公司 或其附屬公司與本公司或其附屬公司的控股股東訂立 且存續的重大合同。

稅項

根據現時的百慕達法律,本公司或其成員公司(常駐百 慕達的成員公司除外)毋須繳納任何百慕達所得稅或利 得稅、預扣稅、資本收益稅、資本轉讓稅、遺產稅或繼承 稅。此外,概無通過預扣或以其他方式對本公司將收取 或作出的任何付款徵收該等稅項。

印花稅

根據現時的百慕達法律,除涉及「百慕達財產」之交易 外,本公司獲豁免毋須於百慕達繳納任何印花稅。該詞 主要指在百慕達實質存在之不動產及個人財產,其中包 括在當地公司(相對獲豁免公司而言)之股份。凡轉讓所 有獲豁免公司之股份及認股權證均毋須於百慕達繳納 印花稅。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors and/or chief executive of the Company has any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**")) which will be required to be (i) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which the Directors and chief executive were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2023, so far as is known to the Directors and the chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the Shares or the underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

董事於證券的權益或淡倉

於2023年12月31日,概無董事及/或本公司最高行政 人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券 證中,擁有須(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部 通知本公司及聯交所(包括董事及最高行政人員根據證 券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡 倉);(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條記入本公司存置之 股份登記冊;或(iii)根據上市規則附錄C3中所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)通知 本公司及聯交所的任何權益及淡倉。

主要股東

於2023年12月31日,就董事及本公司最高行政人員所 知,以下人士(董事及本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公 司股份或相關股份中擁有或視為或當作擁有須根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部規定向本公司及聯 交所披露,或本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存 置的登記冊所記錄的權益或淡倉:

Name 名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares 股份數目	Approximate % of Shareholding 持股概約百分比
China General Nuclear Power Corporation (" CGN ") ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ 中國廣核集團有限公司 (「 中廣核 」) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Interests in controlled corporation (long position) 受控法團權益(好倉)	3,103,384,000	72.33%
CGNPC International Limited (" CGNPC International ") ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ 中廣核國際有限公司 (「 中廣核國際 」) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Interests in controlled corporation (long position) 受控法團權益 (好倉)	3,101,800,000	72.29%
CGN Energy International Holdings Co., Limited (" CGN Energy International ") ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ 中國廣核能源國際控股有限公司 (「 中廣核能源國際 」) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner (long position) 實益擁有人 (好倉)	3,101,800,000	72.29%

Notes:

- (1) CGN indirectly holds 100% of the total issued share capital of CGN Energy International. As informed by CGN, CGN was deemed to be interested in 3,103,384,000 Shares, in which 3,101,800,000 Shares were held directly by CGN Energy International (a controlled corporation of CGNPC International and a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN), and 1,584,000 Shares were held by other company that is controlled indirectly by CGN. There could be a difference between the shareholding of CGN in the Company as at 31 December 2023 and the disclosure of interest information disclosed on the website of the Stock Exchange, as the disclosure of interest information disclosed on the website of the Stock Exchange represents information disclosed by CGN pursuant to its obligation under Section 336 of the SFO only. For the avoidance of doubt and double counting, it should be noted that the shareholdings stated against CGNPC International and CGN Energy International represented the same block of Shares.
- (2) CGNPC International directly holds 87.28% of the total issued share capital of CGN Energy International, which directly holds approximately 72.29% of the issued share capital of the Company, and indirectly holds 12.72% of the issued share capital of CGN Energy International, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Gold Sky Capital Limited. Accordingly, CGNPC International is deemed to have an interest in all Shares held by CGN Energy International.
- (3) Save as disclosed in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report, as of the date of this report, none of the Directors is a director or employee of a company which had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

SHARE SCHEMES

Share Option Scheme

A share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") was adopted by the Company on 24 November 2015 for the purpose of enabling the Company to (i) establish incentive and mechanism that is in line with market practice and satisfies the Company's development strategy needs so as to facilitate long-term development of the Company and maximise Shareholders' value, and (ii) optimise the remuneration structure of core employees of the Company such that the competitiveness of the Company's remuneration system may be enhanced, which will in turn attract and retain core management and technical staff to serve the Company for a long period of time. All Options (as defined below) ever granted under the Share Option Scheme have lapsed. No Options were granted, exercised nor cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2023.

(1) Eligible Participants to the Share Option Scheme

The Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant options (the "**Options**") to any eligible participants (the "**Eligible Participants**") to subscribe at a price calculated in accordance with paragraph (8) below for such number of Shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

The basis of eligibility of any of the Eligible Participants to any Options shall be determined by the Directors from time to time on the basis of his/her contribution to the development and growth of the Group in the opinion of the Directors.

附註:

(2)

- (1) 中廣核間接持有中廣核能源國際全部已發行股本。誠如中廣核告知,中廣核被視作於3,103,384,000股股份中擁有權益,其中3,101,800,000股股份由中廣核能源國際(中廣核之全資附屬公司及中廣核國際之受控制)法團)直接持有,而1,584,000股股份由中廣核間接控制的其他公司持有。上述於2023年12月31日中廣核於本公司之持股情況與聯交所網站所披露之權益資料披露或會存在差異,此乃由於聯交所網站上披露之權益資料披露僅為中廣核基於證券及期貨條例第336條下之責任所披露之資料。為避免出現疑問及雙重計算,務請注意所述中廣核國際及中廣核能源國際的持股為同一批股份。
 - 中廣核國際直接持有中廣核能源國際已發行股本的 87.28%,而中廣核能源國際直接持有本公司已發行股 本約72.29%,中廣核國際同時通過其全資附屬公司 Gold Sky Capital Limited間接持有中廣核能源國際已 發行股本的12.72%。因此,中廣核國際被視為擁有中 廣核能源國際持有的所有股份中的權益。
- (3) 除本年報「董事及經營高管簡歷」一節所披露者外,截至本報告日期,概無董事兼任其他公司的董事或僱員,而該公司於股份或相關股份中擁有須遵照證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的規定向本公司及聯交所 作出披露的權益或淡倉。

股份計劃

購股權計劃

本公司於2015年11月24日採納購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」), 旨在讓本公司可:(i)建立符合市場慣例的激勵機 制, 並滿足本公司的發展戰略需要,以促進本公司的長 期發展及為股東締造最高價值;及(ii)優化本公司核心員 工薪酬結構,以提高本公司薪酬制度的競爭力,藉以吸 引及挽留核心管理層及技術人員長時間為本公司效力。 根據購股權計劃授出的所有購股權(定義見下文)均已 失效。截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無授出、行使或 註銷購股權。

(1) 購股權計劃的合資格參與人

董事會可全權酌情及按其認為合適之有關條款,向任何合資格參與人(「合資格參與人」)授 出購股權(「購股權」),以按下文第(8)段所載方 法計算之價格認購董事會根據購股權計劃條款 釐定之有關數目的股份。

任何合資格參與人是否符合資格獲授予購股權的基準,乃董事不時根據其認為該名參與人對本集團之發展及成長所作出之貢獻而釐定。

(2) Maximum Number of Shares Available for Exercise

The total number of new Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all Options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other effective share option schemes (if any) of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of issued Shares of the same class as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme which is 429,082,400 Shares (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"), representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

The Company may at any time as the Board thinks fit seek approval from the Shareholders to refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit save that the total number of new Shares in respect of which Options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes shall not exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date on which the Shareholders approve the refreshment of the Scheme Mandate Limit and the maximum number of new Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding Options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes shall not exceed 30% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report of the Directors, the total number of securities available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was nil.

(3) Maximum Entitlement of Each Eligible Participant

Unless approved by the Shareholders, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the Options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other effective share option scheme(s) (if any) of the Company to each Eligible Participant (including both exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued Shares of the same class.

Grant of Options to Connected Persons

Pursuant to Rule 17.04 of the Listing Rules:

(a) Any grant of Options to an Eligible Participant who is a Director, chief executive of the Company or substantial Shareholder (as defined under the Listing Rules) or their respective associates (including a discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include a Director, chief executive or a substantial Shareholder of a company beneficially owned by any Director, chief executive or substantial Shareholder) must be approved by the independent non-executive Directors.

(2) 可行使之最高股份數目

根據購股權計劃及本公司的任何其他有效購股 權計劃(如有)而將授出之所有購股權獲行使時 可能發行之新股份總數,合共不得超過批准購 股權計劃當日同類別已發行股份總數之10%, 即429,082,400股股份(「計劃授權限額」),佔於 本年報日期本公司已發行股本的10%。

本公司可於董事會認為合適的任何時間尋求股 東批准,以更新計劃授權限額,惟有關購股權計 劃及任何其他購股權計劃項下可能授出的購股 權的新股份總數不得超逾股東批准更新計劃授 權限額當日已發行股份總數的10%,而因行使 購股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃項下所有已 授出但尚未行使的購股權而可能發行的最高新 股份數目不得超逾不時已發行股份總數的30%。

於本董事會報告日期,購股權計劃下可供發行 的證券總數量為零。

(3) 每位合資格參與人可享有之最 高股份數目

除股東批准外,於任何12個月期間內,因根據 購股權計劃及本公司的任何其他有效購股權計 劃(如有)向每名合資格參與人授出及將授出之 購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)獲行 使而發行及將發行之股份總數,不得超過同類 別已發行股份總數之1%。

向關連人士授出購股權

根據上市規則第17.04條:

(a) 身為董事、本公司最高行政人員或主要 股東(定義見上市規則)或彼等各自的聯 繫人(包括全權信託,而其對象包括任 何董事、最高行政人員或主要股東實益 擁有的公司之董事、最高行政人員或主 要股東)的合資格參與人授出的任何購 股權須經獨立非執行董事批准。

- (b) Where the Board proposes to grant any Option to an Eligible Participant who is a substantial Shareholder or its associates (including a discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include a substantial Shareholder or a company beneficially owned by any substantial Shareholder) would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all Options already granted and to be granted (including Options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:
 - i. representing in aggregate more than 0.1% of the total number of Shares in issue; and
 - having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of each grant, over HK\$5,000,000.00,

such proposed grant of Options must be approved by the Shareholders in general meeting. In such a case, the Company shall send a circular to its Shareholders containing all those terms as required under the Listing Rules. All connected persons of the Company must abstain from voting at such general meeting (except that any connected person may vote against the relevant resolution provided that his intention to do so has been stated in this circular). Any vote taken at the meeting to approve the grant of such Options must be taken on a poll.

No Options were granted during the year ended 31 December 2023.

(4) Time of Exercise of Option

An Option may be exercised at any time during a period of 3 years from the date after the completion of the minimum period for which the Option must be held as described in paragraph (5) below.

- (b) 倘董事會提議向身為主要股東或其聯繫人(包括全權信託,而其對象包括主要股東或由任何主要股東實益擁有的公司)的合資格參與人授出任何購股權將導致於截至授出有關購股權日期(包括該日)止12個月期間向該人士已授予或將授予的全部購股權(包括已行使、註銷及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使時已發行及將予發行的股份:
 - i. 合共佔已發行股份總數0.1%以 上;及
 - ii. 按股份於各授出日期收市價計
 算的總值超逾5,000,000.00港
 元,

有關建議授出購股權須獲股東於股東 大會上批准。在此情況下,本公司須向 其股東寄發通函,當中載有上市規則規 定的所有條款。本公司的全部關連人士 須於該股東大會上放棄投票(惟倘任何 關連人士已於通函內表明其投反對票)。 於會議上就批准授出有關購股權而進 行的任何投票須以股數投票方式表決。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無授 出購股權。

(4) 購股權行使時間

購股權可自如下文第(5)段所述持有購股權的最 短期間屆滿當日起計3年期間內的任何時間行 使。

(5) Exercisable Period

Subject to the fulfilment of the exercise conditions as described in paragraph (6) below, the Options are exercisable (subject as provided below) during each Exercisable Period specified below for up to the number of Shares specified below:

(5) 可行使期間

待達到下文第(6)段所述行使條件後,購股權於 下文訂明的各可行使期間內可予行使(惟須受 下文所載規限)以認購最多達以下所訂明數目 的股份:

Maximum number of Shares	Exercisable Period
最高股份數目	可行使期間
approximately one-third of the Shares fall to be issued on exercise of the Options* 接近於購股權獲行使時將予發行的股份的三分之一*	the first business day after 24 months from the offer date to the last business day in the 60th month after the offer date 自要約日期起計24個月後的第一個營業日至要約日期後 第60個月的最後一個營業日

approximately an additional one-third of the Shares fall to be issued on exercise of the Options*

接近於購股權獲行使時將予發行的股份的另外 三分之一*

approximately the remaining one-third of the Shares fall to be issued on exercise of the Options*

接近於購股權獲行使時將予發行的股份的餘下 三分之一*

*Note: The Board may at its absolute discretion determine the exact number of the Shares fall to be issued on exercise of the Options.

(6) **Exercise Conditions**

The Board or its delegate(s) may at their sole discretion specify, as part of the terms and conditions of any Option, any performance targets or conditions that must be satisfied before the Option can be exercised as part of the terms and conditions of any Option.

Offer of Options (7)

The Company and Eligible Participants shall enter into a share option agreement upon the offer to set out the rights and obligations of both parties. Share option agreement shall contain information among others, names, number of identification card, address, correspondence, and any other matters. Eligible Participants shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as the nominal consideration upon acceptance of the offer.

第60個月的最後一個営業日

the first business day after 36 months from the offer date to the last business day in the 72th month after the offer date 自要約日期起計36個月後的第一個營業日至要約日期後 第72個月的最後一個營業日

the first business day after 48 months from the offer date to the last business day in the 84th month after the offer date

- 自要約日期起計48個月後的第一個營業日至要約日期後 第84個月的最後一個營業日
 - * 附註: 董事會可全權酌情釐定因行使購股權而將予 發行的實際股份數曰。

(6) 行使條件

董事會或其授權人士可全權酌情指明(作為任 何購股權的條款及條件的一部分)行使購股權 前必須達成的任何績效目標或條件(作為任何 購股權的條款及條件的一部分)。

(7) 購股權要約

本公司及合資格參與人須就要約訂立購股權協 議,以列明雙方的權利及責任。購股權協議須載 有(其中包括)姓名、身份證號碼、地址、通訊資 料及任何其他事宜。合資格參與人於接納要約 時須向本公司支付1.00港元作為名義代價。

(8) Exercise Price for Shares

The exercise price for Shares issuable under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board, but shall not be less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date, which must be a business day;
- the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the offer date.

(9) Period of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing from the date on which the Share Option Scheme is adopted by the Shareholders, unless otherwise terminated under the terms of the Share Option Scheme. The Share Option Scheme was adopted by the Shareholders on 24 November 2015 and, as at the date of this report, has a remaining life of approximately 1 year and 7 months.

Share Award Scheme

The Company has not adopted any share award scheme.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this annual report regarding the Share Option Scheme, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate of the Group.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Save as disclosed in this annual report regarding the Share Option Scheme, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement during the year and no equity-linked agreement subsisted as at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Bye-laws provide that each Director is entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he/ she may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. During the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report of the Directors, the Company has arranged directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries.

(8) 股份行使價

購股權計劃下可發行股份的行使價須由董事會 釐定,且不少於以下各項之最高者:

- (i) 股份在要約日期(必須為營業日)於聯交 所每日報價表中所列之收市價;
- (ii) 股份在緊接要約日期前五個營業日於 聯交所每日報價表中所列之平均收市 價;及
- (iii) 於要約日期的股份面值。

(9) 購股權計劃期間

購股權計劃將於股東採納購股權計劃之日起 計10年內有效,除非其根據購股權計劃條款予 以終止。股東於2015年11月24日採納購股權計 劃,而於本報告日期,計劃的餘下年期約1年7個 月。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司並無採納任何股份獎勵計劃。

董事購買股份或債券之權益

除本年報有關購股權計劃之披露外,於截至2023年12 月31日止年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概 無參與任何安排,可讓董事或彼等各自之配偶或18歲以 下子女可藉購入本公司或本集團任何其他法人團體之 股份或債券而獲益。

股票掛鈎協議

除本年報有關購股權計劃之披露外,本公司於截至2023 年12月31日止年度內並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議,而於 年末亦無存在股票掛鈎協議。

獲准許的彌償條文

細則規定每名董事因或就履行其職責或與此相關之情 況所產生或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、賠償 及開支,均可自本公司之資產及溢利獲得彌償及免受傷 害。於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本董事會報 告日期止,本公司已就本公司及其附屬公司之董事及高 級人員購買董事及高級人員責任保險。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group entered into certain transactions with connected persons. Details of the continuing connected transactions are as follows:

(A) With CGN and its subsidiaries, excluding the Group (the "CGN Group")

Non-exempt continuing connected transactions subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements

1(a) Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement

On 12 September 2014, CGNPC Huasheng and the Company entered into the financial services (CGNPC Huasheng) framework agreement (the "Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement") in relation to the deposit and other financial services arrangements in Hong Kong provided by CGNPC Huasheng to the Group, which was effective from 12 September 2014 to 29 May 2015, being the date of the first annual general meeting of the Company after its listing. The first renewal of the Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the first annual general meeting of the Company with effect from 30 May 2015 to and including 31 December 2017. The second renewal of the Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 18 December 2017 with effect from 1 January 2018 to and including 31 December 2020. The third renewal of the Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement, together with certain amendments, were approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 23 December 2020 with effect from 1 January 2021 to and including 31 December 2023.

CGNPC Huasheng is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN which is the controlling shareholder of the Company, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 19 September 2014 (the **"Prospectus**") and the circulars of the Company dated 20 April 2015, 30 November 2017 and 25 November 2020.

管理合同

於截至2023年12月31日止年度內,概無訂立或存在與 本公司整體或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政事務有 關之合同。

持續關連交易

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團與關連人士訂 立若干交易。有關持續關連交易的詳情如下:

(A) 與中廣核及其附屬公司(不包括 本集團)(「中廣核集團」)

須遵守申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定的不獲 豁免持續關連交易

1(a) 金融服務(中廣核華盛)框架協議

於2014年9月12日,中廣核華盛就中廣 核華盛於香港向本集團提供的存款及 其他金融服務安排,與本公司訂立金 融服務(中廣核華盛)框架協議(「金融 服務(中廣核華盛)框架協議」),有效 期為2014年9月12日至2015年5月29日 (即本公司上市後的首屆股東週年大 會日期)。本公司獨立股東已於本公司 首屆股東週年大會批准首次續訂金融 服務(中廣核華盛)框架協議,有效期由 2015年5月30日開始直至2017年12月 31日(包括該日)。第二次續訂金融服務 (中廣核華盛)框架協議已於2017年12 月18日舉行的本公司股東特別大會上 獲本公司獨立股東批准,自2018年1月1 日起生效,直至2020年12月31日(包括 該日)。第三次續訂金融服務(中廣核華 盛)框架協議連同若干修訂已於2020年 12月23日舉行的本公司股東特別大會 上獲本公司獨立股東批准,自2021年1 月1日起生效,直至2023年12月31日(包 括該日)。

中廣核華盛為本公司控股股東中廣核 的全資附屬公司,因此根據上市規則為 本公司的關連人士。

金融服務(中廣核華盛)框架協議及其 續訂的進一步詳情已於本公司日期為 2014年9月19日的招股章程(「招股章 程」)及本公司日期為2015年4月20日、 2017年11月30日及2020年11月25日的 通函內披露。

1(b) Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement

On 12 September 2014, CGN Finance and the Company entered into the financial services (CGN Finance) framework agreement (the "Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement", together with the Financial Services (CGNPC Huasheng) Framework Agreement, the "Financial Services Framework Agreements") in relation to the deposit and other financial services arrangements in the PRC provided by CGN Finance to the Group, which was effective from 12 September 2014 to 29 May 2015, being the date of the first annual general meeting of the Company after its listing. The first renewal of the Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the first annual general meeting of the Company with effect from 30 May 2015 to and including 31 December 2017. The second renewal of the Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 18 December 2017 with effect from 1 January 2018 to and including 31 December 2020. The third renewal of the Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement, together with certain amendments, were approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 23 December 2020 with effect from 1 January 2021 to and including 31 December 2023.

CGN Finance is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Financial Services (CGN Finance) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the Prospectus and the circulars of the Company dated 20 April 2015, 30 November 2017 and 25 November 2020.

General

As the nature of the services to be provided to the Group under the Financial Services Framework Agreements is similar, the estimated annual cap for the maximum outstanding balance of deposits to be placed by the Group with CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance under the Financial Services Framework Agreements, together with the relevant interest to be received, for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been aggregated and amounted to US\$680.0 million. The actual maximum outstanding balance of deposits placed by the Group with CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance under the Financial Services Framework Agreements, together with the relevant interest received for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$528.0 million.

1(b) 金融服務(中廣核財務)框架協議

於2014年9月12日,中廣核財務就中廣 核財務於中國向本集團提供的存款及 其他金融服務安排,與本公司訂立金融 服務(中廣核財務)框架協議(「金融服務 (中廣核財務)框架協議」,連同金融服 務(中廣核華盛)框架協議,統稱「金融 服務框架協議」),有效期為2014年9月 12日至2015年5月29日(即本公司上市 後的首屆股東週年大會日期)。本公司 獨立股東已於本公司首屆股東週年大 會批准首次續訂金融服務(中廣核財務) 框架協議,有效期由2015年5月30日開 始直至2017年12月31日(包括該日)。第 二次續訂金融服務(中廣核財務)框架協 議已於2017年12月18日舉行的本公司 股東特別大會上獲本公司獨立股東批 准,自2018年1月1日起生效,直至2020 年12月31日(包括該日)。第三次續訂金 融服務(中廣核財務)框架協議連同若 干修訂已於2020年12月23日舉行的本 公司股東特別大會上獲本公司獨立股 東批准,自2021年1月1日起生效,直至 2023年12月31日(包括該日)。

中廣核財務為中廣核的非全資附屬公 司,因此根據上市規則為本公司的關連 人士。

金融服務(中廣核財務)框架協議及其 續訂的進一步詳情已於招股章程及本 公司日期為2015年4月20日、2017年11 月30日及2020年11月25日的通函內披 露。

一般資料

由於根據金融服務框架協議將向本集 團提供的服務性質類似,於截至2023年 12月31日止年度,本集團根據金融服務 框架協議存放於中廣核華盛及中廣核 財務的最高存款結餘,連同收取的相關 利息的估計年度上限按合併基準釐定 為680.0百萬美元。截至2023年12月31 日止年度,本集團根據金融服務框架協 議於中廣核華盛及中廣核財務存放的 實際最高存款結餘,連同已收取的相關 利息約為528.0百萬美元。

Non-exempt continuing connected transactions subject to reporting and announcement requirements

2(a) Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement

On 20 August 2014, CGN Energy Development Co., Ltd. ("CGN Energy") and the Company entered into the operation and management services (CGN Energy) framework agreement (the "Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to provide, or procure a subsidiary of the Company to provide operation and management services to power projects (whether in operation or under construction) in which CGN Energy had interest. The initial term of this agreement was from 1 May 2014 to 31 December 2016. The Company served a notice to CGN Energy in accordance with the terms of the Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2019 where the principal terms (other than renewal of the term) of the renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2016 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement"). The Company further served a notice to CGN Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2016 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of one year from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 where the principal terms (other than renewal of the term) of the further renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2019 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement"). The Company further served a notice to CGN Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2019 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. The principal terms (other than renewal of the term and certain amendments) of the further renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement").

On 8 November 2023, the Company further served a notice to CGN Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for another three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 with the same principal terms except for the renewed duration. *須遵守申報及公告規定的不獲豁免持續關連交 易*

2(a) 經營及管理服務(中廣核能源)框 架協議

於2014年8月20日,中廣核能源開發有 限責任公司(「中廣核能源」)與本公司訂 ☆經營及管理服務(中廣核能源)框架協 議(「經營及管理服務(中廣核能源)框架 協議」),據此,本公司已同意提供,或 促使本公司的一家附屬公司提供經營 及管理服務予中廣核能源擁有權益的 電力項目(不論是營運中或在建)。該協 議初步年期為2014年5月1日至2016年 12月31日。本公司已根據經營及管理服 務(中廣核能源)框架協議的條款向中廣 核能源發出通知,重續有關協議三年, 由2017年1月1日起至2019年12月31日 止,當中重續後的經營及管理服務(中 廣核能源)框架協議的主要條款(重續期 限除外)與原經營及管理服務(中廣核能 源)框架協議相同(包括管理費的計算 方式)(「2016年經重續的經營及管理服 務(中廣核能源)框架協議」)。本公司根 據2016年經重續的經營及管理服務(中 廣核能源)框架協議的條款再次向中廣 核能源發出通知,重續有關協議一年, 由2020年1月1日起至2020年12月31日 止,當中再次重續後的經營及管理服務 (中廣核能源) 框架協議的主要條款 (重 續期限除外)與原經營及管理服務(中廣 核能源)框架協議相同(包括管理費的 計算方式)(「2019年經重續的經營及管 理服務(中廣核能源)框架協議」)。本公 司根據2019年經重續的經營及管理服 務(中廣核能源)框架協議的條款再次 向中廣核能源發出通知,重續有關協議 三年,由2021年1月1日起至2023年12 月31日止。再次重續的經營及管理服務 (中廣核能源)框架協議的主要條款(重 續期限及若干修訂除外)與原經營及管 理服務(中廣核能源)框架協議相同(包 括管理費的計算方式)(「2020年經重續 的經營及管理服務(中廣核能源)框架協 議」)∘

於2023年11月8日,本公司根據2020年 經重續的經營及管理服務(中廣核能源) 框架協議的條款再次向中廣核能源發 出通知,重續有關協議三年,由2024年 1月1日起至2026年12月31日止,除重 續期限外,主要條款不變。

CGN Energy is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the Prospectus, the announcements of the Company dated 29 December 2016, 4 December 2019 and 8 November 2023, and the circular of the Company dated 25 November 2020.

2(b) Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement

On 15 September 2014, Huamei Holding Company Limited ("Huamei Holding") and the Company entered into the operation and management services (Huamei Holding) framework agreement (the "Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement", together with the Operation and Management Services (CGN Energy) Framework Agreement, the "Operation and Management Services Framework Agreements"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to provide, or procure a subsidiary of the Company to provide, operation and management services to power projects (whether in operation or under construction) in which a subsidiary of the group of companies which were transferred to CGN Energy International as part of the reorganization of the Group as described in the Prospectus under which Huamei Holding had interest. The initial term of this agreement was from 15 September 2014 to 31 December 2016. The Company served a notice to Huamei Holding in accordance with the terms of the Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2019 where the principal terms (other than renewal of the term) of the renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2016 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement"). The Company further served a notice to Huamei Holding in accordance with the terms of the 2016 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of one year from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 where the principal terms (other than renewal of the term) of the further renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2019 Renewed **Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding)** Framework Agreement"). The Company further served a notice to Huamei Holding in accordance with the terms of the 2019 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023 where the principal terms (other than renewal of the term and certain amendments) of the further renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement").

中廣核能源為中廣核的全資附屬公司, 因此根據上市規則為本公司的關連人 士。

經營及管理服務(中廣核能源)框架協 議及其重續的進一步詳情已於招股章 程及本公司日期為2016年12月29日、 2019年12月4日及2023年11月8日的公 告以及本公司日期為2020年11月25日 的通函內披露。

2(b) 經營及管理服務(華美控股)框架 協議

> 於2014年9月15日, Huamei Holding Company Limited (「華美控股」) 與本公 司訂立經營及管理服務(華美控股)框架 協議(「經營及管理服務(華美控股)框架 協議」,連同經營及管理服務(中廣核能 源)框架協議,統稱「**經營及管理服務框 架協議」**),據此,本公司同意提供,或 促使本公司的一家附屬公司提供經營 及管理服務予華美控股旗下集團公司 的一家附屬公司(誠如招股章程所述, 有關集團公司已轉讓予中廣核能源國 際作為本集團重組的一部分)擁有權益 的電力項目(不論是營運中或在建)。本 協議初步年期為2014年9月15日至2016 年12月31日。本公司已根據經營及管理 服務(華美控股)框架協議的條款向華 美控股發出通知,重續有關協議三年, 由2017年1月1日起至2019年12月31日 止,當中重續後的經營及管理服務(華 美控股)框架協議的主要條款(重續期 限除外)與原經營及管理服務(華美控 股)框架協議相同(包括管理費的計算 方式)(「2016年經重續的經營及管理服 務(華美控股) 框架協議」)。本公司根據 2016年經重續的經營及管理服務(華美 控股)框架協議的條款再次向華美控股 發出通知,重續有關協議一年,由2020 年1月1日起至2020年12月31日止,當 中再次重續後的經營及管理服務(華美 控股)框架協議的主要條款(重續期限 除外)與原經營及管理服務(華美控股) 框架協議(包括管理費的計算方式)相 同(「2019年經重續的經營及管理服務 (華美控股)框架協議」)。本公司根據 2019年經重續的經營及管理服務(華美 控股)框架協議的條款再次向華美控股 發出通知,重續有關協議三年,由2021 年1月1日起至2023年12月31日止,再次 重續的經營及管理服務(華美控股)框 架協議的主要條款 (重續期限及若干修 訂除外)與原經營及管理服務(華美控 股)框架協議相同(包括管理費的計算方 式)(「2020年經重續的經營及管理服務 (華美控股)框架協議」)。

On 8 November 2023, the Company further served a notice to Huamei Holding in accordance with the terms of the 2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for another three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 with the same principal terms except for the renewed duration.

Huamei Holding is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Operation and Management Services (Huamei Holding) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the Prospectus, the announcements of the Company dated 29 December 2016, 4 December 2019 and 8 November 2023, and the circular of the Company dated 25 November 2020.

2(c) Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement

On 17 June 2015, the Company entered into the operation and management services (solar energy) framework agreement (the "Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement") with CGN Solar Energy Development Co., Ltd. ("CGN Solar Energy"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to provide, or procure a subsidiary of the Company to provide, operation and management services to power projects (whether in operation or under construction) in which CGN Solar Energy had interest. The relevant subsidiaries of the Company would provide comprehensive operation and management services according to the requirements of the service recipient, and may appoint personnel to be responsible for or to be involved in the operations management, financial management, human resources management, technical management, information management, and/or safety management of the relevant power project or company which held interest in the relevant power project. The term of this agreement was from 17 June 2015 to 31 December 2017. The Company served a notice to CGN Solar Energy in accordance with the terms of the Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020. Save for the renewal of the term of the agreement, the principal terms of the renewed Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2017 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement").

The Company further served a notice to CGN Solar Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2017 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Save for the renewal of the term of the agreement and certain amendments, the principal terms of the renewed Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees). Such renewal of the Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting of the Company held on 23 December 2020. 於2023年11月8日,本公司根據2020年 經重續的經營及管理服務(華美控股)框 架協議的條款再次向華美控股發出通 知,重續有關協議三年,由2024年1月1 日起至2026年12月31日止,除重續期限 外,主要條款不變。

華美控股為中廣核的全資附屬公司,因 此根據上市規則為本公司的關連人士。

經營及管理服務(華美控股)框架協議及 其重續的進一步詳情已於招股章程及 本公司日期為2016年12月29日、2019 年12月4日及2023年11月8日的公告以 及本公司日期為2020年11月25日的通 函內披露。

2(c) 經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協 議

於2015年6月17日,本公司與中廣核太陽能開發有限公司(「中廣核太陽能」) 訂立經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協 議(「經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協 議」),據此,本公司同意提供,或促使 本公司的一家附屬公司提供經營及管 理服務予中廣核太陽能擁有權益的電 力項目(不論是營運中或在建)。本公司 相關附屬公司將根據服務接受方的要 求提供全面的經營及管理服務,並可委 派人員負責或參與相關電力項目或於 相關電力項目持有權益的公司的營運 宿閒電力現日行月催血的公司的習些 管理、財務管理、人力資源管理、技術 管理、信息管理及/或安全管理。本協 議年期由2015年6月17日至2017年12 月31日。本公司已根據經營及管理服務 (太陽能)框架協議之條款向中廣核太 陽能發出通知,以重續該協議,年期為 三年,自2018年1月1日起至2020年12 月31日止。除重續該協議之期限外,重 續後的經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協 議的主要條款與原經營及管理服務(太 陽能)框架協議相同(包括管理費的計算 方式)(「2017年經重續的經營及管理服 務(太陽能)框架協議)。

本公司根據2017年經重續的經營及管 理服務(太陽能)框架協議的條款再次向 中廣核太陽能出通知,重續有關協議三 年,由2021年1月1日起至2023年12月 31日止。除重續協議之期限及若干修訂 外,經重續的經營及管理服務(太陽能) 框架協議的主要條款與原經營及管理 服務(太陽能)框架協議相同(包括管理 費的計算方式)。經營及管理服務(太陽 能)框架協議的有關續訂已於2020年12 月23日舉行的本公司股東特別大會上 獲本公司獨立股東批准。

CGN Solar Energy is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 17 June 2015, and the circulars of the Company dated 30 November 2017 and 25 November 2020.

2(d) Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement

On 17 June 2015, the Company entered into the operation and management services (wind energy) framework agreement (the "Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement", together with the Operation and Management Services (Solar Energy) Framework Agreement, the "O&M Agreements") with CGN Wind Energy, pursuant to which the Company agreed to provide, or procure a subsidiary of the Company to provide operation and management services to power projects (whether in operation or under construction) in which CGN Wind Energy had interest. The relevant subsidiaries of the Company would provide comprehensive operation and management services according to the requirements of the service recipient, and may appoint personnel to be responsible for or to be involved in the operations management, financial management, human resources management, technical management, information management, and/or safety management of the relevant power project or company which held interest in the relevant power project. The term of this agreement was from 17 June 2015 to 31 December 2017. The Company served a notice to CGN Wind Energy in accordance with the terms of the Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020. Save for the renewal of the term of the agreement, the principal terms of the renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2017 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement"). The Company further served a notice to CGN Wind Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2017 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Save for the renewal of the term of the agreement and certain amendments, the principal terms of the renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement remained the same as the original Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement and the 2017 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement (including the calculation of the management fees) (the "2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement").

中廣核太陽能為中廣核的非全資附屬 公司,因此根據上市規則為本公司的關 連人士。

經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協議及其 重續的進一步詳情已於本公司日期為 2015年6月17日的公告以及本公司日期 為2017年11月30日及2020年11月25日 的通函內披露。

2(d) 經營及管理服務(風電)框架協議

於2015年6月17日,本公司與中廣核風 電訂立經營及管理服務(風電)框架協議 (「經營及管理服務(風電)框架協議」, 與經營及管理服務(太陽能)框架協議統 稱「經營及管理協議」),據此,本公司同 意提供,或促使本公司的一家附屬公司 提供經營及管理服務予中廣核風電擁 有權益的電力項目(不論是營運中或在 建)。本公司相關附屬公司將根據服務 接受方的要求提供全面的經營及管理 服務,並可委派人員負責或參與相關電 力項目或於相關電力項目持有權益的 公司的營運管理、財務管理、人力資源 管理、技術管理、信息管理,及/或安 全管理。本協議年期由2015年6月17日 至2017年12月31日。本公司已根據經營 及管理服務(風電)框架協議之條款向中 廣核風電發出通知,以重續該協議,年 期為三年,自2018年1月1日起至2020 年12月31日止。除重續該協議之期限 外,重續後的經營及管理服務(風電)框 架協議的主要條款與原經營及管理服務 (風電)框架協議相同(包括管理費的 計算方式)(「2017年經重續的經營及 管理服務(風電)框架協議」)。本公司根 據2017年經重續的經營及管理服務(風 電)框架協議的條款再次向中廣核風電 發出通知,重續有關協議三年,由2021 年1月1日起至2023年12月31日止。除重 續協議之期限及若干修訂外,經重續的 經營及管理服務(風電)框架協議的主要 條款與原經營及管理服務 (風電) 框架 協議及2017年經重續的經營及管理服務 (風電)框架協議相同(包括管理費的計 算方式)(「2020年經重續的經營及管理 服務(風電)框架協議」)。

On 8 November 2023, the Company further served a notice to CGN Wind Energy in accordance with the terms of the 2020 Renewed Operation and Management Services (CGN Wind Energy) Framework Agreement to renew such agreement for another three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 with the same principal terms except for the renewed duration.

CGN Wind Energy is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Operation and Management Services (Wind Energy) Framework Agreement and its renewals were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 17 June 2015 and 8 November 2023, and the circulars of the Company dated 30 November 2017 and 25 November 2020.

General

As the nature of the services to be provided under the Operation and Management Services Framework Agreements and the O&M Agreements is similar, the annual cap for the management fees payable under the Operation and Management Services Framework Agreements and the O&M Agreements for the year ended 31 December 2023 was determined on an aggregate basis and amounted to US\$47.0 million. The actual management fees paid under the Operation and Management Services Framework Agreements and the O&M Agreements for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$27.9 million.

3. Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreements

On 10 July 2020, CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology Co., Limited ("CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology") and the Company entered into the maintenance services of wind farms and photovoltaic power plants framework agreement (the "2020 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to engage CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology to provide maintenance services (which may include the provision of information services, two measures services, overhaul services, repairs, maintenance and upgrading of facilities and equipment, regular inspection services, and pre-testing services, installation and replacement of equipment and spare parts services) to certain wind farms and photovoltaic power plants of the Group. The term of this agreement was one year from 10 July 2020 to 9 July 2021, subject to renewal by way of written notice to CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology upon its expiry.

於2023年11月8日,本公司根據2020年 經重續的經營及管理服務(中廣核風電) 框架協議的條款再次向中廣核風電發 出通知,重續有關協議三年,由2024年 1月1日起至2026年12月31日止,除重 續期限外,主要條款不變。

中廣核風電為中廣核的非全資附屬公 司,因此根據上市規則為本公司的關連 人士。

經營及管理服務(風電)框架協議及其 重續的進一步詳情已於本公司日期為 2015年6月17日及2023年11月8日的公 告以及本公司日期為2017年11月30日 及2020年11月25日的通函內披露。

一般資料

由於根據經營及管理服務框架協議以 及經營及管理協議將予提供的服務性 質相若,根據經營及管理服務框架協議 以及經營及管理協議應付的管理費於 截至2023年12月31日止年度的年度上 限按合併基準釐定為47.0百萬美元。於 截至2023年12月31日止年度,根據經營 及管理服務框架協議以及經營及管理 協議實際支付的管理費約為27.9百萬美元。

風電場及光伏電站運維服務框 架協議

於2020年7月10日,中廣核(北京)新能 源科技有限公司(「中廣核(北京)新能源 科技」)與本公司訂立風電場及光伏電站 運維服務框架協議(「2020年風電場及 光伏電站運維服務框架協議」),據此, 本公司同意委聘中廣核(北京)新能源, 科技向本集團若干風電場及光伏電站 提供技術維護服務(可包括提供資訊 路、兩措服務、大修服務、設施設備的 維修、保養及升級、定期檢查服務,以 及預試服務、設備及備件安裝及更換服 務)。該協議的年期為一年,自2020年7 月10日起至2021年7月9日止,可於其屆 滿後以向中廣核(北京)新能源科技發出 書面通知方式重續。

On 29 April 2021, CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology and the Company further entered into the maintenance services of wind farms and photovoltaic power plants framework agreement (the "2021 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement") to renew the 2020 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement for a term of three years from 10 July 2021 to 9 July 2024.

CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN Solar Energy, which is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the 2020 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement and the 2021 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 10 July 2020 and 29 April 2021, respectively.

The estimated annual cap for the maximum service fee payable by the Company to CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB100.0 million. The actual service fee paid by the Company to CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology under the 2021 Maintenance Services of Wind Farms and Photovoltaic Power Plants Framework Agreement for the same period was approximately RMB49.7 million.

4. Shared Services Agreement

On 30 July 2021, CGN New Energy Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. ("CGN Shenzhen") (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), CGN Wind Energy, CGN Solar Energy, and CGN Energy entered into the shared services agreement (the "Shared Services Agreement"), pursuant to which CGN Wind Energy, CGN Solar Energy and CGN Energy, and their respective subsidiaries from time to time (collectively, the "Service Providers") agreed to provide various types of shared services, including but not limited to (i) usage of office and business premises; (ii) human resources support; (iii) repair and maintenance services; (iv) office and meeting administrative services; and (v) other operational resources support, to CGN Shenzhen and its subsidiaries from time to time (collectively, the "Service Recipients"). The term of the Shared Services Agreement was from 30 July 2021 to 31 December 2023, subject to renewal by the parties thereto in writing before the expiry of its term.

On 8 November 2023, CGN Shenzhen served a notice to each of CGN Wind Energy and CGN Energy to renew the term of the Shared Services Agreement for another three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 with the same principal terms except for the renewed duration and the removal of CGN Solar Energy as a party due to the fact that CGN Solar Energy had become a wholly owned subsidiary of CGN Wind Energy. 於2021年4月29日,中廣核(北京)新能 源科技及本公司就續期2020年風電場 及光伏電站運維服務框架協議進一步 訂立風電場及光伏電站運維服務框架 協議(「2021年風電場及光伏電站運維 服務框架協議」),期限為三年,自2021 年7月10日起至2024年7月9日止。

中廣核(北京)新能源科技為中廣核太陽 能的全資附屬公司,而中廣核太陽能為 中廣核的非全資附屬公司,故根據上市 規則,為本公司的關連人士。

2020年風電場及光伏電站運維服務框 架協議及2021年風電場及光伏電站運 維服務框架協議的進一步詳情分別於 本公司日期為2020年7月10日及2021年 4月29日的公告內披露。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司應 向中廣核(北京)新能源科技支付的最高 服務費估計年度上限為人民幣100.0百 萬元。本公司根據2021年風電場及光伏 電站運維服務框架協議於同期已向中 廣核(北京)新能源科技支付的實際服務 費約為人民幣49.7百萬元。

4. 共享服務協議

於2021年7月30日,本公司全資附屬公 司中廣核新能源投資(深圳)有限公司 (「中廣核深圳」)、中廣核風電、中廣核 太陽能及中廣核能源訂立共享服務協 議(「**共享服務協議」**),據此,中廣核風 電、中廣核太陽能及中廣核能源及彼等 各自不時的附屬公司(統稱「服務提供 **方**))同意不時向中廣核深圳及其附屬公 司(統稱「服務接受方」)提供各類共享 服務,包括但不限於(i)辦公室及商務場 地的使用;(ii)人力資源支持;(iii)維修及 保養服務;(iv)辦公室及會議行政服務; 及(v)其他營運資源支持。共享服務協議 的年期由2021年7月30日至2023年12月 31日,協議各方可在年期屆滿前以書面 續期。

於2023年11月8日,中廣核深圳已向中 廣核風電及中廣核能源各自發出通知, 將共用服務協議的期限重續自2024年1 月1日至2026年12月31日止三個年度, 除重續期限及因中廣核太陽能已成為 中廣核風電的全資附屬公司而取消中 廣核太陽能作為當事方外,主要條款不 變。

Each of CGN Wind Energy and CGN Energy is a subsidiary of CGN, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Shared Services Agreement and its renewal were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 30 July 2021 and 8 November 2023.

The estimated annual cap for the service fee payable by the Service Recipients to the Service Providers for the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB180.4 million. The actual service fee paid by the Service Recipients to the Service Providers under the Shared Services Agreement for the same period was approximately RMB114.8 million.

5. Power Agency Service Framework Agreement

On 29 August 2023, CGN Shenzhen and CGN Wind Energy entered into a new energy station power agency service framework agreement (the "**Power Agency Service Framework Agreement**"), pursuant to which CGN Shenzhen agreed to provide the services to CGN Wind Energy of acting as an agent for and on behalf of CGN Wind Energy (or its subsidiaries) to procure the sale of electricity generated by CGN Wind Energy (or its subsidiaries) to downstream users for the period from 1 September 2023 to 31 December 2023 and the two years ending 31 December 2025.

CGN Wind Energy is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN and therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Power Agency Service Framework Agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 August 2023.

The estimated annual cap in respect of the Power Agency Service Framework Agreement for the period from 1 September 2023 to 31 December 2023 was RMB11.4 million. The actual service fees received for such period were approximately RMB6.8 million.

6. Energy Storage Services Agreement

On 22 August 2023, the following wholly owned subsidiaries as clients on the one part: (i) CGN Yiyang New Energy Co., Ltd.; (ii) Lengshuijiang CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.; (iii) Zixing CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.; and (iv) Xiangxiang CGN New Energy Co., Ltd., and CGN (Hunan) New Energy Development Co., Ltd., Xintian Branch ("CGN Hunan Xintian") on the other part, entered into a new energy supporting energy storage services agreement (the "Energy Storage Services Agreement"), pursuant to which CGN Hunan Xintian agreed to provide energy storage facilities and related services to the clients above for the period from 22 August 2023 to 31 December 2023 and the two years ending 31 December 2025. 中廣核風電及中廣核能源各自為中廣 核的附屬公司,因此根據上市規則為本 公司的關連人士。

有關共享服務協議及其重續的進一步 詳情已於本公司日期為2021年7月30日 及2023年11月8日的公告中披露。

服務接受方於截至2023年12月31日止 年度應向服務提供方支付的服務費的 估計年度上限為人民幣180.4百萬元。 服務接受方同期根據共享服務協議已 向服務提供方支付的實際服務費約為 人民幣114.8百萬元。

5. 電量代理服務框架協議

於2023年8月29日,中廣核深圳與中廣 核風電訂立新能源場站電量代理服務 框架協議(「電量代理服務框架協議」), 據此,中廣核深圳同意於2023年9月1日 至2023年12月31日期間及截至2025年 12月31日止兩個年度,向中廣核風電提 供作為中廣核風電(或其附屬公司)的代 理促成中廣核風電(或其附屬公司)的發 電銷售予下游用戶的服務。

根據上市規則,中廣核風電為中廣核的 非全資附屬公司,因此為本公司的關連 人士。

電量代理服務框架協議的進一步詳情 已於本公司日期為2023年8月29日的公 告中披露。

於2023年9月1日至2023年12月31日期 間,電量代理服務框架協議的估計年度 上限為人民幣11.4百萬元。該期間收到 的實際服務費約為人民幣6.8百萬元。

6. 儲能服務協議

於2023年8月22日,以下全資附屬公司 作為客戶一方:(i)中廣核益陽新能源有 限公司;(ii)冷水江中廣核新能源有限公司 ;(ii)資興中廣核新能源有限公司;及中 廣核(湖南)新能源開發有限公司;及中 廣核(湖南)新能源開發有限公司新田分 公司(「中廣核湖南新田」)作為另一方訂 立新能源配套儲能服務協議(「儲能服務 協議」),據此,中廣核湖南新田同意於 2023年8月22日至2023年12月31日 間及截至2025年12月31日止兩個年度 向以上客戶提供能源儲存設施及相關 服務。

CGN Hunan Xintian is a branch of CGN (Hunan) New Energy Development Co., Ltd. which is in turn a non-wholly owned subsidiary of CGN. CGN Hunan Xintian is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Energy Storage Services Agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 22 August 2023.

The estimated annual cap in respect of the Energy Storage Services Agreement for the period from 22 August 2023 to 31 December 2023 was RMB8.9 million. The actual service fees paid for such period were approximately RMB5.2 million.

7. Maintenance Services Framework Agreement

On 12 May 2023, Yunnan CGN Energy Services Co., Ltd ("CGN Yunnan"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and CGN Wind Energy entered into a wind farms and photovoltaic power stations maintenance services framework agreement (the "Maintenance Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which CGN Yunnan agreed to provide repair, maintenance, testing and cleaning services for facilities and equipment in the wind and photovoltaic power plants to CGN Wind Energy (or its subsidiaries) for the period from 12 May 2023 to 31 December 2023 and the two years ending 31 December 2025.

CGN Wind Energy is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of CGN and therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Maintenance Services Framework Agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 12 May 2023.

The estimated annual cap in respect of the Maintenance Services Framework Agreement for the period from 12 May 2023 to 31 December 2023 was RMB24.0 million. The actual service fees received for such period were nil. 中廣核湖南新田為中廣核(湖南)新能源 發展有限公司的分公司,該公司為中廣 核的非全資附屬公司。因此,根據上市 規則,中廣核湖南新田為本公司的關連 人士。

儲能服務協議的進一步詳情已於本公司日期為2023年8月22日的公告中披露。

自2023年8月22日至2023年12月31日 期間,儲能服務協議的估計年度上限為 人民幣8.9百萬元。該期間已付的實際 服務費約為人民幣5.2百萬元。

7. 運檢服務框架協議

於2023年5月12日,本公司全資附屬公 司雲南中廣核能源服務有限公司(「中 廣核雲南」)與中廣核風電訂立風電場、 光伏電站運檢服務框架協議(「運檢服務 框架協議」),據此,中廣核雲南同意於 2023年5月12日至2023年12月31日期 間及截至2025年12月31日止兩個年度 向中廣核風電(及其附屬公司)提供設施 及設備的維修、維護、檢測及清潔服務。

根據上市規則,中廣核風電為中廣核的 非全資附屬公司,因此為本公司的關連 人士。

運檢服務框架協議的進一步詳情已於 本公司日期為2023年5月12日的公告中 披露。

自2023年5月12日至2023年12月31日 期間,運檢服務框架協議的估計年度上 限為人民幣24.0百萬元。該期間收到的 實際服務費為零。

(B) General

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group as mentioned above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 and have confirmed that the continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- on normal commercial terms or better (as defined in the Listing Rules); and
- in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor has confirmed that the continuing connected transactions:

- 1. have been approved by the Board;
- were, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involve the provision of goods or services by the Group;
- were entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- 4. have not exceeded the cap.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business are provided under note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. Save for the continuing connected transactions as disclosed above, none of these related party transactions constitutes discloseable connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. In relation to those related party transactions that also constitute connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, they have complied with the applicable requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(B) 一般資料

本公司核數師已獲聘任,以根據香港核證聘用 準則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱歷史財務 資料以外的核證工作」並參照香港會計師公會 頒佈的實務說明第740號(經修訂)「關於香港上 市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」,就本 集團的持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已根據 上市規則第14A.56條發出無保留函件,當中載 有其有關上述本集團持續關連交易的調查結果 及結論。

獨立非執行董事已審閱本公司截至2023年12月 31日止年度的上述持續關連交易,並確認該等 持續關連交易:

- 1. 乃在本集團日常業務中訂立;
- 乃按照一般商務條款或更佳條款(定義 見上市規則)進行;及
- 乃根據規管有關交易的協議進行,條款 屬公平合理,且符合股東整體利益。

本公司核數師已確認持續關連交易:

- 1. 已獲董事會批准;
- 倘交易涉及本集團提供貨品或服務,在 各重大方面符合本集團的定價政策進 行;
- 於各重大方面均根據規管有關交易的 有關協議進行;及
- 4. 並無超逾上限。

關聯方交易

於日常業務過程中進行的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註39。除上文所披露的持續關連交易外, 概無該等關聯方交易構成上市規則第十四A章所界 定須予披露關連交易。該等亦構成上市規則第十四A 章所界定關連交易的關聯方交易已遵守上市規則第 十四A章下的適用規定。

NON-COMPETITION DEED

The Company entered into a deed of non-competition (the "**Non-Competition Deed**") with CGN on 15 September 2014 under which CGN agreed not to, and agreed to procure its subsidiaries (other than the Group) not to, compete with the Group in its non-nuclear power business (save for the retention of the existing Retained Business (as defined in the Prospectus) of the CGN Group or any future business which the CGN Group has carried on pursuant to the terms of the Non-Competition Deed) and granted the Company with a right to acquire the Retained Business of the CGN Group and a right to acquire any new business or equity investment opportunity directed to the Group according to the terms of the Non-Competition Deed.

The Company has received a confirmation from CGN confirming to the Company on its compliance with the relevant non-competing procedures set out in the Non-Competition Deed and having protected the right granted to the Company under the Non-Competition Deed to invest in or acquire the relevant projects during the year ended 31 December 2023.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the independent non-executive Directors (the "**Disinterested Directors**"), being the Directors other than those who are also directors and senior management personnel of the CGN Group, had reviewed several business or investment opportunities offered by or referred to by the CGN Group pursuant to the Non-Competition Deed. The Disinterested Directors considered the opportunities taking into account, inter alia, the following:

- whether such business or investment opportunities would create or would likely create competition with the principal business of the Group;
- (b) the business and financial performance and potential of the subject business or investment opportunities;
- the feasibility and viability for the Group to acquire, invest or take on the subject business or investment opportunities (in terms of the availability of management, financial and business resources and expertise);
- (d) the terms and conditions of the acquisition of or taking on the subject business or investment opportunities;
- (e) the financial budget and business plan of the Group for undertaking the subject business or investment opportunities in the relevant year;
- (f) result of a cost-benefit analysis for the Group to acquire, invest or take on the subject business or investment opportunities, and whether such subject opportunities are consistent with the business development strategy of the Group, and whether it is likely to create any strategic or synergy value to the Group's existing business;

不競爭契據

(b)

(c)

(d)

(f)

本公司於2014年9月15日與中廣核訂立不競爭契據(「**不** 競爭契據」),據此,中廣核同意以及同意促使其附屬公 司(本集團除外)不會在非核業務上(中廣核集團現有保 留業務(定義見招股章程)或中廣核集團根據不競爭契 據之條款進行的任何日後業務除外)與本集團競爭,及 授予本公司收購中廣核集團的保留業務的權利,及授予 本公司按照不競爭契據條款收購轉交予本集團的任何 新業務或股權投資機會的權利。

本公司已接獲中廣核的確認,其向本公司確認於截至 2023年12月31日止年度已遵守不競爭契據所載的相關 不競爭程序,並已保障根據不競爭契據所授予本公司投 資或收購相關項目的權利。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,獨立非執行董事(「無 利害關係董事」),即同時擔任中廣核集團的董事及高級 管理人員的董事以外的董事,已審閱中廣核集團根據不 競爭契據提供或轉介的多項業務或投資機會。無利害關 係董事在考慮有關機會時,已慮及(其中包括)以下各 項:

- (a) 有關業務或投資機會是否會構成或可能會構成 與本集團主營業務的競爭;
 - 標的業務或投資機會的業務及財務表現以及潛 力;
 - 本集團收購、投資或承擔標的業務或投資機會 的可能性及可行性(就是否能取得管理、財務及 業務資源及專門技術而言);
 - 收 購 或 承 擔 標 的 業 務 或 投 資 機 會 的 條 款 及 條 件;
- (e) 本集團在相關年度進行標的業務或投資機會的 財務預算及業務計劃;
 - 本集團收購、投資或承擔標的業務或投資機會 的成本效益分析結果,以及有關標的機會是否 與本集團業務發展策略一致,且是否可能與本 集團的現有業務產生任何策略或協同價值;

- (g) the likely risks associated with the subject business or investment opportunities should the Group acquire, take on, operate or participate in such subject opportunities; and
- (h) the equity internal rate of return and/or the expected internal rate of return of the subject business or investment opportunities.

As a result, we had not exercised any right to acquire or invest in those business or investment opportunities.

The Disinterested Directors have reviewed compliance by CGN's compliance with the Non-Competition Deed and confirmed that based on the confirmations and information provided by CGN, CGN was in compliance with the Non-Competition Deed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As of the date of this report, so far as the Directors were aware, none of the Directors, and their respective close associates had interest in any business apart from the Group's businesses which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

We determined the emoluments of our Directors and employees based on their respective performance, working experience, roles and responsibilities as well as market factors. We offer our executive Directors and senior management members, who are also employees of our Company, various compensation in the form of fees, salaries, contributions to pension scheme, discretionary bonuses, housing and other benefits in kind. We provide our employees with salaries and discretionary bonuses, as well as employee benefits, including retirement schemes, medical and life insurance schemes, housing and other benefits in kind. None of our Directors has waived or agreed to waive his Directors' emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2023.

"ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT" SUMMARY

This section is a summary of the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" (the "**ESG Report**") of the Company. It outlines the Company's key strategies and achievements in sustainable development in 2023. In 2023, the Company actively fulfilled its social responsibility and closely cooperated with stakeholders to achieve the mission of sustainable development.

The year 2023 was a crucial year for the "14th Five-Year Plan". China introduced a series of policies guiding the direction of the new energy industry. As an electricity generation company, the Company actively responds to the national goals of "dual-carbon", fully cooperates with the development of national policies, focuses on the development of core businesses, and actively expands market presence to accelerate the establishment of a top new energy enterprise.

- (g) 倘本集團收購、承擔、營運或參與標的業務或投 資機會,有關標的機會可能附帶的風險;及
- (h) 股權內部收益率及/或標的業務或投資機會的 預計內部收益率。

因此,我們並無行使任何權利以收購或投資該等業務或 投資機會。

無利害關係董事已根據中廣核提供的確認書及資料檢 討中廣核遵守不競爭契據的情況,並確認中廣核已於截 至2023年12月31日止年度遵守不競爭契據。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

截至本報告日期,就董事所知,概無董事及彼等各自之 緊密聯繫人於本集團業務以外的任何業務中擁有權益, 而該等業務與本集團業務直接或間接構成或可能構成 競爭。

薪酬政策

我們根據董事及職員各自的表現、工作經驗、職務、職 責及市場情況,釐定彼等的薪酬。我們向執行董事及高 級管理人員(彼等亦為本公司僱員)提供多種形式的報 酬,包括袍金、薪金、退休金計劃供款、酌情花紅、住房 及其他實物利益。我們向僱員提供薪酬及酌情花紅以及 僱員福利,包括退休計劃、醫療及人壽保險計劃、住房 及其他實物利益。概無董事放棄或同意放棄其截至2023 年12月31日止年度的董事酬金。

《環境、社會及管治報告》摘要

本部分為本公司《環境、社會及管治報告》(「ESG報告」) 的摘要,對本公司於2023年度在可持續發展方面的重點 策略和成果進行披露。本公司在2023年度積極履行企業 社會責任,以實踐可持續發展為工作理念,與各持份者 緊密合作,互利共赢。

2023年是「十四五」承前啟後的關鍵一年,國家密集出 台一系列政策引導新能源行業發展方向。作為電力供應 商,本公司積極響應「雙碳」目標,全力配合國家政策發 展,聚焦主業發展並積極開拓市場,加快建設一流新能 源企業。

GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to establishing an efficient, orderly, transparent, and stable corporate governance mechanism to achieve corporate high-quality and sustainable development. During the reporting period, the Company continued to enhance ESG governance by conducting ESG risk assessment and analysis, reviewing the progress of existing environmental targets, and reviewing the status of climate risk management. During the reporting period, the Company received a series of sustainability awards. The Company will continue to improve and optimize the management and disclosure of sustainable development work to achieve our business strategies and goals steadily.

ENVIRONMENT

With the mission of "Developing Clean Energy, Building a Beautiful China", the Company provides a continuous impetus for the development of clean energy in fields such as wind, solar, hydro, gas-fired, fuel cells, and biomass. The Company sets up the total installed capacity target annually, which drives corporate improvement and self-breakthroughs. During the reporting period, the Company's safety, quality, and environmental protection department continued to review and improve the environmental safety management work regularly, organize and implement the annual safety, guality, and environmental performance assessment and evaluation for each business department, functional department, and branch company. The Company strictly regulated emission standards of air pollution, wastewater, and waste for each project, to ensure that the Company's projects complied with the relevant national environmental safety regulations and laws. The Company will seize opportunities in national clean energy development and consolidate in the clean energy market to provide safe, environmentally friendly, and economical clean energy to society. New energy is the way forward, the Company will continue to uphold its mission of generating high-quality clean energy for society and contribute to the national "dual-carbon" goals.

SOCIAL

The Company takes "Safety First, Quality Foremost, and Pursuing Excellence" as the basic principle of corporate operation and development. The Company always adheres to safety first and prioritizes employee safety. The Company ensures production safety by establishing a sound safety, quality, and environmental management system, conducting regular safety training and monitoring, and distributing personal protective equipment to employees. The Company also values talent cultivation, provides employees with diversified vocational skills training, and establishes a clear career development path according to the skills needed for different project positions. This enables employees to obtain opportunities to improve their professional competitiveness while creating value for the Company. Adhering to the "Innovation-driven" development strategy, the Company continues to enhance its technological innovation capability and operational efficiency, which empowers corporate high-quality development. In addition, the Company actively undertakes corporate social responsibility and makes contributions in areas such as rural revitalization, education assistance, and charitable activities.

For the full version of the ESG Report, please refer to the "Environmental, Social, and Governance Report of CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. 2023" published on HKEX news website (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company's website (www.cgnne.com) by the Company.

管治

本公司致力於建設高效、有序、透明及穩健的企業管治 機制,以實現企業的高質量和可持續發展。本報告期 內,本公司通過開展ESG風險評估和分析工作、重新檢 討現有環境目標實施進度以及審視氣候變化風險管理 狀況等,不斷加強ESG方面的管治。本報告期內,本公司 在可持續發展方面榮獲一系列獎項。本公司將持續完善 和優化可持續發展工作的管理和披露,以期穩健地實現 我們的業務戰略及目標。

環境

本公司肩負「發展清潔能源,建設美麗中國」的使命,持 續為風電、太陽能、水電、燃氣、燃料電池及生物質等 清潔能源領域發展提供不竭動力。本公司每年定下總裝 機容量目標,不斷推動企業進步並突破自我。本報告期 內,安全質量環保部定期檢視和完善環境安全的管理工 作,對各事業部、各部門和各分公司進行年度安質環績 效考核與評定。本公司對各項目的廢氣、廢水、廢棄物 等排放標準進行嚴格監管,以確保本公司各項目符合國 家訂立的環境安全相關規定及法律法規。本公司將緊抓 國家清潔能源發展機遇,深耕清潔能源市場,竭力為社 會提供安全、環保、經濟的清潔能源。新能源為大勢所 向,本公司將繼續秉承使命為社會生產高質量的清潔能 源,為國家實現「雙碳」目標貢獻力量。

社會

本公司以「安全第一、質量第一、追求卓越」為企業營運 和發展的基本原則。本公司始終堅持安全至上,將員工 的安全放在首要位置,並通過健全安質環管理體系、定 期開展安全培訓及監察和向員工發放個人防護裝備等 措施,切實保障安全生產。本公司亦重視人才培養,定 期按照不同項目崗位的技能需求來為員工提供多樣化 的職業技能培訓及建立明確的發展路徑,讓員工在為 本公司創造價值的同時,獲得提升自我職業競爭力的機 會。本公司堅持「創新驅動」發展戰略,不斷提升科技創 新能力和營運效益,賦能企業高質量發展。此外,本公 司積極承擔企業社會責任,在鄉村振興、教育幫扶和公 益活動等多方面作出貢獻。

有關本公司環境、社會及管治報告的完整版本 的詳情可參閱本公司於香港交易所披露易網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.cgnne.com)發佈 的《中國廣核新能源控股有限公司2023年度環境、社會 及管治報告》。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report and based on publicly available information and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has sufficient public float as required under Rule 8.08 of the Listing Rules.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to approximately HK\$13,678,000 (2022: HK\$3,176,000).

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint KPMG as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Li Guangming President and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 26 March 2024

充足公眾持股量

於本報告日期,根據公開可得資料及就董事所知,本公司已維持上市規則第8.08條所規定的充足公眾持股量。

捐款

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團之慈善及其他 捐款約為13,678,000港元(2022年:3,176,000港元)。

核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈決議案,以續聘畢馬威會計師事務所出任本公司核數師。

代表董事會

李光明 總裁兼執行董事

香港,2024年3月26日

The Board considers effective corporate governance is a key component in the sustained development of the Group and believes that good corporate governance practices are increasingly important for maintaining and promoting shareholder value and investor confidence. The Board sets appropriate policies and implements corporate governance practices to the conduct and growth of the Group's business.

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. The Board considers that the Company was in compliance with all applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2023, except for the deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code during the period from 1 January 2023 to 4 September 2023, which states that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the period from 8 April 2022 to 4 September 2023, Mr. Zhang Zhiwu concurrently acted as the Chairman and the President of the Company. Taking into account the fact that Mr. Zhang had demonstrated suitable leadership and management capabilities and developed a thorough understanding of the Group's business and strategy since his appointment as an executive Director in 2020, the Board believed that vesting the roles of the Chairman and the President in Mr. Zhang could facilitate the execution of the Group's business strategies and enable more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. Therefore, the Board considered that the deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code was not inappropriate in such circumstances.

Since 4 September 2023, Mr. Zhang Zhiwu has ceased to serve concurrently as the President due to job arrangement. On the same day, Mr. Li Guangming was appointed as the President and executive Director. Since then, the Company complied with all provisions of the CG Code.

董事會認為有效的企業管治是本集團持續發展的重要 部分,且相信良好的企業管治常規對保持及提升股東價 值及投資者信心日趨重要。董事會制定適當政策及實施 企業管治常規,以進行本集團業務,實現業務增長。

本公司採納了上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「**企 業管治守則**」)作為自身企業管治的守則。董事會認為, 本公司於截至2023年12月31日止年度一直遵守企業 管治守則所載所有適用守則條文,惟於2023年1月1日 至2023年9月4日期間偏離企業管治守則的守則條文第 C.2.1條除外。該條文規定主席及行政總裁之角色應予 區分,不應由一人同時兼任。張志武先生自2022年4月 8日至2023年9月4日期間同時出任為本公司主席及總 裁。考慮到張先生自2020年獲委任為執行董事以來已展 現出合適之領導及管理能力,並對本集團之業務及戰略 有透徹了解,董事會認為,授予張先生主席及總裁之職 務可促進執行本集團之業務戰略,並使本集團之整體戰 略規劃更加有效及高效。因此,董事會認為,在該情況 下,偏離企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條並非不當之 舉。

2023年9月4日起,張志武先生因工作需要不再同時兼 任總裁職務。同日,李光明先生獲委任為總裁兼執行董 事。自此,本公司遵守了企業管治守則的所有條文。





THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The overall management of the Company's operation is vested in the Board.

The Board takes responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Company, including the formulation and approval of all policy matters, overall strategies, risk management and internal control systems, and monitoring of the performance of the senior management. The Directors make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company. As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven Directors, including two executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Members of the Board during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director:

Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)

President and Executive Director:

Mr. Li Guangming (appointed on 4 September 2023)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023) Mr. Zhao Xianwen (appointed on 7 February 2024) Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023) Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick

Biographical details and relationships among members of the Board as at the date of this report are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing dayto-day operations, business strategies and management of the Group's businesses to the executive Director, senior management and certain specific responsibilities to the Board committees.

During the year, the non-executive Directors (including the independent nonexecutive Directors) provided the Company with a diverse range of expertise and a balance of skills, and brought independent judgments in issues pertinent to strategic direction, development, performance and risk management through their contribution at the Board meetings and committee meetings.



董事會負責本公司運營的整體管理。

董事會負責監督本公司所有重大事項,包括制定及批准 所有政策事宜、整體策略、風險管理及內部監控系統, 以及監察高級管理人員的表現。董事以本公司利益為依 歸,客觀地作出決策。於本報告日期,董事會由七位董 事組成,包括兩位執行董事,兩位非執行董事及三位獨 立非執行董事。於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至 本報告日期,董事會成員如下:

黨委書記、主席兼執行董事:

張志武先生(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日辭任總裁)

總裁兼執行董事:

李光明先生 (於2023年9月4日獲委任)

非執行董事:

劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任) 趙賢文先生(於2024年2月7日獲委任) 王宏新先生(於2023年12月29日辭任) 卞書明先生(於2023年9月4日辭任) 陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

王民浩先生 楊校生先生 梁子正先生

截至本報告日期的董事履歷詳情及董事會成員間之關 係載於本年報「董事及經營高管簡歷」一節。

董事會授權予執行董事及高級管理人員負責實施日常 運營、業務策略及管理本集團業務,並將若干特定職責 轉授予董事會委員會。

年內,非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)通過彼等於董 事會會議及委員會會議中的貢獻為本公司提供廣泛的 專業知識以及均衡的技能,並對與戰略方向、發展、業 績以及風險管理相關的事宜作出獨立判斷。

Chairman and President

As at the date of this report, Mr. Zhang Zhiwu is the Chairman of the Board and Mr. Li Guangming has been appointed as the President of the Company since 4 September 2023. The roles of the chairman and chief executive are served by different individuals to achieve a balance of authority and power, which is in compliance with code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. Mr. Zhang Zhiwu is principally responsible for overall corporate strategies planning and business development of the Group, while Mr. Li Guangming is principally responsible for leading and managing all the activities of the Group to achieve the goals and objectives set by the Board, identifying and recommending the short, medium and long-term business strategies, directing and executing the Group's plans and budgets, directing and organizing the Group's material, human and economic resources to deliver the corporate results, identifying and developing business opportunities for the growth of the Group.

Appointments, re-election and removal of Directors

Each Director has entered into a service contract or an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-laws. In accordance with bye-law 83(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Li Guangming, Mr. Liu Qingming and Mr. Zhao Xianwen will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. Zhang Zhiwu and Mr. Yang Xiaosheng will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election, in accordance with bye-law 84 of the Bye-laws.

Number of meetings and Directors' attendance

Code provision C.5.1 of the CG Code prescribes that at least four regular Board meetings should be held each year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of a majority of the Directors, either in person or through other electronic means of communication.

Board meetings in each year are scheduled in advance to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors.

Our Corporate Culture

The Company is always committed to maintaining a corporate culture that is consistent with its Mission, Vision, Basic Principles, Values, Idea of Management and Code of Conduct. Our Mission, Vision, Basic Principles, Values, Idea of Management and Code of Conduct, the details of which are available on the Company's website (http://www.cgnne.com), are the driving force and guiding principle for the Group's daily operation and sustained growth. In 2023, efforts to continuously strengthen our corporate culture have been taken as set out in the ESG Report. The Board acts with integrity, leads by example, and promotes the Company's culture.

主席及總裁

於本報告日期,張志武先生為董事會主席,李光明先生 生自2023年9月4日起獲委任為本公司總裁。主席及行政 總裁的角色由不同人士擔任,以確保授權及權力分佈均 衡,符合企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條。張志武先 生主要負責本集團的整體企業策略規劃及業務發展,而 李光明先生主要負責領導及管理本集團的所有業務以 實現董事會制定的目標及計劃、識別及建議短期、中期 及長期的業務策略、指示及執行本集團的計劃及預算、 指導及組織本集團的物資、人力及經濟資源的運用以實 現公司業績,以及為本集團的發展物色及開發業務機 會。

委任、重選及罷免董事

各董事已與本公司訂立為期三年的服務合同或委任函, 並須根據細則於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任及重 選。根據細則第83(2)條,李光明先生、劉清明先生及趙 賢文先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,並將合 資格膺選連任。根據細則第84條,張志武先生及楊校生 先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會輪值退任,並符合資 格應選連任。

會議次數及董事出席情況

企業管治守則的守則條文第C.5.1條規定,董事會應每年 至少舉行四次常規會議,大約每季一次,並由大部分有 權出席會議的董事親身出席,或透過其他電子通訊方法 積極參與。

每年舉行的董事會會議均提早作出安排,以盡可能使更 多董事出席。

我們的企業文化

本公司始終致力於維持與其使命、願景、基本原則、價 值觀、管理思想和行為規範一致的企業文化。我們的使 命、願景、基本原則、價值觀、管理思想和行為規範(詳 情請參閱公司網站(http://www.cgnne.com))是本集團 日常經營和持續發展的的動力和指導原則。於2023年, 如ESG報告所述,我們已採取措施不斷強化我們的企業 文化。董事會誠信行事,以身作則,並弘揚公司文化。

The calendar of regular Board meetings, Board Committees (as defined below) meetings and general meetings for the year ended 31 December 2023 is shown below:

截至2023年12月31日止年度的董事會常規會議、董事 會委員會(定義如下)會議以及股東大會日程表如下:

		Jan 1月	Feb 2月	Mar 3月	Apr 4月	May 5月	Jun 6月	Jul 7月	Aug 8月	Sep 9月	Oct 10月	Nov 11月	Dec 12月
Board Nomination Committee	董事會 提名委員會 薪酬委員會			5		1			1			1	
Remuneration Committee Audit Committee Investment and Risk	審核委員會 投資與風險管理			<i>✓</i>		•			√		1		
Management Committee General Meeting	委員會 股東大會			1		5		1			1	✓1	1

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board has held four regular Board meetings.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has held an annual general meeting (the "**2023 AGM**") and a special general meeting.

The table below sets forth the number of such meetings of the Board and Board Committees and general meetings attended by each Director who held office during the year ended 31 December 2023:

Note 1: The Board has held two Investment and Risk Management Committee meetings in November 2023.

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會已舉行四次常 規董事會會議。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司已舉行一次股 東週年大會(「2023年股東週年大會」)及一次股東特別 大會。

下表載列於截至2023年12月31日止年度各在任董事出 席該等董事會會議及董事會委員會會議以及股東大會 之次數:

附註1: 於2023年11月,董事會舉行了兩次投資與風險 管理委員會會議。

Attendance/Number of meetings 會議出席率/次數

		Board	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee	Audit Committee	Investment and Risk Management Committee 小资的国险	General Meeting
Name of Director	董事姓名	董事會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	投資與風險 管理委員會	股東大會
Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and	黨委書記、主席兼執行董事:						
Executive Director: Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)	張志武先生(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日 辭任總裁)	4/4	0/1	-	-	-	2/2
President and Executive Director: Mr. Li Guangming (appointed as President and Director on 4 September 2023) (Note i)	總裁兼執行董事: 李光明先生 (於2023年9月4日獲委任 為總裁及董事)(<i>附註i</i>)	1/1	-	-	-	-	1/1
Non-executive Directors: Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023) (Note ii)	非執行董事: 王宏新先生 (於2023年12月29日辭任) (附註ii)	4/4	-	2/2	3/3	6/6	2/2
Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024) <i>(Note iii)</i>	(約2017) 陳新國先生(於2024年 2月7日辭任)(附註iii)	4/4	-	-	-	N/A 不適用	2/2
Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023) (Note iv)	2月7日新日)(<i>四年</i> 日) 卞書明先生 (於2023年9月4日辭任) <i>(附註iv)</i>	3/3	-	-	-	1、旭川	1/1
Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 September 2023) <i>(Note v)</i>	劉清明先生(於2023年 12月29日獲委任) (附註v)	N/A 不適用	-	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Zhao Xianwen (appointed on 7 February 2024)	趙賢文先生(於2024年 2月7日獲委任)	N/A 不適用	-	-	-	-	N/A 不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick	獨立非執行董事: 王民浩先生 楊校生先生 梁子正先生	4/4 4/4 4/4	1/1 1/1 -	2/2 2/2 _	- 3/3 3/3	- 6/6 6/6	2/2 0/2 2/2

- Note i: Mr. Li Guangming was appointed as President and an executive Director on 4 September 2023. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 4 September 2023.
- Note ii: Mr. Wang Hongxin resigned as a non-executive Director, the chairman of the Investment and Risk Management Committee and the member of the Audit Committee, and the Remuneration Committee on 29 December 2023. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023. During the year ended 31 December 2023, two general meetings were held before his resignation took effect.
- Note iii: Mr. Chen Xinguo resigned as a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Investment and Risk Management Committee on 7 February 2024. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 7 February 2024.
- Note iv: Mr. Bian Shuming resigned as a non-executive Director on 4 September 2023. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 4 September 2023. During the year ended 31 December 2023, one general meeting was held before his resignation took place.
- Note v: Mr. Liu Qingming was appointed as a non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee on 29 December 2023. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023. Mr. Liu was appointed as the chairman of the Investment and Risk Management Committee on 7 February 2024. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 7 February 2024. During the year ended 31 December 2023, no general meeting was held after his appointment took effect.

Corporate Governance

The Board has carried out its duties and responsibilities as set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code including the development of policies and practices on corporate governance, monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the code of conduct applicable to the employees of the Company and the Directors, the compliance with the CG Code of the Company and the disclosure in this report.

Training and support for Directors

In accordance with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code with regards to continuous professional development, all Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Upon appointment to the Board, all newly appointed Directors have been provided with necessary induction training and materials to ensure that they have proper understanding of the operation and business of the Company and their responsibilities under the relevant laws, regulations and rules.

To further ensure that all Directors are adequately informed about the Company's business and operations as well as their responsibilities under relevant laws, rules and regulations, the Company Secretary regularly provides all Directors with information regarding the Company's most recent performance as well as updates on latest amendments and developments to the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has organised training in respect of the latest updates with the Listing Rules.

- 附註i: 李光明先生於2023年9月4日獲委任為總裁兼執行董 事。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2023年9月4日的 公告。
- 附註ii: 王宏新先生於2023年12月29日辭任非執行董事、投資 與風險管理委員會主席以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會 成員。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2023年12月29 日的公告。於截至2023年12月31日止年度,兩次股東 大會於其辭任生效前擧行。
- 附註iii: 陳新國先生於2024年2月7日辭任非執行董事及投資與 風險管理委員會主席。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為2024年2月7日的公告。
- 附註iv: 卞書明先生於2023年9月4日辭任非執行董事。有關詳 情,請參閱本公司日期為2023年9月4日的公告。於截 至2023年12月31日止年度,一次股東大會於其辭任生 效前舉行。
- 附註v: 劉清明先生於2023年12月29日獲委任為非執行董事以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。有關詳情,請參 閱本公司日期為2023年12月29日的公告。劉先生於 2024年2月7日獲委任為投資與風險管理委員會主席。 有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2024年2月7日的公 告。於截至2023年12月31日止年度,並無股東大會於 其委任生效後舉行。

企業管治

董事會已履行企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條所載 有關其職責及責任,包括制定企業管治政策及常規、監 察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展、檢討及 監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規、 適用於本公司僱員及董事的行為守則、本公司遵守企業 管治守則的情況及於本報告內作出的披露。

董事的培訓及支援

根據企業管治守則有關持續專業發展的守則條文第 C.1.4條,全體董事已獲鼓勵參加持續專業發展,以發展 並更新其知識及技能。

於獲委任加入董事會時,所有新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓及資料,確保其對本公司的運營及業務以 及相關法律、法規及規則對彼等的責任有適當程度的了 解。

為進一步確保全體董事充分認識本公司的業務及營運 以及彼等本身於相關法律、規則及規例下的責任,公司 秘書定期向全體董事提供有關本公司最近期表現的資 料,亦不時向全體董事提供上市規則以及其他相關法律 及監管規定的最新修訂及發展的最新資料。於截至2023 年12月31日止年度,本公司舉辦了有關上市規則最新發 展的培訓。

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2023 received the following training during the same period according to the records provided by the Directors:

根據董事提供的記錄,於截至2023年12月31日止年度 在任董事於同期接受的培訓如下:

TYPES OF TRAINING: 培訓種類:

		Attendance for trainings/seminars/ meetings in respect of the Company's business or duties of Directors	Reading of materials in respect of updates on the Company's business, duties and responsibilities of Directors and regulatory requirements 閱讀與本公司業務、	
		出席有關本公司業務或 董事職責的培訓/ 研討會/會議		造訪發電廠及 設施以及各自的 管理人員
Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and Executive Director:	黨委書記、主席兼執行董事:			
Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)	張志武先生(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日辭任總裁)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
President and Executive Director: Mr. Li Guangming (appointed as President and Director on 4 September 2023)	總裁兼執行董事: 李光明先生 (於2023年9月4日獲委任為總裁及董事)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:			

Non-executive Directors: Mr. Wang Hongxin (resigned on	非執行董事: 王宏新先生 (於2023年12月29日辭任)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
29 December 2023) Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024)	陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023)	卞書明先生(於2023年9月4日辭任)	N/A 不適用	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Liu Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023)	劉清明先生(於2023年12月29日獲委任)	N/A 不適用	\checkmark	N/A 不適用
Mr. Zhao Xianwen (appointed on 7 February 2024)	趙賢文先生(於2024年2月7日獲委任)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. Wang Minhao Mr. Yang Xiaosheng Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick	獨立非執行董事: 王民浩先生 楊校生先生 梁子正先生	 	 	

Directors' insurance

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance for the Directors to cover their liabilities arising out of corporate activities.

董事之保險

於截至2023年12月31日止年度內,本公司已安排適當 的責任保險,供董事應付因公司事務而產生的責任。

Compliance with the Model Code for Directors' securities transactions

The Company has adopted its own code for securities transactions by Directors (the "**Company Code**"), which are on terms no less exacting than those set out in the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules, as a code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiries, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code and the Company Code during the year ended 31 December 2023.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), a Nomination Committee and an Investment and Risk Management Committee (collectively, the "Board Committees"). The terms of reference of the Board Committees are posted on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), respectively. Members of the Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

遵守董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納一套董事進行證券交易的守則(「本公司 守則」),該守則不遜於上市規則附錄C3所載的標準守 則,以作為董事買賣本公司證券的行為守則。經作出具 體查詢後,全體董事均確認彼等於截至2023年12月31 日止年度內已遵守標準守則及本公司守則。

董事會委員會

董事會已設立審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」)、薪酬委員會 (「**薪酬委員會**」)、提名委員會及投資與風險管理委員 會(統稱為「董事會委員會」)。董事會委員會的職權範圍 分別刊載於本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交 所**」)網站。董事會委員會成員在履行職責時已獲提供充 裕資源,並可在適當情況下經作出合理要求後,尋求獨 立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。



Audit Committee

As at 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee was chaired by Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick (independent non-executive Director), and the members are Mr. Liu Qingming (non-executive Director, appointed on 29 December 2023) and Mr. Yang Xiaosheng (independent non-executive Director). Before 29 December 2023, Mr. Wang Hongxin (former non-executive Director) served as a member of the Audit Committee.

審核委員會

於2023年12月31日,審核委員會由梁子正先生(獨立非 執行董事)擔任主席,成員包括劉清明先生(非執行董 事,於2023年12月29日獲委任)及楊校生先生(獨立非執 行董事)。於2023年12月29日前,王宏新先生(前非執行 董事)擔任審核委員會成員。

The majority of the members of the Audit Committee are independent nonexecutive Directors. The major duties of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Relationship with the Company's external auditors

- to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) to consider the plan for each year's audit submitted by the external auditors and discuss the same at a meeting if necessary;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- (d) to discuss with the auditors the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences; and
- (e) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, "external auditor" includes any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party knowing all relevant information would reasonably conclude to be part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The Audit Committee should report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed.

Review of the financial information of the Company

- (f) to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual reports and accounts, half-year reports and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them. In reviewing these reports before submission to the Board, the Audit Committee shall focus particularly on:
 - (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - (ii) major judgmental areas;
 - (iii) significant adjustments resulting from audit;
 - (iv) the going concern assumptions and any qualifications;
 - (v) compliance with accounting standards; and
 - (vi) compliance with the Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting.

審核委員會大多數成員為獨立非執行董事。審核委員會 的主要職責如下:

與本公司外部核數師的關係

- (a) 主要負責就外部核數師的委任、重新委任及罷
 免向董事會作出推薦建議,批准外部核數師的
 薪酬及聘用條款,以及處理任何有關核數師辭
 任或辭退的問題;
- (b) 考慮外部核數師提交的每年核數計劃及(如需 要)在會議中就該計劃進行討論;
- (c) 按適用的標準檢討及監察外部核數師是否獨立 客觀及核數過程是否有效;
- (d) 於核數工作開始前,先與核數師討論核數性質 及範圍及有關申報責任;及
- (e) 就委聘外部核數師提供非核數服務制定政策, 並予以執行。就此而言,「外部核數師」包括任何 與核數公司處於同一控制權、所有權或管理權 之下的任何機構,或一名合理知悉所有有關資 料的第三方合理斷定該機構屬於核數公司的本 土或國際業務的一部分的任何機構。審核委員 會應就任何須採取的行動或改善的事項向董事 會報告並作出推薦建議。

審閱公司的財務資料

- (f) 監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、 半年度報告及(若擬刊發)季度報告的完整性, 並審閱該等資料所載有關財務申報的重大判 斷。審核委員會在向董事會提交有關報告前,應 特別針對下列事項加以審閱:
 - (i) 會計政策及慣例的任何變更;
 - (ii) 涉及主要判斷的項目;
 - (iii) 因核數產生的重大調整;
 - (iv) 持續經營的假設及任何保留意見;
 - (v) 是否遵守會計準則;及
 - (vi) 是否遵守有關財務申報的上市規則及 法律規定。

- (g) in regard to (f) above:
 - members of the Audit Committee should liaise with the Board and senior management and the Audit Committee must meet, at least twice a year, with the Company's auditors; and
 - (ii) the Audit Committee shall consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in the reports and accounts and should give due consideration to any matters that have been raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, internal auditors or external auditors.

Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system and internal control systems

- to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- to discuss the internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- (k) to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (I) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (m) to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- (o) to review arrangements which employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The Audit Committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate followup action;

- (g) 就上文(f)項而言:
 - (i) 審核委員會成員應與董事會及高級管 理人員聯絡。審核委員會須至少每年與 本公司核數師開會兩次;及
 - (ii) 審核委員會應考慮於該等報告及賬目 中所反映或可能需反映的任何重大或 不尋常事項,並應適當考慮任何由本公 司負責會計及財務申報的職員、內部核 數師或外部核數師提出的事宜。

監管本公司財務申報制度及內部監控系統

- (h) 檢討本公司的財務監控、內部監控及風險管理
 系統;
- 與管理層討論內部監控系統,確保管理層已履 行其職責,建立有效的有關系統。討論內容應包 括本公司在會計及財務申報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有關預算是否足 夠;
- (j) 對董事會委派或主動進行的有關內部監控事宜 的重要調查結果以及管理層對該等調查結果的 回應進行研究;
- (k) 確保內部核數師與外部核數師的工作得到協調,也須確保內部審核職能在本公司內部有足夠資源運作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討及監察其成效;
 - 檢討本集團財務及會計政策及實務;

(1)

- (m) 檢討外部核數師給予管理層的函件、核數師就 會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理層提出 的重大疑問以及管理層所作出的回應;
- (n) 確保董事會及時回應於外部核數師給予管理層
 的函件中提出的事宜;
- (o) 檢討本公司制定的以下安排:本公司僱員可暗 中就財務申報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生 的不正當行為提請關注。審核委員會應確保有 適當安排,讓本公司對此等事宜作出公平獨立 的調查及採取適當行動;
- (p) to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;
- (q) to review the continuing connected transactions to ensure compliance with the terms approved by shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders");
- to establish whistleblowing policies and systems to allow employees and others who have dealings with the Company (such as customers and suppliers) to raise their concerns in secret to the Audit Committee about any possible improper matters regarding the Company;
- (s) to report to the Board on the above matters; and
- (t) to consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee adopted by the Company are in line with the provisions of the CG Code, a copy of which was posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, three Audit Committee meetings were held, *inter alia*, to review the 2022 annual results, the 2023 interim results and the internal control of the Group. The attendance records are set out under the section headed "Number of meetings and Directors' attendance" in this report. A recent meeting of the Audit Committee was held on 15 March 2024 to consider the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023, the external auditor's independence and objectivity, the effectiveness of the audit process and the Group's internal control system, which covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

Remuneration Committee

As at 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee was chaired by Mr. Wang Minhao (independent non-executive Director), and the members are Mr. Liu Qingming (non-executive Director, appointed on 29 December 2023) and Mr. Yang Xiaosheng (independent non-executive Director). Before 29 December 2023, Mr. Wang Hongxin (former non-executive Director) served as a member of the Remuneration Committee.

- 擔任本公司與外部核數師之間的主要代表,負 責監察二者之間的關係;
- (q) 檢討持續關連交易,以確保該等交易遵守本公司股東(「股東」)所批准的條款;
- (r) 制定舉報政策及系統,讓僱員及其他與本公司 有往來者(如客戶及供應商)可暗中就任何可能 發生的與本公司有關的潛在不當事宜向審核委 員會提出關注;
- (s) 就上述事宜向董事會匯報;及
- (t) 研究其他由董事會界定的課題。

本公司所採納的審核委員會職權範圍符合企業管治守則的條文,並分別於本公司及聯交所的網站登載。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,審核委員會曾舉行三 次會議,以審議(其中包括)2022年全年業績、2023年 中期業績及本集團的內部控制情況。有關出席記錄載於 本報告「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。審核委員會最 近一次會議於2024年3月15日舉行,以審議本集團截至 2023年12月31日止年度的經審核財務報表、外部核數 師的獨立性及客觀性、審核程序及本集團內部控制系統 的有效性(涵蓋所有重要的監控範疇,包括財務、運營及 合規監控和風險管理職能)。

薪酬委員會

(p)

於2023年12月31日,薪酬委員會由王民浩先生(獨立非 執行董事)擔任主席,成員包括劉清明先生(非執行董 事,於2023年12月29日獲委任)及楊校生先生(獨立非執 行董事)。於2023年12月29日前,王宏新先生(前非執行 董事)擔任薪酬委員會成員。

The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors. The major duties of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- to assess, review and make recommendations once a year or as and when required, to the Board in respect of the remuneration packages and overall benefits for the Directors;
- (b) to make recommendations to the Board in relation to all consultancy agreements and service contracts or any variations, renewals or modifications thereof, entered into between the Company and the Directors or any associate company of any of them;
- to consider what details of the remuneration/benefits of the Directors should be reported in the Company's annual reports and accounts in addition to those required by law and how those details should be presented;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for remuneration of all Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (e) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment);
- (g) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of nonexecutive Directors;
- (h) to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities as well as employment conditions of other positions in the Group;
- to review and approve compensation payable to executive Director and senior management of the Company for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and reasonable and not excessive;
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- (k) to ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in (k) deciding his/her own remuneration; and
- (I) to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, and to make disclosure and give explanation on the appropriateness of such material matters (if any) being reviewed and/or approved in the Corporate Governance Report.

薪酬委員會的大多數成員為獨立非執行董事。薪酬委員 會的主要職責如下:

- (a) 每年或於有需要時就董事的薪酬待遇及整體福
 利進行評估、檢討,並向董事會作出推薦建議;
- (b) 就本公司與董事或任何董事的任何聯營公司訂 立的所有諮詢協議及服務合同或有關該等協議 及合同的任何變更、續訂或修訂向董事會作出 推薦建議;
- (c) 考慮除法律規定的資料外,應在本公司年度報告及賬目內呈報的董事薪酬/福利詳情,以及呈列有關詳情的方式;
- (d) 就全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構 及為制定薪酬政策而設立正規而具透明度的程 序向董事會作出推薦建議;
 - 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准 管理層的薪酬建議;

(e)

(f)

(h)

(i)

(j)

(|)

- 就釐定個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待 遇(包括實物福利、退休金權利及賠償金(包括 就其喪失或終止職位或委任而應支付的任何賠 償))向董事會作出推薦建議;
- (g) 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會作出推薦建議;
 - 考慮可資比較公司支付的薪金、時間承諾及責 任以及本集團內其他職位的僱傭情況;
 - 檢討及批准就執行董事及本公司高級管理人員 喪失或終止職位或委任而應向其支付的賠償, 確保賠償與合同條款一致,且屬公平合理,亦不 會過多;
 - 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關 董事所涉及的賠償安排,確保賠償安排與合同 條款一致,且屬合理適宜;
 - 確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人參與釐定其本身 的薪酬;及
 - 審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章所述有關股份計劃的事宜,以及在企業管治報告中就審閱 及/或批准的該等重大事項(如有)的適當性作出 披露及解釋。

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee adopted by the Company are in line with the provisions of the CG Code, a copy of which was posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, two Remuneration Committee meetings were held, *inter alia*, to review the remuneration structure and packages of the Directors and senior management, and consider the emoluments of candidates for the Directors. The attendance records are set out under the section headed "Number of meetings and Directors' attendance" in this report. A recent meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held on 15 March 2024 to consider and review, among others, the Group's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration, the current remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company.

Nomination Committee

As at 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee was chaired by Mr. Zhang Zhiwu (Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman and executive Director) and the members were Mr. Wang Minhao (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Yang Xiaosheng (independent non-executive Director).

The majority of the members of the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors. The major duties of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy of the Company;
- (b) to develop the criteria for identifying and assessing the qualifications of and evaluating candidates for directorship, including but not limited to assessing the balance of skills, knowledge and experience as well as diversification of Board members, and based on the assessment results, to prepare a description of the roles and capabilities required for individual appointments;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (d) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the president of the Company;
- (f) to do any such things to enable the Nomination Committee to discharge its powers and functions conferred on it by the Board;

本公司所採納的薪酬委員會職權範圍符合企業管治守 則的條文,並分別於本公司及聯交所的網站登載。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會曾舉行兩 次會議,以檢討(其中包括)薪酬架構、董事及高級管理 層的薪酬組合,及考慮董事候選人的酬金。有關出席記 錄載於本報告「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。薪酬委 員會最近一次會議於2024年3月15日舉行,以審議及檢 討(其中包括)本集團全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬 政策及架構、本公司董事及高級管理層的現有薪酬組 合。

提名委員會

於2023年12月31日,提名委員會由張志武先生(黨委 書記、主席兼執行董事)擔任主席,成員包括王民浩先生 (獨立非執行董事)及楊校生先生(獨立非執行董事)。

提名委員會的大多數成員均為獨立非執行董事。提名委員會的主要職責如下:

- (a) 至少每年檢討一次董事會的架構、人數、組成 及是否多元化(包括性別、年齡、文化及教育背 景、種族、技能、知識及經驗),並為配合本公司 的公司策略而對董事會作出任何建議變動的推 薦建講;
- (b) 建立標準以物色、評估及評定董事候選人的資格,包括但不限於評估技能、知識及經驗是否均衡,以及董事會成員是否多元化,並基於評估結果編製有關委聘人士的角色及須具備的能力的說明;
- (c) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會 作出推薦建議;
- (d) 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;

(e)

(f)

- 就委任或重新委任董事及董事(特別是本公司 主席及總裁)繼任計劃向董事會作出推薦建議;
- 進行任何使提名委員會能夠履行董事會賦予其 之權力及職能的事項;

(g)

- (g) to conform to any requirement, direction, and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the Bye-laws or imposed by the Listing Rules or applicable law; and
- (h) to review the Board's diversity policy, as appropriate; and review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Board's diversity policy.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee adopted by the Company are in line with the provisions of the CG Code, a copy of which was posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

Where vacancy on the Board exists, the Nomination Committee will carry out a selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations, and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of candidates for directorship.

The Board has also adopted a Board diversity policy. Below is a summary of the policy:

"The Board recognizes that board diversity is an essential element contributing to the sustainable development of the Company and enhances Board effectiveness and corporate governance. In determining the optimum composition of the Board, all Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Board aims to maintain a Board which has an appropriate mix of diversity, skills, experience and expertise, as well as a balanced composition of executive and nonexecutive directors (including independent non-executive directors) so that there is also independent element on the Board."

The Company has an unwavering commitment to talent as a prime resource for development. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, industry experience, skills, knowledge and length of service in related business areas.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, one Nomination Committee meeting was held, *inter alia*, to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and to consider, nominate and recommend appointment and re-appointment of Directors. The attendance records are set out under the section headed "Number of meetings and Directors' attendance" in this report. A recent meeting of the Nomination Committee was held on 15 March 2024 to consider and review, among others, the composition of the Board, succession planning for the Directors and the Board's diversity policy.

- 遵守由董事會不時規定或細則所載或由上市規 則或適用法律所施加的任何要求、指示及規則; 及
- (h) 檢討董事會多元化政策(如適用);並檢討董事 會就落實董事會多元化政策而制定的可計量目 標。

本公司所採納的提名委員會職權範圍符合企業管治守 則的條文,並分別於本公司及聯交所的網站登載。

倘董事會有空缺,提名委員會將參考建議候選人的技 能、經驗、專業知識、個人誠信及時間承諾、本公司的需 求及其他有關法定要求及規則進行遴選,並挑選董事候 選人或就此向董事會作出建議。

董事會亦已採納有關董事會多元化政策。以下為該政策 之摘要:

「董事會認為董事會的多元化是本公司可持續發展的一個基本要素,並可提高董事會的效率及加強企業管治。 本公司在制定董事會成員的最佳組合時均以用人唯才 為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件顧及董事會成員 多元化的益處。董事會旨在建設融合多元化、技能、經 驗及專長的董事會,並維持執行董事與非執行董事(包 括獨立非執行董事)的數量均衡以使董事會具備獨立元 素。」

本公司堅定不移地遵守人才是發展重要資源的原則。 甄選董事會人選將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括但 不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、行業經 驗、技能、知識及於相關行業領域的從業時間。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,提名委員會曾舉行一 次會議,以審議(其中包括)董事會的架構、人數、組成 及多元化,並考慮、提名及建議委任及重選董事。有關 出席記錄載於本報告「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。 提名委員會最近一次會議於2024年3月15日舉行,以審 議及檢討(其中包括)董事會的組成、董事繼任計劃及董 事會多元化政策。

The Company is conscious of maintaining a Board made up with an appropriate level of female members. Although the Board is currently of all male members, the Company will endeavor to achieve gender diversity by appointing at least one female Board member by no later than 31 December 2024. While conscious efforts are being taken by the Company to fulfil its pledges, all appointments are ultimately made on a merit basis taking into account available and suitable candidates.

The Board will use its best endeavors to appoint female Directors to the Board (taking into consideration the management continuity and the timeline for retirement and re-election of Directors under the Bye-laws) and the Nomination Committee will seek to identify and recommend suitable female candidates to the Board for its consideration on nomination of a Director, based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, industry experience, skills, knowledge and length of service in related business areas. The Company will also continue to ensure that there is gender diversity when recruiting staff at mid to senior level so that the Company will have a pipeline of female management and potential successors to the Board in due time to ensure gender diversity of the Board. The Group will continue to emphasize training of female talent and provide long-term development opportunities for female staff.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had about 2,056 full-time employees, comprising of approximately 1,798 males and 258 females (that is, a maleto-female ratio of approximately 7:1). The Group will continue to strive for gender diversity and increase the female-to-male ratio in the whole workforce in order to reflect the gender equality principle generally adhered by the Group. The Board is mindful of the objectives for the factors as set out above for assessing the candidacy of the Board members, and will ensure that any successors to the Board shall follow the gender diversity policy. Similar considerations shall also be in place to assess the candidacy of the senior management team from time to time. The Group is determined to maintain gender diversity and equality in terms of the whole workforce, and to procure the senior management team to achieve gender equality in terms of the gender ratio within an approximately one-year timeframe. The Company expects the above is achievable with suitable effort in promoting the gender diversity culture.

The Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism (the "**Mechanism**") is designed to ensure a strong independent element on the Board for ensuring independent views and input are available to the Board which allows the Board to exercise independent judgment effectively and enhances the accountability and transparency of the Board, so as to better safeguard Shareholders' interests. An annual review on Board independence has been conducted to assess the Directors' contribution to the Board (including the viewpoints, perspectives, skills and experience they bring to the Board), aims to ensure that it remains independent in judgement, and to continue to present an objective and constructive challenge to the assumptions and viewpoints presented by the management. The Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Mechanism and makes changes as necessary. 本公司意識到維持董事會有適當比率的女性成員。雖然 董事會現時成員均為男性,但本公司將盡力於2024年 12月31日前透過委任至少一名女性董事會成員以實現 性別多元化。儘管本公司有意努力兌現其承諾,但所有 委任最終將參考可獲得的合適候選人以任人唯才為基 準而作出。

董事會將盡力委任女性董事加入董事會(經計及管理層 持續性及根據細則董事退任及重選時間線),且提名委 員會於提名董事時將設法物色及推薦合適女性候選人 加入董事會,以供董事會考慮,並以一系列多元化角度 為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗、行業經驗、技能、知識及於相關業務領域的 從業時間。本公司亦將繼續確保招聘中高級員工時考慮 性別多元化,以令本公司有合適的女性管理層渠道及潛 在繼任人,可適時加入董事會,以確保董事會性別多元 化。本集團將繼續重視培訓女性人才及為女性員工提供 長遠發展機會。

於2023年12月31日,本集團有約2,056名全職僱員,包 括約1,798名男性及258名女性(即男女性別比例約為 7:1)。本集團將繼續致力於性別多元化及增加整個團隊 中女男性別比例,以達致本集團遵循的性別平等原則。 董事會評估董事會成員候選人時以上文所載因素為宗 旨,並將確保董事會任何繼任人將遵循性別多元化政 策,亦將不時訂有類似因素以評估高級管理層團隊的候 選人資格。本集團決心維持整個團隊的性別多元化及平 等性,並促使於一年內在性別比例方面實現高級管理層 團隊性別平等。本公司預期在有適當的力度推動性別多 元化的文化之下,將可實現上文所述。

董事會獨立性評估機制(「機制」)旨在確保董事會擁有 較強的獨立元素,以確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點和意 見,從而使董事會有效地進行獨立判斷,並提升董事會 的問責及透明度,更好地保障股東利益。董事會獨立性 已進行年度審查,以評估各董事對董事會的貢獻(包括 為董事會帶來的觀點與角度、技能及經驗),確保其在判 斷上保持獨立,並繼續對管理層提出的假設和觀點作出 客觀和建設性的質詢。董事會已檢討機制的實施及有效 性,並在需要時作出更改。

The major contents of the Mechanism are as follows:

- Nomination Committee is established and maintained with clear terms of reference to identify suitable candidates, including independent nonexecutive Directors, for appointment as Directors;
- (b) "Procedures for Nomination of Directors and its Processes and Criteria" is in place with details of the process and criteria of identifying, selecting, recommending, cultivating and integrating new Directors;
- (c) Every independent non-executive Director is required to confirm in writing to the Company his/her independence upon his/ her appointment as Director in accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Nomination of Directors and its Processes and Criteria" and the Listing Rules as well as other regulatory requirements (including but not limited to the requirements on independence, qualifications, number of Directors and Board diversity);
- (d) Each independent non-executive Director has to declare his/her past or present financial or other interests in the business of the Company and its subsidiaries as soon as practicable, or his/her connection with any of the Company's connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules), if any;
- (e) Each independent non-executive Director is required to inform the (e) Company as soon as practicable if there is any change in his/her own personal particulars that may affect his/her independence;
- Each independent non-executive Director is required to devote sufficient time to the discharge of his duties as a Director and actively participate in the meetings of the Board and the Board Committees;
- (g) The Nomination Committee will assess annually the independence of all independent non-executive Directors and confirm if each of them still satisfies the criteria of independence as set out in the Listing Rules and is free from any relationships and circumstances which are likely to affect, or could appear to affect, their own independent judgement. Every Nomination Committee member is required to abstain from assessing his/her own independence;
- (h) Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an independent non-executive Director at the general meeting, it will set out in the circular to Shareholders the reasons it believes he/ she should be elected and the reasons it considers him/her to be independent. The relevant independent non-executive Director is required to abstain from assessing his/her own independence; and
- Directors are encouraged to access and consult with the Company's senior management independently, if necessary.

機制主要內容如下:

(f)

(i)

- (a) 成立及維持一個有明確職權範圍的提名委員會
 以物色合適的人選委任為董事,包括獨立非執
 行董事;
- (b) 制定《董事的提名程序及其流程和要求制度》, 詳述物色、甄選、推薦、培養和整合新董事的過 程和標準;
- (c) 每名獨立非執行董事在獲委任為董事時均須按 照本公司的《董事的提名程序及其流程和要求 制度》以及上市規則及其他監管規定(包括但不 限於董事獨立性、資格、人數及董事會多元化的 規定),以書面形式向本公司確認其獨立性;
- (d) 每名獨立非執行董事須在切實可行範圍內盡快 申報其過去或現在於本公司及其附屬公司業務 中的財務或其他利益,或其與本公司任何關連 人士(定義見上市規則)的關係(如有);
 - 每名獨立非執行董事如其個人資料有任何變 動,因而可能影響其獨立性,須盡快通知本公 司;
 - 每名獨立非執行董事須投入足夠的時間以履行 其作為董事的職務,並應積極參與董事會及董 事會委員會的會議;
- (g) 提名委員會將每年評估所有獨立非執行董事的 獨立性,並確認每位獨立非執行董事仍符合上 市規則所載的獨立性標準,以及是否不存在任 何可能影響其自身的獨立判斷的關係和情況。 每位提名委員會成員均需回避評估其自身的獨 立性;
- (h) 如董事會在股東大會上提呈選舉個別人士為獨 立非執行董事的決議,將在致股東的通函中列 明其認為該人士應當選及獨立的理由。相關獨 立非執行董事均需回避評估其自身的獨立性; 及
 - 本公司鼓勵董事獨立地接觸及諮詢公司高級管 理層(如需要)。

As at the date of this report, the following table and paragraph illustrates the composition and diversity of the Board in terms of four objective criteria, namely (i) age group, (ii) cultural and educational background, (iii) professional experience and (iv) industry experience, skills and knowledge.

於本報告日期,以下表格及段落說明就下列四個客觀標準而言董事會的構成及成員多元化,即(i)年齡組別,(ii) 文化及教育背景,(iii)專業經驗及(iv)行業經驗、技能及 知識。

Age group 年齡組別				Cultural and o 文·	education 化及教育剂	Professional experience 專業經驗				
	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 to 79	Bachelor's degree holder	Maste degr hold	ee degree	Engineering	Accounting, Economics and Finance 會計丶經濟	
4	0至49歲	50至59歲	60至69歲	70至79歲	學士	碩	士 博士	工程	□ · 經// 及財務	
	14%	43%	29%	14%	57%	2	9% 14%	57%	43%	
			e, each of the skills or knowle	Directors has at l edge:	east one of the	除上 或知詞	表者外,各董事擁有 ^{截:}	以下至少一項行	行業經驗、技能	
(a)	Experier	nce of electric	power or energ	y-related industrie	es;	(a)	與電力或能源相關	關行業經驗;		
(b)	Enginee	ring and Mech	anic;			(b)	工程及機械;			
(c)	c) Strategic planning;					(c)	戰略規劃;			
(d)	Investme	ent and risk ma	anagement;			(d)	投資及風險管理	;		
(e)		te managemer er aspects);	nt (including in	ternal control, op	erations, assets	(e)	企業管理(包括內部控制、營運、資產等方面);			
(f)	Project i	managment;				(f)	項目管理;			
(g)	Financia	Il (including ac	counting, finan	ce, corporate fina	nce, tax, etc.);	(g)	財務(包括會計、金融、企業融資、稅務等);			
(h)	Negotiat	tion and execu	tion of commer	cial contracts;		(h)	商業合同磋商及執行;			
(i)	Public n	nanagement ar	nd venture man	agement;		(i)	公共管理及創業管理;			
(j)	Environr	nental protectio	on;			(j)	環境保護;			
(k)	k) Experience in management of listed companies;				(k)	上市公司管理經驗	上市公司管理經驗;			
(1)	I) Familiarity with the business environment of China; and			ł	()	深諳中國營商環境;及				
(m)		ity with the b onal business		onment of Hong	Kong and the	(m)	n) 深諳香港營商環境及國際營商環境。			

The Nomination Committee considers that the existing composition of the Board is diversified, taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's operations, specific needs as well as the different background of our Directors. Furthermore, the Nomination Committee recommends that the diversity of the Board in terms of (i) cultural and educational background, (ii) professional experience, and (iii) industry experience, skills and knowledge should be maintained, and that the Board should adopt these criteria as the basis for the selection and assessment of candidates for Directors by the Nomination Committee in the future. 提名委員會認為現有董事會組成屬多元化,當中已計及 本集團業務的性質及範圍、特定需求以及董事的不同背 景。此外,提名委員會建議應維持董事會在(i)文化及教 育背景,(ii)專業經驗,及(iii)行業經驗、技能及知識方面 的多元化,且董事會應採納該等標準作為提名委員會日 後甄選及評估董事候選人的基準。

Investment and Risk Management Committee

As of 31 December 2023, the Investment and Risk Management Committee was chaired by Mr. Chen Xinguo (former non-executive Director, resigned on 7 February 2024), and the members were Mr. Yang Xiaosheng (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick (independent non-executive Director).

Mr. Chen Xinguo was appointed on 29 December 2023 as chairman of the Investment and Risk Management Committee in place of Mr. Wang Hongxin who resigned on the same day. With effect from 7 February 2024, the Investment and Risk Management Committee was chaired by Mr. Liu Qingming (non-executive Director) in place of Mr. Chen Xinguo who resigned on the same day.

The majority of the members of the Investment and Risk Management Committee are independent non-executive Directors. The major duties of the Investment and Risk Management Committee are as follows:

- to review major investment and strategy and objectives of project financing of the Company;
- (b) to review any major investment, financing proposal and operating project matters of the Company that are subject to approval by the Board in accordance with the "Board of Directors Delegation of Authority Manual";
- to review the development and objectives of the Company's risk management system;
- to supervise the soundness, reasonableness and implementation effectiveness of the risk management system, and instruct the comprehensive risk management of the Company;
- to study the risks of significant matters in major investment and financing activities and operation management of the Company and make recommendations to the Board;
- (f) to study the significant investigation results and feedbacks from the management concerning the risk management of the Company; and
- (g) to handle other matters in relation to investment or risk management as delegated by the Board.

The terms of reference of the Investment and Risk Management Committee adopted by the Company are in line with the provisions of the CG Code, a copy of which was posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, six Investment and Risk Management Committee meetings were held to review the proposed investment project of the Group, the related proposals and reports of risk management. The attendance records are set out under the section headed "Number of meetings and Directors' attendance" in this report. A recent meeting of the Investment and Risk Management Committee was held on 15 March 2024 to consider and review, among others, the Comprehensive Risk Management Report, Comprehensive Risk Management Plan and the Risk Management Evaluation Report of the Group.

投資與風險管理委員會

於2023年12月31日,投資與風險管理委員會由陳新國 先生(前非執行董事,已於2024年2月7日辭任)擔任主 席,成員包括楊校生先生(獨立非執行董事)及梁子正先 生(獨立非執行董事)。

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陳新國先生於2023年12月29日獲委任為投資與風險管 理委員會主席以替代於同日辭任的王宏新先生。自2024 年2月7日起,劉清明先生(非執行董事)擔任投資與風險 管理委員會主席,以取代於同日辭任的陳新國先生。

投資與風險管理委員會的大多數成員均為獨立非執行 董事。投資與風險管理委員會的主要職責如下:

- (a) 審議本公司的重大投資、項目融資戰略及目標;
- (b) 審議《董事會的授權權限手冊》中規定須經董事 會批准的本公司重大投資、融資方案及運營項 目;
- (c) 審議本公司風險管理體系的發展及目標;

(d)

- 監督風險管理系統的健全性、合理性及執行的 有效性,指導本公司的全面風險管理工作;
- (e) 對本公司重大投資及融資活動以及經營管理中 重大事項進行風險研究,並向董事會作出建議;
- (f) 負責就有關本公司風險管理事宜的重要調查結 果及管理層的回饋進行研究;及
- (g) 處理董事會授權有關投資或風險管理的其他事 項。

本公司所採納的投資與風險管理委員會職權範圍符合 企業管治守則的條文,並分別於本公司及聯交所的網站 登載。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,投資與風險管理委員 會曾舉行六次會議,以審議本集團擬進行之投資項目、 風險管理的相關方案及報告。有關出席記錄載於本報告 「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。投資與風險管理委 員會最近一次會議於2024年3月15日舉行,以審議及檢 討(其中包括)本集團的全面風險管理報告、全面風險管 理方案及風險管理評價報告。

Company Secretary

Mr. Lee Kin, the company secretary of the Company, is a full time employee of the Group and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. Mr. Lee Kin was appointed as the Company Secretary on 26 January 2015. Mr. Lee Kin complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during his term of office in the year ended 31 December 2023. The biographical details of Mr. Lee Kin is set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

FINANCIAL REPORTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Financial reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, adopted appropriate International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, amendments to standards and the related interpretations, made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the accounts on a going concern basis. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement by the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this report.

External auditor's remuneration

KPMG has been appointed as the Company's external auditor since 29 June 2020. The Audit Committee has been notified of the scope, nature and the service charges of the audit and non-audit services performed by KPMG and considered that these audit and non-audit services have no adverse effect on the independence of KPMG. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of KPMG.

The remuneration paid to KPMG in respect of audit and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

公司秘書

本公司公司秘書李健先生為本集團的全職僱員,並熟悉 本公司日常事務。李健先生於2015年1月26日獲委任為 公司秘書。李健先生於截至2023年12月31日止年度在 任內已遵守上市規則第3.29條下有關專業培訓的規定。 李健先生的履歷詳情載於本報告「董事及經營高管簡歷」 — 節。

財務報告及內部控制

財務報告

董事確認彼等負責編製各財務期間的賬目,以真實及公 平地反映本集團的狀況。在編製截至2023年12月31日 止年度的賬目時,董事已選擇並貫徹應用適合的會計政 策,採納適宜的國際財務報告準則、國際會計準則、準 則之修訂以及相關詮釋、作出審慎合理的調整及預測, 並按持續經營基準編製賬目。董事並不知悉任何與可能 令本公司持續經營能力存在重大疑問的事件或情況有 關的重大不明朗因素。

本公司外部核數師就其申報責任作出的聲明,載於本報 告「獨立核數師報告」一節。

外部核數師薪酬

畢馬威會計師事務所已自2020年6月29日起獲委任為本 公司外部核數師。審核委員會已獲告知由畢馬威會計師 事務所履行的審核及非審核服務的範圍、性質及服務費 用,且認為該等審核及非審核服務並無對畢馬威會計師 事務所的獨立性造成不利影響。就選擇、委聘、辭任或 解僱畢馬威會計師事務所而言,董事會與審核委員會之 間並無分歧。

截至2023年12月31日止年度就審核及非審核服務向畢 馬威會計師事務所支付的薪酬如下:

Type of services provided by KPMG	畢馬威會計師事務所提供的服務種類	Amount of fees 費用金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services Non-audit services	審核服務 非審核服務	5,498 1,577
Total	總計	7,075

The non-audit services provided by KPMG mainly include issuing comfort letters on sufficiency of working capital of the Company for major transactions occurred in 2023 and tax advisory services.

畢馬威會計師事務所提供的非審核服務主要包括為 2023年發生的主要交易出具本公司營運資金充足的安 慰函及税務諮詢服務。

Risk management and internal control

The Board has the responsibility of evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems, and overseeing management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and management should provide a confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of these systems on an ongoing basis. The Board should ensure that a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems has been conducted at least annually. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management systems. The internal control system includes a defined management structure with segregation of duties and the implementation and continuous review of an internal control manual. The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted annual reviews on the Group's internal control system and make recommendations for strengthening such systems. The results of the review for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. No material deficiencies have been identified so far and there were no significant areas of concern which may affect the Shareholders.

A framework has been established for prudent and effective controls to enable risks to be identified, evaluated and managed. Procedures have been designed for the management of financial, strategic and operational risk management functions. The procedures provide reasonable assurance against material untrue statement or losses and to monitor the risks existing in the course of arriving at the Group's objectives.

The Board is satisfied that, based on information furnished to it and on its own observations, the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

The Company is aware of its disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and the Inside Information provisions under the Securities and Futures Ordinance and has put in place the proper procedure to ensure that any perceived inside information would be announced to the investing public on a timely basis.

The Company has an internal audit function.

The Audit Committee, *inter alia*, reviews the financial controls, risk management and internal controls systems of the Group and any significant internal control issues identified by the internal audit department, external auditors and management. The Audit Committee also considers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions and internal audit function and their training programmes and budgets. In addition, the Board has reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's ESG performance and reporting.

The Investment and Risk Management Committee reviews the development and objective of the risk management system.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責評估及釐定本集團達成策略目標時所願意 接納的風險性質及程度,並確保本集團設立及維持合適 及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統,以及監督管理層對 風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察,而管理 層應持續向董事會提供有關系統是否有效的確認。董事 會應確保最少每年檢討一次本集團的風險管理及內部 監控系統是否有效。該等系統乃就控制無法達致業務目 標之風險而設,並非旨在消除有關風險,且僅可就避免 出現重大錯誤或損失提供合理而非絕對的保證。

董事已審閱本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統之成效。 內部監控系統包括具有職責劃分的清晰管理架構,以及 內部監控手冊的實施及持續審閱。董事會通過審核委員 會每年審閱本集團的內部監控系統並就加強該系統作 出建議。截至2023年12月31日止年度的審閱結果已呈 報予審核委員會及董事會。至今並無發現任何重大不 足,亦無任何可能對股東造成影響的重大關注事宜。

我們已設立審慎及有效的監控架構,從而確認、評估及 管理風險。我們亦已為管理財務、戰略及營運風險管理 職能設計程序。有關程序為避免出現重大不實陳述或虧 損提供合理保證,並可監控於實現本集團目標過程中存 在的風險。

根據獲呈交資料及親自觀察,董事會認為風險管理及內 部監控系統有效及充分。

本公司知悉其於上市規則及證券及期貨條例內幕消息 條文項下之披露責任,並已制訂合適程序,確保及時向 大眾投資者公佈所發現的內幕消息。

本公司已設立內部審核職能。

審核委員會除上述職責外,還(其中包括)審閱本集團的 財務監控、風險管理及內部監控系統及由內部審計部、 外聘核數師及管理層所識別的任何重大內部監控事項。 審核委員會亦考慮本集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面 及內部審核職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足 夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。 此外,董事會已檢討本集團在環境、社會及管治表現和 匯報相關的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的 培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

投資與風險管理委員會則審議風險管理體系的發展及 目標。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company believes that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Group also recognizes the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which enable the Shareholders and investors to make appropriate investment decisions.

Shareholders are provided with contact details of the Company's public relations firm and share registrar, such as telephone hotline, fax number, email address and postal address, in order to enable them to make any query that they may have with respect to the Company.

Shareholders or investors can contact the public relations firm of the Company, Wonderful Sky Financial Group, to make enquiry or to provide suggestions, of which the contact details are as follows:

Tel:	(852) 3977 1881
Fax:	(852) 3102 0210
Email:	canne@wsfa.hk

In addition, Shareholders can contact Tricor Investor Services Limited, the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, if they have any enquiries about their shares of the Company and dividends.

The members of the Board and the Board Committees and KPMG are expected to be present to answer the Shareholders' questions at annual general meetings of the Company (the "**AGM**"). Meeting circulars are distributed to all Shareholders before AGM and special general meetings of the Company (the "**SGM**") in accordance with the timeline requirement as laid down in the Listing Rules and the Bye-laws.

As a channel to promote effective communication, the Group maintains a website where information on the Company's announcements, financial information and other information are posted. The Directors have reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the communication policy with the Shareholders and investors (the "**Communication Policy**"). Having considered the multiple channels of communication in place, the Board is satisfied that the Communication Policy has been properly implemented for the year ended 31 December 2023 and is effective.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, a special resolution was passed by the Shareholders at the AGM held on 23 May 2023 for amending the Bye-laws in order to (i) conform to the uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protections for issuers regardless of their place of incorporation set out in the amended Appendix A1 (former Appendix 3) to the Listing Rules which has come into effect on 1 January 2022; (ii) provide flexibility to the Company in terms of conducting of general meetings of Shareholders, by allowing the Company to convene and hold electronic and hybrid general meetings; and (iii) make other consequential and housekeeping amendments. Details of the amendments were set out in the circular of the Company dated 20 April 2023 and an up-to-date version of the Bye-laws is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司相信,與股東的有效溝通,對促進與投資者的關 係,以及加強投資者對本集團的業務表現及策略的了解 至關重要。本集團亦明白公司資料透明度和及時披露的 重要性,因其可令股東及投資者能夠作出適當的投資決 定。

股東已獲提供本公司的公關公司及股份過戶登記處的 聯絡資料,包括熱線電話、傳真號碼、電郵地址及郵寄 地址,讓彼等能夠作出有關本公司的任何查詢。

股東或投資者亦可透過下列方式聯絡本公司的公關公司皓天財經集團有限公司,以作出查詢或提出意見:

電話: (852) 3977 1881 傳真: (852) 3102 0210 電郵: cgnne@wsfg.hk

此外,股東如需就其所持本公司股份及股息作出任何查 詢,可聯絡本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登 記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17 樓。

預期董事會及董事會委員會成員和畢馬威會計師事務 所將出席本公司的股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」), 解答股東疑問。會議通函將按上市規則及細則規定的時 間,於本公司舉行股東週年大會及股東特別大會(「股東 特別大會」)前寄發予全體股東。

本集團設有網站以刊登本公司的公告、財務資料及其他 資料,作為推動有效溝通的渠道。董事已審閱與股東及 投資者通訊政策(「通訊政策」)的實施情況及有效性。經 計及現有的多個溝通渠道,董事會信納,截至2023年12 月31日止年度,通訊政策已妥為實施並有效。

憲章文件

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,股東於2023年5月23日 舉行的股東特別大會上通過一項有關修訂細則之決議 案,以(i)符合已於2022年1月1日生效的經修訂上市規則 附錄A1(前附錄三)所載發行人採用的同一套14項核心 股東保障水平(而不論其註冊成立地點為何);(ii)令本公 司可靈活召開股東大會,使本公司可召開及舉行電子及 混合股東大會;及(iii)作出其他相應及內部修訂。修訂的 詳情載於本公司日期為2023年4月20日的通函內,而最 新版本的細則分別於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM is one of the principal channels of communication with its Shareholders. It provides an opportunity for Shareholders to communicate face to face with the Directors about the Company's performance and operations. The 2023 AGM was held on 23 May 2023 at Boardroom 3-4, Mezzanine Floor, Renaissance Harbour View Hotel Hong Kong, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Resolutions passed at the 2023 AGM

Separate resolutions were proposed at the 2023 AGM on each substantive issue and the percentage of votes cast in favour of such resolutions is set out below:

股東调年大會

股東週年大會乃與股東溝通的主要渠道之一,讓股東 有機會就本公司的表現及營運與董事作面對面溝通。 2023年股東週年大會已於2023年5月23日在香港灣仔 港灣道一號香港萬麗海景酒店閣樓會議室三、四舉行。

於2023年股東週年大會上通過的決 議案

每項重要事項均於2023年股東週年大會上以獨立決議 案提呈,而投票贊成該等決議案的百分比載列如下:

Percentage of

	Resolutions proposed at the 2023 AGM 於2023年股東週年大會上提呈的決議案	Votes in Favour 投票贊成百分比
1.	To receive and consider the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, the Report of the Directors and the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 接納及省覽本公司截至2022年12月31日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表、董事會報告及 獨立核數師報告	99.87%
2.	To declare a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 宣佈派發截至2022年12月31日止年度的末期股息	99.93%
3.(a)	To re-elect Mr. Bian Shuming as a non-executive director of the Company 重選卞書明先生為本公司非執行董事	99.92%
3.(b)	To re-elect Mr. Wang Minhao as an independent non-executive director of the Company 重選王民浩先生為本公司獨立非執行董事	99.75%
3.(c)	To re-elect Mr. Leung Chi Ching Frederick as an independent non-executive director of the Company 重選梁子正先生為本公司獨立非執行董事	99.93%
3.(d)	To authorize the Board to fix the Directors' remuneration 授權董事會釐定董事酬金	99.92%
4.	To re-appoint KPMG as auditor of the Company and authorize the Board to fix its remuneration 重新委聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司核數師及授權董事會釐定其酬金	99.93%
5.	To grant a general mandate to the Directors to repurchase Shares 授予董事購回股份的一般授權	99.93%
6.	To grant a general mandate to the Directors to issue Shares 授予董事發行股份的一般授權	98.02%
7.	To approve the Proposed Amendments in the manner as set out in the notice of the Annual General Meeting of the Company dated 20 April 2023 and the Company's adoption of the New Bye-laws in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Existing Bye-laws in their entirety 按本公司日期為2023年4月20日的股東週年大會通告所載方式批准建議修訂,及本公司採納新細 則,以完全取代及廢除現有細則	99.77%
Accordir	ngly, all resolutions put to the Shareholders at the 2023 AGM were 據此,於2023年股東週年大會上	向股東提呈的所有決議

passed. The results of the voting by poll were published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

案均已獲通過,投票結果已分別刊載於本公司及聯交所 網站。

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DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy. For details, please refer to the section headed "Dividend Policy" in the Report of the Directors in this annual report.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening of SGM and requisition by the Shareholders

The following procedures are subject to the Bye-laws, the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, applicable legislation and regulation and the Company's policy on Shareholders' rights.

One or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition in aggregate shares that represent not less than one-tenth of the voting rights at general meeting of the Company, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Company's registered office at Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong at 15/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company, to require a SGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. The written requisition must state the purposes of the general meeting, signed by the shareholder(s) concerned and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those shareholders. If the requisition is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene a SGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid, the shareholders concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, a SGM will not be convened as requested.

股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策。有關詳情,請參閱本年報董事 會報告「股息政策」一節。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會及股東的請求

以下程序須遵守細則、百慕達1981年公司法、適用法律 及法規以及本公司的股東權利政策。

於提請要求當日合共持有不少於本公司股東大會投票 權(賦予本公司股東大會之投票權)十分之一的股份的 一名或多名股東,可隨時有權按一股一票基準透過向 本公司董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會 召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明之任何事 項或決議案。該等要求須遞交至本公司註冊辦事處(地 址為Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda) 及其在香港的主要營業地點(地址為香港灣仔 港灣道25號海港中心15樓),該會議須於請求呈遞後兩 個月內召開。書面要求須註明股東大會的目的,經有關 股東署名並可能包含多份由一位或多位該等股東逐一 簽署的相同格式文件。倘請求屬適當,公司秘書將要求 董事會根據法定要求,向所有已註冊股東發出足夠通知 以召開股東特別大會。相反,倘請求無效,有關股東將 就此結果獲得通知,股東特別大會亦將因此不會按要求 召開。

Procedures for making proposals by the Shareholders other than a proposal of a person for election as director

The following procedures are subject to the Bye-laws, the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, applicable legislation and regulation and the Company's policy on Shareholders' rights.

The Company holds an AGM every year, and may hold a general meeting known as a special general meeting whenever necessary. Shareholder(s) holding (i) not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having the right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than 100 Shareholders, can submit a written request stating the resolution intended to be moved at the AGM; or a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at a particular general meeting. The written request/ statements must be signed by the Shareholder(s) concerned and deposited at the Company's registered office at Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong at 15/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company, not less than six weeks before the AGM in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the general meeting in the case of any other requisition. If the written request is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board (i) to include the resolution in the agenda for the AGM; or (ii) to circulate the statement for the general meeting, provided that the Shareholder(s) concerned have deposited a sum of money reasonably determined by the Board sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and/ or circulating the statement submitted by the Shareholder(s) concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid or the Shareholder(s) concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes, the Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the proposed resolution will not be included in the agenda for the AGM; or the statement will not be circulated for the general meeting.

Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

The following procedures are subject to the Bye-laws, the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, applicable legislation and regulation and the Company's policy on the procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director.

 If a Shareholder who is duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting convened to deal with appointment/election of Director(s), wishes to propose a person (other than the Shareholder himself/ herself) for election as a Director (the "Candidate") at that meeting, he/she can deposit a written notice at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 15/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

股東於股東大會提交建議的程序(提 名候選董事的建議除外)

以下程序須遵守細則、百慕達1981年公司法、適用法律 及法規以及本公司的股東權利政策。

本公司須每年舉行一次股東週年大會,並可於必要時舉 行股東特別大會。股東持有(i)有權在股東大會投票的全 體股東總投票權不少於二十分之一;或(ii)不少於100名 股東,即可呈交一份說明擬於股東週年大會所動議決議 案的書面請求;或一份不超過1,000字有關任何建議決 議案所述事項或將於指定股東大會上所處理事務的聲 明。書面請求/聲明必須經相關股東簽署,並於股東週 年大會前不少於六個星期(倘請求需要決議案通告)或 股東大會前不少於一個星期(倘為任何其他請求),呈 交本公司註冊辦事處(地址為Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda) 及其在香港的主要營 業地點(地址為香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心15樓), 註明收件人為本公司公司秘書。倘書面請求屬適當,公 司秘書將要求董事會(i)將該決議案納入股東週年大會議 程;或(ii)發佈股東大會聲明,惟相關股東須已存入經董 事會合理釐定的費用,有關金額須足以應付本公司根據 法定規定向所有已註冊股東發出決議案通知及/或發 佈相關股東提交的聲明。相反,倘請求無效或相關股東 未能存入足夠金額以供本公司應付就上述事項產生的 費用,則相關股東會獲告知此結果,建議決議案亦將因 此不會納入股東週年大會議程;或將不會就股東大會發 佈該聲明。

股東提名人士參選董事的程序

以下程序須遵守細則、百慕達1981年公司法、適用法律 及法規以及本公司的股東提名個別人士參選董事的程 序。

 倘一名符合資格出席因處理委任/選舉董事而 召開的股東大會並合資格於會上投票的股東, 欲提名指定人士(股東本身除外)於該大會上參 選董事(「候選人」),則可將書面通知呈交本公 司的香港主要營業地點(地址為香港灣仔港灣 道25號海港中心15樓)。

- 2. In order for the Company to inform all Shareholders of that proposal, the written notice must state the full name of the person proposed for election as a Director, his/her biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, and be signed by the Shareholder concerned and that person indicating his/her willingness to be elected.
- A sample form of the notice to be executed and signed by the Shareholder(s) for such proposal can be found from the website of the Company.
- 4. A sample form of the notice to be executed and signed by the Candidate can also be found from the website of the Company setting out, amongst other things, his/her willingness to be elected together with the information of the Candidate as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules as follows:
 - (i) full name and age;
 - positions held with the Company and/or other members of the Company (if any);
 - experience including (i) other directorships held in the past three years in public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas, and (ii) other major appointments and professional qualifications;
 - (iv) length or proposed length of service with the Company;
 - (v) relationships with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company, or an appropriate negative statement;
 - (vi) interests in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, or an appropriate negative statement; and
 - (vii) a declaration made by the Candidate in respect of the information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51(2)
 (h) to (w) of the Listing Rules, or an appropriate negative statement to that effect where there is no information to be disclosed pursuant to any of such requirements nor there are any other matters relating to that Candidate's standing for election as a Director that should be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.
- 5. The period for lodgement of the written notice will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting and end no later than seven (7) clear days prior to the date of such general meeting. If the notice is received less than fifteen (15) business days prior to that general meeting, the Company will need to consider adjournment of the general meeting in order to (i) assess the suitability of the proposed Candidate; and (ii) publish an announcement or circulate a supplementary circular in relation to the proposal to the Shareholders at least fourteen (14) clear days and not less than ten (10) business days prior to the general meeting.
- Shareholders who have enquires about the above procedures or have enquires to put to the Board may write to the Company Secretary at 15/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

- 為使本公司告知全體股東有關建議,書面通知 須列明建議參選董事人士的全名、根據上市規 則第13.51(2)條規定有關該名人士的履歷詳情, 並須由相關股東及該名擬參選人士的簽署,並 表明其有意參選。
- 股東就該等議案需填寫及簽署的通知表格樣 本,可於本公司網站獲取。
- 候選人就該等議案需填寫及簽署的通知表格樣 本,亦可於本公司網站獲取。該表格載列根據上 市規則第13.51(2)條規定的候選人的參選意願 及候選人的資料(其中包括)如下:
 - (i) 姓名全名及年齡;

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- (ii) 在本公司及/或本公司其他成員公司
 所擔任的職位(如有);
- (iii) 有關經驗,包括(i)過去三年在其證券於 香港或海外任何證券市場上市的公眾 公司擔任的董事職務;及(ii)其他主要任 命及專業資格;
- (iv) 出任本公司董事的任期或建議任期;
- (v) 與本公司任何董事、高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東(定義見上市規則)的關係,或否定此等關係的合適聲明;
- (vi) 證券及期貨條例第XV部所指的股份權 益,或否定此等權益的合適聲明;及
- (vii) 候選人就根據上市規則第13.51(2)(h) 至(w)條規定予以披露的資料所作的聲 明,或否定存有任何根據該等規定予以 披露的資料,及任何需要股東知悉有關 該獲提名候選人參選董事的事項的合 適聲明。
- 5. 呈交該書面通知的期間由不早於寄發相關股東 大會通告翌日起計,至不遲於該股東大會舉行 日期前七(7)個足日止。倘於該股東大會日期前 不足十五(15)個營業日收到該通知,則本公司須 考慮押後股東大會,以(i)評估建議候選人是否 合適;及(ii)於相關股東大會前最少十四(14)個足 日及不少於十(10)個營業日就該建議向股東刊 發公告或寄發補充通函。
 - 股東如對上述程序存有疑問,或擬向董事會作 出任何查詢,可致函公司秘書,地址為香港灣仔 港灣道25號海港中心15樓。



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd.("**the Company**") and its subsidiaries ("**the Group**") set out on pages 129 to 258, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRSs**") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("**the Code**") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國廣核新能源控股有限公司股東之 獨立核數師報告 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本事務所已審核中國廣核新能源控股有限公司(「貴公 司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)載於第129至258頁之綜 合財務報表,此財務報表包括於2023年12月31日的綜 合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全 面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及附 註,包括重要會計政策資料及其他解釋資料。

本事務所認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則 理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈之國際財務報告 準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團 於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度 的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條 例的披露規定妥善編製。

意見之基準

本事務所按照香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒 佈之香港審計準則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計工作。本 事務所就該等準則承擔的責任詳述於本報告*核數師就 審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任*一節。根據香港會計師公 會的*專業會計師道德守則*(「守則」)以及與本事務所審 核百慕達綜合財務報表相關的任何道德要求,本事務所 獨立於 貴集團,且本事務所已根據該等要求及守則履 行其他道德責任。本事務所相信,本事務所所獲得的審 核憑證充足而適當地為本事務所的意見提供了基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Impairment assessment of goodwill

Refer to note 16 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on note 2(f).

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

As set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. as at 31 December 2023, the Group has goodwill of approximately US\$143,352,000 relating to groups of cash 我們評估商譽減值的審核程序包括以下內容: generating units ("CGUs") comprising subsidiaries engaged in generating and supplying electricity through solar energy and wind energy in the Peoples' Republic of China (the "PRC"), which are tested for impairment annually.

誠如綜合財務報表附註16所述,於2023年12月31日, 貴集團 擁有約143,352,000美元的商譽,該等商譽與於中華人民共和國

(「中國」)從事透過太陽能及風力發電及供電的附屬公司組成 的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)組別有關,並每年進行減值 測試。

In performing impairment assessments, management engaged an external valuer to assess the recoverable amounts of the relevant CGUs using value in use method by preparing discounted cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial forecast approved by the management. Management compared carrying value of each of the separately identifiable CGUs with their respective recoverable amounts to determine if any impairment loss should be recognized.

在進行減值評估時,管理層委聘外部估值師根據管理層批准 的最新財務預測編製折現現金流量預測,以使用價值法評估 相關現金產生單位的可收回金額。管理層將各個別可識別現 金產生單位的賬面值與其各自的可收回金額作出比較,以決 定是否應確認任何減值虧損。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據本事務所的職業判斷,對當期綜合 財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。該事項乃於本事務所 審核綜合財務報表之整體及出具意見時獲處理。本事務 所不會對該事項提供單獨的意見。

商譽減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註16以及會計政策附註2(f)。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 本事務所的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our audit procedures to assess the impairment of goodwill included the following:

- assessing the management's identification of CGUs, the allocation of assets to each CGU and the methodology adopted by management in its impairment assessments with reference to the requirements of prevailing accounting standards:
- 參考現行會計準則的要求,評估管理層對現金產生單位的認 定、各項資產在現金產生單位之間的分配以及管理層於進行 減值評估中採用的方法;
- evaluating the competence, experience, capability and objectivity of the external valuer engaged by management to perform the valuation of the relevant CGUs;
- 評價管理層所委聘為對相關現金產生單位進行估算的外部估 值師的資歷、經驗、能力和客觀性;
- evaluating the assumptions adopted in the preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts for the purpose of the impairment assessment of goodwill, including projected future growth rates for income and expenses, with reference to our understanding of the business, historical trends and available industry information and available market data;
 - 參考我們對業務的理解、歷史趨勢和現有行業資料及現有市 場數據,評估為商譽減值評估而編製折現現金流量預測所採 用的假設,包括收入及開支的預計未來增長率;

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

As disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group recognized impairment losses on goodwill of US\$8,681,000 during the year ended 31 December 2023.

誠如綜合財務報表附註16所披露, 貴集團於截至2023年12 月31日止年度內確認商譽減值虧損8,681,000美元。

The recoverable amounts are based on value in use calculations using discounted cash flow model, which require significant assumptions and estimates with respect to the discount rates and the forecasted cash flows, in particular the budgeted sales, taking into account the management expectations for the power industry.

可收回金額以使用價值計算為基礎,採用現金流量折現模式 計算,當中需要就折現率及預測現金流量(尤其是預算銷售額) 作出重大假設及估計,並計及管理層對電力行業的預期。

We identified the assessment of potential impairment of goodwill as a key audit matter because the impairment assessments performed by management involve certain critical judgements in respect of the assumptions made which are inherently uncertain and could be subject to management bias. 我們將評估商譽的潛在減值列為關鍵審核事項,因為管理層 進行的減值評估涉及就所作出的假設作出若干重要判斷,而 該等假設本身具有不確定性,並可能受制於管理層的偏差。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 本事務所的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

- involving our internal valuation specialists to evaluate management's valuation methodology adopted in the impairment assessment with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards; and assess whether the discount rates applied in the cash flow forecasts prepared for the purpose of assessing the impairment of goodwill were within the range adopted by other companies operating in the same industry:
- 與內部估值專家一起參照現行會計準則的要求,對管理層於 減值評估中採用的估值方法進行評估;及評估為評估商譽減 值而編製的現金流量預測所採用的折現率是否在同行業其他 公司所採用的範圍內;
- comparing the significant assumptions used in the discounted cash flow forecasts and actual results for the current year with management's forecast in the previous year in order to assess the reliability of historical accuracy of management's forecasting process and whether there is any indication of management bias;
- 將本年度現金流量折現預測所用之重要假設及實際業績與 管理層上一年度的預測進行比較,以評估管理層預測過程的 歷史準確性是否可靠以及是否有任何跡象顯示管理層存在偏 差;
- evaluating the sensitivity analysis prepared by management for each of the key assumptions adopted in the discounted cash flow forecast and considering the possibility of error or management bias; and
- 評估管理層就折現現金流量預測所採用的每項主要假設而編 製的敏感度分析,並考慮出現錯誤或管理層偏差的可能性; 及
- assessing the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of impairment testing of goodwill with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.
- 參考現行會計準則的規定,評估綜合財務報表中有關商譽減 值測試的披露。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以 外的信息

董事負責其他信息。其他信息包括年報所載之所有資 料,惟年報所載之綜合財務報表及核數師報告除外。

本事務所對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,且 本事務所亦不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

在本事務所審核綜合財務報表時,本事務所的責任是閱 讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財 務報表或本事務所在審核過程中所了解的情況有重大 抵觸,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。

基於本事務所已執行的工作,倘本事務所認為其他信息 有重大錯誤陳述,本事務所需要報告該事實。本事務所 於此方面並無任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表承擔之責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈之國際財務 報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製真實而中肯 的綜合財務報表,並對董事認為為使綜合財務報表的編 製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所必 需的內部監控負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續 經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的 事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方 案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團財務報告過程 的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

本事務所的目標乃對整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保 證,並出具包括本事務所意見的核數師報告。本報告根 據百慕達1981年公司法第90條的規定僅向 閣下(作為 整體)出具,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。本事務所概 不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責 任。

合理保證乃高水平的保證,但不能保證按香港審計準則 進行的審核在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤 陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期彼等個別或 匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者根據該等綜合 財務報表作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作 重大。

於根據香港審計準則進行審核的整個過程中,本事務所 運用職業判斷,並保持職業懷疑態度。本事務所亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報 表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計 程序以應對該等風險,以及取得充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為本事務所意見的基礎。由於欺詐 可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或 凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。
 - 了解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審 核程序,惟目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有 效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策是否恰當及作出的會 計估計和相關披露資料是否合理。

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- 對董事採用的持續經營會計基礎是否恰當作出 結論。根據所得的審核憑證,決定是否存在與事 件或情況有關的重大不確定性,而可能對 貴 集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑慮。如果本事 務所認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者對綜合財務報表中的相關 披露資料的關注,或假若有關的披露資料不足, 則修訂本事務所的意見。本事務所的結論乃基 於截至核數師報告日止所取得的審核憑證。然 而,未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不能繼 續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內 容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否公允 反映相關交易和事項。

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Maggie L.T. Lee.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 March 2024

就 貴集團實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充 分、適當的審核憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意 見。本事務所負責指導、監督和執行 貴集團審 核。本事務所對審核意見承擔全部責任。

本事務所與審核委員會溝通計劃的審計範圍、時間安 排、重大審計發現等事項,包括本事務所於審核期間識 別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

本事務所亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明本事務所已符 合有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與彼等溝通所有 合理地被認為會影響本事務所獨立性的關係和其他事 項,以及在適用的情況下,採取消除威脅的行動或所採 用的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,本事務所決定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要,因而構成關鍵審 核事項。本事務所會在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除 非法律法規不允許對某件事項作出公開披露,或在極端 罕見的情況下,若有合理預期在本事務所報告中溝通某 事項而造成的不利後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,本 事務所將不會在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人是李令德。

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

2024年3月26日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列) <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
Revenue	收入	4	2,192,977	2,430,056
Operating expenses: Coal, oil, gas and wood pellet Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Repair and maintenance Staff costs Recognition of loss allowance of trade and other receivables and contract	經營開支: 煤炭、石油、天然氣及 木質顆粒 物業、廠房及設備折舊 維修及保養 員工成本 確認就貿易及其他應收 款項及合同資產虧損		983,336 343,740 31,358 120,313	1,247,302 335,969 29,971 109,395
assets Other operating expenses	撥備 其他經營開支	36(a) 5	8,593 153,144	2,791 114,976
Total operating expenses	經營開支總額		1,640,484	1,840,404
Operating profit Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of results of associates	經營溢利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 財務費用 攤佔聯營公司業績	6 7 8	552,493 19,774 (9,996) (212,765) 3,022	589,652 42,699 (69,000) (227,105) (63,252)
Profit before taxation Income tax	除稅前溢利 所得稅	9	352,528 (72,895)	272,994 (58,571)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	10	279,633	214,423
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Remeasurement of net defined benefit retirement scheme assets Items that are/may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference arising on translation of	將不會重新分類至損益的 項目: 設定受益退休計劃 資產淨額重新計量 已/其後可重新分類至 損益的項目: 換算海外業務產生的	13	(654)	980
foreign operations Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments recognized during the year Deferred tax credited arising from	匯兌差額 年內確認之對沖工具 公允價值之 實際變動部分 對沖工具公允價值變動		(41,414) (8,436)	(182,042) (8,793)
fair value change in hedging instruments Reclassification adjustments for amounts	產生的遞延稅項 抵免 對轉入損益的款項 #行馬至公約調整		1,949	2,222
 transferred to profit or loss release of hedging reserve deferred tax credit arising on release of hedging reserve release of cumulative gain of translation reserve included in profit or loss upon 	進行重新分類調整 一撥回對沖儲備 一撥回對沖儲備產生 的遞延稅項抵免 -撥回取消合併附屬 公司後計入損益		(109) 26	(110) 25
deconsolidation of subsidiaries	的匯兌儲備累計 收益	37	(2,485)	
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益		(51,123)	(187,718)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		228,510	26,705

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列) <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
Profit for the year attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔年內溢利: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益		267,685 11,948	195,149 19,274
			279,633	214,423
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	應佔年內全面收益總額:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		219,565 8,945	18,341 8,364
			228,510	26,705
Earnings per Share - Basic <i>(US cents)</i>	每股盈利 一基本 <i>(美仙)</i>	12	6.24	4.55
- Diluted (US cents)	一攤薄(美仙)		6.24	4.55

Note: The Group has initially applied the amendments to IAS 12 at 1 January 2023. Under the amendments, the comparative information is restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團已於2023年1月1日首次應用國際會計準則第 12號之修訂。根據該等修訂,比較資料已經重列。參見 附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 137 to 258 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 35.

第137至258頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部分。年 內應付本公司權益股東應佔溢利的股息詳情載列於附 註35。

at 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

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		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列) <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Goodwill Interests in associates Deferred tax assets Financial assets designated at fair value through	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 商譽 於聯營公司的權益 遞延稅項資產 指定為以公允價值計量且	14 15 16 17 19	5,883,410 131,916 143,352 75,929 27,004	5,812,394 105,248 154,596 74,268 24,757
other comprehensive income Net defined benefit retirement scheme assets Other non-current assets	變動計入其他全面收益 的金融資產 設定受益退休計劃資產 淨額 其他非流動資產	18 13 20	3,354 397 316,805	3,411 170 276,177
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Other receivables and prepayments Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries Tax recoverable Derivative financial instruments Pledged bank deposits Short-term bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 存貨 度易應收賬款 合同資產 其他應收款項及預付款項 應收同系附屬公司款項 可收回稅項 衍生金融工具 已抵押銀行存款 短期銀行存款 現金及現金等價物	21 22 23 24 25 19 26 27 27 27	6,582,167 44,648 766,028 368,146 163,171 12,562 19 - 1111,735 14,166 287,500	6,451,021 66,328 739,314 354,219 111,458 5,494 524 8,300 152,270 14,359 440,646
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Contract liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders - due within one year Loans from fellow subsidiaries - due within one year Bank borrowings - due within one year Lease liabilities - due within one year Government grants Tax payable	流動負債 貿易應付賬款 合同應付款項及應計費用 應付就不屬公司款項 他同系控股股支款項 一於一年內國期 銀行一於一年內國則 銀行一一於一年內到期 租府補助金 應付稅項	28 34 29 25 25 30 31 32 33 19	1,767,975 108,671 3,959 437,322 107,045 3,209 817,324 494,635 6,209 191 24,061	1,892,912 223,028 4,569 483,420 110,743 899 651,952 957,392 4,864 194 30,390
			2,002,626	2,467,451

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

at 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$*000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列) <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額		(234,651)	(574,539)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		6,347,516	5,876,482
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals – due after one year Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder – due after one year Loans from fellow subsidiaries – due after one year Bank borrowings – due after one year Lease liabilities – due after one year Government grants Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 一於一年後到期 應付一名非控股股東款項 一於一年後到期 來自同系附屬公司的貸款 一於一年後到期 銀行借貸一於一年後到期 租賃負債一於一年後到期 租赁負債一於一年後到期 政府補助金 遞延稅項負債	29 25 30 31 32 33 19	7,148 1,209 592,782 3,953,520 45,398 6,697 52,203 4,658,957	3,409 1,154 876,591 3,407,088 32,378 7,519 48,787 4,376,926
NET ASSETS	淨資產		1,688,559	1,499,556
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	股本及儲備 股本 儲備 本公司權益股東應佔 總權益 非控股權益	35(c)	55 1,544,536 1,544,591 143,968	55 1,362,170 1,362,225 137,331
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		1,688,559	1,499,556

The Group has initially applied the amendments to IAS 12 at 1 January 2023. Under the Note: amendments, the comparative information is restated. See Note 2(c).

附註: 本集團已於2023年1月1日首次應用國際會計準則第 12號之修訂。根據該等修訂,比較資料已經重列。參見

Approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2024.

> Zhang Zhiwu 張志武 Director 董事

董事會於2024年3月26日批准並授權發行。

Li Guangming 李光明 Director 董事

The notes on pages 137 to 258 form part of these financial statements.

第137至258頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部分。

附註2(c)。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔								
		Share capital	Share premium	Other non- distributable reserves 其他不可	Hedging reserve	Translation reserve	Accumulated profits	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	分派儲備 (note 35(d)(i)) <i>(附註35(d)(i))</i>	對沖儲備 (note 35(d)(ii)) (附註35(d)(ii))	匯兌儲備 (note 35(d)(iii)) <i>(附註35</i> (d)(iii))	累計溢利	小計	非控股權益	總權益
		<i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	(初始00(4)(11)) US\$'000 千美元	US\$ '000 千美元	US\$ '000 千美元	US\$' 000 千美元	U S\$ '000 千美元
At 1 January 2023 (restated)	於2023年1月1日 (經重列)	55	250,406	46,384	8,306	(120,847)	1,177,921	1,362,225	137,331	1,499,556
Profit for the year Exchange difference arising on translation of	本年度溢利 換算海外業務產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	267,685	267,685	11,948	279,633
foreign operations Release of cumulative gain included in profit or loss	撥回取消合併附屬公司後計入損益	-	-	-	-	(38,411)	-	(38,411)	(3,003)	(41,414)
upon deconsolidation of subsidiaries (note 37) Effective portion of changes in fair value of	的累計收益(附註37) 年內確認之對沖工具公允價值之	-	-	-	-	(2,485)	-	(2,485)	-	(2,485)
hedging instruments recognized during the year Deferred tax credited arising from	實際變動部分 對沖工具公允價值變動產生的	-	-	-	(8,436)	-	-	(8,436)	-	(8,436)
fair value change in hedging instruments	遞延稅項抵免	-	-	-	1,949	-	-	1,949	-	1,949
Release of hedging reserve Deferred tax credit arising on release of	撥回對沖儲備 撥回對沖儲備產生的	-	-	-	(109)	-	-	(109)	-	(109)
hedging reserve Remeasurement of net defined	遞延稅項抵免 設定受益退休計劃資產淨額	-	-	-	26	-	-	26	-	26
benefit retirement scheme assets	重新計量						(654)	(654)		(654)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額				(6,570)	(40,896)	267,031	219,565	8,945	228,510
Dividends declared and paid to equity shareholders of	向本公司權益股東宣派及									
the Company in respect of previous year (note 35b(ii))	派付上年度股息 (附註35b(ii))	-	-	-	-	-	(39,029)	(39,029)	-	(39,029)
Dividends declared to non-controlling shareholders Transfer of other non-distributable reserves	已宣派非控股股東的股息 轉撥其他不可分派儲備	-	-	17,483	-	-	(17,483)	-	(3,641)	(3,641)
Capital injection from non-controlling interests	特短兵他不可力派留神 非控股權益注資	-	-	17,403	-	-	(17,403)	(1,351)	6,580	5,229
Deconsolidation of subsidiaries	取消合併附屬公司			(17)	-	-	(1,331)	(1,331)	(5,267)	(5,240)
Transfer of enterprise work safety funds	轉撥企業安全生產費用	-	-	15,393	-	-	-	15,393	408	15,801
Utilization of enterprise work safety funds	動用企業安全生產費用			(12,239)				(12,239)	(388)	(12,627)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	55	250,406	67,004	1,736	(161,743)	1,387,133	1,544,591	143,968	1,688,559

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

					quity shareholders 公司權益股東應f					
		Share capital	Share premium	Other non- distributable reserves 其他不可	Hedging reserve	Translation reserve	Accumulated profits	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	分派儲備 (note 35(d)(i)) (附註35(d)(i))	對沖儲備 (note 35(d)(ii)) <i>(附註35</i> (d)(ii))	匯兌儲備 (note 35(d)(iii)) (附註35(d)(iii))	累計溢利	小清十	非控股權益	總權益
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022 (restated)	於2022年1月1日 (經重列)	55	250,406	31,966	14,962	50,285	1,025,711	1,373,385	121,521	1,494,906
Profit for the year (restated) Exchange difference arising on translation of	本年度溢利 (經重列) 換算海外業務產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	195,149	195,149	19,274	214,423
foreign operations		-	-	-	-	(171,132)	-	(171,132)	(10,910)	(182,042)
Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments recognized during the year Deferred tax credited arising from	年內確認之對沖工具公允價值之 實際變動部分 對沖工具公允價值變動產生的	-	-	-	(8,793)	-	-	(8,793)	-	(8,793)
fair value change in hedging instruments	遞延稅項抵免	-	-	-	2,222	-	-	2,222	-	2,222
Release of hedging reserve Deferred tax credit arising on release of	撥回對沖儲備 撥回對沖儲備產生的	-	-	-	(110)	-	-	(110)	-	(110)
hedging reserve	遞延稅項抵免 設定受益退休計劃資產淨額	-	-	-	25	-	-	25	-	25
Remeasurement of net defined benefit retirement scheme assets	政止又 <u>知</u> 巡外可劃員生/伊頓 重新計量						980	980		980
Total comprehensive income for the year (restated)	本年度全面收益總額 (經重列)				(6,656)	(171,132)	196,129	18,341	8,364	26,705
Dividends declared and paid to equity shareholders of	向本公司權益股東宣派及									
the Company in respect of previous year (note 35b(ii))	派付上年度股息 (附註35b(ii))	-	-	-	-	-	(36,952)	(36,952)	-	(36,952)
Dividends declared to non-controlling shareholders	已宣派非控股股東的股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,576)	(4,576)
Transfer of other non-distributable reserves	轉撥其他不可分派儲備 非控股權益注資	-	-	13,991	-	-	(13,991)	(170)	- 24.250	- 24.074
Capital injection from non-controlling interests Deregistration of a subsidiary	非	-		-	-		(176) 7,200	(176) 7.200	24,250 (12,248)	24,074 (5,048)
Transfer of enterprise work safety funds	轉撥企業安全生產費用	_	_	1,289	_	_	-	1,289	36	1,325
Utilization of enterprise work safety funds	動用企業安全生產費用			(862)				(862)	(16)	(878)
At 31 December 2022 (restated)	於2022年12月31日 (經重列)	55	250,406	46,384	8,306	(120,847)	1,177,921	1,362,225	137,331	1,499,556

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Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利		352,528	272,994
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	10	343,740	335,969
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊 財務費用	10	8,313	5,008
Finance costs Net loss on disposal of property,	^{财 伤負用} 出售物業、廠房及設備	8	212,765	227,105
plant and equipment	面白彻来 100万万00 m 虧損淨額	7	37	477
(Gain)/loss on deconsolidation/disposal	取消合併/出售附屬	,	01	711
of subsidiaries	公司的(收益)/虧損	7	(2,485)	67
Impairment losses recognized in respect of	就物業、廠房及設備			
property, plant and equipment	確認之減值虧損	7	7,659	66,811
Impairment losses recognized in respect of	就商譽確認之減值虧損			
goodwill		7	8,681	-
Reversal of impairment losses recognized in	就存貨確認之減值虧損			
respect of inventories	撥回 利息收入	0	-	(163)
Interest income Recognition of government grants	確認政府補助金	6	(5,778) (1,052)	(3,557) (1,069)
Net recognition of loss allowance of trade and	確認就貿易及其他		(1,052)	(1,009)
other receivables and contract assets	應收款項及合同資產			
	虧損撥備淨額	36(a)	8,593	2,791
Share of results of associates	攤佔聯營公司業績		(3,022)	63,252
Transfer of enterprise work safety funds	轉撥企業安全生產費		15,801	1,325
Utilization of enterprise work safety funds	動用企業安全生産費		(12,627)	(878)
Net gain on cash flow hedging instruments	透過其他全面收益重新 分類的現金流量對沖			
reclassified through other comprehensive income	工具的收益淨額	7	(2,170)	
income	工关时从皿/F 破	/	(2,170)	
Operating cash flows before movements in	營運資金變動前之			
working capital	經營現金流量		930,983	970,132
Decrease in other non-current assets	其他非流動資產減少		40,539	58,249
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)		20,212	(15,030)
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收賬款增加		(44,935)	(45,954)
Increase in contract assets	合同資產增加		(25,571)	(194,593)
Increase in other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項		(40.070)	(05.00.4)
Changes in amounts due from/to	増加 應收/應付同系		(42,273)	(25,294)
fellow subsidiaries	附屬公司款項變動		(11,107)	7,944
Changes in amounts due from/to non-controlling	應收/應付非控股股東		(,)	1,011
shareholders	款項變動		3,706	(1,621)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	貿易應付賬款(減少)/			
	增加		(108,093)	100,039
Decrease in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計		(0.000)	(100.070)
Degrages in not defined benefit retirement	費用減少 設定受益退体計劃資産		(6,860)	(168,672)
Decrease in net defined benefit retirement scheme asset	設定受益退休計劃資產 淨額減少		(881)	(873)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	合同負債增加/(減少)		539	(256)
Cash generated from operations	經營活動產生之現金		756,259	684,071
Income taxes paid	已付所得稅		(74,709)	(41,690)
				,
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金淨額		681,550	642,381

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment Placement of pledged bank deposits Payments for right-of-use assets Net cash (outflow)/inflow from deconsolidation/ disposal of subsidiaries	投資活動 購買物業、廠房及設備 的付款 存放已抵押銀行存款 使用權資產付款 取消合併/出售附屬公司 的現金(流出) //		(641,371) (2,561) (3,262)	(362,776) (23,309) (13,238)
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits Proceeds from disposal of property,	流入淨額 提取已抵押銀行存款 出售物業、廠房及	37	(16,872) 39,787	14,340 18,317
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets	設備所得款項 出售使用權資產所得款項		7,177	944 488
Interest received Withdrawal/(placement) of short-term	已收利息 提取/(存放)短期銀行		5,778	3,557
bank deposits	存款		145	(11,487)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所用現金淨額		(611,179)	(373,164)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of bank borrowings New bank borrowings raised Interest paid Repayment to fellow subsidiaries Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders Repayment of lease liabilities Loans from fellow subsidiaries Capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders Cash paid to a non-controlling shareholder upon deregistration of a subsidiary	融資活動 償還銀行借貸 已付利息 償還有本公司款項 已付本公司權益股東股息 已付非控股負 個局系附屬公司的貸款 非控股股東 設 許控股 記 部 の 名 定 的現金		(1,520,471) 1,677,886 (211,893) (1,025,973) (39,029) (3,641) (15,608) 920,953 5,229	(1,090,870) 1,559,431 (222,479) (1,455,844) (36,952) (4,085) (6,628) 1,065,018 24,074 (5,048)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所用現金淨額		(212,547)	(173,383)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物(減少) /增加淨額		(142,176)	95,834
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物		440,646	374,999
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	外匯匯率變動影響		(10,970)	(30,187)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物		287,500	440,646

第137至258頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部分。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

1. GENERAL

CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. (the "**Company**") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and the shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") in October 2014. The registered office of the Company is at Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is at 15/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Its immediate holding company is CGN Energy International Holdings Co., Limited ("**CGN Energy International**"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, and its ultimate holding company is China General Nuclear Power Corporation ("**CGN**"), a state-owned enterprise established in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**").

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") are mainly engaged in the generation and supply of electricity and steam, construction and operation of power stations and other associated facilities in the PRC and Republic of Korea ("**Korea**").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollar ("**US\$**"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRSs**"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("**IASs**") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "**Companies Ordinance**").

The IASB has issued certain amendments to IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these amendments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

1. 一般資料

中國廣核新能源控股有限公司(「本公司」) 根據 1981年百慕達公司法於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁 免的有限公司,其股份於2014年10月於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板上市。本公 司註冊辦事處地址為Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda。本公司主要 營業地點為香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心15 樓,其直接控股公司為中國廣核能源國際控股 有限公司(「中廣核能源國際」),一家於香港註 冊成立的有限公司,而其最終控股公司為中國 廣核集團有限公司(「中廣核」),一家於中華人 民共和國(「中國」)成立的國有企業。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業務為於中國及大韓民國(「韓國」)從事電力及蒸 汽的生產及供應、電廠及其他輔助設施的建設 及營運。

該等綜合財務報表乃以美元(「**美元**」)呈列,美元亦為本公司功能貨幣。

2. 重要會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用的國際 財務報告準則(「**國際財務報告準則**」) 編製,該統稱包括國際會計準則理事會 (「**國際會計準則理事會**」)頒佈的所有 適用的個別國際財務報告準則、國際會 計準則(「**國際會計準則**」)及詮釋。此 外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市 規則(「**上市規則**」)及香港公司條例(「**公 司條例**」)所規定的適用披露。

國際會計準則理事會頒佈了若干經修 訂的國際財務報告準則,於本集團本會 計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。附註 2(c)提供了因首次應用該等與本集團本 會計期間及過往會計期間有關的修訂 而體現於該等財務報表的任何會計政 策變動。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 comprise the Group and the Group's interests in its associates.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- investments in equity securities (see note 2(g)); and
- derivative financial instruments (see note 2(h)).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(b) 財務報表編製基準

截至2023年12月31日止年度的綜合財 務報表包括本集團及本集團於其聯營 公司的權益。

編製綜合財務報表所採用的計量基準 為歷史成本基準,惟如下文所載會計政 策所述以下按其公允價值列報的資產 及負債除外:

- 權益工具投資(參閱附註2(g));
 及
- 衍生金融工具(參閱附註2(h))。

在編製符合國際財務報告準則之財務 報表時,管理層須作出對會計政策之應 用,以及資產、負債、收入和支出之報 告數額構成影響之判斷、估計及假設。 該等估計和相關假設乃根據以往經驗 及管理層因應當時情況認為合理之多 項其他因素作出,其結果構成在無法依 循其他來源即時得知資產與負債賬面 值時作出判斷之基礎。實際結果可能有 別於估計數額。

管理層會持續檢視各項估計和相關假 設。倘會計估計之修訂只是影響某一期 間,其影響便會在該期間內確認;倘修 訂對當前及未來期間均有影響,則在作 出修訂之期間及未來期間內確認。

有關管理層在應用國際財務報告準則 時所作出對財務報表有重大影響之判 斷,以及對估計不確定因素之主要來 源,於附註3論述。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements *(continued)*

The Group had net current liabilities of approximately US\$234,651,000 as at 31 December 2023. CGN Wind Power Company, Limited ("CGN Wind Energy"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company, has confirmed in writing that despite the loan from CGN Wind Energy of RMB2,400,000,000 (equivalent to US\$338,854,000) which is due for repayment within twelve months from 31 December 2023, it will not cancel the existing loan facilities within twelve months from 31 December 2023 and that the loan will be extended upon expiry. Furthermore, taking into account the financial resources of the Group, the Group has unutilized general facilities of US\$893,162,000 as at 31 December 2023 for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. In addition, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by the management of the Group. The cash flow projections cover a period not less than twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Taking into account the above-mentioned considerations, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group has sufficient working capital to meet in full its financial obligations as they fall due for at least the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

(i) New and amended IFRSs

The Group has applied the following new and amended IFRSs issued by the IASB to these consolidated financial statements for the current accounting period:

- IFRS 17, Insurance contracts
- Amendments to IAS 8, Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors: Definition of accounting estimates
- Amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements* and IFRS Practice Statement 2, *Making materiality judgements: Disclosure of accounting policies*
- Amendments to IAS 12, Income taxes: International tax reform - Pillar Two model rules
- Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes:* Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(b) 財務報表編製基準 (續)

本集團於2023年12月31日的流動負債 淨額約為234,651,000美元。本公司同 系附屬公司中廣核風電有限公司(「中廣 核風電」)已書面確認,儘管來自中廣核 風電的貸款人民幣2,400,000,000元(相 當於338,854,000美元)須於2023年12 月31日起計十二個月內償還,惟彼等 將不會於自2023年12月31日起計十二 個月內取消現有貸款融資,且貸款將於 務資源,於2023年12月31日,本集團的有 893,162,000美元的未動用一般融資, 並可於報告期末後未來十二個月內提 取。此外,本公司董事已審閱本集團管 理層所編製的本集團現金流量預測。現 金流量預測涵蓋自報告期末起計不少 於十二個月的期間。

經計及上述考量後,本公司董事認為, 本集團於報告期末後未來至少十二個 月均有充足營運資金以悉數履行其所 有到期財務責任,因此該等綜合財務報 表乃按持續經營基準編製。

(c) 會計政策變動

(i) 新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則

本集團於本會計期間已將以下 由國際會計準則理事會頒佈的 新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準 則應用該等綜合財務報表:

- 國際會計準則第8號(修 訂本)會計政策、會計 估計變動及錯誤:會計 估計的定義
- 國際會計準則第1號(修 訂本)*財務報表的呈列* 及國際財務報告準則實 務報告第2號作出重大 判斷:會計政策披露
- 國際會計準則第12號 (修訂本)*所得稅:國 際稅務改革一第二支柱 模式規則*
- 國際會計準則第12號 (修訂本)*所得稅:單 一交易產生的資產及負 債相關遞延稅項*

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*

(i) New and amended IFRSs (continued)

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. The standard and the amendments do not have a material impact on these consolidated financial statements except as described below :

Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction*

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption such that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences on initial recognition such as leases and decommissioning liabilities. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to retained earnings or other components of equity at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments are applied to those transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

Prior to the amendments, the Group has applied the initial recognition exemption to lease transactions and did not recognize the related deferred tax in relation to the temporary difference arising from a right-ofuse asset and the related lease liability arise from a single transaction. The Group has initially applied the amendments retrospectively as from 1 January 2023 and has therefore restated the comparative information. The following table gives a summary of restatement adjustments recognized for each line item in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

- (c) 會計政策變動 (續)
 - (i) 新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則(續)

本集團並無應用於本會計期間 尚未生效的任何新訂準則或詮 釋。該等準則及該等修訂對本 綜合財務報表並無重大影響, 惟下文所述者除外:

國際會計準則第12號(修訂本) 所得稅:單一交易產生的資產及 負債相關遞延稅項

於該等修訂前,本集團對租賃 交易應用初始確認豁免,且並 無就使用權資產產生的有關暫 時性差額及單一交易產生的有關暫 時性賃負債確認有關遞延延稅 項。本集團自2023年1月1日起 初始追溯性應用該等修訂,因 此已重列比較資料。下表概述 就綜合財務狀況表及綜合損益 及其他全面收益表中各項確認 的重列調整。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*

(i) New and amended IFRSs (continued)

Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction (continued)*

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(c) 會計政策變動 (續)

(i) 新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則*(續)*

> 國際會計準則第12號(修訂本) 所得稅:單一交易產生的資產及 負債相關遞延稅項(續)

		As previously reported	Impact on application of amendments to IAS 12 應用 國際會計準則 第12號之	As restated
		過往呈報	修訂的影響	經重列
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元
Consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日的 綜合財務狀況表			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	48,484	303	48,787
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	4,376,623	303	4,376,926
Net assets	淨資產	1,499,859	(303)	1,499,556
Reserves	儲備	1,362,469	(299)	1,362,170
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of	本公司權益股東應佔 總權益			
the Company		1,362,524	(299)	1,362,225
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	137,335	(4)	137,331
Total equity	總權益	1,499,859	(303)	1,499,556

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*

(i) New and amended IFRSs (continued)

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

- (c) 會計政策變動 (續)
 - (i) 新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則*(續)*

Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction (continued)*

國際會計準則第**12**號 (修訂本) *所得稅:單一交易產生的資產及*

自債相關遞延稅項(續)

			Impact on	
			application of	
		As previously	amendments	
		reported	to IAS 12	As restated
			應用 國際會計準則	
			國際會計华則 第12號之	
		過往呈報		經重列
		迴1± ± ₩ <i>US\$'000</i>	1111111111111111111111111111111111111	經里夘 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元
Consolidated statement of	截至2022年12月31日			
profit or loss and other	止年度綜合損益及			
comprehensive income	其他全面收益表			
for the year ended	关心王间农业农			
31 December 2022				
Income tax	所得稅	58,573	(2)	58,571
Profit for the year	年内溢利	214,421	2	214,423
Total comprehensive	年內全面收益總額	,	_	,
income for the year		26,703	2	26,705
Profit for the year attributable to:應佔年內溢利:		,		,
Equity shareholders of	本公司權益股東			
the Company		195,143	6	195,149
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	19,278	(4)	19,274
Total comprehensive income	應佔年內全面收益總額:	,		,
for the year attributable to:				
Equity shareholders of the	本公司權益股東			
Company		18,335	6	18,341
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	8,368	(4)	8,364
÷				

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*

(ii) New HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism

> In June 2022, the Hong Kong SAR Government (the "Government") gazetted the Hong Kong Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance"), which will come into effect from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Once the Amendment Ordinance takes effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory contributions to mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme to reduce the long service payment ("LSP") in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date (the abolition of the "offsetting mechanism"). In addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date.

> In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" that provides accounting guidance relating to the offsetting mechanism and the abolition of the mechanism. In particular, the guidance indicates that entities may account for the accrued benefits derived from mandatory MPF contributions that are expected to be used to reduce the LSP payable to an employee as deemed contributions by that employee towards the LSP.

> The enactment of the Amendment Ordinance does not have a material impact on these consolidated financial statements.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(c) 會計政策變動 (續)

(ii) 香港會計師公會就取消強 積金-長期服務金對沖機 制對會計的影響提供新指 引

> 香港特區政府(「政府」)於2022 年6月在憲報刊登香港《2022 年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷 安排)(修訂)條例》(「修訂條 **例**」),修訂條例將於2025年5月 1日(「**過渡日期**」)起生效。修訂 條例生效後,僱主不能再以強 制性公積金(下稱「強積金」)計 劃的強制性供款所產生的任何 累算權益,扣減由過渡日期起 就僱員的服務所支付的長期服 務金(下稱「長期服務金」)(取消 「對沖機制」)。此外,有關僱員 在過渡日期前的服務年期的長 期服務金,會根據僱員在緊接 過渡日期前的月薪及截至該日 期的服務年期計算。

> 於2023年7月,香港會計師公會 發佈《香港廢除強積金與長期服 務金對沖機制內會計影響》,就 對沖機制及廢除該機制提供會 計指引。該指引特別指出,實體 可將預期用於減少應付予僱員 的長期服務金的強制性強積金 供款所產生的累算權益,作為 該僱員對長期服務金的視作供 款入賬。

> 制定修訂條例對該等綜合財務 報表並無重大影響。
for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealized profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in accordance with notes 2(q) or (r) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognized.

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司指本集團控制之實體。倘本集 團因參與實體之營運而承受或享有其 可變動回報,並有能力透過其對實體之 權力影響該等回報,則本集團對該實體 擁有控制權。當評估本集團是否擁有權 力時,僅考慮實質權利(由本集團及其 他人士持有)。

於一家附屬公司的投資由控制權開始 當日至控制權終止當日併入綜合財務 報表。集團內公司間的結餘、交易及現 金流量以及與任何因集團內公司間交 易而產生的未變現溢利均在編製綜合 財務報表時悉數對銷。集團內公司間交 易所產生的未變現虧損以處理未變現 收益的同樣方式對銷,惟僅會在無減值 的情況下進行。

非控股權益指並非由本公司直接或間 接應佔的一家附屬公司權益,且本集團 並無與該等權益持有人另行協定任何 條款,而導致本集團整體須就該等權益 承擔符合金融負債定義的合同責任。就 各項業務合併而言,本集團可選擇按公 允價值或非控股權益分佔附屬公司可 識別淨資產的比例,計量任何非控股權 益。

非控股權益於綜合財務狀況表的權益 內呈列,與本公司權益股東應佔的權益 分開呈列。本集團業績中的非控股權益 於綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他全面 收益表呈列為年度總損益及總全面收 益在非控股權益與本公司權益股東之 間的分配。非控股權益持有人的貸款及 對該等持有人的其他合同責任根據附 註2(q)或(r)(視乎負債性質而定)呈列為 金融負債。

倘本集團於一家附屬公司的權益變動 不會導致喪失控制權,則作為股權交易 入賬,並就綜合權益內控股及非控股權 益的金額作出調整,以反映相對權益變 動,惟不會就商譽作出調整,且不會確 認收益或虧損。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests *(continued)*

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognized in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognized at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(g)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note 2(e)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(I)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(e) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group or Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other cost directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see notes 2(f) and (I)(ii)). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益 *(續)*

當本集團喪失對一家附屬公司之控制 權,將按出售於該附屬公司之全部權益 入賬,而所產生之收益或虧損於損益中 確認。任何在喪失控制權之日仍保留之 該前附屬公司權益按公允價值確認,而 此金額被視為初步確認金融資產(見附 註2(g))(或(如適用)於初步確投資於 認聯營公司或合營企業之成本(見附註 2(e))之公允價值。

於本公司財務狀況表中,於一家附屬公司的投資按成本減去減值虧損入賬(見 附註2(I)(ii)),除非該投資分類為持作 出售(或計入分類為持作出售之出售組 別)。

(e) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團或本公司對其管理 有重大影響力(而非控制或共同控制), 包括參與財務及經營決策之實體。

於聯營公司之投資按權益法於綜合財 務報表入賬,除非該投資分類為持作 出售(或計入分類為持作出售之出售組 別)。根據權益法,投資初步按成本入 賬,並按本集團應佔被投資公司於收購 日期可識別淨資產之公允價值超出投 資成本之差額(如有)作出調整。投資成 本包括購買價、直接歸屬於收購投資的 其他成本以及構成本集團股權投資一 部分的任何於聯營公司的直接投資。其 後,投資乃就本集團應佔被投資公司收 購後之淨資產變動及與投資有關之任 何減值虧損作出調整(見附註2(f)及(I) (ii))。於各報告日期,本集團評估是否 有任何客觀證據顯示投資已減值。收購 日期超出成本之任何差額、本集團應佔 被投資公司於收購後及除稅後業績以 及年內任何減值虧損乃於綜合損益表 內確認,而本集團應佔被投資公司其他 全面收益的收購後除稅後項目乃於綜 合損益及其他全面收益表內確認。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Associates (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see note 2(I)(i)).

Unrealized profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, retained interest is not measured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognized in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is recognized at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(g)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(I)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(e) 聯營公司 (續)

當本集團應佔聯營公司之虧損超出其 權益時,本集團之權益將減至零,並不 再確認進一步虧損,惟本集團已承擔法 律或推定責任,或代被投資公司付款之 情況除外。就此而言,本集團之權益為 根據權益法計算之投資賬面值,連同實 質上構成本集團於聯營公司投資淨額 一部分之長期權益(向相關其他長期權 益應用預期信貸虧損模型後(倘適用)) (見附註2(1)(i))。

本集團與其聯營公司間之交易所產生 之未變現損益,乃以本集團於被投資公 司之權益為限予以對銷,除非未變現虧 損提供已轉讓資產之減值證據,在此情 況下,則該等未變現虧損乃即時於損益 中確認。

倘於一家聯營公司的投資變成於一家 合營企業的投資,則保留權益不會重新 計量,反之亦然。相反,該投資繼續按 權益法入賬。

於所有其他情況下,倘本集團不再對聯 營公司有重大影響力,其乃被視作出售 於該被投資公司之全部權益,而其收益 或虧損將於損益中確認。任何在喪失重 大影響力之日期仍保留在該前被投資 公司之權益按公允價值確認,而該金 額被視為初步確認金融資產之公允價值 (見附註2(g))。

於本公司財務狀況表中,於聯營公司 的投資按成本減去減值虧損入賬(見 附註2(I)(ii)),除非該投資分類為持作 出售(或計入分類為持作出售之出售組 別)。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(I)(ii)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(g) Equity investments

Investments are recognized/derecognized on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire. Investments in equity securities are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognized directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see note 36(e).

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (nonrecycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognized in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(v)(b)(i).

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(f) 商譽

商譽指

- (i) 所轉移代價的公允價值、於被 收購方的非控股權益數額及本 集團以往持有被收購方股權的 公允價值之總額;超出
- (ii) 被收購方的可識別資產和負債 於收購日期計量的公允價值淨 額。

當(ii)大過於(i)時,超出的數額即時在損益賬內確認為議價收購的收益。

商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。企 業合併產生的商譽被分配至各現金產 生單位或現金產生單位組別,此等單位 預期受惠於合併的協同效益,且每年會 進行減值測試(見附註2(1)(ii))。

年內出售現金產生單位時,所購入商譽 的任何應佔金額會用於計算出售所得 損益。

(g) 權益投資

投資乃於本集團承諾購買/出售投資 或其到期當日確認/取消確認。於權益 工具投資初步按公允價值加上直接應 佔的交易成本列賬,惟該等以公允價值 計量且變動計入損益(「以公允價值計量 且變動計入損益」)的投資除外,其交易 成本直接於損益確認。有關本集團如何 釐定金融工具的公允價值之闡釋,請參 閱附註36(e)。

權益證券投資分類為以公允價值計量 且變動計入損益,除非該等權益投資並 非持作買賣目的,且於初步確認投資時 集團不可撤回的選擇將投資指定為以 公允價值計量且變動計入其他全面收益 (「以公允價值計量且變動計入其他全 **面收益」**)(不可撥回),以致公允價值其 後變動於其他全面收益確認。有關選擇 按逐個工具基準作出,但僅當投資從發 行人角度滿足權益的定義時方可作出。 倘作出有關選擇,則於其他全面收益累 計的金額仍保留在公允價值儲備(不可 撥回)中,直至投資被出售。於出售時, 於公允價值儲備(不可撥回)中累計的金 額轉撥至保留盈利。其不可透過損益撥 回。權益證券投資所得股息,不論是否 分類為以公允價值計量且變動計入損 益或以公允價值計量且變動計入其他 全面收益,均根據附註2(v)(b)(i)所載政 策於損益確認為其他收入。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognized at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on the remeasurement to fair value is recognized immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedge of net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged (see note 2(i)).

(i) Hedging

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge its risk of foreign exchange forward contracts.

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the hedging reserve. The ineffective portion of any gain or loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset such as inventory, the associated gain or loss is reclassified from equity to be included in the initial cost of the non-financial asset.

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss (such as when a forecast sale occurs or interest expense is recognized).

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting (including when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised), then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting is discontinued, but the hedged forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve remains in equity until the transaction occurs and it is recognized in accordance with the above policy. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to take place, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified from the equity to profit or loss immediately.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(h) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公允價值確認。公允價 值於各報告期末重新計量。任何因重新 計量公允價值所得之收益或虧損將即 時於損益確認,惟符合現金流量對沖會 計處理或對沖海外業務淨投資之衍生 工具於重新計量時所得收益或虧損之 確認除外,須視乎所對沖項目之性質而 定(見附註2(i))。

(i) 對沖

本集團指定若干衍生工具為對沖工具, 以對沖外匯遠期合同的風險。

倘衍生金融工具被指定為現金流量對 沖中的對沖工具,則衍生金融工具的任 何收益或虧損的有效部分乃於其他全 面收益內確認,並單獨於權益的對沖儲 備內累計。任何收益或虧損的無效部分 乃即時於損益內確認。

倘對沖預測交易其後導致確認非金融 資產(例如存貨),相關收益或虧損乃自 權益重新分類,計入非金融資產的初步 成本。

就所有其他已對沖預測交易而言,對沖 儲備中累計的金額由權益重新分類至 同期或對沖現金流量影響損益期間(如 發生預測銷售或確認利息開支時)的損 益中。

倘對沖不再符合對沖會計的標準(包括 對沖工具屆滿或出售、終止或行使),則 前瞻性地終止採用對沖會計法。當終止 採用對沖會計時,但預期將會發生對沖 預測交易,已於對沖儲備中累計的金額 仍將保留在權益中直至交易發生及其 根據上述政策確認。倘預期將不再發生 對沖交易,已於對沖儲備中累計的金額 將即時由權益重新分類至損益。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(I)(ii)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs(see note 2(x)).

Items may be produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. The proceeds from selling any such items and the related costs are recognized in profit or loss.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognized in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows except for freehold land in Korea:

- Buildings	Over the shorter of the term of the lease, and 5-50 years	— 樓宇	租期及5至50年 之較短者
- Electric and steam generating facilities	5 to 25 years, or over the relevant operating license period	— 電力及蒸汽 產生設施	5至25年,或相關 營業執照期間
Office and electronic equipment	3 - 10 years	— 辦公及 電子設備	3至10年
- Motor vehicles	5 - 6 years	— 汽車	5至6年

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(j) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及 減值虧損列賬(見附註2(I)(ii))。

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自行興建的物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括材料成本、直接勞工成本、(如 相關)初步估計拆卸及搬遷項目以及恢 復項目所在地原貌的成本,以及生產經 常開支及借貸成本的適當比例(見附註 2(x))。

在物業、廠房、設備達到管理層預期之 使用狀態或用途之前,部份產品已被製 造。銷售任何有關產品之所得款項及相 關成本於損益中確認。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目產生 的收益或虧損釐定為出售所得款項淨 額與項目賬面值之間的差額,並於報廢 或出售日期在損益中確認。

折舊乃使用直線法按下列估計可使用 年期計算以撇銷物業、廠房及設備項目 的成本減其估計剩餘價值(如有),惟韓 國的永久產權土地除外:

資產的使用年期及其剩餘價值(如有)每 年進行復核。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated nonlease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group, are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalize the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalized are recognized as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalized, the lease liability is initially recognized at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortized cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(k) 租賃資產

於合同開始時,本集團會評估該合同是 否為或包含租賃。倘合同讓與在一段時 間內控制已識別資產使用的權利以換 取代價,則該合同為或包含租賃。倘客 戶有權指示已識別資產的使用及從該 使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益,則已讓 與控制權。

(i) 作為承租人

倘合同包含租賃組成部分及非 租賃組成部分,本集團已選擇 不分開非租賃組成部分並就所 有租賃將各租賃組成部分及任 何相關非租賃組成部分作為單 一租賃組成部分入賬。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認 使用權資產及租賃負債,惟租 損為12個月或以下的短期租賃 及低價值租賃(就本集團而言) 要為筆團就低價值資產訂立個 約時,本集團決定是否按個別該 和賃基準將租賃資本化。與該 租賃付款於租期內按系統化基準 確認為開支。

倘租賃已資本化,則租賃負債 初步於租期內按應付租賃付款 的現值確認,並使用租賃中 含的利率進行折現,或倘該利 率無法輕易釐定,則使用相關 相賃負債按攤銷成本計量, 利息開支則使用實際利率的利 。不取決於指數或利率負負 的計量,故於其產生的會計期 間於損益內扣除。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Leased assets (continued)

(i) As a lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognized when a lease is capitalized is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the rightof-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 2(j) and 2(l)(ii)).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("**lease modification**") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of IFRS 16 *Leases*. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of IFRS 16 and recognized the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

In the statement of financial position, the Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately.

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人 (續)

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權 資產初步按成本計量,當中包 括租賃負債的初步金額加任何 於開始日期或之前作出的租賃 付款及所產生的任何初步直接 成本。在適用的情況下,使用權 闌資產或將相關資產或相關資產或相關 資產或將相關資產或相關資 產所在地復原的成本估計,按 其現值折現並扣減任何已收租 賃優惠。使用權資產其後按成 本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬 (見附註2(j)及2(l)(ii))。

倘未來租賃付款因某一指數或 利率變動而變更,或倘本集例 對根據剩餘價值擔保預期應 分面 結本集團是否合理地確定將行 使購買、續租或終止選擇權而 產貨債時,使用權資產的賬面 值 時,使用權資產的賬面 值 已減至零,則相應 調整於損益內列賬。

當租賃範疇發生變動或租賃合 同原先並無規定的租賃代價發 生變動(「**租賃修改**」),且未作 為單獨的租賃入賬時,則亦要 對租賃負債進行重新計量。在 此情況,租賃負債根據經修訂 的租賃付款和租賃期限,使用 經修訂的折現率在修改生效日 重新計量。唯一的例外是因新 冠肺炎疫情而直接產生的任何 租金 減免,且符合國際財務報 告準則第16號*租賃*第46B段所 載的條件。在該等情況,本集團 利用國際財務報告準則第16號 第46A段所載的實際權宜方法 確認代價變動,猶如其並非租 賃修改。

於財務狀況表中,本集團將使 用權資產及租賃負債分開呈 列。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Leased assets (continued)

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative standalone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognized in accordance with note 2(y)(b)(iii).

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("**ECLs**") on the financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits, trade receivables and other receivables and prepayments) and contract assets.

Financial assets measured at fair value, including derivative financial instruments and financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof where the effect of discounting is material.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人,其於租 賃開始時將各租賃釐定為融 資租賃或經營租賃。倘一項租 賃將相關資產所有權隨附的絕 大部分風險及回報轉讓予承租 人,則該租賃分類為融資租賃, 否則該租賃會分類為經營租 賃。

倘合同包含租賃及非租賃部 分,本集團將合同中的代價按 相對獨立售價基準分配至各部 分。經營租賃的租金收入根據 附註2(v)(b)(iii)確認。

(I) 信貸虧損及資產減值

(i) 金融工具及合同資產產生 之信貸虧損

倘按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 (包括現金及現金等價物、已 抵押銀行存款、短期銀行存款、 貿易及其他應收款項及預付款 項)與合同資產出現預期信貸虧 損(「預期信貸虧損」),本集團 會以虧損撥備確認。

按公允價值計量的金融資產(包括衍生金融工具及指定為以公 允價值計量且變動計入其他全 面收益的金融資產)毋須進行預 期信貸虧損評估。

預期信貸虧損的計量

預期信貸虧損乃信貸虧損的概 率加權估計。信貸虧損以所有 預期現金差額(即根據合同應付 本集團之現金流量與本集團預 期收取之現金流量之間的差額) 之現值計量。

預期現金差額以初步確認時釐 定的實際利率或折現影響重大 的近似利率折現。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets *(continued)*

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances based on its historical observed default rates which is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及合同資產產生 之信貸虧損 (續)

預期信貸虧損的計量(續)

於估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的 最長期限為本集團面臨信貸風 險的最長合同期。

在計量預期信貸虧損時,本集 團會考慮無須過度的成本或 投入而取得的合理並有理據資 料。此包括有關過去事項、當前 狀況及對未來經濟狀況預測的 資料。

預期信貸虧損按以下基準之一 計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧損: 指因報告日期後12個月 內可能發生的違約事件 而導致的預期虧損;及
- 全期預期信貸虧損:指
 因預期信貸虧損模型適
 用的項目預期期限內所
 有可能發生的違約事件
 而導致的預期虧損。

貿易應收賬款及合同資產的虧 損撥備始終按照相當於全期預 期信貸虧損的金額計量。該等 資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據其 歷史觀察到的違約率對有重大 結餘的債務人進行單獨評估, 該違約率已就前瞻性估計進行 調整。

對於所有其他金融工具,本集 團確認相當於12個月預期信貸 虧損的虧損撥備,惟金融工具 的信貸風險自初步確認以來顯 著增加除外,在這種情況下,虧 損撥備按相當於全期預期信貸 虧損的金額計量。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets *(continued)*

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held). The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings. 2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及合同資產產生 之信貸虧損 (續)

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估金融工具信貸風險自初 步確認以來有否顯著增加時, 本集團會比較於報告日期評估 及於初步確認日期評估的金融 工具發生違約的風險。作出該 項重新評估時,本集團認為借 款人不太可能在本集團無追索 權採取變現抵押(倘持有)等行 動的情況下悉數向本集團支付 其信貸債務,則構成違約事件。 本集團會考慮合理可靠的定量 及定性資料,包括過往經驗及 在毋須付出過多成本或努力下 即可獲得的前瞻性資料。具體 而言,評估信貸風險自初步確 認以來有否顯著增加時會考慮 以下資料:

- 未能按合同到期日期支
 付本金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信 貸評級的實際或預期顯 著惡化(如適用);
- 債務人經營業績的實際 或預期顯著惡化;及
- 對債務人履行其對本集 團責任的能力有重大不 利影響的科技、市場、 經濟或法律環境的目前 或預測變動。

信貸風險顯著增加的評估按個 別或集體形式進行,視乎金融 工具的性質而定。倘評估以集 體形式進行,金融工具則按共 同的信貸風險特徵(如逾期狀況 及信貸風險評級)進行分組。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets *(continued)*

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及合同資產產生 之信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

預期信貸虧損於各報告日期進 行重新計量以反映金融工具自 初步確認以來的信貸風險變 動。預期信貸虧損金額的任何 變動均於損益表中確認為減值 收益或虧損。本集團就所有金 融工具確認減值收益或虧損, 並通過虧損撥備賬戶對彼等的 賬面值作出相應調整。

於各報告日期,本集團會評估 金融資產是否出現信貸減值。 當發生一項或多項對金融資產 估計未來現金流量構成不利影 響之事件時,金融資產即出現 信貸減值。

金融資產出現信貸減值之證據 包括以下可觀察事件:

· 債務人出現重大財務困 難;

 違約行為,如拖欠或未 能支付利息或本金;

- 借款人很可能破產或進 行其他財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法 律環境之重大變動對債
 務人產生不利影響;或
- 證券因發行人出現財務 困難而失去活躍市場。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets *(continued)*

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognized as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognized no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment. 2. 重要會計政策(續)

(I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及合同資產產生 之信貸虧損 (續)

撇銷政策

倘實際上無望收回,金融資產 之賬面總值(部分或全部)將被 撇銷。該情況通常指本集團確 定債務人概無資產或收入來源 以產生足夠現金流量償還應撇 銷金額。

先前已撇銷資產隨後收回將於 發生期間在損益內確認為減值 撥回。

(ii) 其他非流動資產減值

本集團於各報告期末審閱內部 及外部資料來源,以確定以下 資產有否出現可能減值跡象或 (商譽除外)先前確認之減值虧 損不再存在或有所減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 使用權資產;
- 商譽;及
- 於本公司財務狀況表的 附屬公司投資。

倘存在任何該等跡象,則會估 計資產之可收回金額。此外,就 商譽而言,無論是否存在任何 減值跡象,每年均會估計可收 回金額。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets *(continued)*
 - Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cashgenerating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

- (I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
 - (ii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)
 - 計算可收回金額

資產之可收回金額為公 允價值減去出售成本 與使用價值之較高者。 評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流量按照反映 當時市場對貨幣時間價 值及資產特定風險之評 估之除稅前折現率折現 至其現值。倘資產所產 生的現金流入大部分並 非獨立於其他資產所產 生的現金流入,則以能 獨立產生現金流入之最 小資產組別(即現金產 生單位)釐定可收回金 額。倘可在合理及一致 的基礎上進行分配,則 公司資產(例如總部大 樓)的一部分賬面值會 分配予個別現金產生單 位,否則分配予最小的 現金產生單位組別。

確認減值虧損

倘資產或其所屬現金產 生單位之賬面值超過可 收回金額,則會於損益 確認減值虧損。就現金 產生單位確認之減值虧 損會作出分配,首先調 低已分配至該現金產生 單位(或該組單位)的 任何商譽賬面值,其後 按比例調低該單位(或 該組單位)內其他資產 的賬面值,惟資產賬面 值不可減至低於其個別 公允價值減去出售成本 (如可計量)或其使用 價值(如可釐定)。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*

- (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets *(continued)*
 - Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognized.

(m) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realizable value and all losses of inventories are recognized as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognized as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognized as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

- (I) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
 - (ii) 其他非流動資產減值 (續)
 - · 撥回減值虧損

就除商譽以外的資產而 言,倘用以釐定可收回 金額之估計出現有利變 動,將撥回減值虧損。 商譽之減值虧損將不予 撥回。

所撥回之減值虧損以假 設過往年度並無確認減 值虧損而原應釐定之資 產賬面金額為限。所撥 回減值虧損於確認撥回 之年度計入損益。

(m) 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較低者列 賬。

成本以加權平均成本法計算,包括所有 採購成本、轉換成本及將存貨運至現址 和變成現狀原貌的其他成本。

可變現淨值乃以日常業務過程中的估計售價減去估計完工成本及進行銷售 所需的估計成本計算。

存貨數額的撇減至可變現淨值及存貨 的所有虧損均在發出撇減或虧損的期 間內確認為支出。存貨撇減的任何轉回 金額均在發生轉回的期間內確認為已 列作為支出的存貨數額減少。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognized when the Group recognizes revenue (see note 2(v)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(I)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 2(o)).

A contract liability is recognized when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognized the related revenue (see note 2(v)). A contract liability would also be recognized if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognizes the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognized (see note 2(o)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 2(v)(b)(ii)).

(o) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognized when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognized before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 2(n)).

Receivables are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method and including an allowance for credit losses (see note 2(I)(i)).

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(I)(i).

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(n) 合同資產及合同負債

倘本集團於根據合同所載之付款條款 符合資格無條件收取代價之前確認收入 (見附註2(v)),則確認合同資產。合同 資產根據載於附註2(I)(i)之政策評估預 期信貸虧損,並於收取代價之權利成為 無條件時重新分類至應收款項(見附註 2(o))。

倘客戶於本集團確認相關收入前支付 不可退還之代價,則確認合同負債(見 附註2(v))。倘本集團擁有無條件權利可 於本集團確認相關收入前收取不可退 還之代價,亦將確認合同負債。在該等 情況下,亦將確認相應的應收款項(見 附註2(o))。

就與客戶訂立的單一合同而言,以合同 資產淨額或合同負債淨額呈列。就多種 合同而言,不相關合同的合同資產及合 同負債不以淨額基準呈列。

倘合同包含重大融資部分,合同結餘包 括按實際利息法計算的應計利息(見附 註2(v)(b)(ii))。

(o) 貿易及其他應收款項

倘本集團擁有收取代價之無條件權利, 則確認應收款項。倘代價到期付款前僅 需待時間推移,則收取代價之權利為無 條件。倘收入於本集團有無條件權利收 取代價前已確認,則該款項呈列為合同 資產(見附註2(n))。

應收款項其後使用實際利息法按攤銷 成本列賬,並包括信貸虧損撥備(見附 註2(I)(i))。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行現金、手頭 現金、銀行及其他金融機構活期存款和 可隨時兌換為已知金額現金且價值變 動風險不大及於購入後三個月內到期 之短期高流動性投資。現金及現金等價 物根據載於附註2(I)(i)之政策評估預期 信貸虧損。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value. Trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortized cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

(r) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrow costs (see note 2(x)).

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

> Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Defined benefit retirement scheme obligations

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior years; that benefit is discounted to determine the present value and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted. The calculation is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a benefit to the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. 2. 重要會計政策(續)

(q) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初始按公允價值 確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬,除非折現 影響並不重大,在此情況下,則按發票 金額列賬。

(r) 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公允價值減去交易成 本計量。於初步確認後,計息借款以實 際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。利息開支根 據本集團借款成本的會計政策確認(見 附註2(x))。

(s) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及定額供款 退休計劃供款

薪金、年度獎金、帶薪年假、定 額供款退休計劃之供款及非貨 幣福利成本於僱員提供相關服 務當年累計。倘延遲付款或結 算且影響重大,該等金額按其 現值列賬。

(ii) 設定受益退休計劃責任

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Defined benefit retirement scheme obligations *(continued)*

Service cost and net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability are recognized in profit or loss and allocated by function as part of "staff costs". Current service cost is measured as the increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current year. When the benefits of a plan are changed, or when a plan is curtailed, the portion of the changed benefit related to past service by employees, or the gain or loss on curtailment, is recognized as an expense in profit or loss at the earlier of when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs and when related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognized. Net interest expense for the year is determined by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the reporting period to the net defined benefit liability. The discount rate is the yield at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations.

Remeasurements arising from defined benefit retirement schemes are recognized in other comprehensive income and reflected immediately in retained earnings. Remeasurements comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognized restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

- (s) 僱員福利 (續)
 - (ii) 設定受益退休計劃責任 (續)

服務成本及設定受益計劃責任 的淨利息開支於損益中確認, 並按職能分配為「員工成本」的 一部分。當期服務成本按員工 當年服務導致的設定受益義務 現值的增加計量。當計劃福利 發生變更或縮減時,變更後的 福利中與員工過去服務相關的 部分或縮減的損益,在計劃變 更或縮減發生時和相關重組成 本或終止福利確認時(以較早 者為準)確認為損益。本年度的 淨利息開支乃透過將報告期初 用於計量設定受益計劃責任的 折現率應用於設定受益計劃負 債淨額而釐定。折現率為到期 日與本集團責任條款相折的優 質公司債券於報告期末的收益 家。

設定受益退休計劃產生的重新 計量在其他全面收益中確認, 並立即在保留盈利中反映。重 計劃資產回報(不包括計入設定 受益計劃淨負債利息淨額的金額) 人資產上限影響的任何變動 (不包括計入設定受益計劃淨 負債利息淨額的金額)。

(iii) 終止福利

終止福利會在本集團不再能夠 撤回所提供的該等福利時及其 確認涉及終止福利付款的重組 成本時(以較早者為準)確認。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to business combinations, or items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized, are recognized. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilized.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(t) 所得稅

本年度所得稅包括即期稅項和遞延稅 項資產及負債之變動。即期稅項和遞延 稅項資產及負債之變動於損益確認,惟 倘與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認之項目有關,則相關稅項金額將分別 於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

即期稅項為按本年度應課稅收入根據 於報告期末已實施或實質上已實施之 稅率計算預期應付稅項,加上以往年度 應付稅項之任何調整。

遞延稅項資產及負債分別由可扣稅及 應課稅暫時差額產生,為資產和負債於 財務報告之賬面值與其稅基之差額。遞 延稅項資產亦由尚未動用稅項虧損及 尚未動用稅務抵免產生。

除若干有限例外情況外,所有遞延稅項 負債和所有預計可取得足夠未來應課 税溢利作扣減之遞延稅項資產,均予以 確認。可支持確認因可扣稅暫時差額引 起之遞延稅項資產未來應課稅溢利包 括來自現有可扣稅暫時差額撥回之應 課稅利潤,惟有關的應課稅差額須關平 同一稅務機關及向同一應課稅實體開 徵,且預期與可扣稅暫時差額於同期撥 回,或與因遞延稅項資產而引致之稅項 虧損於某幾個有效期間撥回或結轉。釐 定現有應課稅暫時差額是否支持確認 因尚未動用之稅務虧損及抵免而產生 之遞延稅項資產時,會採用相同準則, 即若應課稅差額乃關平同一稅務機關 及向同一應課稅實體開徵,且預期於一 個期間或多個期間可動用稅務虧損或 抵免者,則會計入有關差額。

確認為遞延稅項資產和負債之有限例 外情況為暫時差額產生自以下情況:不 可在稅務方面獲得扣減之商譽;不影 響會計或應課稅溢利之資產或負債之 初始確認(如屬業務合併之一部分則除 外);以及投資附屬公司(如屬應課稅差 額,僅限於本集團可以控制撥回時間, 而在可預見之將來不大可能撥回之暫 時差額;或如屬可扣減差額,則僅限於 很可能在將來撥回之差額)。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Income tax (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognized is measured based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilized. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognized.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realize the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realize and settle simultaneously.

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(t) 所得稅 (續)

已確認之遞延稅項金額乃根據資產及 負債賬面值之預期變現或結算方式, 採用於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈之 稅率計量。遞延稅項資產及負債不作折 現。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於每個報告期 末進行審閱,並調低至不再可能有足夠 的應課稅溢利以利用相關稅務優惠。任 何相關調低均於可能有足夠應課稅溢 利時撥回。

因分派股息而產生之額外所得稅於確 認支付相關股息之負債時確認。

當期稅項結餘及遞延稅項結餘及其變 動彼此單獨呈列,且不予抵銷。倘本公 司或本集團有合法可強制執行權利以 當期稅項資產抵銷當期稅項負債,並符 合以下附帶條件的情況下,當期稅項資 產及遞延稅項資產分別抵銷當期稅項 負債及遞延稅項負債:

- 就當期稅項資產及負債而言,
 本公司或本集團擬按淨額基準
 結算,或在變現資產的同時清
 償負債;或
- 就遞延稅項資產及負債而言,
 該等資產及負債必須與同一稅
 務機關就以下其中一項徵收的
 所得稅有關:
 - 同一應課稅實體;或
 - 不同的應課稅實體,該 等實體擬在預期有大額 遞延稅項負債需要清償 或遞延稅項資產可以收 回的每個未來期間,按 淨額基準變現當期稅項 資產及清償當期稅項負 債,或在變現資產之同 時清償負債。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognized for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognized for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(u) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而須承擔法律或 推定責任,而結清該責任可能會導致經 濟利益外流,並可作出可靠估計時,則 將確認撥備。倘貨幣時間價值重大,撥 備則按結清責任的預期開支之現值列 賬。

倘不大可能發生經濟利益流出,或相關 金額無法可靠估計,則須披露有關責任 為或然負債,惟發生經濟利益流出的可 能性極低則除外。須視乎一項或多項未 來事件是否發生方可確定是否存在的 潛在責任亦披露為或然負債,惟發生經 濟利益流出的可能性極低則除外。

倘結算撥備所需的部分或全部支出預 期由另一方償還,則就幾乎確定的任何 預期償還確認一項單獨的資產。就償還 確認的金額僅限於撥備的賬面值。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

The Group is the principal for its revenue transactions and recognizes revenue on a gross basis except for service income on sales of electricity. For service income on sales of electricity, the Group is the agent for the transactions and recognizes revenue on a net basis. In determining whether the Group acts as a principal or as an agent, it considers whether it obtains control of the products before they are transferred to the customers. Control refers to the Group's ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the products.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(a) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognized when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as value added tax or other sales taxes.

(i) Revenue from the sale of electricity or steam and tariff income

Revenue from the sale of electricity or steam and tariff income are recognized based upon output delivered. Under the transfer-of-control approach in IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("**IFRS 15**"), revenue from sales of electricity or steam and tariff income is generally recognized upon transmission of electricity and steam to the customers, which is the point of time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the output and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the output.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(v) 收入及其他收入

本集團將於本集團日常業務中來自銷 售貨品、提供服務或以租賃形式提供本 集團之資產予他人使用的所得分類為 收入。

除售電服務收入外,本集團為其收入交 易的主事人,並按總額基準確認收入。 本集團為其售電服務收入交易的代理 人,相關收入以淨額基準確認。釐定本 集團作為主事人還是代理時,其考慮於 產品轉讓予客戶前其是否獲得對產品 的控制權。控制權指本集團指示產品使 用及獲得產品絕大部分剩餘利益的能 力。

本集團確認收入及其他收入的政策詳 情如下:

(a) 來自客戶合同的收入

(i)

收入於產品或服務控制權轉移 至客戶時按集團預期將有權收 取的承諾代價金額(不包括增值 稅或其他銷售稅項等代表第三 方收取的有關金額)予以確認。

> 銷售電力或蒸汽之收入 及電價收入 銷售電力或蒸汽之收入 及電價收入乃按已交付 輸出量確認。根據國際 財務報告準則第15號來 自客戶合同的收入(「國 際財務報告準則第15 號」) 控制權轉移方法, 銷售電力或蒸汽之收入 及電價收入通常於向客 戶傳輸電力及蒸汽時確 認,即客戶有能力主導 輸出量之用途及取得輸 出量之幾乎所有餘下利 益的時間點。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Revenue and other income *(continued)*

- (a) Revenue from contracts with customers *(continued)*
 - (ii) Revenue from capacity charges, start-up charges and management service

Capacity charges are payments from independent power purchasers for maintaining availability of some of the Group's power generators for dispatch of electricity, regardless of actual dispatch. Start-up charges are payments from independent power purchasers for the start-up of the power plants. Management service fee income is recognized when the service is provided. The revenue from capacity charges, start-up charges and management service are recognized over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

(iii) Revenue from sales of renewable energy certificates ("REC")

Revenue from sales of REC is recognized when customer takes possession of the REC.

(iv) Service income on sales of electricity Service income on sales of electricity is recognized when control over a service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled. 2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(v) 收入及其他收入 (續)

(ii)

(a) 來自客戶合同的收入 (續)

容量費、啟動費及管理 服務收入 容量費乃獨立電力買家 支付以維持本集團部 分發電機可供電力調度 (不論實際調度水平) 之付款。啟動費為獨立 購電者為發電廠的啟動 而支付的費用。管理服 務收入於提供服務時確 認。容量費、啟動費及 管理服務收入於提供服 務時按時間段確認。容 量費、接駁費及管理服 務收益經參考完全達成 相關履約責任之進度按 時間確認,原因為客戶 於本集團履約時同時收 取及消耗本集團履約所 提供的利益。

- (iii) 銷售可再生能源證書 (「可再生能源證書」) 的收入 銷售可再生能源證書的 收入於客戶取得可再生 能源證書時確認。
- (iv) 售電服務收入 售電服務收入在服務的 控制權轉移至客戶時, 按本集團預期有權收取 的承諾代價金額確認。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Revenue and other income *(continued)*

(b) Revenue from other sources and other income

Dividend income
 Dividend income is recognized when the
 shareholder's right to receive payment is
 established.

(ii) Interest income Interest income is recognized as it accrues under the effective interest method.

(iii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognized in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset.

(iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognized in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognized as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognized in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

- (v) 收入及其他收入 (續)
 - (b) 來自其他來源的收入及其 他收入
 - (i) 股息收入 股息收入於股東收取款 項的權利確立時確認。

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- (ii) 利息收入
 利息收入於產生時採用
 實際利息法確認。
- (iii) 經營租賃產生的租金收入

經營租賃的應收租金收 入於租期內以等額分期 方式在損益中確認,除 非另一基準更能代表使 用租賃資產所得利益的 模式。

政府補助金 (iv) 政府補助金在本集團能 夠滿足政府補助金所附 條件,並有合理保證能 夠收取政府補助金時, 於財務狀況表中予以確 認。補償本集團所產生 開支之補助按系統基準 於產生開支之同期在損 益中確認為收入。補償 本集團資產成本的補助 從資產的賬面金額中減 去,其後於該項資產的 可用年期以減少折舊費 用方式於損益表內實際 確認。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(w) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction dates is the date on which the Group initially recognizes such non-monetary assets or liabilities.

The results of subsidiaries outside Hong Kong are translated into US\$ at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill arising on consolidation of subsidiaries outside Hong Kong, are translated into US\$ at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a subsidiary outside Hong Kong, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that subsidiary outside Hong Kong is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognized.

(x) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalization of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(w) 外幣換算

年內的外幣交易按交易日的外幣匯率 換算。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債則 按報告期末的外幣匯率換算。匯兌盈虧 於損益確認。

就外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣資產及 負債按交易日的匯率換算。交易日為本 集團初始確認有關非貨幣資產及負債 之日。

香港以外附屬公司的業績按與交易日 外幣匯率相若之匯率換算為美元。財務 狀況表項目(包括於香港以外附屬公司 綜合計算時產生的商譽)按報告期末的 收市匯率換算為美元。所產生之匯兌差 額於其他全面收益中確認,並於匯兌儲 備之權益內單獨累計。

於出售香港以外的一家附屬公司時,有 關該香港以外附屬公司的累計匯兌差 額於確認出售損益時由權益重新分類 至損益。

(x) 借貸成本

直接因收購、建造或生產必須耗用一段 頗長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售之資 產而應佔之借貸成本會被資本化撥作 該資產之部分成本。其他借貸成本均在 產生的期間列作開支。

當資產開支及借貸成本經已產生和在 資產投入擬定用途或銷售而所須之撥 備工作已在進行中,借貸成本會開始資 本化並作為合資格資產成本之一部分。 合資格資產在投入擬定用途或銷售所 須之絕大部份撥備工作中止或完成時, 借貸成本便會暫停或停止資本化。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(y) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, related party includes a person and entity as defined below:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third entity.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.

2. 重要會計政策 *(續)*

(y) 關聯方

就該等財務報表而言,關聯方包括以 下定義的個人及實體:

 (a) 倘一名人士或其直系親屬符合 下列任何一項條件,則視為本 集團的關聯方:

> (i) 控制或共同控制本集 團;

> (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或

> (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理人員。

(b) 符合下列任何一項條件的實體 視為與本集團有關聯:

> (i) 該實體與本集團為同一 集團之成員公司(即各 自的母公司、附屬公司 及同系附屬公司相互關 聯)。

> (ii) 一家實體為另一實體
> 的聯營公司或合營企業
> (或另一家實體所屬集
> 團之成員公司的聯營公
> 司或合營企業)。

(iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三 實體的合營企業。

(iv) 一家實體為第三實體的
 合營企業,而另一實體
 為該第三實體的聯營公司。

(v) 該實體是為本集團或本 集團關聯實體的僱員福 利而設的退休後福利計 劃。

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(y) Related parties (continued)

(b) *(continued)*

- The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to the Company's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

In addition, government refers to government, government agencies and similar bodies whether local, national or international. A government-related entity is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by a government.

(z) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. 重要會計政策 (續)

(y) 關聯方 (續)

(b)

(續)

- (vi) 該實體受(a)所述人士 控制或共同控制。
- (vii) (a)(i)所述人士對該實體 有重大影響力或為該實 體(或該實體母公司)的 主要管理人員。
- (viii) 該實體或其為一組合中 一分子之任何成員公司 向本集團或本集母公司 提供主要管理人員服 務。

一名人士的直系親屬指該人士與實體 交易時預期可影響該人士或受該人士 影響的家庭成員。

此外,政府指地方性、全國性或國際性 的政府、政府機構及其類似機構。政府 相關實體指被政府控制、共同控制或有 重大影響的實體。

(z) 分部報告

經營分部及財務資料所呈報的各分部 項目金額乃根據向本集團各項業務及 地域地區分配資源及評估其表現而定 期向本集團最高行政管理人員提供的 財務資料當中識別出來。

個別重大經營分部不會為方便財務報 告而合併,除非相關分部具有類似的經 濟特徵,且產品及服務性質、生產流程 性質、客戶類型或類別、分銷產品或提 供服務所用方法及監管環境的性質相 若。符合上述多數標準的非個別重大經 營分部可合併。

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3. ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Notes 16, 36(a) and 36(e) contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to impairment of goodwill, impairment of trade and other receivables and fair value of financial instruments. Other key source of estimation uncertainty is as follows:

(a) Impairment of non-current assets

If circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a noncurrent asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered impaired, and an impairment loss may be recognized in profit or loss. The carrying amounts of noncurrent assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable, except for goodwill which is tested on an annual basis. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount.

In considering the impairment losses that may be required for certain of the Group's assets which include property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and goodwill, recoverable amount of the asset needs to be determined. The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and the value in use. It is difficult to precisely estimate fair value less costs of disposal because quoted market prices for the Group's assets are not readily available. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgment relating to items such as level of electricity generation, selling price and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of items such as electricity generation, selling price and amount of operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying value of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or, except for goodwill, reversal of impairment in future periods.

3. 會計判斷及估計

附註16、36(a)及36(e)載有關於商譽減值、貿易 及其他應收款項減值及金融工具公允價值的假 設和風險因素的資料。其他估計不確定因素的 主要來源如下:

(a) 非流動資產減值

倘情況顯示非流動資產的賬面值可能 無法收回,則該資產可能被視為減值, 並可能於損益確認減值虧損。非流動資 產的賬面值會定期審閱,以評估可收回 金額是否降至低於賬面值。倘有任何事 件或情況變動顯示所入賬的資產賬面 值可能無法收回,則會對該等資產進行 減值測試,惟以年度基準進行測試的商 譽除外。倘出現有關下降,賬面值會減 至可收回金額。

當考慮對本集團若干資產,包括物業、 廠房及設備(包括使用權資產)以及商譽 計提減值虧損時,須釐定該等資產的可 收回金額。可收回金額乃按公允價值減 銷售成本與使用價值之較高者釐定。由 於本集團資產的市場報價並非隨時可 得,故公允價值減出售成本難以準確估 計。於釐定使用價值時,資產所產生的 預期現金流會折現至其現值,而此需要 對發電水平、售價及經營成本金額等項 目作出重大判斷。本集團使用所有現時 可得資料(包括基於對發電、售價及經 營成本金額等項目的合理及有力假設 和預測的估計) 釐定可收回金額的合理 近似金額。有關估計的變動可對資產的 賬面值產生重大影響,並可於未來期間 導致額外減值開支或(商譽除外)減值撥 0

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4. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** 4.

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the generation and supply of electricity and steam, construction and operation of power stations and other associated facilities in the PRC and Korea. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 4(b).

Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by goods and service and by the timing of revenue recognition is as follows:

收入及分部資料

收入 (a)

本集團的主要業務為在中國及韓國之 發電及供應電力及蒸汽、興建及營運發 電站及其他相關設施。有關本集團主要 業務的進一步詳情乃於附註4(b)披露。

收入細分

來自客戶合同的收入按貨品及服務以 及收入確認時間分拆如下:

		Power plants in the PRC 中國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Power plants in Korea 韓國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2023 Total 2023年總計 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15	國際財務報告準則第15號 範圍內來自客戶合同的 收入				
Disaggregated by types of goods and services	按貨品及服務類型細分				
- Sales of electricity	一銷售電力	452,677	957,223	-	1,409,900
- Tariff income	一電價收入	412,421		-	412,421
- Sales of steam	一銷售蒸汽	101,769	-	-	101,769
- Capacity charges	一容量費	10,094	110,733	-	120,827
- Service income on sales	一售電服務收入				
of electricity		35,753	-	-	35,753
- Start-up charges and others	一啟動費及其他	-	6,269	-	6,269
- Management service income	一管理服務收入	-	-	29,255	29,255
- Sales of REC	- 銷售可再生能源證書		76,783		76,783
		1,012,714	1,151,008	29,255	2,192,977
Disaggregated by the timing of revenue recognition	按收入確認時間細分				
- Point in time	一於某一時間點	1,002,620	1,034,006	-	2,036,626
- Over time	一於某一時間段	10,094	117,002	29,255	156,351
		1,012,714	1,151,008	29,255	2,192,977

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收入細分(續)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 收入及分部資料(續) (continued)

(a) Revenue (continued)

(a) 收入*(續)*

Disaggregation of revenue (continued)

		Power plants in the PRC 中國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Power plants in Korea 韓國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 Total 2022年總計 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15	國際財務報告準則第15號 範圍內來自客戶合同的 收入				
Disaggregated by types of goods	按貨品及服務類型細分				
and services - Sales of electricity - Tariff income - Sales of steam - Capacity charges - Service income on sales of electricity - Start-up charges and others - Management service income - Sales of REC	 一銷售電力 一電價收入 一銷售蒸費 一各電服務收入 一島動費及其他 一管理服務收入 一銷售可再生能源證書 	515,032 354,199 119,982 10,540 25,027 - - - 1,024,780	1,223,325 	- - - 27,841 27,841	1,738,357 354,199 119,982 122,812 25,027 8,099 27,841 33,739 2,430,056
Disaggregated by the timing of	按收入確認時間細分				
revenue recognition - Point in time - Over time	-於某一時間點 -於某一時間段	1,014,240 10,540	1,257,064 120,371	27,841	2,271,304 158,752
		1,024,780	1,377,435	27,841	2,430,056

Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Sales of electricity or steam

Revenue from the sales of electricity or steam are recognized based upon output delivered. Under the transfer-of-control approach in IFRS 15, revenue from the sales of electricity or steam is generally recognized upon transmission of electricity or steam to the customers, which is the point of time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the output and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the output. A receivable is recognized by the Group when the output is delivered to the customers as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. The Group allows a credit period from 30 to 90 days to its customers.

客戶合同履約責任

銷售電力或蒸汽

銷售電力或蒸汽之收入乃按已交付輸 出量確認。根據國際財務報告準則第15 號控制權轉移方法,銷售電力或蒸汽之 收入通常於向客戶傳輸電力或蒸汽時 確認,即客戶有能力主導輸出量之用途 及取得輸出量之幾乎所有餘下利益的 時間點。本集團於輸出量交付至客戶時 確認應收款項,原因為在款項到期前只 須待時間流逝,即為享有代價之權利成 為無條件之時間點。本集團向其客戶授 出介乎30至90天的信貸期。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. *(continued)*

(a) Revenue (continued)

Performance obligations for contracts with customers (continued)

Tariff income from government authorities for sales of electricity

Tariff income is recognized at the same time as the relevant revenue from the sales of electricity is recognized, that is, upon the transmission of electricity to the customers.

Certain amounts of tariff income are subject to the approval for the registration in the Renewable Energy Tariff Subsidy List (the "**List**"), pursuant to Cai Jian [2020] No.5 Notice on the Measures for Administration of Subsidy Funds for Tariff of Renewable Energy (《可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理 辦法》) jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance, the National Department and Reform Commission and the National Energy Administration in January 2020 (the "**2020 Notice**"). Pursuant to the 2020 Notice, the List is registered in the National Renewable Energy Information Centre and approved by the relevant government authorities.

A receivable is recognized at the same time except for those which are pending the approval for the registration in the List from the relevant government authorities, which a contract asset is recognized. Due to the nature of receivables, there is no credit period and the directors of the Company expect that the receivables will be recovered within the Group's normal operating cycle from the time they are recognized.

Sales of REC

Revenue from sales of REC is recognized when customer takes possession of the REC. A receivable is recognized by the Group at the same time when revenue recognized, at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. The Group allows a credit period of 30 days to its customers.

Capacity charges

Capacity charges are payments from independent power purchasers for maintaining availability of some of the Group's power generators for dispatch of electricity, regardless of actual dispatch. Revenue is recognized over time when the relevant dispatch requirements are met. The credit period is normally 30 days to the independent power purchasers.

收入及分部資料(續)

(a) 收入*(續)*

客戶合同履約責任(續)

就銷售電力自政府機構取得的電價收入

電價收入於確認銷售電力相關收入的 同時,即於向客戶傳輸電力時確認。

若干電價收入須根據財政部、國家發展 和改革委員會及國家能源局於2020年 1月聯合發佈的《可再生能源電價附加 補助資金管理辦法》財建[2020]5號通知 (「2020年通知」)經審批後登記於可再 生能源電價附加資金補助清單(「清單」) 內。根據2020年通知,清單在國家可再 生能源信息管理中心註冊並獲相關政 府部門批准。

應收款項於同時確認,惟尚待相關政府 機構批准納入清單者除外,會就該等款 項確認合同資產。由於應收款項的性 質,並無信貸期且本公司董事預期應收 款項將於自其確認時起本集團的正常 營運週期內收回。

銷售可再生能源證書

銷售可再生能源證書的收入於客戶取 得可再生能源證書時確認。本集團於確 認收入的同時確認應收賬款,收取代價 的權利於當時成為無條件,乃由於在款 項到期前只須待時間流逝。本集團給予 其客戶30天的信貸期。

容量費

容量費乃獨立電力買家支付以維持本 集團部分發電機可供電力調度(不論實 際調度水平)之費用。收入於符合相關 調度規定時按時間段確認。授予獨立電 力買家的信貸期一般為30天。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. *(continued)*

(a) Revenue (continued)

Performance obligations for contracts with customers (continued)

Start-up charges

Start-up charges are payments from independent power purchasers for the start-up of the power plants. Revenue is recognized over time during the power generation period to the independent power purchasers. The credit period is normally 20 days to the independent power purchasers.

Management service income

Management service income is recognized overtime when the service is provided. The credit term is normally 30 days.

Service income on sales of electricity

Service income on sales of electricity is recognized when control over a service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled. The credit term is 30 days.

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

Contracts for capacity charges and management service typically have 3 to 20 years non-cancellable terms in which the Group bills fixed rates by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligations. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognizing revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction prices allocated to these unsatisfied contracts are not disclosed.

Contracts for sales of electricity and steam typically have 20 years non-cancellable terms. As the revenue from sales of electricity and steam as well as the related tariff income depends on future actual consumption, the revenue arising from these future sales have not been included in the transaction price for revenue recognition purposes.

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on geographical location are set out below.

收入及分部資料(續)

(a) 收入*(續)*

客戶合同履約責任(續)

啟動費

啟動費為獨立電力賣家為發電廠的啟 動而支付的費用。收入於向對應獨立電 力賣家提供發電服務的期間內確認。對 獨立電力買家的信貸期一般為20天。

管理服務收入

管理服務收入於提供服務時按時間段 確認。信貸期一般為30天。

售電服務收入

售電服務收入在服務的控制權轉移至 客戶時,按本集團預期有權收取的承諾 代價金額確認。信貸期一般為30天。

分配至客戶合同剩餘履約責任 的交易價格

容量費及管理服務合同通常具有3至20 年的不可撤回條款,本集團參考完成履 行相關履約責任的進度按固定比率開 出賬單。本集團選擇應用實際權宜法, 按本集團有權開出發票的金額確認收 入。根據國際財務報告準則第15號規 定,分配至該等未履行合同的交易價格 不予披露。

電力及蒸汽銷售合同一般具有20年不 可撤回年期。由於銷售電力及蒸汽所得 收入以及相關電價收入取決於未來實 際消耗量,故該等未來銷售產生的收入 並無計入確認收入的交易價格。

就資源配置及按地理位置評估分部表 現而向本公司執行董事(即主要營運決 策者)報告的資料載列如下。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. *(continued)*

(b) Segment revenue and segment results

The executive directors of the Company reviews the operating results and financial information of the Group based on individual power plant, management companies and on a location basis. Each power plant and management company constitutes an operating segment. For certain operating segments that exhibit similar long-term financial performance as they have similar economic characteristics, produce electricity and/or steam by using similar production processes and all of the electricity and/or steam are distributed and sold to similar classes of customers, provide similar consulting services to customers, their segment information is aggregated into a single reportable operating segment.

The Group has three reportable segments as follows:

- Power plants in the PRC Generation and supply of electricity;
- Power plants in Korea Generation and supply of electricity; and
- (3) Management companies Provision of management services to power plants operated by CGN and its subsidiaries.

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

For the year ended 31 December 2023

收入及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部收入及分部業績

本公司執行董事按個別電廠、管理公司 及位置基準審閱本集團的營運業績及 財務資料。各電廠及管理公司構成一個 營運分部。就因具備類似經濟特性、使 用類似生產程序生產電力及/或蒸汽、 所有電力及/或蒸汽分銷及銷售予類 似類別客戶以及向客戶提供類似顧問 服務而顯現類似長期財務表現的若干 營運分部,其分部資料乃彙集為一個單 一呈報營運分部。

本集團擁有以下三個可呈報分部:

(1) 中國的電廠一發電及電力供應;
(2) 韓國的電廠一發電及電力供應; 及
(3) 管理公司一向中廣核及其附屬 公司營運的電廠提供管理服務。

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債

以下為按可呈報分部劃分的本 集團收入及業績分析:

截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Power plants in the PRC 中國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Power plants in Korea 韓國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Segment revenue - external	分部收入一外部	1,012,714	1,151,008	29,255	2,192,977
Segment results	分部業績	303,791	91,246	1,393	396,430
Unallocated other income Unallocated operating	未分配其他收入 未分配經營開支				37
expenses Unallocated finance costs Share of results of	未分配財務費用 攤佔聯營公司業績				(3,532) (43,429)
associates					3,022
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利				352,528

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

(i)

(b) 分部收入及分部業績 (續)

(續)

分部業績、資產及負債

截至2022年12月31日止年度

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 收入及分部資料(續) (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities *(continued)*

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		Power plants in the PRC 中國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Power plants in Korea 韓國的電廠 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$*000</i> <i>千美元</i>	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>
Segment revenue - external	分部收入一外部	1,024,780	1,377,435	27,841	2,430,056
Segment results	分部業績	287,229	85,096	1,326	373,651
Unallocated other income Unallocated operating	未分配其他收入 未分配經營開支				32
expenses					(5,796)
Unallocated finance costs	未分配財務費用 攤佔聯營公司業績				(31,641)
Share of results of associates	無 ഥ哪宮公可未領				(63,252)
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利				272,994

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies set out in note 2. Segment results represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of certain other income, operating expenses, finance costs and share of results of associates. This is the measure reported to the executive directors of the Company for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. 可呈報分部的會計政策與附註 2所載本集團的會計政策相同。 分部業績指各分部賺取的溢 利,不包括若干其他收入、經營 開支、財務費用及攤佔聯營公 司業績的分配。此乃為資源分 配及表現評估而向本公司執行 董事報告的計量方式。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 收入及分部資料(續) (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (continued)

(b) 分部收入及分部業績 (續)

(續)

(i)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities *(continued)*

liabilities by reportable segments:

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and

以下為按可呈報分部劃分的本 集團資產及負債分析:

分部業績、資產及負債

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Segment assets Power plants in the PRC Power plants in Korea Management companies	分部資產 中國的電廠 韓國的電廠 管理公司	6,894,919 1,335,257 954	6,743,376 1,481,181 3,050
Total segment assets Interests in associates Unallocated – Right-of-use assets – Others	分部資產總值 於聯營公司的權益 未分配 一使用權資產 一其他	8,231,130 75,929 1,136 41,947	8,227,607 74,268 2,258 39,800
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	8,350,142	8,343,933

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(i)

收入及分部資料(續) 4. **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** 4 (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (continued)

(b) 分部收入及分部業績 (續)

(續)

分部業績、資產及負債

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

(commued)		(洞具)	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Segment liabilities Power plants in the PRC Power plants in Korea Management companies	分部負債 中國的電廠 韓國的電廠 管理公司	5,201,487 647,951 573	5,150,238 876,975 772
Total segment liabilities Unallocated – Bank borrowings – Loans from fellow subsidiarie – Lease liabilities – Others	分部負債總額 未分配 一銀行借貸 ss 一來自同系附屬公司的貸款 一租賃負債 一其他	5,850,011 100,000 700,000 1,151 10,421	6,027,985 100,000 700,000 2,274 14,118
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	6,661,583	6,844,377

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than interests in associates, certain right-of-use assets and corporate assets of investment holding companies; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating • segments other than certain bank borrowings, loans from fellow subsidiaries, lease liabilities and unallocated corporate liabilities.

就監控分部表現及分配各分部 間資源而言:

- 所有資產均分配至營運 分部(於聯營公司的權 益、若干使用權資產及 投資控股公司的公司資 產除外);及
 - 所有負債均分配至營運 分部(若干銀行借貸、 來自同系附屬公司的貸 款、租賃負債以及未分 配公司負債除外)。

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for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 收入及分部資料(續) (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (continued)

(ii) Other segment information

(ii) 其他分部資料

(b) 分部收入及分部業績 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Power plants in the PRC 中國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Power plants in Korea 韓國的電廠 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Management companies 管理公司 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Unallocated 未分配 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets and liabilities:	計量分部損益或分部資產及 負債時計入的金額:					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Net (gain)/ loss on disposal of	物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 出售物業、廠房及	276,366 5,839	66,688 1,198	14 153	672 1,123	343,740 8,313
property, plant and equipment Interest income Finance costs Impairment losses recognized in	□ 旨彻果 减房及 設備(收益)/虧損淨額 利息收入 財務費用 就物業、廠房及設備確認之 減值虧損	(4) 2,828 142,996	42 2,869 26,340	- 6 5	(1) 75 43,424	37 5,778 212,765
respect of property, plant and equipment Impairment losses recognized in respect of goodwill	就商譽確認之減值虧損	7,659 8,681	-	-	-	7,659 8,681
Net gain on cash flow hedging instruments reclassified through other comprehensive income Gain on deconsolidation of	透過其他全面收益重新分類的 現金流量對沖工具的 收益淨額 取消合併附屬公司的收益	-	2,170	-	-	2,170
subsidiaries Amounts regularly provided to	定期向主要營運決策者提供	2,485	-	-	-	2,485
the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets and liabilities:	但不計入計量分部損益 或分部資產及負債的 金額:					
Interests in associates Share of results of associates Income tax	於聯營公司的權益 攤佔聯營公司業績 所得稅	75,929 3,022 71,350	- - 1,115	- - 430	-	75,929 3,022 72,895

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for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

(ii)

Power Power

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 收入及分部資料(續) (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (b) 分部收入及分部業績(續) (continued)

(ii) Other segment information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 (Restated)

截至2022年12月31日止年度 (經重列)

其他分部資料(續)

		1 01101	1 01101			
		plants in	plants in	Management		
		the PRC	Korea	companies	Unallocated	Total
		中國的電廠	韓國的電廠	管理公司	未分配	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
		1 7 70	1 7 70	1 天70	1 天76	1 7 76
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets and liabilities:	計量分部損益或分部資產及 負債時計入的金額:					
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊					
plant and equipment		268,919	66,466	31	553	335,969
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	2.896	830	160	1.122	5.008
Net loss on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及	,			,	.,
property, plant and equipment	設備虧損淨額	473	4	-	-	477
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司的虧損	67	-	-	-	67
Interest income	利息收入	2,870	627	9	51	3,557
Finance costs	財務費用	171,046	24,418	13	31,628	227,105
Impairment losses recognized in respect of property, plant and	就物業、廠房及設備確認之 減值虧損					
equipment		44,983	21,828	-	-	66,811
Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets and liabilities:	定期向主要營運決策者提供 但不計入計量分部損益 或分部資產及負債的 金額:					
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	74,268	-	_	_	74,268
Share of results of associates	難佔聯營公司業績	(63,252)	_	-	-	(63,252)
Income tax	所得稅	36,211	22,357	3	-	58,571
			,	-		

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

收入及分部資料(續) 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 4 (continued)

(b) Segment revenue and segment results (continued)

(iii) Information about major customers

Revenue from customers from segment of power plants in Korea of the corresponding years contributing over

10% of the total sales of the Group is as follows:

2023

資產

列如下:

2023年

(iv)

(b) 分部收入及分部業績 (續)

有關主要客戶的資料 (iii)

於有關年度為本集團總銷售額 帶來10%以上貢獻的韓國電廠 分部客戶收入如下:

按地理位置劃分的非流動

本集團在三個主要地理位置經

營一中國、韓國及香港。本集團

的非流動資產(附註)按資產所 在地及相關聯營公司經營地分

2022

2022年

		05\$*000 千美元	US\$*000 千美元
Korea Electric Power Corporation (" KEPCO ") Korea Power Exchange	Korea Electric Power Corporation (「 KEPCO 」) Korea Power Exchange	433,498 717,510	427,707 949,728

(iv) Non-current assets by geographical location

The Group operates in three principal geographical areas - the PRC, Korea and Hong Kong. The Group's information about its non-current assets (Note) by location of assets and its associates by location of the relevant associates' business operations are detailed

below:			
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
PRC Korea Hong Kong	中國 韓國 香港	5,526,200 1,024,065 4,898	5,402,977 1,017,131 6,156
		6,555,163	6,426,264

Note: Non-current assets excluded deferred tax assets. *附註:* 非流動資產不包括遞延稅 項資產。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

5. 其他經營開支

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Operation support expenses	經營支援開支	63,313	30,168
Fuel, chemicals, electricity and water	燃油、化學物質及水電	12,772	11,656
Other maintenance cost	其他維護成本	7,744	16,863
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 15)	使用權資產折舊 <i>(附註15)</i>	8,313	5,008
Transportation and entertainment expenses	運輸及應酬費用	10,270	8,006
Outsourcing expenses	外包費用	3,648	4,286
Tools and consumables	工具及消耗品	8,261	3,552
Consultancy fees	諮詢費用	4,948	3,954
Insurance expenses	保險費用	7,978	6,718
Other taxes, surcharges and duties	其他稅項、附加費及稅費	8,145	6,795
Miscellaneous operating expenses	雜項營運開支	13,737	13,216
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	2,535	2,085
Office expenses	辦公室開支	1,480	2,669
		153,144	114,976

6. OTHER INCOME

6. 其他收入

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
 Income on sales of generating rights and capacity (note) Compensation from insurance companies Equipment rental income Government grants (note 33) Income on sales of scrap materials Technical service income Interest income Others 	出售發電權及容量的 收入(附註) 保險公司賠償 設備租賃收入 政府補助金(附註33) 銷售廢料收入 技術服務收入 利息收入 其他	293 423 9,459 218 1,857 5,778 1,746	13,664 1,197 427 5,688 320 2,259 3,557 15,587 42,699

Note: A subsidiary of the Group sold its power generation rights and remaining power generation capacity to third parties during the year ended 31 December 2022 as the power plant of the subsidiary ended its operation in 2019.

附註: 本集團一家附屬公司於截至2022年12月31日 止年度將其發電權及剩餘發電容量出售予第 三方,因為該附屬公司的發電廠於2019年終 止經營。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

7. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

7. 其他收益及虧損

	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Gain/(loss) on deconsolidation/disposal of subsidiaries (note 37)	2,485	(67)
Impairment losses recognized in respect of 就物業、廠房及設備確認之 property, plant and equipment <i>(note 14)</i> 減值虧損 <i>(附註14)</i>	(7,659)	(66,811)
Impairment losses recognized in respect of goodwill <i>(note 16)</i>	(8,681)	-
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) 外匯收益/ (虧損) 淨額 Net loss on disposal of property, 出售物業 \ 廠房及設備	1,726	(1,645)
plant and equipment	(37)	(477)
income 收益淨額	2,170	
	(9,996)	(69,000)

8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務費用

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Interest on:	以下各項之利息:		
Bank borrowings Loans from fellow subsidiaries Lease liabilities Other payables and accruals Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder	銀行借貸 來自同系附屬公司的貸款 租賃負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付一名非控股股東款項	150,766 59,740 2,006 178 75	162,818 61,908 2,115 191 73
		212,765	227,105

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INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 9 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 9 內之所得稅

(a) 綜合損益表內之稅項指:

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Current tax: Provision for the year Under provision in prior years	即期稅項: 年內撥備 過往年度撥備不足	63,333 223	54,580 770
		63,556	55,350
Dividend withholding tax - current year	股息預扣稅-本年度	6,355	4,703
Deferred tax <i>(note 19)</i> : Current year	遞延稅項 <i>(附註19)</i> : 本年度	2,984	(1,482)
		72,895	58,571

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda.

Current tax provision represents provision for the PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("PRC EIT") and Korean Corporate Income Tax ("**KCIT**").

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards, except for those subsidiaries described below.

Certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are under the Western China Development Plan and a preferential tax rate of 15% is granted for an extended period from 2020 to 2030. As a result, the tax rate of 15% is used to calculate the amount of current taxation.

Pursuant to KCIT law, the statutory income tax of the Group's Korean subsidiaries was calculated at a rate of 23.1% (2022: 24.2%) of the estimated assessable profit for the years ended 31 December 2023.

本公司獲豁免繳納百慕達稅項。

即期稅項撥備指中國企業所得稅(「中國 **企業所得稅」)**及韓國企業所得稅(「**韓國 企業所得稅」**) 撥備。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得稅法(「企 **業所得稅法**」)及企業所得稅法實施條 例,自2008年1月1日起,中國附屬公司 的稅率為25%,惟下文所述的附屬公司 除外。

本集團在中國經營的若干附屬公司從 屬西部大開發計劃,可享受15%之優惠 税率由2020年延長至2030年。因此,計 算即期稅項時採用15%之稅率。

根據韓國企業所得稅法,截至2023年12 月31日止年度,本集團之韓國附屬公司 的法定所得税乃按估計應課稅溢利的 23.1%(2022年:24.2%)計算。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

9. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: *(continued)*

Pursuant to Hong Kong tax law, the statutory income tax was calculated at a rate of 16.5% for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022. Pursuant to the tax laws in Republic of Malta and in Mauritius, the statutory income tax was calculated at a rate of 35% and 15%, respectively, for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022. However, subsidiaries of the Group operating in these jurisdictions have not generated taxable income during both years and therefore, no tax provision has been made by the Group in relation to these subsidiaries.

The Group's subsidiaries and associates that are tax residents in the PRC are subject to the PRC dividend withholding tax ranging from 5% to 10% for those non-PRC tax resident immediate holding companies incorporated in Hong Kong and other jurisdictions, when and if undistributed earnings are declared and to be paid as dividends out of profits that arose on or after 1 January 2008.

The Group's subsidiaries that are tax residents in Korea are subject to a 15% Korean dividend withholding tax for the immediate holding company incorporated in the Republic of Malta when and if undistributed earnings are declared and to be paid to non-PRC or non-Korea residents as dividends out of profits.

Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the temporary differences attributable to the profit for the current year of the Group's Korean subsidiaries and certain PRC subsidiaries as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

- 综合損益及其他全面收益表 內之所得稅(續)
 - (a) 綜合損益表內之稅項指: *(續)*

根據香港稅法,截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度之法定所得稅乃按 16.5%計算。根據馬耳他共和國及毛裡 裘斯稅法,截至2023年及2022年12月 31日止年度之法定所得稅分別按35%及 15%之稅率計算。然而,本集團在該等 司法權區經營之附屬公司於該兩年內 並無產生應課稅收入,故本集團並無就 該等附屬公司作出稅項撥備。

倘宣佈將於2008年1月1日或之後產生 的溢利當中的未分派盈利作為股息派 付,對於在香港及其他司法權區註冊成 立的該等非中國稅務居民直接控股公 司而言,作為中國稅務居民的中國附屬 公司及聯營公司須繳納5%至10%不等中 國股息預扣稅。

倘宣佈以溢利當中的未分派盈利作為 股息派付予非中國或非韓國居民,作為 韓國稅務居民的本集團附屬公司須就 於馬耳他共和國註冊成立的直接控股 公司繳納15%的韓國股息預扣稅。

由於本集團可控制暫時差異的回撥時 間,而此暫時差異在可預見將來很可能 不會回撥,因此並無就於本年度產生的 本集團韓國附屬公司及若干中國附屬 公司之溢利應佔的暫時差異於綜合財 務報表作出遞延稅項撥備。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

9 **INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED** STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicate tax rates:

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 9 內之所得稅 (續)

(b) 所得稅開支與會計溢利按 適用稅率計算之對賬如 下:

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$*000</i> <i>千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	352,528	272,994
Notional tax on profit before taxation calculated at the rates applicable to	按有關國家適用所得稅率 計算,除稅前溢利的名義		
profits in the countries concerned Tax effect of expenses not deductible	稅項 不可扣稅開支的稅務影響	90,028	70,349
for tax purpose		10,161	18,034
Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of share of results of	不須課稅收入的稅務影響 攤佔聯營公司業績的稅務	(3,010)	(3,887)
associates	海口····································	(616)	15,813
Tax effect of preferential tax rates	若干中國附屬公司		,
granted to certain PRC subsidiaries	獲授優惠稅率的稅務影響 使用先前未確認稅項虧損	(48,896)	(63,641)
Utilization of tax losses previously not recognized	使用元刖不唯吣忧填虧損	(97)	(424)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognized	尚未確認的稅項虧損的		,
Withholding tax on distributable profits	稅務影響 附屬公司及聯營公司	15,122	13,319
of subsidiaries and associates	可分派溢利的預扣稅	9,980	8,238
Under provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	223	770
Income tax expense for the year	年內所得稅開支	72,895	58,571

Details of deferred tax movement are set out in note 19.

(c) Pillar Two income taxes

The Group operates in Korea, which has enacted new tax laws to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD"). The new tax laws will take effect from 1 January 2024. As the new tax laws are not yet effective, the Group does not recognize any current tax relating to the Pillar Two model rules for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Group has applied the temporary mandatory exception to recognizing and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes and would account for the tax as current tax when incurred.

有關遞延稅項變動的詳情載列於附註 190

(c) 第二支柱所得稅

本集團在韓國開展業務,韓國已頒佈 新的稅法,以實施經濟合作與發展組織 (「經濟合作與發展組織」)發佈的第二 支柱模式規則。新稅法將於2024年1月1 日生效。由於新稅法尚未生效,本集團 並未於截至2023年12月31日止年度確 認與第二支柱模式規則有關的任何即 期稅項。

本集團已採用臨時強制性例外規定以 確認及披露與第二支柱所得稅相關的 遞延稅項資產及負債資料,並於發生時 將其計入即期稅項。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

10. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

10. 年內溢利

	202320222023年2022年US\$'000US\$'000千美元千美元
Profit for the year has been arrived at 年內溢利經已扣除: after charging:	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備折舊 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊 Recognition of loss allowance of trade and other 確認貿易及其他應收款 receivables and contract assets 合同資產虧損撥備	8,313 5,008
<i>(note 36(a))</i> Impairment losses recognized in respect of 就物業、廠房及設備確	8,593 2,791
property, plant and equipment <i>(note 14)</i> Impairment losses recognized in respect of 就商譽確認之減值虧損	7,659 66,811
goodwill <i>(note 16)</i> (附註16)	8,681 –
Staff costs 員工成本 - salaries and allowances 一薪金及津貼 - contribution to retirement benefits scheme, 一退休福利計劃供款	100,558 93,503
including directors' emoluments 包括董事酬金	19,755 15,892
Total staff costs, including directors' emoluments 總員工成本,包括董事	酬金 120,313 109,395
Auditors' remuneration 核數師酬金	
 audit services non-audit services 一非審核 	702 670 202 21
Total auditors' remuneration 總核數師酬金	904 691

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11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

11. 董事酬金及僱員薪酬

Directors' emoluments

2023

董事酬金

2023年

Name	姓名	Directors' fee 董事袍金 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Performance related incentive payments 表現相關 激勵費用 US\$'000 千美元	Benefits in kind 實物福利 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>
Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman, President and Executive Director	黨委書記、主席、總裁兼執行董事						
Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu, (former President) (resigned as President on 4 September 2023)	張志武先生,(前總裁) (於2023年9月4日辭任總裁)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Director	執行董事						
Mr. LI Guangming (appointed as President and Director on 4 September 2023)	李光明先生(於2023年9月4日獲委任 為總裁兼董事)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事						
Mr. LIU Qingming (appointed on 29 December 2023)	劉清明先生 (於2023年12月29日 獲委任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. WANG Hongxin (resigned on 29 December 2023)	王宏新先生 (於2023年12月29日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Bian Shuming (resigned on 4 September 2023)	卞書明先生(於2023年9月4日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Chen Xinguo (resigned on 7 February 2024)	陳新國先生(於2024年2月7日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. LEUNG Chi Ching Frederick	梁子正先生	17	-	-	-	-	17
Mr. YANG Xiaosheng	楊校生先生	9	-	-	-	-	9
Mr. WANG Minhao	王民浩先生	9					9
		35					35

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (continued)

11. 董事酬金及僱員薪酬 (續)

Directors' emoluments (continued)

董事酬金(續)

2022年

Name	姓名	Directors' fee 董事袍金 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	Performance related incentive payments 表現相關 激勵費用 US\$'000 千美元	Benefits in kind 寶物福利 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>
Secretary of the Communist Party Committee, Chairman, President and Executive Director	黨委書記、主席、總裁兼執行董事						
Mr. ZHANG Zhiwu, <i>President</i> (appointed as Chairman of the Board and President on 8 April 2022)	張志武先生, <i>總裁</i> (於2022年4月8日 獲委任為董事會主席兼總裁)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Director	執行董事						
Mr. LI Yilun, <i>former President</i> (resigned as President and Director on 8 April 2022)	李亦倫先生, <i>前總裁</i> (於2022年 4月8日辭任總裁兼董事)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事						
Mr. CHEN Sui, <i>former Chairman of the Board</i> (resigned as Chairman of the Board and Director on 8 April 2022)	陳遂先生, <i>前董事會主席</i> (於2022年4月8日辭任董事會主席 兼董事)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. WANG Hongxin	王宏新先生	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Chen Xinguo (appointed on 8 April 2022)	陳新國先生(於2022年4月8日獲委任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Ren Liyong (appointed on 8 April 2022 and resigned on 29 September 2022)	任力勇先生 (於2022年4月8日獲委任 及於2022年9月29日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Bian Shuming (appointed on 29 September 2022)	卞書明先生 (於2022年9月29日 獲委任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. LEUNG Chi Ching Frederick	梁子正先生	18	-	-	-	-	18
Mr. YANG Xiaosheng	楊校生先生	9	-	-	-	-	9
Mr. WANG Minhao	王民浩先生	9					9
		36	-	-	_	-	36

2022

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (continued)

Directors' emoluments (continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for the services as directors of the Company.

Certain directors have also been employed by CGN and its subsidiaries, so the payments of their emoluments were borne by CGN and its subsidiaries for both years.

Neither the President nor any of the directors of the Company waived any emoluments during both years.

No emoluments were paid to the directors of the Company as an inducement to join for both years.

Individuals with highest emoluments

The five highest paid individuals did not include any directors of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022. The emoluments of the five individuals for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Salaries and allowances Contributions to retirement benefits schemes Performance related incentive payments (*note*) 薪金及津貼 退休福利計劃供款 表現相關激勵費用*(附註)*

Note: The performance related incentive payments are determined by the board of directors of the Company based on the Group's performance.

11. 董事酬金及僱員薪酬 (續)

董事酬金(續)

上述執行董事酬金乃就彼等與本公司及本集團 管理事務相關之服務而支付。

上述非執行董事酬金乃就彼等擔任本公司或其 附屬公司董事相關服務而支付。上述獨立非執 行董事酬金乃就彼等擔任本公司董事相關服務 而支付。

若干董事亦受聘於中廣核及其附屬公司,故其 於該兩個年度的薪酬由中廣核及其附屬公司承 擔。

概無本公司總裁或任何董事於該兩個年度放棄 收取任何酬金。

概無於該兩個年度向本公司董事支付酬金作為 加入本公司的誘因。

最高薪酬僱員

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度,薪酬 最高五名個人並不包括本公司任何董事。截至 2023年及2022年12月31日止年度五名最高薪 人士的薪酬如下:

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
千美元	千美元
1,048	1,041
76	57
532	429
1,656	1,527

*附註:*表現相關激勵費用乃由本公司董事會根據本 集團的表現釐定。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (continued)

Individuals with highest emoluments (continued)

No benefits in kind and compensations of loss of office were paid to the individuals and no emoluments were paid to the individuals as an inducement to join for both years.

Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") 1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 1,500,001港元 (「港元」) 至2,000,000港元

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

11. 董事酬金及僱員薪酬 (續)

最高薪酬僱員(續)

概無於該兩個年度向個人支付實物利益及離職 賠償,亦無向個人支付酬金作為加入本公司的 誘因。

彼等的酬金介乎以下範圍:

12. 每股盈利

根據以下數據計算。

No. of er 僱員	nployees 人數
2023 2023年	2022 2022年
0	1
2	2
2	2
1	0

本公司普通股股東應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Equivalent to US\$192,001 to US\$255,000)

(Equivalent to US\$255.001 to US\$319.000)

(Equivalent to US\$319,001 to US\$383,000)

(Equivalent to US\$383,001 to US\$447,000)

HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000

HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000

HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per Share attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company is based on the following data.

	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Earnings: 盈利:		
Earnings for the purposes of calculating basic 用於計算每股基本及攤薄盈 and diluted earnings per Share (profit for the 的盈利 (本公司普通股權 year attributable to ordinary equity shareholders 股東應佔年內溢利) of the Company)		195.149
	201,000	100,140

(相當於192,001美元至255,000美元)

(相當於255.001美元至319.000美元)

(相當於319,001美元至383,000美元) 3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元

(相當於383,001美元至447,000美元)

2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元

2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

12. 每股盈利 (續)

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>
<i>千股</i>	千股
4,290,824	4,290,824

Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per Share

There were no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, and therefore, diluted earnings per Share are the same as basic earnings per share.

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Number of shares:

(a) Defined contribution plan

Hong Kong

The Group participates in the MPF Scheme established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Cap. 485) for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. Employees contribute 5% of their relevant income to the MPF Scheme subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000, and the Group contributes 10% of each employee's monthly base salary. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the retirement benefit scheme contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to profit or loss were approximately US\$220,000 (2022: US\$223,000).

The PRC

In accordance with the relevant rules and regulations of the PRC, the Group's PRC subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the retirement fund administered by the PRC government ranging from 10% to 22% (2022: 10% to 22%) of the total monthly basic salaries of the current employees. In addition, the Group's PRC subsidiaries are required by law to contribute 2% to 15% (2022: 2% to 15%) of basic salaries of the employees for social insurance in relating to staff welfare, housing, medical and education benefits. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the costs charged under such arrangements for the Group's PRC subsidiaries amounted to approximately US\$18,068,000 (2022: US\$11,028,000).

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度,並無攤 薄潛在普通股,因此,每股攤薄盈利與每股基本 盈利相同。

13. 僱員福利

(a) 定額供款計劃

香港

本集團在香港為所有合資格僱員參與 根據強制性公積金計劃條例(第485章) 設立的強積金計劃。僱員按其相關收入 的5%向強積金計劃作出供款,每月有關 入息上限為30,000港元,而本集團按每 名僱員每月基本薪金的10%作出供款。 強積金計劃資產乃獨立於本集團資產 於獨立受託人控制的基金內持有。於截 至2023年12月31日止年度,因強積金 計劃產生且從損益內扣除的退休福利 計劃供款約為220,000美元(2022年: 223.000美元)。

中國

根據中國有關規則及法規,本集團的中 國附屬公司須向中國政府管理的退休 基金作出供款,供款額為現有僱員基本 月薪總額之10%至22%(2022年:10%至 22%)。此外,就與員工福利、住房、醫 療及教育福利有關的社會保障,本集團 的中國附屬公司須依法作出相當於僱 員基本薪金之2%至15%(2022年:2%至 15%)之供款。於截至2023年12月31日 止年度,根據本集團中國附屬公司的相 關安排扣除的費用約為18,068,000美元 (2022年:11,028,000美元)。

用於計算每股基本及

攤薄盈利的普通股數目

股份數目:

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued) 13. 僱員福利(續)

(a) Defined contribution plan (continued)

Korea

The Group's Korean subsidiaries are required by law to contribute 0.06% to 4.5% (2022: 0.06% to 4.5%) of the average salaries of the employees for national pension, national health insurance, unemployment insurance, industrial accident compensation insurance and wage claim guarantee fund. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the cost charged under such arrangements for the Group's Korean subsidiaries amounted to approximately US\$1,486,000 (2022: US\$1,315,000).

In the PRC and Korea, the Group cannot reduce the existing level of contributions by the forfeited contributions made by the employers on behalf of the employees who leave the defined contribution schemes before the vesting period. As such, no forfeited contribution was used to reduce both years' level of contributions and no forfeited contribution was available at 31 December 2023 and 2022 to reduce future years' contributions in the PRC and Korea. In Hong Kong, the Group has utilized nil forfeited contributions to reduce the current year's level of contributions for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Nil for the year ended 31 December 2022). As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, no material forfeited contribution was available to reduce the contribution payable in future years in Hong Kong.

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme

Korea

In accordance with the relevant rules and regulations in Korea, all employees with more than one year of service are entitled to lump-sum severance payments equal to one month's pay of service for each year based on their rate of latest salary and the length of service upon termination of their employment or retirement.

The scheme is funded by contributions from the Group's Korean subsidiaries in accordance with an independent actuary's recommendation based on annual actuarial valuations. The latest independent actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 December 2023 and were prepared by the qualified staff of Shinhan Bank Co., Ltd, who are members of the Society of Actuaries of the United States of America and Institute of Actuaries of Korea, using the projected unit credit method.

定額供款計劃(續) (a)

韓國

本集團之韓國附屬公司根據法律規 定須作出僱員平均薪金0.06%至4.5% (2022年:0.06%至4.5%)之供款,作 為國家退休金、國家健康保險、失業保 險、工傷意外賠償保險及工資申索保證 基金。於截至2023年12月31日止年度, 根據本集團韓國附屬公司之有關安排 扣除的成本約為1,486,000美元(2022 年:1,315,000美元)。

在中國及韓國,本集團不能以僱主代表 於歸屬期前退出界定供款計劃的僱員 作出的沒收供款降低現有供款水平。因 此, 並無已沒收供款用於減少兩個年度 的供款水平,且於2023年及2022年12 月31日並無已沒收供款可用於減少未 來年度中國及韓國的供款。在香港,本 集團就截至2023年12月31日止年度並 無動用已沒收供款(截至2022年12月31 日止年度:無),以降低本年度供款水 平。於2023年及2022年12月31日,概無 重大已沒收供款可用於減少未來年度 香港的應付供款。

(b) 設定受益退休計劃

韓國

根據韓國的相關規則及規例,所有服務 超過一年的僱員均有權於終止僱用或 退休時,根據其最後薪金及服務年資, 每年獲得相等於一個月服務期的一次 性遣散費。

該計劃的資金來自本集團韓國附屬公 司根據獨立精算師根據年度精算估值 提出的建議所作出的供款。該計劃最近 一次獨立精算估值是在2023年12月31 日,由Shinhan Bank Co., Ltd合資格員 工(為美利堅合眾國精算師協會及韓國 精算師協會會員)使用預計單位信貸法 編製。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

funded obligations

scheme assets

Fair value of plan assets

Net defined benefit retirement

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme *(continued)*

Korea (continued)

The plan exposes the Group to actuarial risks, such as investment risk, interest rate risk and salary risk. Information about the plan is disclosed below:

 The amount recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

Present value of wholly or partly 全額或部分撥款責任之現值

A portion of the above asset is expected to be recovered after more than one year. However, it is

not practicable to segregate this amount from the amounts recoverable in the next twelve months, as

future contributions will also relate to future services

rendered and future changes in actuarial assumptions

and market conditions. The Group expects to pay

US\$898,000 (2022: US\$815,000) in contributions to

defined benefit retirement schemes during the year

13. 僱員福利*(續)*

(b) 設定受益退休計劃 (續)

韓國 *(續)*

該計劃使本集團面臨精算風險,如投資 風險、利率風險和薪金風險。有關該計 劃的資料披露如下:

(i) 於綜合財務狀況表中確認的金額如下:

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$*000</i>	<i>US\$*000</i>
千美元	<i>千美元</i>
13,272	12,140
(13,669)	(12,310)
(397)	(170)

上述資產的一部分預計將在一 年以後收回。然而,將該金額 與未來十二個月內可收回的 金額分開並不可行,乃因未來 的供款亦將與未來提供的服 務以及未來精算假設和市場 條件的變化有關。本集團預期 於截至2023年12月31日止年 度向設定受益退休計劃支付 供款898,000美元(2022年: 815,000美元)。

(ii) 計劃資產包括以下各項:

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
千美元	千美元
(13,669)	(12,310)

Cash and cash equivalents

ended 31 December 2023.

Plan assets consist of the following:

(ii)

現金及現金等價物

計劃資產的公允價值

設定受益退休計劃資產

淨額

There were no asset-liability matching strategies used by the scheme of the Group.

本集團的計劃並無採用資產負 債匹配策略。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

13.	B. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)		13.	僱員福利 <i>(續)</i>				
	(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme <i>(continued)</i>			(b)	設定受益法	退休計劃 <i>(續)</i>		
		Kore	a <i>(continued)</i>				韓國 <i>(續)</i>	
		(iii)	Movements in the present value obligations:	of the defined benefit			(iii) 設定受:	益責任的現值變動:
							2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
			At beginning of the year Remeasurements: - Actuarial losses from	於年初 重新計量: 一經驗變動帶來之			12,140	14,589
			 Actuarial losses from changes in experience Actuarial gains from changes in financial 	精算虧損 一財務假設變動帶來之 精算收益	-		824	124
			assumptions				(176)	(1,590)
			Benefits paid by the scheme Current service cost Interest cost Exchange differences	計劃支付之福利 現時服務成本 利息成本 匯兌差額			12,788 (1,176) 1,290 576 (206)	13,123 (1,884) 1,415 347 (861)
			At end of the year	於年末			13,272	12,140

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

設定受益退休計劃 (續)

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Korea (continued)

(iv)

13. 僱員福利(續)

(b)

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme (continued)

韓國 (續)

2023

2023年

2022

2022年

Movements in plan assets:		(iv) 計劃	資產的變動:
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022年 <i>US\$'000</i>
At beginning of the year Group's contributions paid to	於年初 本集團向計劃支付的供款	(12,310) (12,906)
the plan Benefits paid by the plan Return on plan assets less	計劃支付之福利 低於折現率的計劃資產回報	(2,302 1,176	-
than discount rate Administrative expenses paid	計劃資產支付的行政開支	205	191
from plan assets Interest income Exchange differences	利息收入 匯兌差額	31 (671 202) (375)
At end of the year	於年末	(13,669) (12,310)
Amounts recognized in the consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:			合損益及其他全面收益中 的金額如下:

(v) Amo and

		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Current service cost Net interest on defined benefit	現時服務成本 設定受益資產的	1,290	1,415
assets Administrative expenses paid	利息淨額 計劃資產支付的行政開支	(95)	(28)
from plan assets		31	30
Total amounts recognized in	於損益確認的總額	1 000	
profit or loss		1,226	1,417
Net actuarial losses/(gains) Return on plan assets less than	精算虧損/(收益)淨額 低於折現率的計劃資產回報	648	(1,466)
discount rate		205	191
Total amounts recognized in other comprehensive income,	於其他全面收益確認的總額, 除稅前		
before tax	נית סעריתיז	853	(1,275)
Tax expenses	稅項開支 於其他全面收益確認的總額	(199)	295
Total amounts recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>於 </u>	654	(980)

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme *(continued)*

Korea (continued)

 The principal actuarial assumptions used as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

> Discount rate Future salary increases

Discount rate

Future salary increases

折現率 未來薪金上升

The below analysis shows how the net defined benefit retirement scheme assets as at 31 December 2023 would have increased/(decreased) as a result of 1% change in the significant actuarial assumptions:

13. 僱員福	韬 <i>(續)</i>
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(b) 設定受益退休計劃 (續)

韓國 *(續*)

()	3年及2022年12月31日使 要精算假設如下:
2023	2022
2023年	2022年
4.97-5.04%	4.80%-4.84%
5.00%	5.00%

以下分析顯示於2023年12月31 日的設定受益退休計劃資產淨 額會因重大精算假設的1%變化 而增加/(減少):

	Increase in 1% 增加1% <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	Decrease in 1% 减少1% <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
折現率	(915)	1,048
未來薪金上升	1,039	(925)

The above sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in actuarial assumptions are not correlated and therefore it does not take into account the correlations between the actuarial assumptions.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on the portfolio as a whole and not on the sum of the returns on individual asset categories. The return is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for returns net of administrative costs, over the entire life of the related obligations. 上述敏感度分析所依據的假設 是,精算假設的變化並無相關 性,因此並無考慮到精算假設 之間的相關聯繫。

計劃資產的預期長期回報率是 基於整個投資組合,而非個別 資產類別的回報之和。回報乃 根據年初市場對相關債務整個 期限內扣除行政費用後的回報 的預期計算。

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold land in Korea 位於韓國的 永久業權土地 US\$'000 千美元	Buildings 樓宇 US\$'000 千美元	Electric and steam generating facilities 電力及蒸汽 產生設施 US\$'000 千美元	Office and electronic equipment 辦公室及 電子設備 US\$'000 千美元	Motor vehicles <i>に</i> い い い のの 、 、 で のの 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、	Construction in progress 在建工程 ^{US\$1000} 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
COST At 1 January 2022 Exchange differences Additions Disposals Transfer	成本 於2022年1月1日 匯兌差額 添置 處置 轉撥	67,880 (3,845) _ 	1,091,806 (155,632) 4,160 (44,945) 93,853	5,305,584 (385,191) 40,232 (38,174) 1,099,680	16,456 (2,719) 2,965 (543) 157	8,652 (766) 1,407 (771)	1,022,774 (62,641) 413,360 (756) (1,193,690)	7,513,152 (610,794) 462,124 (85,189)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Exchange differences Others Additions Disposals Transfer	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日 匯兌差額 其他 添置 處置 轉撥	64,035 (1,169) - - - -	989,242 (17,731) 23,215 11,010 (8) 29,098	6,022,131 (101,376) (25,199) 14,220 (15,488) 128,558	16,316 (323) 71 3,366 (586) 579	8,522 (147) 2 1,155 (524) –	179,047 (2,907) - 501,406 - (158,235)	7,279,293 (123,653) (1,911) 531,157 (16,606)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	62,866	1,034,826	6,022,846	19,423	9,008	519,311	7,668,280
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2022 Exchange differences Charge for the year Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss Disposals	累計折舊及減值 於2022年1月1日 匯兌差額 年內開支 於損益中確認的減值虧損 處置	-	202,184 (35,108) 40,113 11,848 (44,798)	1,044,748 (72,933) 291,684 54,963 (37,524)	7,269 (1,915) 2,927 (504)	3,628 (236) 1,245 	-	1,257,829 (110,192) 335,969 66,811 (83,518)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Exchange differences Charge for the year Others Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss (note) Disposals	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日 匯兌差額 年內開支 其他 於損益中確認的減值虧損 (附註) 處置	:	174,239 (3,505) 46,163 1,162 7,659 (2)	1,280,938 (21,156) 292,692 (295) - (8,425)	7,777 (179) 3,473 8 	3,945 (72) 1,412 1 - (444)		1,466,899 (24,912) 343,740 876 7,659 (9,392)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	<u> </u>	225,716	1,543,754	10,558	4,842		1,784,870
CARRYING AMOUNTS At 31 December 2023	賬面值 於2023年12月31日	62,866	809,110	4,479,092	8,865	4,166	519,311	5,883,410
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	64,035	815,003	4,741,193	8,539	4,577	179,047	5,812,394

At 31 December 2023, the Group has not yet obtained the ownership certificates of certain buildings with carrying values of US\$8,799,000 (2022: US\$18,055,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, borrowing costs of US\$7,373,000 (2022: US\$8,815,000) were capitalized into the cost of construction in progress. The capitalization rates used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization are ranged from 2.5% to 4.9% (2022: from 3.1% to 4.4%).

於2023年12月31日,本集團並未取得賬面值為 8,799,000美元(2022年:18,055,000美元)的若 干樓宇的擁有權證。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,借貸成本 7,373,000美元(2022年:8,815,000美元)資本 化為在建工程成本。用於構建借貸成本資本化 金額的資本化率介乎2.5%至4.9%(2022年:介 乎3.1%至4.4%)。

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT *(continued)*

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, certain amounts of the property, plant and equipment have been pledged as securities for the borrowings. Details are set out in note 31.

Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recognized an impairment loss of U\$\$7,659,000 on certain property, plant and equipment for a hydro power plant in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region. During the year, the power plant recoded losses due to decrease in power generation arising from decrease in water inflows. As a result, the Group assessed the recoverable amount of the power plant and the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment was written down to the recoverable amount of U\$\$5,340,000. Impairment loss of U\$\$7,659,000 was recognized in "Other gains and losses". The estimate of the recoverable amount was based on value in use calculation. The calculation is based on the present value of the cash flow projections derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management. The cash flow projection is discounted using discount rate of 6.96%.

14. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

於2023年及2022年12月31日,若干物業、廠房 及設備金額已被抵押作為借貸擔保。詳情載於 附註31。

附註:

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團就廣西壯族自 治區一家水力發電廠的若干物業、廠房及設備確認減 值虧損7,659,000美元。年內,由於水流量減少而導致 的發電量減少造成了該電站的虧損。因此,本集團評 估了電站的可收回金額,並將物業、廠房及設備的賬 面金額減記至可收回金額5,340,000美元。減值虧損 7,659,000美元於「其他收益及虧損」內確認。可收回金 額乃根據使用價值計算得出。計算的依據是根據管理 層批准的最新財務預算得出的現金流預測現值。現金 流預測使用6.96%的折現率進行折現。

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15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

15. 使用權資產

		Sea areas 海域 US\$*000 千美元	Leasehold lands 租賃土地 US\$'000 千美元	Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總計 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
As at 1 January 2022	於 2022 年1月1日				
Carrying amount	賬面值	-	62,734	37,581	100,315
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	(5,794)	(2,731)	(8,525)
Additions	添置	-	13,238	6,008	19,246
Disposals	處置	-	-	(488)	(488)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	-	(1,624)	(3,384)	(5,008)
Lease modification	租賃修改			(292)	(292)
As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日				
Carrying amount	賬面值	_	68,554	36,694	105,248
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(11)	(1,246)	(611)	(1,868)
Additions	添置	2,849	30,929	5,527	39,305
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(46)	(3,902)	(4,365)	(8,313)
Lease modification	租賃修改			(2,456)	(2,456)
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Carrying amount	賬面值	2,792	94,335	34,789	131,916

The Group leases land, sea area and buildings (including offices and rooftops) for its operations. Other than the lease contracts of land use rights and sea use right which are entered into for 1.5 to 40 years, lease contracts for other assets are entered into for fixed term of 1 to 4 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns several industrial buildings and office buildings. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties have been presented in right-of-use assets and the building components have been presented in property, plant and equipment. 本集團有租賃土地、海域及樓宇(包括辦公室及 天台)用作經營用途。除土地使用權及海域使用 權的租賃合同為期1.5至40年外,其他資產的租 賃合同按固定期限簽訂,為期1至4年。租賃條款 乃按個別情況逐一協商釐定,並包含各種不同 的條款及條件。在釐定租賃期限及評估不可撤 銷期間時,本集團應用合同的定義並釐定合同 可予強制執行的期間。

此外,本集團擁有數棟工業樓宇及辦公樓宇。本 集團為該等物業權益(包括相關租賃土地)的註 冊擁有人。本集團已預付一整筆款項以收購該 等物業權益,該等物業權益的租賃土地部分於 使用權資產呈列,而相關樓宇於物業、廠房及設 備呈列。

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16. GOODWILL

16. 商譽

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
COST At 1 January Exchange differences	成本 於1月1日 匯兌差額	167,513 (2,779)	182,908 (15,395)
At 31 December	於12月31日	164,734	167,513
ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT LOSSES At 1 January Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss Exchange differences	累計減值虧損 於1月1日 於損益內確認的減值虧損 匯兌差額	(12,917) (8,681) 216	(14,110)
		(21,382)	(12,917)
CARRYING AMOUNTS At 31 December	賬面值 於12月31日	143,352	154,596

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the following cash-generating units ("**CGUs**") or group of cash-generating units as follows:

Wind Energy Subsidiaries	風電附屬公司
(as defined below) (note)	(定義見下文) <i>(附註)</i>
Solar Energy Subsidiaries	太陽能附屬公司
(as defined below) (note)	(定義見下文) <i>(附註)</i>
Multiple units without significant goodwill	並無重大商譽的多個單位

包含商譽的現金產生單位之減 值測試

商譽分配至以下現金產生單位(「現金產生單 位」)或現金產生單位組別:

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
110,337	112,560
31,589 1,426	40,600
143,352	154,596

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16. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill (continued)

Note:

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the subsidiaries under CGN Wind Energy acquired in 2015 ("Wind Energy Subsidiaries") and subsidiaries under CGN Solar Energy Development Co., Ltd. acquired in 2015 ("Solar Energy Subsidiaries") which are considered as group of cash-generating units. The recoverable amounts of the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries have been determined based on value in use calculations. Goodwill impairment testing has been assessed for the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries individually. These calculations are based on the present value of the cash flow projections covering the operation period of each individual cash-generating unit. The cash flow projections are derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management which cover operation periods ranging from 6 to 22 years (2022: 7 to 23 years). The cash flow projections are discounted using discount rates ranged from 10.20% to 11.35% (2022: 10.18% to 11.89%). Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the budgeted electricity generation volume, which is determined based on the installed capacity, past performance of the Wind Energy Subsidiaries and Solar Energy Subsidiaries and management's expectations for the market development. The estimated annual average growth rates in electricity generation volume range from -11.4% to 7.9% (2022: 0% to 9.4%).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, due to a general decrease in electricity generation volume growth rate adopted in the projected cash flows and a decrease in the operation periods as the time elapsed, impairment losses of US\$8,335,000 and US\$346,000 were recorded in "Other gains and losses" in relation to certain CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively. Two cash generating units, CGN Solar Energy (Dachaidan) Development Co., Ltd (中廣核太陽能(大柴旦)開發有限公司) and CGN Linqu Longgang Wind Power Co. Ltd (中廣核臨朐龍崗風力發電有限公司) have been reduced to their recoverable amount of US\$30,795,000 and US\$16,947,000 respectively and adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculations of recoverable amounts would result in further impairment losses.

A reduction in annual average growth rate in electricity generation volume of 5% will result in additional impairment losses of US\$775,000 and US\$1,698,000 to the CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively. An increase in discount rate of 0.5% will result in additional impairment losses of US\$3,049,000 and US\$1,841,000 to the CGUs of the Group's Solar Energy Subsidiaries and Wind Energy Subsidiaries respectively.

16. 商譽*(續)*

包含商譽的現金產生單位之減 值測試*(續)*

附註:

商譽已分配予於2015年收購之中廣核風電的附屬公司 (「**風電附屬公司**」)及於2015年收購之中廣核太陽能 開發有限公司的附屬公司(「**太陽能附屬公司**」),其被 視為現金產生單位組別以進行減值測試。風電附屬公 司及太陽能附屬公司可收回金額乃基於使用價值計算 釐定。風電附屬公司及太陽能附屬公司已獨立進行商 譽減值測試評估。該等計算乃基於涵蓋各個別現金產 生單位營運期間的現金流量預測的現值而得出。該現 金流量預測來自管理層批准的最近期財務預算,涵蓋6 至22年(2022年:7至23年)的經營期。現金流量預測 乃根據10.20%至11.35%(2022年:10.18%至11.89%) 之折現率折現。其他計算使用價值的主要假設與預算 發電量有關,按風電附屬公司及太陽能附屬公司裝機 容量、過往之表現及管理層對市場發展之預期釐定。 估計發電量平均年增長率介乎-11.4%至7.9%(2022年: 0%至9.4%)不等。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,由於預測現金流量所採 用的發電量增長率普遍下降及營運期間隨時間減少, 本集團太陽能附屬公司及風能附屬公司的若干現金 產生單位分別於「其他收益及虧損」項下錄得減值虧損 8,335,000美元及346,000美元。兩個現金產生單位中廣 核太陽能(大柴旦)開發有限公司和中廣核臨朐龍崗風 力發電有限公司已分別減至其可收回金額約795,000 美元及16,947,000美元,而用於計算可收回金額的假設 出現任何不利變動均將導致進一步減值虧損。

發電量的年均增長率降低5%將導致本集團太陽能附 屬公司及風電附屬公司的現金產生單位分別出現額外 減值虧損775,000美元及1,698,000美元。折現率增加 0.5%將導致本集團太陽能附屬公司及風電附屬公司的 現金產生單位分別出現額外減值虧損3,049,000美元及 1,841,000美元。

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17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

17. 於聯營公司的權益

Cost of unlisted investments in associates	於聯營公司的非上市投資之成本
Share of post-acquisition loss and exchange	應佔收購後虧損及匯兌差額
differences	

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
150,569	150,569
(74,640)	(76,301)
75,929	74,268

The following list contains the particulars of associates of the Group, all of which are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market price is not available:

下表載列本集團聯營公司的資料(該等公司均 為非上市公司實體,故此市場報價並不適用):

Name of 聯營公司	f associates]名稱	Place of establishment and principal place of business 成立地點及 主要營業地點	Legal form 合法形式	Registered and paid up capital 註冊及繳足股本	i	Proportion of interest and v held by the 本集團所持擁 投票權	roting right e Group 有權權益及	Principal activity 主要業務
						2023 2023年	2022 2022年	
Co., Lt 湖北華電	uadian Xisaishan Power Generation d. (" Hubei Huadian ") 函西塞山發電有限公司 正華電 」)	The PRC 中國	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資合營企業	Renminbi(" RMB ") 950,000,000 人民幣(「 人民幣 」) 950,000,000元		49%	49%	Generation and supply of electricity 生產及供應電力
	saishan Power Generation d. (" Hubei Xisaishan ")	The PRC	Sino-foreign cooperative joint venture	RMB945,000,000		49 %	49%	Generation and supply of electricity
	《山發電有限公司 古西塞山 」)	中國	中外合資合作企業	人民幣945,000,000	元			生產及供應電力
-	Inited Energy Co., Ltd. gxi United ")	The PRC	Sino-foreign cooperative joint venture	RMB76,328,972		6.55% (Note (i))	6.55% (Note (i))	Generation and supply of electricity
	。 能源有限公司(「 江西聯合 」)	中國	中外合資合作企業	人民幣76,328,972元	Ē	(附註(i))		生產及供應電力
Power	ngolia East Electric Trading Center Co., Ltd. r Mongolia East Electric Power")	The PRC	State-owned holding enterprise	RMB242,688,994		9.34% (Note (ii))	9.34% (Note (ii))	Operation of electricity trading platform
, 內蒙古東	, 部電力交易中心有限公司 [古東部電力 」)	中國	國有控股企業	人民幣242,688,994	元	(附註(ii))	(附註(ii))	運營電力交易平台
Notes:					附註:			
(i)	The board of directors consi Jiangxi United as they have directors and participated in p	e nominated a r	epresentative on the bo		(i)		是其已提名	對江西聯合有重大影響 董事會一名代表及參與
(ii)	The board of directors consi Inner Mongolia East Electric board of directors and partici	Power as they no	minated a representative		(ii)		原因是其已	內蒙古東部電力有重大 提名董事會一名代表及
	the above associates are consolidated financial sta		r using the equity m	ethod	上述戶 表入期		司均採用	權益法於綜合財務報

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17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued) 17. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Summarized financial information of material associates

Summarized financial information of the above associates, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

(a) Hubei Huadian

主要聯營公司財務資料概要

上述聯營公司的財務資料概要披露如下(當中 已就會計政策的任何差異作出調整,並與綜合 財務報表的賬面值對賬):

(a) 湖北華電

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Gross amount of the associate Current assets	於聯營公司之總額 流動資產	65,276	105,184
Non-current assets	非流動資產	425,305	427,188
Current liabilities	流動負債	(123,799)	(147,953)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(225,821)	(245,882)
Equity	權益	140,961	138,537
Revenue	收入	330,779	409,802
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)及全面 收益總額	5,032	(17,784)
Dividends received from the associate during the year	年內自聯營公司收取的股息	<u> </u>	
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$</i> *000 千美元
Reconciled to Group's interest in the associate	與本集團於聯營公司權益之對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	聯營公司淨資產總額	140,961	138,537
Group's effective interest Group's share of net assets of the associate	本集團之實際權益 本集團攤佔之聯營公司淨資產	49% 69.071	49% 67,883
		69,071	07,003
Goodwill	商譽	69,071 1,591	67,883 1,591
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	於綜合財務報表之賬面值	70,662	69,474

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17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued) 17. 於聯營公司的權益 (續)

(b) Jiangxi United

(b) 江西聯合

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Gross amount of the associate Current assets	於聯營公司之總額 流動資產	24,510	23,154
Non-current assets	非流動資產	139,735	102,359
Current liabilities	流動負債	(27,167)	(19,358)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(105,715)	(82,858)
Equity	權益	31,363	23,297
Revenue	收入	20,036	20,702
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額	8,535	8,681
Dividends received from the associate during the year	年內自聯營公司收取的股息		
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Reconciled to Group's interest in the associate	與本集團於聯營公司權益之對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets of the associate Non-controlling interests	聯營公司淨資產總額 非控股權益	31,363 (620)	23,297 (630)
Group's effective interest Group's share of net assets of the associate	本集團之實際權益 本集團攤佔之聯營公司淨資產	30,743 6.55% 2,014	22,667 6.55% 1,485
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	1 於綜合財務報表之賬面值	2,014	1,485

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17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued) 17. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

(c) Inner Mongolia East Electric Power (c) 內蒙古東部電力

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Gross amount of the associate Current assets	於聯營公司之總額 流動資產	34,317	35,720
Non-current assets	非流動資產	923	754
Current liabilities	流動負債	(422)	(1,047)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Equity	權益	34,818	35,427
Revenue	收入	515	907
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額	2	37
Dividends received from the associate during the year	年內自聯營公司收取的股息		_
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Reconciled to the Group's interest in the associate	與本集團於聯營公司權益之對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets of the associate Group's effective interest Group's share of net assets of the associate	聯營公司淨資產總額 本集團之實際權益 本集團攤佔之聯營公司淨資產	34,818 9.34% 3,253	35,427 9.34% 3,309
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	於綜合財務報表之賬面值	3,253	3,309

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18. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AT FVOCI

18. 指定為以公允價值計量且 變動計入其他全面收益的 金融資產

-

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
千美元	千美元
3,354	3,411

Investments in unlisted equity securities

非上市權益工具投資

The unlisted equity securities are shares in 3 (2022: 3) companies established in the PRC with limited liability and engaged in operating of electricity trading platforms. The Group designated its investments in these companies at FVOCI (non-recycling), as the investments are held for strategic purpose. No dividends were received on the investments during the year (2022: nil).

19. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

非上市權益工具為三家(2022年:三家)於中國 成立及從事電力交易平台之有限公司之股份。 本集團將其於該等公司之投資指定為以公允價 值計量且變動計入其他全面收益(不可撥回), 原因為該等投資持作策略目的。年內並無就該 等投資收取股息(2022年:無)。

19. 綜合財務狀況表中的所得稅

(a) 綜合財務狀況表中的即期 稅項指:

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Tax payable - PRC EIT - KCIT	應付稅項 一中國企業所得稅 一韓國企業所得稅	10,630 13,431	6,928 23,462
Tax payable	應付稅項	24,061	30,390
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Tax recoverable - PRC EIT	可收回稅項 一中國企業所得稅	19	524

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19. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized:

(i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The following are the major deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets recognized and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

- **19.** 綜合財務狀況表中的所得稅 *(續)*
 - (b) 已確認遞延稅項資產及負 債:

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(i) 遞延稅項資產及負債各組 成部分的變動

> 以下為本年度及過往年度已確 認主要遞延稅項(負債)/資產 以及其變動:

		Withholding tax on distributable profits 就可分派 溢利預扣	(Accelerated)/ decelerated tax depreciation (加速) / 減速 税項	Revaluation of right-of-use assets 重估	Fair value adjustment of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及 設備公允價值	Others	Total
		稅項	折舊	使用權資產	調整	其他	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
At 1 January 2022 (restated)	於2022年1月1日(經重列)	(40,465)	(1,036)	(7,778)	21,169	1,433	(26,677)
Exchange differences (restated)	匯兌差額 (經重列)	-	1,160	1,735	(2,889)	(1,088)	(1,082)
Credited to hedging reserve	計入對沖儲備	-	-	-	-	2,247	2,247
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss (restated)	(扣除自)/計入損益(經重列)	(3,535)	5,119	517	(931)	312	1,482
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及2023年1月1日(經重列)						
(restated)		(44,000)	5,243	(5,526)	17,349	2,904	(24,030)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	(93)	92	(172)	13	(160)
Credited to hedging reserve	計入對沖儲備	-	-	-	-	1,975	1,975
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(扣除自)/計入損益	(3,625)	345	502	(89)	(117)	(2,984)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	(47,625)	5,495	(4,932)	17,088	4,775	(25,199)

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19. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized: (continued)
 - (i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities (continued)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

禠鉦稅項資產

遞延稅項負債

- **19.** 综合財務狀況表中的所得稅 *(續)*
 - (b) 已確認遞延稅項資產及負 債:(續)
 - (i) 遞延稅項資產及負債各組 成部分的變動*(續)*

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言, 若干遞延稅項資產及負債已被 抵銷。以下為就財務報告目的 所作遞延稅項結餘的分析:

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
27,004 (52,203)	24,757 (48,787)
(25,199)	(24,030)

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognized

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax liabilities

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately US\$182,913,000 (2022: approximately US\$145,346,000), available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognized in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses will be expired at various times within a period of five years from the year of origination.

At 31 December 2023, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to U\$\$508,230,000 (2022: U\$\$460,373,000). Deferred tax liabilities of U\$\$45,318,000 (2022: U\$\$43,806,000) have not been recognized in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. (ii) 未確認遞延稅項資產及負 債

> 於2023年12月31日,本集團有 未使用稅項虧損約182,913,000 美元(2022年:約145,346,000 美元),可供抵銷未來溢利。由 於未來溢利流的不可預見性 質,並無就稅項虧損確認遞延 稅項資產。稅項虧損將於開始 年度起五年期限內不同時間到 期。

> 於2023年12月31日,本集團 與附屬公司未分派溢利有關 的暫時差額為508,230,000美 元(2022年:460,373,000美 元)。本集團就該等保留溢利分 派應付稅項並無確認遞延稅項 負債45,318,000美元(2022年: 43,806,000美元),原因是本公 司控制該等附屬公司的股息政 策,且已釐定於可預見將來可 能不會分派該等溢利。

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316,805

20. 其他非流動資產 **20. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS** 2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元 Deposits for acquisition of property, 購買物業、廠戻及設備协全 plant and equipment

Deposits for acquisition of property,			
plant and equipment		147,835	63,256
Value-added tax recoverable	可收回增值稅	138,494	184,589
Prepaid insurance expenditure and	預付保險開支及		
usage right of electricity	電力傳輸設施使用權		
transmission facilities		4,816	173
Prepayment for maintenance	保養預付款項	14,793	14,310
Others	其他	10,867	13,849

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Coal and oil Spare parts and supplies Wood pellet REC <i>(note)</i> Goods in transit – wood pellet	煤炭及石油 備用件及供銷品 木質顆粒 可再生能源證書 <i>(附註)</i> 在途物資一木質顆粒	5,550 19,295 6,229 13,574 –	11,191 20,247 5,817 25,792 3,281
		44,648	66,328

Note:

REC represented renewable energy certificates generated by the Group and held for sale.

貿易應收賬款一客戶合同

減:信貸虧損撥備

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables - contracts with

Less: allowance for credit losses

customers

附註:

可再生能源證書指本集團生產及持作出售的可再生能 源證書。

22. 貿易應收賬款

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
千美元	千美元
780,784	751,352
(14,756)	(12,038)
766,028	739,314

2022 2022年

US\$'000

千美元

276,177

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0 - 60 davs

61 - 90 days

91 - 180 days

Over 180 davs

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The following is an aging analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for credit losses presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the revenue recognition dates.

0至60日

61至90日

91至180日 180日以上

22. 貿易應收賬款(續)

以下載列於報告期末按發票日期(與收入確認 日期相若)呈列的貿易應收賬款減去信貸虧損 撥備的賬齡分析。

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
215,900	340,956
15,562	16,301
57,075	47,574
477,491	334,483
700.000	700.014
766,028	739,314

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables balance included debtors with aggregate carrying amount of US\$174,896,000 (2022: US\$317,820,000) from the sales of electricity and other services, which are due within 20 to 90 days from the date of billing.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables balance included debtors with aggregate carrying amount of US\$591,132,000 (2022: US\$421,494,000) from the tariff income receivables. These receivables are tariff income receivables from relevant government authorities pursuant to the 2020 Notice (see note 4). The collection of tariff income receivables is subject to settlement by state grid companies upon finalization of the allocation of funds by relevant PRC government authorities to the state grid companies. As a result, the tariff income receivables are not considered as overdue or in default.

The Group measures loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix based on the historical settlement records, latest aging profile of those receivables and forward looking information that is available without undue cost and effort. During the year ended 31 December 2023, expected credit losses of US\$2,931,000 in respect of trade receivables were recognized (2022: reversal of expected credit losses of US\$5,662,000 in respect of contract assets were recognized (2022: US\$5,973,000).

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 36(a).

The Group does not hold any collateral over the trade receivables balance.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的貿易應收賬款結 餘包括來自銷售電力及其他服務的總賬面值為 174,896,000美元(2022年:317,820,000美元) 的應收賬款,應於自開具發票日期起計20到90 天內支付。

於2023年12月31日,本集團的貿易應收賬款 結餘包括來自應收電價收入的總賬面值為 591,132,000美元(2022年:421,494,000美元) 的應收賬款。根據2020年通知(請參閱附註4), 該等應收賬款為應收相關政府部門的電價補貼 收入,相關款項在相關中國政府部門落實對國 家電網公司的資金分配後由國家電網公司進行 結算,因而不被視為逾期或違約。

本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量 該等貿易應收賬款及合同資產的虧損撥備,有 關計算乃根據該等應收賬款的過往結算記錄、 最新賬齡情況及無須過多成本及努力即可獲得 的前瞻性資料按撥備矩陣作出。截至2023年12 月31日止年度,就貿易應收賬款確認預期信貸 虧損2,931,000美元(2022年:確認預期信貸虧 損撥回3,182,000美元(2022年:5,973,000美 元)。

有關本集團信貸政策及貿易應收賬款所產生的 信貸風險的進一步詳情載於附註36(a)。

本集團並無就貿易應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押 品。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS

23. 合同資產

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Tariff income from sales of renewable energy Less: allowance for credit losses	銷售可再生能源所得電價收入 減:信貸虧損撥備	383,732	364,333
(note 22)	(附註22)	(15,586)	(10,114)
		368,146	354,219

The contract assets represented tariff income receivables from sales of renewable energy to the local state grid in the PRC, with such amounts pending approval for registration in the List by the relevant government authorities. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the relevant right becomes unconditional, upon the registration of the Group's respective operating power plants in the List.

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from contract assets are set out in note 36(a).

24. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

The balance includes value-added tax recoverable of US\$87,325,000 (2022: US\$77,260,000) and other miscellaneous deposits and prepayments.

All of the balances are expected to be recovered or recognized as expense within one year.

25. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES/NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, all amounts are unsecured, noninterest bearing and recoverable/(repayable) on demand, except for an amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of US\$1,209,000 (2022: US\$1,154,000) which is interest bearing at 6.55% (2022: 6.55%) per annum, repayable in 2032 and is therefore shown as non-current liabilities. 合同資產指就向中國的地方國家電網銷售可再 生能源的應收電價收入,該款項尚待相關政府 機構批准納入清單。於有關收款權利成為無條 件時,即在本集團各營運電廠納入清單後,合同 資產轉撥至貿易應收賬款。

有關本集團信貸政策及合同資產所產生的信貸 風險的進一步詳情載於附註36(a)。

24. 其他應收款項及預付款項

結餘包括可收回增值稅87,325,000美元(2022 年:77,260,000美元)以及其他雜費按金及預付 款項。

預期所有結餘將於一年內收回或確認為開支。

25. 應收/(應付)同系附屬公司/ 非控股股東款項

於2023年及2022年12月31日,所有金額為無抵 押、不計息及須於要求時收回/(償還),惟一 筆應付非控股股東款項1,209,000美元(2022 年:1,154,000美元)按年利率6.55%(2022年: 6.55%)計息,須於2032年償還並因此列示為非 流動負債。

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26. 衍生金融工具 26. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

			2023 2023年 Assets 資產 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 Assets 資產 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Derivatives that are designated and effective as hedging instruments carried at fair value:	指定及有效作為 按公允價值列賬的 對沖工具的衍生工具:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	外匯遠期合同			8,300
Analyzed for reporting purposes as: Current	就呈報目的分析為: 流動			8,300
				8,300
The major terms of the foreign exchange f	orward contracts are as	外匯遠期合[司的主要條款如下	:

follows.

Notional amounts 名義值

Maturity 到期日

At 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日 Buy Canadian ("CAD") 96,109,384

買入96,109,384加元(「**加元**」)

Range from 9 January 2023 to 13 December 2023 介乎2023年1月9日至 2023年12月13日

Exchange rate 匯率

Range from CAD1: KRW815.50 to CAD1: KRW823.67 介乎1加元:815.50韓元至 1加元:823.67韓元

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26. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The amounts recognized for the foreign exchange forward contracts do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position since the right of set-off of the recognized amounts is only enforceable upon an event of default.

It is the policy of the Group to enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk associated with certain committed purchase transactions covering 100% of the exposure. Basis adjustments are made to the initial carrying amounts of inventories when the anticipated purchases take place.

For the hedges of highly probable forecast purchases, as the critical terms (i.e. the notional amount, life and underlying) of the foreign exchange forward contracts and their corresponding hedged items are the same, the Group performs a qualitative assessment of effectiveness and it is expected that the value of the forward contracts and the value of the corresponding hedged items will systematically change in opposite direction in response to movements in the underlying exchange rates.

The Group has entered into contracts to purchase raw materials from suppliers in Canada. The Group has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts (for terms exceeding a year) to hedge the exchange rate risk arising from these committed future purchases.

As at 31 December 2023, the foreign exchange forward contracts has expired. The Group no longer entered any derivative financial instruments. A net gain of US\$2,170,000 (2022: US\$Nil) is reclassified from hedging reserve to profit or loss. The aggregate amount of gain under foreign exchange forward contracts deferred in the hedging reserve relating to these committed future purchase transactions is US\$Nil (2022: US\$6,161,000). During the year ended 31 December 2023, the loss in fair value of hedging instrument of forecast purchases recognized in other comprehensive income, net of deferred tax, is US\$6,487,000 (2022: loss of US\$6,751,000).

26. 衍生金融工具*(續)*

就外匯遠期合同確認的金額不符合於本集團綜 合財務狀況表內抵銷的標準,乃由於抵銷已確 認金額的權利於發生違約事件時方可強制執 行。

本集團的政策為訂立外匯遠期合同以管理與若 干承諾採購交易相關的外幣風險,以覆蓋100% 的風險敞口。當預期採購發生時,對存貨的初始 賬面值進行基數調整。

就極有可能進行的預期採購之對沖而言,由於 外匯遠期合同的主要條款(即名義金額、期限及 標的)與其相應的對沖項目相同,因此本集團對 有效性進行定性評估,並預期遠期合同價值及 相應對沖項目的價值將因相關匯率變動而系統 性地反向變動。

本集團已訂立合同以向加拿大供應商採購原材 料。本集團已訂立外匯遠期合同(期限超過一 年)以對沖該等承諾未來採購所產生的匯率風 險。

於2023年12月31日,外匯遠期合同已屆滿,本 集團不再訂立任何衍生金融工具。自對沖儲備 轉出至損益重新分類的收益淨額2,170,000美元 (2022年:零美元)。於有關該等承諾未來採 購交易的對沖儲備中遞延的外匯遠期合同收 益總額為零美元(2022年:6,161,000美元)。 截至2023年12月31日止年度,於其他全面收益 確認的預期採購對沖工具之公允價值虧損(扣 除遞延稅項)為6,487,000美元(2022年:虧損 6,751,000美元)。
for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents carry interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 1.65% per annum as at 31 December 2023 (2022: 0.01% to 2.5%). The pledged bank deposits carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.01% to 3.59% per annum as at 31 December 2023 (2022: 0.1% to 5.15%).

Included in the cash and cash equivalents, deposits of US\$31,920,000 (2022: US\$36,828,000) are made to CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited ("CGNPC Huasheng"). These deposits are unsecured, interest bearing at market rates ranging from 0.15% to 0.50% (2022: 0.001% to 0.15%) and recoverable on demand. As the Group can withdraw these deposits without giving any notice and without suffering any penalty, the directors of the Company consider that these deposits made to CGNPC Huasheng qualified as cash and cash equivalents.

As at 31 December 2023, cash and cash equivalents of US\$235,865,000 (2022: US\$325,547,000) are deposited in CGN Finance Co., Ltd ("**CGN Finance**"), a fellow subsidiary established in the PRC with limited liability and a non-banking financial institution subject to the regulations of the People's Bank of China and the China Banking Regulatory Commission, in the PRC.

Pledged bank deposits are pledged to banks to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (note 31), and it cannot be withdrawn prior to the approval of the relevant banks.

Short-term bank deposits carry fixed interest rate ranging from 1.10% to 1.55% per annum as at 31 December 2023 (2022: from 1.55% to 1.65%) with maturity period for more than three months.

27. 現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及已抵押銀行存款

 (a) 現金及現金等價物於2023年12月31日 按每年介乎0.01%至1.65%(2022年: 0.01%至2.5%)的市場利率計息。已抵 押銀行存款於2023年12月31日按每年 介乎0.01%至3.59%(2022年:0.1%至 5.15%)的市場利率計息。

> 納入現金及現金等價物的存款 31,920,000美元(2022年:36,828,000 美元)乃於中廣核華盛投資有限公司 (「中廣核華盛」)的存款。該等存款為 無抵押,按介乎0.15%至0.50%(2022 年:0.001%至0.15%)的市場利率計息並 於需要時可收回。因本集團能夠提取該 等存款(毋須發出任何通知及不會受到 任何懲罰),本公司董事認為,存放於中 廣核華盛的存款合資格作為現金及現 金等價物。

> 於2023年12月31日,現金及現金等 價物235,865,000美元(2022年: 325,547,000美元)已存入中廣核財務 有限責任公司(「中廣核財務」)。中廣核 財務為一家於中國以有限責任形式成 立的同系附屬公司,兼屬非銀行金融機 構,須遵守中國人民銀行及中國銀行業 監督管理委員會的規例。

> 已抵押銀行存款乃抵押予銀行,以獲得 授予本集團銀行借貸(附註31),在得到 相關銀行的許可前不可提取。

> 於2023年12月31日,短期銀行存款按固 定存款年利率1.10%至1.55%(2022年: 1.55%至1.65%)計息,及到期期限乃三 個月以上。

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27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

27. 現金及現金等價物、短期銀 行存款及已抵押銀行存款 *(續)*

(b) 因融資活動產生的負債的 對賬

> 下表詳述本集團來自融資活動的負債 變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活 動產生之負債為現金流量或未來現金 流量將於本集團綜合現金流量表中分 類為融資活動產生之現金流量。

							Amounts	
					Loans	Amounts	due to non-	
		Bank	Other payables	Lease	from fellow	due to fellow	controlling	
		borrowings	and accruals	liabilities	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	shareholders	Total
			其他		來自同系			
			應付款項及		附屬公司的	應付同系	應付非控股	
		銀行借貸	應計費用	租賃負債	貸款	附屬公司款項	股東款項	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
		(note 31)	(note 29)	(note 32)	(note 30)	(note 25)	(note 25)	
		(附註31)	(附註29)	(附註32)	(附註30)	(附註25)	(附註25)	
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	4,245,891	-	35,547	2,019,288	9,940	3,336	6,314,002
Financing cash flows (note)	融資現金流量 (附註)	468,561	(162,818)	(8,743)	(390,826)	(57,546)	(4,085)	(155,457)
New leases entered	新訂立租約	-	-	5,716	-	-	-	5,716
Interest expenses recognized	已確認利息開支	-	163,009	2,115	-	61,908	73	227,105
Dividend declared	已宣派股息	-	-	-	-	-	4,576	4,576
Foreign exchange translation	外匯換算	(349,972)	8,542	2,607	(99,919)	(2,119)	(1,969)	(442,830)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及2023年1月1日	4,364,480	8,733	37,242	1,528,543	12,183	1,931	5,953,112
Financing cash flows (note)	融資現金流量 (附註)	157,415	(151,250)	(17,614)	(105,020)	(57,598)	(4,680)	(178,747)
New leases entered	新訂立租約	-	-	33,586	-	-	-	33,586
Interest expenses recognized	已確認利息開支	-	150,944	2,006	-	59,740	75	212,765
Dividend declared	已宣派股息	-	-	-	-	-	3,641	3,641
Foreign exchange translation	外匯換算	(73,740)	(133)	(3,613)	(13,417)	(4,617)	(40)	(95,560)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	4,448,155	8,294	51,607	1,410,106	9,708	927	5,928,797

Note: The cash flows from bank borrowings, lease liabilities, loans from fellow subsidiaries, amounts due to fellow subsidiaries, and amounts due to non-controlling shareholders make up the net amount of proceeds and repayments in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

附註: 來自銀行借貸、租賃負債、來自同系 附屬公司的貸款、應付同系附屬公 司款項及應付非控股股東款項的現 金流量組成綜合現金流量表內的所 得款項及還款現金流量的淨額。

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27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

(c) Amounts in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

Within o	perating cash flows	計入約	經營現会	e 流量
Within in	vesting cash flows	計入打	投資現金	È流量
Within fi	nancing cash flows	計入副	融資現金	e 流量

28. TRADE PAYABLES

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The following is an aging analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

27.	現金及現金等價物、短期銀
	行存款及已抵押銀行存款
	(續)

(C) 綜合現金流量表內租賃的數額包括以 下各項:

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
2,535	2,085
3,262	12,750
17,614	8,743
23,411	23,578

28. 貿易應付賬款

於報告期末,按發票日期呈報的貿易應付賬款 的賬齡分析如下。

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
<i>千美元</i>	千美元
81,618	216,279
12,725	1,084
14,328	5,665
108,671	223,028

截至2023年12月31日止年度,購買貨品的平均 信貸期為48日(2022年:27日)。本集團已制定 財務風險管理政策,以確保所有應付款項均可 於信貸期限內結清。

0 - 60 days	
61 - 90 days	
Over 90 days	

0至60日 61至90日 90日以上

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 48 days (2022: 27 days) for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure all payables are settled within the credit period.

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29. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

29. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Construction costs payable	應付建造費用	380,403	414,486
Staff costs payable	應付員工成本	6,810	7,239
Accrued interest expense on	應計借貸利息開支		
borrowings		4,888	5,324
Value-added tax payable	應付增值稅	17,747	22,251
Others	其他	34,622	37,529
Analyzed for reporting purposes as:	就呈報目的分析為:	444,470	486,829
Current	流動	437,322	483,420
Non-current	非流動	7,148	3,409
Non-current	→ ト //L 当/」	7,140	
		444,470	486,829

30. 來自同系附屬公司的貸款 **30. LOANS FROM FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES**

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the amounts represent:

於2023年及2022年12月31日,該等款項指:

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
Loans from fellow subsidiaries - due within 1 year: CGN Finance CGN Wind Energy CGNPC Huasheng	來自同系附屬公司的貸款 一於1年內到期: 中廣核財務 中廣核風電 中廣核華盛	i(a) ii iii	228,470 338,854 250,000	106,335 545,617
Loans from fellow subsidiaries	來自同系附屬公司的貸款		817,324	651,952
 due after 1 year: CGN Finance CGNPC Huasheng China Clean Energy Development Limited ("China Clean Energy") 	一於1年後到期: 中廣核財務 中廣核華盛 中國清潔能源開發 有限公司	i(b) iii	142,782 -	176,591 250,000
	(「 中國清潔能源 」)	iv	450,000	450,000
			592,782	876,591

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30. LOANS FROM FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Notes:

(i)(a) Loans from CGN Finance of RMB1,601,400,000 (equivalent to US\$226,100,000) (31 December 2022: RMB706,139,000 (equivalent to US\$101,390,000)) are unsecured, interest bearing at 2.35% to 3.30% (31 December 2022: 3.45% to 4.21%) per annum and repayable within one year; and

Loans from CGN Finance of RMB16,785,000 (equivalent to US\$2,370,000) (31 December 2022: RMB34,442,000 (equivalent to US\$4,945,000)) are unsecured, interest bearing at RMB Loan Prime Rate announced by the PRC National Interbank Funding Center ("**RMB Loan Prime Rate**") minus 0% to 1% (31 December 2022: RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0.60% to 1%) per annum and repayable within one year.

(i)(b) Loan from CGN Finance of RMB8,150,000 (equivalent to US\$1,151,000) (31 December 2022: RMB61,671,000 (equivalent to US\$8,855,000) is unsecured, interest bearing at 3.30% (31 December 2022: 3.60% to 4.21%) per annum and repayable in 2038 (31 December 2022: 2030 to 2035); and

Loans from CGN Finance of RMB1,003,134,000 (equivalent to US\$141,631,000) (31 December 2022: RMB1,168,213,000 (equivalent to US\$167,736,000)) are unsecured, interest bearing at the RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0% to 1.35% (31 December 2022: RMB Loan Prime Rate minus 0.60% to 1.35%) per annum and repayable in 2031 to 2040 (31 December 2022: 2031 to 2040).

- Loan from CGN Wind Energy of RMB2,400,000,000 (equivalent to US\$338,854,000) (31 December 2022: RMB3,800,000,000 (equivalent to US\$545,617,000)) is unsecured, interest bearing at 2.40% (31 December 2022: 3.50%) per annum and repayable in 2024 (31 December 2022: 2023).
- (iii) Loan from CGNPC Huasheng of US\$250,000,000 (31 December 2022: US\$250,000,000) is unsecured, interest bearing at 3 months Secured Overnight Financing Rate plus 1.30% (31 December 2022: 3 months London Interbank Offered Rate plus 1.30%) per annum and repayable in 2024 (31 December 2022: 2024).
- (iv) Loan from China Clean Energy of US\$450,000,000 (31 December 2022: US\$450,000,000) is unsecured, interest bearing at 4.50% (31 December 2022: 4.50%) per annum and repayable in 2025 (31 December 2022: 2025).

30. 來自同系附屬公司的貸款 (續)

附註:

(i)(a) 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣1,601,400,000 元(相當於226,100,000美元)(2022年12 月31日:人民幣706,139,000元(相當於 101,390,000美元))為無抵押、按年利率 2.35%至3.30%(2022年12月31日:3.45%至 4.21%)計息及須於一年內償還;及

> 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣16,785,000元 (相當於2,370,000美元)(2022年12月31 日:人民幣34,442,000元(相當於4,945,000 美元))為無抵押、按中國全國銀行間同業拆 借中心公佈的人民幣貸款優惠利率(「人民幣 貸款優惠利率))減0%至1%的年利率(2022年 12月31日:人民幣貸款優惠利率減0.60%至 1%)計息及須於一年內償還。

(i)(b) 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣8,150,000元 (相當於1,151,000美元)(2022年12月31 日:人民幣61,671,000元(相當於8,855,000 美元))為無抵押、按年利率3.30%(2022年 12月31日:3.60%至4.21%)計息及須於2038 年(2022年12月31日:2030年至2035年)償 還;及

> 來自中廣核財務的貸款人民幣1,003,134,000 元(相當於141,631,000美元)(2022年12 月31日:人民幣1,168,213,000元(相當於 167,736,000美元))為無抵押、按人民幣貸款 優惠利率減0%至1.35%(2022年12月31日: 人民幣貸款優惠利率減0.6%至1.35%)的年利 率計息及須於2031年至2040年(2022年12月 31日:2031年至2040年)償還。

- (ii) 來自中廣核風電的貸款人民幣2,400,000,000元(相當於338,854,000美元)(2022年12月31日:人民幣3,800,000,000元(相當於545,617,000美元))為無抵押、按年利率2.40%(2022年12月31日:3.50%)計息及須於2024年(2022年12月31日:2023年)償還。
- (iii) 來自中廣核華盛的貸款250,000,000美元 (2022年12月31日:250,000,000美元)為 無抵押、按三個月有抵押隔夜融資利率加 1.30%(2022年12月31日:三個月倫敦銀行 間同業拆息加1.30%)的年利率計息及須於 2024年(2022年12月31日:2024年)償還。
- (iv) 來自中國清潔能源的貸款450,000,000美元 (2022年12月31日:450,000,000美元)為 無抵押、按年利率4.50%(2022年12月31日: 4.50%)計息及須於2025年(2022年12月31 日:2025年)償還。

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2023 2022 2022年 2023年 US\$'000 US\$'000 千美元 千美元 有抵押 Secured 2,716,937 2,864,220 無抵押 Unsecured 1,731,218 1,500,260 4,448,155 4,364,480 銀行借貸的到期情況如下: The maturity profile of bank borrowings is as follows: Within 1 year 一年內 494,635 957,392 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年以上但不超過兩年 393,972 397,449 兩年以上但不超過五年 After 2 years but within 5 years 1,995,158 1,369,181 五年以上 1,564,390 Over 5 years 1,640,458 3,953,520 3,407,088 4,364,480 4,448,155 The exposure of the fixed-rate borrowings is as follows: 定息借貸風險如下: 2023 2022 2023年 2022年 US\$'000 US\$'000 千美元 千美元 Fixed-rate borrowings 定息借貸 一年內 651,551 Within 1 year 64,271 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年以上但不超過兩年 35,248 34,032 After 2 years but within 5 years 兩年以上但不超過五年 1,093,682 346,836 五年以上 137,567 Over 5 years 72,625 1,265,826 1,169,986

31. BANK BORROWINGS

31. 銀行借貸

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

Variable-rate borrowings

After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years

Within 1 year

Over 5 years

31. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

31. 銀行借貸 (續)

The exposure of the variable-rate borrowings is as follows:

	浮	息1	借	貸.	風	險	如	下	:
--	---	----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
430,364 358,723 901,476 1,491,766	305,841 363,418 962,641 1,562,594
3,182,329	3,194,494

All bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the functional currency of the respective group entities. The bank borrowings of the Group carry interest rates which range from 2.25% to 5.86% (2022: 2.50% to 7.04%) per annum during the year ended 31 December 2023.

浮息借貸 一年內

五年以上

一年以上但不超過兩年

兩年以上但不超過五年

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the variable-rate bank borrowings of the Group carry interest at the PRC's lending rate less certain margin, South Korean Government Treasury Bond Rate, One Year Corporate Bond Rate plus 1.3% (2022: 1.3%), or Three Year Corporate Bond Rate plus 1.2% (2022: 1.2%). The maturities of these borrowings range from within twelve months from the reporting period end to 2029 and 2030.

Included in the Group's secured bank borrowings, US\$14,119,000 (2022: US\$21,537,000) are guaranteed by the Group's fellow subsidiary, CGN Wind Energy.

於報告期末,所有銀行借貸均以各集團實體的 功能貨幣計值。截至2023年12月31日止年度, 本集團銀行借貸按介乎2.25%至5.86%(2022 年:2.50%至7.04%)的年利率計息。

於2023年及2022年12月31日,本集團的可變利 率銀行借貸乃按中國貸款利率減若干息差、韓 國政府國債利率、一年期企業債券利率加1.3% (2022年:1.3%),或三年期企業債券利率加 1.2%(2022年:1.2%)計息。該等借貸的到期 年期介乎報告期末起計十二個月內至2029年及 2030年。

本集團有抵押銀行借貸中,14,119,000美元 (2022年:21,537,000美元)由本集團同系附屬 公司中廣核風電擔保。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

31. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

The Group pledged the following assets to banks for credit facilities granted to the Group.

31. 銀行借貸 (續)

本集團亦就本集團獲授的信貸融資向銀行抵押以下資產。

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
<i>千美元</i>	千美元
896,338	1,053,894
629,461	412,331
207,677	166,525
111,735	152,270
1,845,211	1,785,020

32. LEASE LIABILITIES

Property, plant and equipment

Trade receivables Contract assets

Bank deposits

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

32. 租賃負債

於2023年及2022年12月31日,租賃負債應償還 情況如下:

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
6,209	4,864
5,338 6,487 33,573	3,708 4,925 23,745
45,398	32,378
51,607	37,242

Within 1 year

After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years Over 5 years 一年內

物業、廠房及設備

貿易應收賬款

合同資產

銀行存款

一年以上但不超過兩年 兩年以上但不超過五年 五年以上

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

33. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

As at 1 January Exchange differences

As at 31 December

Current

Non-current

Receipt of government grants

Analyzed for reporting purposes as:

The government grants consist of (i) subsidies of RMB11,484,000 (equivalent to US\$1,621,000) (2022: RMB12,416,000 (equivalent to US\$1,783,000)) given by the PRC government to certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC for operating cost and environmental protection; and (ii) grants of RMB37,300,000 (equivalent to US\$5,266,000) (2022: RMB41,300,000 (equivalent to US\$5,930,000)) given by the PRC government to a subsidiary of the Group in respect of a project for the construction of property, plant and equipment.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC received value-added tax refund amounted to US\$8,298,000 (2022: US\$4,079,000) from the PRC government, which was recognized as other income upon receipt.

The movement of the government grants during the year is set out below:

Recognition as other income (note 6) 確認為其他收入(附註6)

於1月1日

匯兌差額 收到政府補助金

於12月31日

流動

非流動

就呈報目的分析為:

33. 政府補助金

政府補助金包括(i)中國政府就經營成本及環境 保護給予本集團若干中國附屬公司的補貼人民 幣11,484,000元(相當於1,621,000美元)(2022 年:人民幣12,416,000元(相當於1,783,000美 元));及(ii)中國政府就建設物業、廠房及設備 項目給予本集團一家附屬公司的補助金人民幣 37,300,000元(相當於5,266,000美元)(2022 年:人民幣41,300,000元(相當於5,930,000美 元))。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團位於中國 的若干附屬公司收到中國政府的增值稅退稅 8,298,000美元(2022年:4,079,000美元),於收 到時確認為其他收入。

年內政府補助金的變動載列如下:

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
US\$'000	US\$'000
千美元	千美元
7,713	9,557
(126)	(775)
8,760	4,619
(9,459)	(5,688)
,	
6,888	7,713
0,000	1,110
191	194
6,697	7,519
6,888	7,713

預收客戶款項

All contract liabilities are expected to be settled within the Group's

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract

The Group receives deposits from the customers before the generation

of steam activity commences, this gives rise to contract liabilities at the start of the contract, until the goods, i.e. steam is supplied to the

The amount of advance payment received from customers for sales of steam is expected to be recognized as income within one year.

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34. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Advance payments received from

liabilities recognized are as follows:

customers

normal operating cycle.

Sales of steam

customers.

34. 合同負債

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
<i>千美元</i>	<i>千美元</i>
3,959	4,569

所有合同負債預期於本集團正常經營週期內清 償。

影響已確認合同負債金額的一般付款條款如 下:

銷售蒸汽

本集團於蒸汽生產活動開始前向客戶收取按 金,此導致於合同開始時產生合同負債,直至貨 物(即蒸汽)供應予客戶為止。

就蒸汽銷售預收客戶款項金額預期將於一年內 確認為收入。

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35. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 35. 資本、儲備及股息

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

(a) 權益組成部分變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分期初結餘 與期末結餘之間的對賬載於綜合權益 變動表。以下載列本公司年初與年末權 益個別組成部分的變動詳情:

		Share capital 股本 US\$'000 千美元	Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 US\$'000 千美元 (Note(i)) (附註 (i))	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 US\$'000 千美元	Total equity 總權益 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	55	250,406	70,683	79,088	400,232
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income Dividend declared and paid in respect of previous year	本年度溢利及全面收益總額 已宣派及派付的上年度股息 <i>(附註35(b)(ii))</i>	-	-	-	54,363	54,363
(note 35(b)(ii))	(P) #200(0)(11)/				(36,952)	(36,952)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	55	250,406	70,683	96,499	417,643
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income Deregistration of a subsidiary Dividend declared and paid in	本年度溢利及全面收益總額 註銷一家附屬公司 已宣派及派付的上年度股息	-	-	- (4,592)	98,520 -	98,520 (4,592)
respect of previous year (note 35(b)(ii))	(附註35(b)(ii))				(39,029)	(39,029)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	55	250,406	66,091	155,990	472,542
Note:				附註:		
(i) Capital reserve repr	esented the difference between	investment cost		(i) 資	本儲備指集團內部	重組導致的若

 Capital reserve represented the difference between investment cost and carrying value of certain subsidiaries arising from internal group reorganization. 資本儲備指集團內部重組導致的若 干附屬公司投資成本與賬面值之間 的差額。

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35.	. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 35. <i>(continued)</i>		資本	、儲備及朋	设息 <i>(續)</i>	
	(b)	Divi	dends	(b)	股息	
		(i)	Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year			令本年度的應付本公 查股東的股息
			5		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
			Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of 1.56 cents per share (2022: 0.91 US cents) HML 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数 数		66,921	
				_	66,921	39,029
			The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognized as a liability at the end of the reporting period.			期末擬派的末期股息於 末並無確認為負債。
		(ii)	Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year	本年度		《上一財政年度並於 寶批准及派付的應付 同權益股東的股息
					2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$</i> *000 千美元
			Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of 0.91 cents per share本年度批准及派付的 上一財政年度的末期股息 每股0.91美分 (2022年:0.86美分)			
			(2022: 0.86 US cent)	_	39,029	36,952

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35. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 35. 資本、儲備及股息 (續) (continued)

股本 (c) Share capital (c) 已發行股本 **Issued share capital** Number of shares Share capital 股份數目 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 cent each 每股面值0.01港仙之普通股 Authorized: 法定: At 1 January 2022, 於2022年1月1日、2022年及 31 December 2022 and 2023 2023年12月31日 250,000,000,000 25,000 已發行及繳足: Issued and fully paid: 於2022年1月1日、2022年及 At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022 and 2023 2023年12月31日 4,290,824,000 429 US\$'000 千美元 於綜合財務報表列示為 Shown in the consolidated financial 55 statements as 普通股的持有人有權收取不時宣派的 The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per 股息,並有權於本公司大會上按每股一

票的方式進行投票。就本公司的剩餘資 產而言,所有普通股均享有同等地位。

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share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank

equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

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35. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS *(continued)*

(d) Reserves

(i) Other non-distributable reserves

Other non-distributable reserves principally represent statutory reserves and enterprise work safety funds. Statutory reserves are required to be appropriated from profit after income tax of the subsidiaries established in the PRC, under the relevant laws and regulations. Allocation to the statutory reserves shall be approved by the board of directors of the relevant subsidiaries. The appropriation to statutory reserves may cease if the balance of the statutory reserves has reached 50% of the registered capital of the respective subsidiaries. The statutory reserves may be used to make up losses or for conversion into capital. The relevant subsidiaries may, upon the approval by a resolution of shareholders' general meeting/ board of directors' meeting, convert their statutory reserves into capital in proportion to their then existing shareholdings. However, when converting the statutory reserves into capital, the balance of such reserve remaining unconverted must not be less than 25% of the registered capital. Enterprise work safety funds are required to be appropriated from revenue for the year of the subsidiaries established in the PRC engaged in power generation according to Cai Zi [2022] No. 136, Notice on Promulgation of the Administrative Measures for the Accrual and Use of Expenses for Work Safety by Enterprises (財資〔2022〕136號,關於印發《企業 安全生產費用提取和使用管理辦法》的通知). The allocation to enterprise work safety funds ranged from 0.2% to 3% of revenue for the year. The appropriation of the funds may cease if the balance of the funds has reached to three times or more of the amount that shall be accrued in the previous year.

(ii) Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging instruments used in cash flow hedges pending subsequent recognition of the hedged cash flow in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for cash flow hedges in note 2(i).

(iii) Translation reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(w).

35. 資本、儲備及股息 (續)

(d) 儲備

(i) 其他不可分派儲備

其他不可分派儲備主要指法 定儲備及企業安全生產費。根 據相關法律及法規,法定儲備 須從於中國成立的附屬公司之 除所得稅後溢利提取。分配至 法定儲備須經有關附屬公司之 董事會批准。倘法定儲備結餘 達到有關附屬公司註冊資本之 50%,則可停止提取法定儲備。 法定儲備可用作彌補虧損或轉 換為資本。有關附屬公司可在 股東大會/董事會會議上诵過 決議案批准後,按其當時之現 有持股量比例將其法定儲備轉 換為資本。然而,將法定儲備轉 換為資本時,仍未轉換之儲備 結餘不得少於註冊資本之25%。 根據財資[2022]136號,關於印 發《企業安全生產費用提取和 使用管理辦法》的通知,企業 安全生產費須自於中國成立從 事發電的附屬公司的年內收入 提取。分配至企業安全生產費 的範圍介乎年內收入的0.2%至 3%。倘有關資金結餘達到上一 年度應計款項的三倍或以上, 則可停止提取有關資金。

(ii) 對沖儲備

對沖儲備包括現金流量對沖所 使用的對沖工具的公允價值累 計變動淨額的有效部分,其後 按照附註2(i)的現金流量對沖所 採納的會計政策在隨後確認被 對沖現金流量。

(iii) **匯兌儲備**

匯兌儲備包括換算海外業務財 務報表所產生的所有外匯差 額。儲備按照附註2(w)所載的會 計政策處理。

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35. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS *(continued)*

(e) Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes amounts due to fellow subsidiaries, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, loans from fellow subsidiaries and bank borrowings, as disclosed in notes 25, 30 and 31, respectively, net of pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, and equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, comprising issued capital, accumulated profits and other reserves.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure from time to time. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, the issue of new shares, new debts or the redemption of existing debts.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables, contract assets, other receivables, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits, shortterm bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

35. 資本、儲備及股息 (續)

(e) 資本管理

本集團透過使用最理想的債務與股本 平衡管理其資本以確保本集團內的實 體能夠持續經營並同時達至股東回報 最大化。於整個年度,本集團的整體策 略保持不變。

本集團的資本結構由債務(包括分別於 附註25、30及31披露的應付同系附屬公 司款項、應付非控股股東款項、來自同 系附屬公司的貸款以及銀行借貸,扣除 已抵押銀行存款、短期銀行存款、現金 及現金等價物,以及本公司權益股東應 佔權益(包括已發行股本、累計溢利及 其他儲備)組成。

本集團管理層不時檢討資本結構。作為 此檢討的一部分,管理層考慮資金成本 以及各類資金附帶的風險。根據管理層 的建議,本集團將透過派付股息、發行 新股份、發行新債務或贖回現有債務等 方式致力平衡其整體資本結構。

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值

本集團於日常業務過程承受信貸、流動資金、利 率及貨幣風險。

本集團所承受的該等風險及本集團用以管理該等風險的財務風險管理政策及慣例載述如下。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手將在其合同責任 方面違約,導致本集團出現財務虧損的 風險。本集團的信貸風險主要來自其 貿易應收賬款、合同資產、其他應收款 項、應收同系附屬公司款項、已抵押銀 行存款、短期銀行存款及現金及現金等 價物。

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group has been largely dependent on a small number of customers which are state-owned enterprises for a substantial portion of its business. Most of the power plants of the Group sell the electricity generated to their respective customers who are the principal grid companies where the power plant is located. The failure of these customers to make required payments could have a substantial negative impact on the Group's profits. The Group has concentration of credit risk as 98% (2022: 94%) of the total trade receivables was due from 37 (2022: 25) state-owned enterprises as at 31 December 2023. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue receivables.

The Group measures loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix based on the historical settlement records, latest aging profile of those receivables and forward looking information that is available without undue cost and effort. During the year ended 31 December 2023, expected credit losses of US\$2,931,000 in respect of trade receivables were recognized (2022: reversal of expected credit losses of US\$3,182,000) and expected credit losses of US\$5,662,000 in respect of contract assets were recognized (2022: US\$5,973,000).

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收賬款及合同資產

本集團一直非常依賴少數國有企業客 戶經營其絕大部分業務。本集團大部分 電廠將所產生之電力出售予其各自的 客戶,即電廠所在地之主要電網公司。 該等客戶如未能支付所需款項,將對本 集團溢利造成重大負面影響。由於在 2023年12月31日,貿易應收賬款總額 中98%(2022年:94%)來自37家(2022 年:25家)國有企業,故本集團存在信貸 風險集中情況。為減低信貸風險,本集 團管理層已委派團隊負責釐定信貸限 額、信貸審批及其他監察程序,以確保 採取跟進行動,回收逾期應收款項。

本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量該等貿易應收賬款及合同資 產的虧損撥備,有關計算乃根據該等應 收賬款的過往結算記錄、最新賬齡情況 及無須過多成本及努力即可獲得的前 瞻性資料按撥備矩陣作出。截至2023 年12月31日止年度期間本集團就貿易 應收賬款確認預期信貸虧損2,931,000 美元(2022年:預期信貸虧損撥回 3,182,000美元)及就合同資產確認預 期信貸虧損5,662,000美元(2022年: 5,973,000美元)。

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables and contract assets during the year is as follows:

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

Trade

貿易應收賬款及合同資產(續)

Contract

貿易應收賬款及合同資產的虧損撥備 賬於年內的變動如下:

		receivables 貿易應收賬款	assets 合同資產	Total 總計
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022 Impairment losses recognized	於2022年1月1日 已確認減值虧損	16,521	4,718 5,979	21,239 5,979
Impairment losses reversed	已撥回減值虧損	(3,182)	(6)	(3,188)
Exchange difference	匯兌差異	(1,301)	(577)	(1,878)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日			
and 1 January 2023	及2023年1月1日	12,038	10,114	22,152
Impairment losses recognized	已確認減值虧損	3,398	5,662	9,060
Impairment losses reversed	已撥回減值虧損	(467)	-	(467)
Exchange difference	匯兌差異	(213)	(190)	(403)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	14,756	15,586	30,342

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

下表提供了有關於2023年及2022年12 月31日的貿易應收賬款及合同資產之 信貸風險及預期信貸虧損之資料。

		Weighted- average loss rate 加權平均虧損率	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 US\$'000 千美元	Impairment loss allowance 減值虧損撥備 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日			
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	1.9%	780,784	(14,756)
Contract assets	合同資產	4.1%	383,732	(15,586)
			1,164,516	(30,342)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日			
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	1.6%	751,352	(12,038)
Contract assets	合同資產	2.8%	364,333	(10,114)
			1,115,685	(22,152)

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Other receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries

For other receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to a 12-month ECL unless credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognizes lifetime ECL. The credit risk on other receivables is limited as other receivables are mainly value-added tax receivables, prepayments and deposits, which are expected to be deducted from value-added tax payables or recognized as expenses in the future. The credit risk on amounts due from fellow subsidiaries is limited as the counterparties are operating smoothly and with sound collection history.

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and and pledged bank deposits

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and pledged bank deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with sound credit ratings, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents as well as undrawn banking facilities deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and loans from the fellow subsidiaries and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group finances its operations by short-term and longterm bank and other borrowings and shareholders' equity. The Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by US\$234,651,000 as at 31 December 2023.

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

其他應收款項及應收同系附屬公司款項

就其他應收款項及應收同系附屬公司 款項而言,本集團按相等於12個月預期 信貸虧損的金額計量虧損撥備,除非信 貸虧損初步確認以來已顯著增加, 有 損。其他應收款項主要是應收增值稅, 預付款項及按金,預期將在未來應收增 值稅中扣除或確認為開支。應收增 6稅中扣許項的信貸風險有限,乃 也於就項的保證風險有限, 方營運平穩且具有良好的收款記錄。

現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及已 抵押銀行存款

由於對手方為具有良好信貸評級的銀 行及金融機構(本集團認為其信貸風險 較低),故本集團因現金及現金等價物、 短期銀行存款及已抵押銀行存款產生 的信貸風險有限。

(b) 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察並 維持管理層認為足以應付本集團的運 作及減低現金流量波動帶來的影響的 現金及現金等價物以及未提取銀行融 資水平。管理層監察銀行借貸、應付非 控股股東款項及來自最終控股公司及 同系附屬公司的貸款的使用情況並確 保遵守貸款契諾。

本集團透過短期及長期銀行及其他借 貸以及股東權益為其運營提供資金。於 2023年12月31日,本集團的流動負債 超過其流動資產234,651,000美元。

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that CGN Wind Energy, a fellow subsidiary of the Company, has confirmed in writing that despite the loan from CGN Wind Energy of RMB2,400,000,000 (equivalent to US\$338,854,000) are due for repayment within twelve months from 31 December 2023, it will not cancel the existing loan facilities within twelve months from 31 December 2023 and that the loan will be extended upon expiry. Furthermore, taking into account the financial resources of the Group, the Group has unutilized general facilities of US\$893.162.000 as at 31 December 2023 for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. In addition, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by the management of the Group. The cash flow projections cover a period not less than twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Taking into account the above-mentioned considerations, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that, the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its cashflow requirements in the next twelve months.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's nonderivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

本公司董事認為,本公司同系附屬公司 中廣核風電已書面確認,儘管來自中廣 核風電的貸款人民幣2,400,000,000元 (相當於338,854,000美元)須於2023 年12月31日起計十二個月內償還,惟 其將不會自2023年12月31日起計十二 個月內註銷現有貸款融資,且貸款將於 到期後延長。此外,經計及本集團的財 務資源,於2023年12月31日,本集團有 893,162,000美元的未動用一般融資, 並於報告期末後十二個月內提取。此 外,本公司董事已審閱本集團管理層所 編製的本集團現金流量預測。現金流量 預測涵蓋自報告期末起計不少於十二 個月的期間。

經計及上述考量後,本公司董事認為, 本集團於未來十二個月將有充足營運 資金滿足其現金流量需求。

下表列示本集團非衍生金融負債於報 告期末的餘下合同期限,乃按合同未折 現現金流量(包括按合同利率或(如屬浮 動利率)於報告期末當時的利率計算的 利息付款)及本集團可能須支付的最早 日期計算:

		Within 1 year or on demand	More than 1 year but less than 2 years	More than 2 years but less than 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying amount at 31 December
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上	J years	Iotai	於12月31日
		按要求	但不超過兩年		五年以上	總額	賬面值
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日						
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	509,823	410,497	2,270,570	1,824,187	5,015,077	4,448,155
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,423	6,182	7,443	48,133	68,181	51,607
Loans from fellow subsidiaries	來自同系附屬公司的貸款	835,549	471,407	30,308	104,504	1,441,768	1,410,106
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股股東款項						
shareholders		3,209	-	-	2,118	5,327	4,418
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	108,671	-	-	-	108,671	108,671
Other payables	其他應付款項	437,609	287	4,890	3,758	446,544	444,470
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	107,045				107,045	107,045
		2,008,329	888,373	2,313,211	1,982,700	7,192,613	6,574,472

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公允價值(續)

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

(b) 流動資金風險 (續)

		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或求 <i>US\$*000</i> <i>千美元</i>	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 <i>US\$*000</i> <i>千美元</i>	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 <i>US\$*000</i> <i>千美元</i>	More than 5 years 五年以上 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Total 總額 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i>	Carrying amount at 31 December 於12月31日 賬面值 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日						
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	991,425	421,937	1,497,810	2,075,623	4,986,795	4,364,480
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,130	5,334	9,389	31,454	52,307	37,242
Loans from fellow subsidiaries	來自同系附屬公司的貸款	677,498	275,903	504,801	133,617	1,591,819	1,528,543
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股股東款項						
shareholders		899	-	-	2,154	3,053	2,053
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	223,028	-	-	-	223,028	223,028
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	483,707	287	861	4,332	489,187	486,829
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	110,743	-	-	-	110,743	110,743
		2,493,430	703,461	2,012,861	2,247,180	7,456,932	6,752,918

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate risk profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

(i) Interest rate risk profile

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate risk profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)

(c) 利率風險

利率風險為因市場利率變動導致金融 工具的公允價值或未來現金流量發生 波動的風險。本集團的利率風險主要來 自長期借貸。以浮動利率及固定利率授 出的借貸使本集團分別承受現金流量 利率風險及公允價值利率風險。管理層 所監控的本集團利率風險狀況載於下 文第(i)項。

(i) 利率風險概況

Netional amount

下表(已向本集團管理層報告) 詳細說明於報告期末本集團借 貸的利率風險概況:

		Notional	amount		
		名義金額			
		2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元		
Fixed-rate borrowings:	定息借貸:				
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings Loans from fellow subsidiaries	租賃負債 銀行借貸 來自同系附屬公司的貸款	51,607 1,265,826 1,016,105 2,333,538	37,242 1,169,986 1,105,862 2,313,090		
Variable-rate borrowings:	浮息借貸:				
Bank borrowings Loans from follow subsidiaries	銀行借貸 來自同系附屬公司的貸款	3,182,329 394,001	3,194,494 422,681		
Net exposure	風險敞口淨額	3,576,330	3,617,175		

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2023, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately US\$13,411,000 (2022: US\$13,582,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualized impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2022.

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*

- (c) 利率風險(續)
 - (ii) 敏感度分析

於2023年12月31日,假設所 有其他變量保持不變,估計 利率每上升/下降50個基點 將導致本集團的除稅後溢利 及保留溢利分別減少/增加 約13,411,000美元(2022年: 13,582,000美元)。

上述敏感度分析顯示假設利率 於報告期末發生變動,且於報 告期末應用該變動於重新計量 本集團所持有使本集團面臨公 允價值利率風險的金融工具, 本集團的除稅後溢利(及保留溢 利) 及綜合權益的其他組成部分 將發生的即時變動。就本集團 於報告期末持有的浮動利率非 衍生工具所引致的現金流量利 率風險而言,對本集團除稅後 溢利(及保留溢利)及綜合權益 的其他組成部分的影響乃作為 該項利率變化的年度化利息開 支或收益影響而估計。該分析 的基準與2022年的基準相同一 靫∘

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily US\$, CAD, RMB and HK\$. The Group manages this risk as follows:

(i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to manage its currency risk until the settlement date of foreign currency receivables or payables. The Group designates those forward exchange contracts as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges and does not separate the forward and spot element of a forward exchange contract but instead designates the forward exchange contract in its entirety in a hedging relationship. Correspondingly, the hedged item is measured based on the forward exchange rate.

The Group applies a hedge ratio of 1:1 and determines the existence of an economic relationship between the forward exchange contracts and the highly probable forecast transactions based on their currency amounts and the timing of their respective cash flows. The main sources of ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships are:

- the effect of the counterparty's and the Group's own credit risk on the fair value of the forward exchange contracts which is not reflected in the change in the value of the hedged cash flows attributable to the forward rate; and
- changes in the timing of the hedged transactions.

- 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)
 - (d) 貨幣風險

本集團主要因以外幣(即交易相關業務 功能貨幣以外的貨幣)計值的銷售及購 買(其導致應收款項、應付款項及現金 結餘)承受貨幣風險。引致該風險的貨 幣主要為美元、加元、人民幣及港元。 本集團按以下方式管理該風險:

(i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風險

本集團使用遠期外匯合同管理 其貨幣風險直至外幣應收款或 應付款的結算日期。本集團將 該等遠期外匯合同指定為現金 流對沖中的對沖工具及並無區 分遠期外匯合同的遠期及短期 部分反而於對沖關係中的整體 指定遠期外匯合同。因此,對沖 項目根據遠期外匯匯率計量。

本集團應用1:1的對沖率,並確 定外匯遠期合同及很可能的預 期交易之間存在經濟關係,乃 以彼等的貨幣金額及各自現金 流的時間。該等對沖關係中的 無效對沖主要來源為:

- (i) 交易對手方及本集團本 身信貸風險對遠期外匯
 合同公允價值的影響,
 並無反映在歸因於遠期
 匯率的已對沖現金流價
 值變動中;及
- (ii) 對沖交易的時間發生變 動。

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(ii)

(i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions *(continued)*

The following table details the forward exchange contracts that have been designated as cash flow hedges of the Group's highly probable forecast transactions at the end of the reporting period:

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*

- (d) 貨幣風險 (續)
 - (i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風 險 *(續)*

下表詳列於報告期末指定為本 集團極有可能的預測交易的現 金流量對沖的遠期外匯合同:

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	2023 2023)22 22年		
	Foreign currency 外幣 <i>CAD'000</i> <i>千加元</i>	Local currency 本幣 KRW'000 千韓元	Foreign currency 外幣 <i>CAD'000</i> <i>千加元</i>	Local currency 本幣 <i>KRW'000</i> 千韓元		
Notional amount 名義金額 - Buy CAD (sell KRW) 一買入加元 (出售韓元)			96,109	78,749,517		
			2023 2023年 <i>S\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元		
Carrying amount <i>(note)</i> 賬面值 (- Asset 一資產	附註)			8,300		
Note:			附註:			
As at 31 December 2022, the forward exchange contra a maturity of within one year from the reporting date and average exchange rate of 819.24 between CAD and KRW.	I have an	於2022年12月31日,遠期外匯合同 自報告日期起計一年內到期,加元 兌韓元的平均匯率為819.24。				
Recognized assets and liabilities		(ii) 已確認資產及負債				
The net fair value of forward exchange contrac by the Group as hedging instruments denor in foreign currencies at 31 December 2023 (2022: US\$8,300,000), recognized as de financial instruments.	於2023年12月31日,本集團用 作對冲工具以外幣計值的遠 期外匯合同的淨公允價值為零 (2022年:8,300,000美元), 乃確認為衍生金融工具。					
In respect of other trade receivables and p denominated in foreign currencies, the Group that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable I buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates necessary to address short-term imbalances.		賬款及應付期 確保透過於必 買入或出售外	[的其他貿易應收 (款而言,本集團 (要時以即期匯率 幣以解決短期失 將淨風險敞口保 水平。			

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS** (continued)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(iii) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognized assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in United States dollars, translated using the spot rate at the year end date.

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

所面臨的貨幣風險 (iii)

下表詳列本集團於報告期末所 面臨以相關實體功能貨幣以外 貨幣計值的已確認資產或負債 而產生的貨幣風險。就呈報目 的而言,所有面臨風險的金額 以按年結日的即期匯率換算的 美元列示。

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in United States dollars) 底面临的从敝囷险 (以美元列子)

		所画品的下市風險(以天元列不)						
		2023 2023年						
		US\$ 美元	RMB 人民幣	HK\$ 港元	EUR 歐元	CAD 加元	JPY 日圓	
		美元 US\$'000	人氏帝 <i>US\$'000</i>	老元 US\$'000	歐元 US\$'000	טע זיד US\$'000	口 回 <i>US\$'000</i>	
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	
Assets 資	译產	7,264	15,858	531	13	14,700	2,354	
Liabilities 負	自債	(28,116)	-	(196)	(309)	-	(6,491)	
	已確認資產及負債 所產生的總風險敞口	(20,852)	15,858	335	(296)	14,700	(4,137)	

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in United States dollars) 低面臨的外幣風险(以差元列元)

		所面臨的外帶風險(以美元列示)							
		2022							
				2022	2年				
		US\$	RMB	HK\$	EUR	CAD	JPY		
		美元	人民幣	港元	歐元	加元	日圓		
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000		
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元		
Assets	資產	-	16,582	77	13	3,113	-		
Liabilities	負債	(29,120)	-	-	-	-	-		
Gross exposure arising from	已確認資產及負債								
recognized assets and liabilities	所產生的總風險敞口	(29,120)	16,582	77	13	3,113	-		

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

(iv) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*

(d) 貨幣風險 (續)

(iv) 敏感度分析

下表顯示本集團除稅後溢利(及 保留溢利)以及綜合權益的其他 組成部分在本集團於報告期末 承受重大風險的匯率於該日發 生變動(假設所有其他可變風險 因素維持不變)的情況下可能出 現的即時變動。

			023 23年		022 22年
		Increase/	20-	Increase/	22
			(decrease) Effect on profit		Effect on profit
		in foreign	after tax and	(decrease) in foreign	after tax and
		exchange rates	retained profits	exchange rates	retained profits
		excitatige tates	對除稅後	excitatige tates	對除稅後
		匯率上升/	溢利及保留溢利	匯率上升/	溢利及保留溢利
		「下降」	的影響	(下降)	的影響
		(1)++/	US\$'000	(1 14)	US\$'000
			1 天九		1 7 76
US\$	美元	10%	(1,564)	10%	(2,207)
000	关九	(10%)	1,564	(10%)	2,207
		(10%)	1,504	(10%)	2,207
RMB	人民幣	10%	1,324	10%	1,385
NIVID	八氏市				
		(10%)	(1,324)	(10%)	(1,385)
CAD	to —	100/	1 100	1.00/	000
CAD	加元	10%	1,130	10%	236
		(10%)	(1,130)	(10%)	(236)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into United State dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2022. 上表呈列之分析結果代表本集 團各實體按各自功能貨幣計量 的除稅後溢利及權益的合計即 時影響,並為呈列目的而按報 告期末的匯率換算為美元。

敏感度分析假設於報告期未已 採用此等匯率變動重新計量本 集團所持有導致本集團面對外 幣風險的金融工具,包括集團 內公司間以並非貸方或借方功 能貨幣計值的應付款項及應收 款項。該分析按2022年相同基 準進行。

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorized into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
 - Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*

- (e) 公允價值計量
 - (i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債

公允價值層級

下表呈列本集團於報告期末按 經常性基準計量的金融工具的 公允價值,乃分類為國際財務 報告準則第13號公允價值計量 所界定的三級公允價值層級。 公允價值計量劃分的層級乃參 考估值技術所使用輸入數據的 可觀察性及重要性釐定如下:

- 第一級估值:公允價值 僅使用第一級輸入數 據,即相同資產或負債 於計量日期在活躍市場 的未經調整報價
- 第二級估值:公允價值 使用第二級輸入數據計 量,即不符合第一級的 可觀察輸入數據且並無 使用重大不可觀察輸入 數據。不可觀察輸入數 據為於市場數據不可用 的輸入數據。
 - 第三級估值:使用重大 不可觀察輸入數據計量 的公允價值

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value *(continued)*

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognize transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 (續)

- (e) 公允價值計量 (續)
 - (i) 按公允價值計量的金融資 產及負債*(續)*

公允價值層級 (續)

截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度,第一級與第二級之間 並無轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第 三級。本集團的政策為將公允 價值層級之間的轉撥於所發生 期間的報告期末予以確認。

		Fair value at 31 December 2023	er 31 December 2023 categorised into				
		於2023年 12月31日的 公允價值 <i>US\$`000</i> 千美元	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
			第一級 US\$'000 千美元	第二級 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	第三級 US\$'000 千美元		
Recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允價值計量						
Assets	資產						
Financial assets designated at FVOCI	指定為以公允價值計量 且變動計入其他全面 收益的金融資產	3,354	-	-	3,354		

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

- 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公允價值 *(續)*
 - (e) 公允價值計量 (續)
 - (i) 按公允價值計量的金融資 產及負債 *(續)*

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

公允價值層級 (續)

		Fair value at 31 December 2022	Fair Valu 31 Decemb 於2022年12月	ed into	
		於2022年 12月31日的	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		公允價值 <i>US\$'000</i>	第一級 US\$'000	第二級 <i>US\$'000</i>	第三級 <i>US\$'000</i>
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允價值計量				
Assets	資產				
Financial assets designated at FVOCI	指定為以公允價值計量 且變動計入其他全面 收益的金融資產	3,411	_	_	3,411
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具				
 Forward exchange contracts 	一遠期外匯合同	8,300		8,300	

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of forward exchange contracts in Level 2 is determined by discounting the difference between the contractual forward price and the current forward price. The discount rate used is derived from the relevant government yield curve as at the end of the reporting period plus an adequate constant credit spread.

The fair value of financial assets designated at FVOCI in Level 3 is determined by using the adjusted net assets method of the financial assets.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at amortized cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2022 and 2023.

第二級和第三級公允價值計量 所使用的估值技術及輸入數據

於第二級中遠期外匯合同的公 允價值乃通過折算合同遠期價 格與目前遠期價格之間的差額 釐定。所使用的折現率乃根據 報告期末的相關政府收益率曲 線另加充足穩定的信用價差得 出。

於第三級中指定為以公允價值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收 益的金融資產之公允價值乃使 用金融資產的經調整淨資產法 釐定。

(ii) 按非公允價值列賬的金融 資產及負債的公允價值

本集團按攤銷成本計量的金融 工具的賬面值與其於2022年及 2023年12月31日的公允價值並 無重大差異。

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37. DECONSOLIDATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

2023

In September 2023, Guangxi Rongjiang Meiya Company Limited (廣西融江美亞有限公司) and Guangxi Rongjiang Meiya Hydropower Company Limited (廣西融江美亞水電有限公司) (together as "**Meiya Rongjiang**") commenced compulsory liquidation initiated by the court. In September 2023, a forced dissolution panel designated by the court has been set up to take over the control of Meiya Rongjiang in order to execute the liquidation procedures. Upon the formation of the forced dissolution panel, the Group no longer had controlling power to govern the financial and operating policies of Meiya Rongjiang so as to benefit from their activities. Accordingly the Group recognized a gain on deconsolidation of approximately US\$2,485,000 arising from release of cumulative translation difference of Meiya Rongjiang.

According to the declaration of creditor's rights submitted to the forced dissolution panel and the accounting records of Meiya Rongjiang, the directors of the Company considered that the Group is entitled to receive approximately RMB79,757,000 (approximately equivalent to US\$11,261,000) from the dissolution panel upon the liquidation of Meiya Rongjiang and such balance is recognized under other receivables as current asset as the management of the Group expects such balance can be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Included in the consideration receivables, RMB191,000 (equivalent to approximately US\$27,000) is equal to the excess of the net assets value attributable to the Group, and such gain will be treated as an equity transaction as the capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders.

37. 取消合併/出售附屬公司

2023年

於2023年9月,廣西融江美亞有限公司及廣西融 江美亞水電有限公司(統稱「美亞融江」)開始由 法院啟動強制清算。於2023年9月,法院指定的 強制解散小組已成立,以接管美亞融江的控制 權,從而執行清算程序。強制解散小組成立後, 本集團不再擁有控制權以管理美亞融江的財務 及運營政策,從而無法從其業務中獲益。因此, 本集團因解除美亞融江的累計匯兌差額而確認 的取消合併收益約2.485.000美元。

根據向強制解散委員會提交的債權人權利聲明 及美亞融江會計記錄,本公司董事認為本集團 有權於美亞融江清盤後從解散委員會收取約人 民幣79,757,000元(相當於約11,261,000美元), 由於本集團管理層預期該餘額可於報告期末 起計一年內清償,故該結餘於其他應收款項下 確認為流動資產。包括在應收對價中的人民幣 191,000元(相當於約27,000美元)相當於本集團 應佔淨資產價值的差額,該收益將作為非控股 股東出資的股權交易處理。

		At September 2023 於2023年9月 US\$'000 千美元
The net assets at the date of disposal were as follows:	於取消合併日期的資產淨值如下:	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	16,872
Other receivables	其他應收款項	70
Inventories	存貨	84
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	(98)
Other payables	其他應付款項	(3)
Tax payable	應付稅項	(26)
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	(398)
Net assets deconsolidated	取消合併的資產淨值	16,501

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2023 (continued)

37. DECONSOLIDATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

37. 取消合併/出售附屬公司 (續)

2023年 (續)

		At September 2023 於2023年9月 US\$'000 千美元
Gain on deconsolidation of Meiya Rongjiang	取消合併美亞融江的收益	
Cash consideration receivables Cumulative exchange gain in respect of the net assets of	應收現金代價 美亞融江淨資產的累計匯兌收益	11,261
Meiya Rongjiang		2,485
Net assets deconsolidated	取消合併的資產淨值	(16,501)
Non-controlling interests deconsolidated	取消合併的非控股權益	5,267
		2,512
Represented by:	該金額為:	
Gain on deconsolidation recognized in profit or loss	於損益確認的取消合併收益	2,485
Gain on deconsolidation recognized in equity	於權益確認的取消合併收益	27
		2,512
Net cash outflow arising from the deconsolidation:	取消合併產生的現金流出淨額:	
		US\$'000 千美元
Cash and cash equivalent deconsolidated	取消合併的現金及現金等價物	(16,872)

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37. DECONSOLIDATION/DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

2022

In June 2022, the Group disposed of its entire equity interest in CGN (Hubei) Integrated Energy Services Company Limited (中廣核 (湖北) 綜合能源服務有限公司)to CGN Wind Energy, a fellow subsidiary of the Company, at a consideration of RMB200,513,000 (equivalent to US\$29,898,000). Loss on disposal of US\$67,000 was recognized under Other gains and losses during the year.

37. 取消合併/出售附屬公司 (續)

2022年

於2022年6月,本集團出售其於中廣核(湖 北) 綜合能源服務有限公司之全數權益予本公 司同系附屬公司中廣核風電,代價為人民幣 200,513,000元(相當於29,898,000美元)。本年 於其他收益及虧損項下確認出售虧損67,000美 元。

> US\$'000 千美元

		1 270
The net assets at the date of disposal were as follows: Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	於出售日期的淨資產如下: 非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,686 43,252 (14,973)
Net assets disposed of	已出售淨資產	29,965
Cash consideration Net assets disposed of	現金代價 已出售淨資產	29,898 (29,965)
Loss on disposal	出售虧損	(67)
Net cash inflow from the disposal: Cash consideration received Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	來自出售的現金流入淨額: 已收現金代價 已出售現金及現金等價物	29,898 (15,558)
		14,340

38. COMMITMENTS

38. 承擔

Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2023 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

資本承擔

於2023年12月31日尚未在財務報表計提撥備的 資本承擔如下:

2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
848,533	252,256
848,533	252,256

已訂約

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39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is ultimately controlled by CGN, which is a state-owned enterprise under the direct supervision of the State Council of the PRC.

Apart from details of the balances with related parties disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position and other details disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group also entered into the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

39. 重大關連交易

本公司最終由中廣核控制,而中廣核為中國國 務院直接監管之國有企業。

除綜合財務狀況表所披露之關聯方結餘詳情以 及綜合財務報表的其他部分披露之其他詳情 外,本集團於年內亦與關聯方訂立以下重大交 易:

Name of related company 關聯公司名稱	Notes 附註	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
CGN Energy International 中廣核能源國際	i	Management service income 管理服務收入	481	753
		Management service expense 管理服務支出	-	45
CGN Finance 中廣核財務	ii	Interest expense 利息支出	8,591	6,158
		Interest income 利息收入	2,789	2,743
CGN Energy Development Co., Ltd. ("CGN Energy") and its subsidiaries	ii	Management service income	2,584	3,004
中廣核能源開發有限責任公司 (「 中廣核能源 」)及其附屬公司		管理服務收入		
CGNPC Huasheng 中廣核華盛	ii	Interest income 利息收入	76	51
		Interest expense 利息支出	16,352	7,932
Huamei Holding Company Limited (" Huamei Holding ") and its subsidiaries	ii	Management service income	6,543	6,556
Huamei Holding Company Limited (「 華美控股 」)及其附屬公司		管理服務收入		
China Clean Energy 中國清潔能源	ii	Interest expense 利息支出	20,531	20,531
CGN Wind Energy and its subsidiaries 中廣核風電及其附屬公司	ii	Management service income 管理服務收入	13,809	14,304
		Power agency income 電量代理收入	957	-
		Management service expense 管理服務支出	12,296	9,660
		Interest expense 利息支出	14,266	27,287
CGN Solar Energy Development Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	ii	Management service income	4,970	3,443
中廣核太陽能開發有限公司及其附屬公司		管理服務收入 Management service expense 管理服務支出	3,970	973
CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology Co., Limited	ii	Management service expense	7,043	3,564
中廣核 (北京) 新能源科技有限公司 Gansu CGN Wind Power Co., Ltd. 甘肅中廣核風力發電有限公司	ii	管理服務支出 Management service expense 管理服務支出	1,253	562

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39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

39. 重大關連交易 (續)

	e of related company 公司名稱	Notes 附註	Nature of transactions 交易性質			2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Dev 中廣村	Hunan New Energy velopment Co., Ltd. Xintian branch 亥(湖南)新能源開發有限公司 田分公司	ii	Energy storage service ex _t 儲能服務支出	oense		737	-
China	ロカ公司 Nuclear Power Engineering Co., Ltd 亥工程有限公司	ii	Construction expense 建築開支			3,022	69,458
CGN 中廣	立	iii	Technical service income 技術服務收入			-	42
Hubei	∝ i Xisaishan 西塞山	iv	及兩版務成八 Management service incor 管理服務費收入	ne		48	51
Hubei 湖北書	Huadian 華電	iv	Management service incor 管理服務費收入	ne		-	56
Notes:				附註:			
(i)	CGN Energy International is the immediate he	olding com	pany of the Company.	(i)	中廣核創	E源國際為本公司B	的直屬控股公司。
(ii)	CGN Finance, CGN Energy and its subsidia Holding and its subsidiaries, China Clean E subsidiaries, CGN Solar Energy Developme CGN (Beijing) New Energy Technology Co., Co., Ltd., China Nuclear Power Engineering Energy Development Co., Ltd. Xintian branc Company.	nergy, CGI ent Co., Lto Limited, Ga Co., Ltd	N Wind Energy and its d. and its subsidiaries, ansu CGN Wind Power and CGN Hunan New	(ii)	廣核華 ⁴ 、 家人 北 力 酸 (加 一 廣 核 (一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	材務、中廣核能源 整、華美控股及其 中廣核風電及其其 報發有限公司入規 新能源科技有限公 氦有限公司、中廣 都 和 南 前 新 前 新 能源 和 武 和 武 有 服 公 司 、 中 廣 和 志 派 科 达 方 和 派 科 达 方 服 、 二 司 元 四 司 元 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	附屬公司、中國清 附屬公司、中廣核 附屬公司、中廣核 公司、甘肅中廣核 亥工程有限公司及 有限公司新田分公
(iii)	CGN is the ultimate holding company of the	Company.		(iii)	中廣核為	B本公司的最終控M	受公司。
(iv)	Hubei Xisaishan and Hubei Huadian are asso	ociates of t	ne Group.	(iv)	湖北西 司。	塞山 及 湖 北 華 電 為	9.本集團的聯營公
	Group has entered into various trans		U			日常業務過程中! 限行及金融機構	

The Group has entered into various transactions including deposits placements, borrowings and other general banking facilities, with certain banks and financial institutions which are the PRC governmentrelated entities in its ordinary course of business. A majority of the cash and cash equivalents and 87.2% (2022: 85.2%) of borrowings of the Group are with the PRC government-related entities as at 31 December 2023. 本集團已於其日常業務過程中與屬中國政府相 關實體之若干銀行及金融機構訂立多項交易, 包括存款、借貸及其他一般銀行融資。於2023 年12月31日,本集團之大部分現金及現金等價 物及87.2%(2022年:85.2%)借貸分別存放於中 國政府相關實體。

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39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Also, the Group's transactions with other PRC government-related entities include sales of electricity to local power bureau and a stateowned entity. About 40% (2022: 36%) of its sales of electricity and capacity charges are to the other PRC government-related entities for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Certain directors have also been employed by CGN and its subsidiaries and the payments of their emoluments were borne by CGN and its subsidiaries for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other key management during the year were as follows:

Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits 短期福利 離職後福利

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by having regard to the performance of individuals and the Group and market trends.

39. 重大關連交易 (續)

另外,本集團與中國其他政府相關實體之交易 包括向本地供電局及國有企業銷售電力。於截 至2023年12月31日止年度,約40%(2022年: 36%)之電力銷售及容量費乃與其他中國政府相 關實體有關。

於截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度若干 董事亦受聘於中廣核及其附屬公司,其薪酬付 款由中廣核及其附屬公司承擔。

主要管理人員薪酬

年內董事及其他主要管理人員的薪酬如下:

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
<i>US\$'000</i>	<i>US\$'000</i>
千美元	<i>千美元</i>
377	1,484
21	102
398	1,586

董事及主要行政人員的薪酬乃參考個人及本集 團表現以及市場趨勢釐定。

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40. THE COMPANY – LEVEL STATEMENT OF 40. 本公司層面的財務狀況表 FINANCIAL POSITION

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries (<i>Note (a)</i>)	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 於附屬公司的投資 <i>(附註(a))</i>		97 1,136 1,294,962	138 2,258 1,252,738
			1,296,195	1,255,134
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables and prepayments Amount due from the immediate	流動資產 其他應收款項及預付款項 應收直接控股公司款項		436	350
holding company Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	應收同系附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物		120 9,483 <u>31,811</u>	3,455 36,756
			41,850	40,561
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries Amounts due to subsidiaries Loan from a fellow subsidiary Loan from a subsidiary	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付同系附屬公司款項 應付附屬公司款項 來自同系附屬公司貸款 來自附屬公司的貸款		4,439 5,983 4,514 250,000 49,416	6,425 5,737 10,489 - 53,126
Bank borrowings – due within one year Lease liabilities – due within one year	銀行借貸-於一年內到期 租賃負債-於一年內到期		100,000 1,151	1,133
			415,503	76,910
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額		(373,653)	(36,349)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		922,542	1,218,785
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Loans from fellow subsidiaries Bank borrowings – due after one year Lease liabilities – due after one year			450,000 _ 	700,000 100,000 1,142
			450,000	801,142
NET ASSETS	淨資產		472,542	417,643
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備		55 472,487	55 417,588
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	35(a)	472,542	417,643

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40. THE COMPANY – LEVEL STATEMENT OF 40 FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

Notes:

a. Investment in subsidiaries

The Group has disclosed the information of the following material subsidaries, as these subsidaries are representing its major power generation facilities of the Group:



附註:

a. 於附屬公司的投資

本集團已披露以下重要附屬公司資料,因為 該等附屬公司代表本集團主要發電設施:

Name of subsidiaries	Place of establishment/ incorporation/ operation 成立/註冊成立/	Date of establishment/ incorporation 成立/	Legal form	Registered capital/issued and fully paid-up share capital	Attributable equity interest held by the Group		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營運地點	註冊成立日期	合法形式	註冊資本/已發行及繳足股本	本集團所持應		主要業務
					2023 2023年	2022 2022年	
Indirect 間接					2023+	2022+	
CGN Daesan Power Co., Ltd.	Korea	8 April 2009	Joint stock company	lssued capital of KRW16,197,500,000 and paid-up capital of KRW16,197,500,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity from an oil-fired combined cycle power plant
	韓國	2009年4月8日	股份有限公司	16,197,500,000韓元註冊資本及 16,197,500,000韓元繳足股本			從燃油聯合循環電廠生產及供應電力
CGN Yulchon Generation Co., Ltd.	Korea	28 July 2009	Joint stock company	Issued capital of KRW18,044,400,000 and paid-up capital of KRW18,044,400,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity from a gas-fired combined cycle power plant
	韓國	2009年7月28日	股份有限公司	18,044,400,000韓元註冊資本及 18,044,400,000韓元諭足股本			從燃氣聯合循環電廠生產及供應電力
Nantong Meiya Co-generation Co., Ltd.	The PRC	13 March 1997	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of US\$16,800,000 and paid-up capital of US\$16,800,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity and steam and other related products
南通美亞熱電有限公司	中國	1997年3月13日	外商投資的有限責任企業	16,800,000美元註冊資本及 16,800,000美元撤足股本			生產及供應電力、蒸汽及其他有關產品
Wuhan Han-Neng Power Development Co., Ltd.	The PRC	11 October 1995	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered capital of RMB291,260,000 and paid-up capital of RMB291,260,000	60 %	53%	Generation and supply of electricity
武漢漢能電力發展有限公司	中國	1995年10月11日	中外合資合營企業	人民幣291,260,000元註冊資本及 人民幣291,260,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力
CGN New Energy (Dezhou) Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	29 December 2014	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of US\$200,308,891 and paid-up capital of US\$200,308,891	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
中廣核新能源(徳州)有限公司	中國	2014年12月29日	外商投資的有限責任企業	200,308,891美元註冊資本及 200,308,891美元繳足股本			生產及供應電力
CGN (Zhejiang Xiangshan) Wind Power Co., Ltd*	The PRC	11 July 2011	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB134,610,000 and paid-up capital RMB134,610,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
中廣核 (浙江象山) 風力發電 有限公司	中國	2011年7月11日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣134,610,000元註冊資本及 人民幣134,610,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力
CGN (Zhejiang Ninghai) Wind Power Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	19 December 2013	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB79,600,000 and paid-up capital RMB79,600,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
中廣核 (浙江寧海) 風力發電 有限公司	中國	2013年12月19日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣79,600,000元註冊資本及 人民幣79,600,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力
CGN Gansu Minqin Wind Power Co., Ltd*	The PRC	4 March 2011	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB162,200,000 and paid-up capital RMB162,200,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
中廣核甘肅民勤風力發電 有限公司	中國	2011年3月4日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣162,200,000元註冊資本及 人民幣162,200,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力
CGN Gansu Minqin (II) Wind Power Co., Ltd*	The PRC	24 October 2013	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB549,760,000 and paid-up capital RMB549,760,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
中廣核甘肅民勤第二風力發電 有限公司	中國	2013年10月24日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣549,760,000元註冊資本及 人民幣549,760,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力

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本公司層面的財務狀況表 40. THE COMPANY - LEVEL STATEMENT OF 40 (續) FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

a.

Notes: 附註: Investment in subsidiaries (continued) 於附屬公司的投資(續) a. Place of Registered Attributable establishment/ Date of capital/issued and equity interest incorporation/ establishment/ fully paid-up held by Name of subsidiaries operation incorporation Legal form share capita the Group Principal activities . 成立/註冊成立/ 成立 附属公司名稱 勞渾地點 註冊成立日期 合法形式 註冊資木 / 已發行及繳足股太 木集團所持廠佔股權 **主亜**業務 2023 2022 2023年 2022年 CGN Gansu Guazhou Wind The PRC 18 November 2011 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB191,750,000 and 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity Power Co., I td* enterprise with limited paid-up capital RMB191,750,000 liability 中廣核甘肅瓜州風力發電 中國 2011年11月18日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣191,750,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 人民幣191,750,000元繳足股本 有限公司 Registered capital of RMB627,190.000 and CGN Gansu Guazhou (II) Wind The PRC 15 November 2013 Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity paid-up capital BMB556,500,000 Power Co., I td* enterprise with limited liability 中廣核甘肅瓜州第二風力發電 中國 2013年11月15日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣627,190,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 有限公司 人民幣556,500,000元繳足股本 The PRC Guazhou Tianrun Wind Power 6 March 2009 Registered capital of RMB98,100,000 and 60% Generation and supply of electricity Sino-foreign equity joint 60% Co., Ltd* venture paid-up capital RMB98,100,000 瓜州天潤風電有限公司 中國 2009年3月6日 中外合資合營企業 人民幣98.100.000元註冊資本及 牛產及供應電力 人民幣98.100.000元繳足股本 CGN Solar (Dachaidan) The PRC 15 January 2010 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB492,931,000 and 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity paid-up capital RMB492,931,000 Development Co., Ltd* enterprise with limited liability 中廣核太陽能 (大柴旦) 開發 中國 2010年1月15日 人民幣492.931.000元註冊資本及 牛產及供應電力 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣492,931,000元繳足股本 有限公司 CGN Solar (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd* The PRC 17 August 2011 Registered capital of RMB43,400,000 and 100% Generation and supply of electricity Foreign investment 100% enterprise with limited paid-up capital RMB43,400,000 liability 中廣核太陽能(深圳)有限公司 中國 2011年8月17日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣43,400,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 人民幣43,400,000元繳足股本 Weifang CGN Energy Co. I td.* The PRC 26 August 2016 Foreign investment Registered capital of BMB153,760,000 and 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity enterprise with limited paid-up capital RMB153,760,000 liabilitie 濰坊中廣核能源有限公司 中國 2016年8月26日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣153,760,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 人民幣153,760,000元繳足股本 Lankao CGN New Energy Registered capital of RMB576,980,000 and The PRC 21 March 2017 Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB576,980,000 liability 蘭考中廣核新能源有限公司 2017年3日21日 人民幣576.980.000元註冊資本及 山岡 外商投資的有限責任企業 生產乃供確電力 人民幣576.980.000元繳足股本 Registered capital of RMB100,000,000 and Chifeng New Golden The PRC 14 October 2016 Sino-foreign equity joint 74% 74% Generation and supply of electricity venture paid up capital of RMB100,000,000 赤峰金色能源有限公司 中國 2016年10月14日 中外合資合營企業 牛產及供應電力 人民幣100.000.000元註冊資本及 人民幣100.000.000元繳足股本 Yuzhou CGN New Energy The PRC 6 March 2017 Registered capital of RMB216,280,000 and Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB216,280,000 liability 禹州中廣核新能源有限公司 中國 2017年3月6日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣216,280,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 人民幣216,280,000元繳足股本 Xingtai Renxian County CGN The PRC 16 May 2018 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB246,260,000 and 100% 100% Generation and supply of electricity New Energy Power Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid-up capital RMB158.090.000 liability 邢台任縣中廣核新能源發電 2018年5月16日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣246,260,000元註冊資本及 生產及供應電力 中國 有限公司 人民幣158,090,000元繳足股本

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40. THE COMPANY – LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)



生產及供應電力

Notes:	s: Investment in subsidiaries (continued)				附于i	附註:			
a.					a.	a. 於附屬公司的投資		(續)	
	Name of subsidiaries	Place of establishment/ incorporation/ operation	Date of establishment/ incorporation	Legal form	Registered capital/issued and fully paid-up share capital		Attributable equity interest held by the Group		Principal activities
	附屬公司名稱	成立/註冊成立/ 營運地點	成立/ 註冊成立日期	合法形式	註冊資本/已發行及繳足股本		本集團所持應	佔股權	主要業務
							2023	2022	
							2023年	2022年	
	CGN Fugou County New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	19 September 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB192,690, paid up capital of RMB192,690,0		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核扶溝縣新能源有限公司	中國	2018年9月19日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣192,690,000元註冊資本及 人民幣192,690,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN (Qianxinan State) New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	25 January 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB284,198, paid up capital of RMB284,198,		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核 (黔西南州) 新能源 有限公司	中國	2018年1月25日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣284,198,700元註冊資本及 人民幣284,198,700元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN (Wenchang) New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	1 August 2017	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB312,400, paid up capital RMB312,399,963		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核 (文昌) 新能源有限公司	中國	2017年8月1日	liability 外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣312,400,000元註冊資本及 人民幣312,399,963元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN (Datong) New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	2 June 2017	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB269,510, paid up capital RMB269,510,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核 (大同) 新能源有限公司	中國	2017年6月2日	liability 外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣269,510,000元註冊資本及 人民幣269,510,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	Baoying County Rongbaoda Wind Power Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	21 November 2016	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB291,004, paid up capital RMB285,124,000		100%	69%	Generation and supply of electricity
	寶應縣融保達風力發電 有限公司	中國	2016年11月21日	liability 外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣291,004,000元註冊資本及 人民幣285,124,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	Yanling CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	6 March 2017	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB382,610, paid up capital RMB382,610,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	鄢陵中廣核新能源有限公司	中國	2017年3月6日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣382,610,000元註冊資本及 人民幣382,610,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN Yiyang New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	18 May 2017	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB182,760, paid up capital RMB182,760,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核益陽新能源有限公司	中國	2017年5月18日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣182,760,000元註冊資本及 人民幣182,760,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	Yongcheng City CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	13 June 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB346,070, paid up capital RMB346,070,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	永城市中廣核新能源有限公司	中國	2018年6月13日		人民幣346,070,000元註冊資本及 人民幣346,070,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN New Energy Cenxi Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	17 July 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB100,000, paid up capital RMB100,000,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity
	中廣核新能源岑溪有限公司	中國	2018年7月17日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣100,000,000元註冊資本及 人民幣100,000,000元繳足股本				生產及供應電力
	CGN New Energy (Taigu) Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	22 December 2016	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB259,330, paid up capital RMB259,330,000		100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricity

liability

2016年12月22日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣259,330,000元註冊資本及

人民幣259,330,000元繳足股本

中廣核新能源(太谷)有限公司 中國

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本公司層面的財務狀況表 40. THE COMPANY - LEVEL STATEMENT OF 40 (續) FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

a.

Notes: 附註: Investment in subsidiaries (continued) 於附屬公司的投資(續) a. Place of Registered Attributable establishment/ Date of capital/issued and equity interest incorporation/ establishment/ fully paid-up held by Name of subsidiaries operation incorporation Legal form share capita the Group Principal activities . 成立/註冊成立/ 成立 附属公司名稱 勞渾地點 註冊成立日期 合法形式 註冊資本 / 已發行及繳足股本 木集團所持廠佔股權 **主亜**業務 2023 2022 2023年 2022年 CGN (Dangtu) New Energy The PRC 15 April 2019 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB323,800,000 and 100% Generation and supply of electricity 100% Co., I td.* enterprise with limited paid up capital RMB323,800,000 liability 中廣核 (當塗) 新能源有限公司 中國 2019年4月15日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣323,800,000元註冊資本及 牛產及供應電力 人民幣323,800,000元繳足股本 Registered capital of RMB131,960.000 and CGN New Energy (Lianshui) The PRC 9 December 2016 Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation of electricity paid up capital of RMB131.960.000 Co., I td* enterprise with limited liability 中廣核新能源(漣水)有限公司 中國 2016年12月9日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣131,960,000元註冊資本及 生產電力 人民幣131,960,000元繳足股本 CGN (Hengfengxian) New The PRC Registered capital of RMB133,086,700 and 100% Generation of electricity 2 November 2016 Foreign investment 100% paid up capital of RMB131,750,000 Energy Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited liability 由癌核 (爀修縣) 新能源 2016年11日2日 , 外商投資的有限責任企業 人 民幣133.086.700 元註冊資本及 山岡 生產雷力 有限公司 人民幣131.750.000元續足股本 CGN (Shengshi) New Energy Registered capital of RMB1,752,700,000 and 100% Generation of electricity The PRC 5 July 2017 Foreign investment 100% Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB1,749,654,881 liability 中廣核(嵊泗)新能源有限公司 中國 2017年7月5日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣1,752,700,000元註冊資本及 生產電力 人民幣1.749.654.881元續足股本 Zixing CGN New Energy The PRC 6 December 2017 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB325,590,000 and 100% 100% Generation of electricity Co., I td.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB325.590.000 liability 資興中廣核新能源有限公司 2017年12月6日 人民幣325,590,000元註冊資本及 生產電力 中國 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣325,590,000元繳足股本 The PRC Registered capital of RMB202.265.600 and CGN (Donazhi) New Energy 19 August 2016 Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation of electricity Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB198,060,600 liability 中廣核(東至)新能源有限公司 中國 2016年8月19日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣202.265.600元註冊資本及 牛產電力 人民幣198.060.600元繳足股本 CGN New Energy Nantong The PRC 6 November 2018 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB1,995,330,000 and 83% 81% Generation of electricity Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB1,622,546,108 liahility 中廣核新能源南通有限公司 2018年11月6日 中國 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣1.995.330.000元註冊資本及 牛產電力 人民幣1,622,546,108元繳足股本 CGN New Energy (Huaian) The PRC 14 August 2018 Foreign investment Registered capital of RMB146,710,000 and 100% 100% Generation of electricity Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited paid up capital of RMB146,710,000 liability 中廣核新能源(淮安)有限公司 中國 人民幣146,710,000元註冊資本及 2018年8月14日 外商投資的有限責任企業 牛產電力 人民幣146,710,000元繳足股本 Registered capital of RMB132,440,000 and CGN New Energy Cogen The PRC 29 October 2018 Foreign investment 100% 100% Generation of electricity paid up capital of RMB132,440,000 Zhangjiakou Zhangbei enterprise with limited Co., Ltd.* liability 中廣核新能源發電張家口張北 中國 2018年10月29日 外商投資的有限責任企業 人民幣132,440,000元註冊資本及 生產電力 有限公司 人民幣132.440.000元繳足股本 Dezhou Shangtang New Energy The PRC Registered capital of RMB435,164,400 and 100% 6 November 2018 Foreign investment 100% Generation of electricity paid up capital of RMB283,326,800 Co., Ltd.* enterprise with limited liability 德州尚堂新能源有限公司 , 外商投資的有限責任企業 中國 2018年11月6日 人民幣435.164.400元註冊資本及 牛產電力

人民幣283,326,800元繳足股本

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

40. THE COMPANY – LEVEL STATEMENT OF 40. 本公 FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) (續)



附註:

Investment in subsidiaries (continued)				a. 於附屬公司的投資 (續)				
Name of subsidiaries	Place of establishment/ incorporation/ operation	Date of establishment/ incorporation	Legal form	Registered capital/issued and fully paid-up share capital	Attributable equity interest held by the Group		Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	成立/註冊成立/ 營運地點	成立/ 註冊成立日期	合法形式	註冊資本/已發行及繳足股本	本集團所持應	佔股權	主要業務	
					2023 2023年	2022 2022年		
CGN (Ganzhou) New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	12 October 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB213,290,400 and paid up capital of RMB213,290,400	100%	100%	Generation of electricity	
中廣核 (贛州) 新能源有限公司	中國	2018年10月12日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣213,290,400元註冊資本及 人民幣213,290,400元繳足股本			生產電力	
Xingye CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	31 October 2018	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB200,000,000 and paid up capital of RMB200,000,000	100%	100%	Generation of electricity	
興業中廣核新能源有限公司	中國	2018年10月31日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣200,000,000元註冊資本及 人民幣200,000,000元繳足股本			生產電力	
CGN New Energy Clear Water Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	28 June 2019	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB249,350,000 and paid up capital of RMB249,350,000	100%	100%	Generation of electricity	
中廣核新能源明水有限公司	中國	2019年6月28日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣249,350,000元註冊資本及 人民幣249,350,000元繳足股本			生產電力	
CGN New Energy Haiyan Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	29 March 2019	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB191,302,300 and paid up capital of RMB191,302,300	100%	100%	Generation of electricity	
中廣核新能源海晏有限公司	中國	2019年3月29日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣191,302,300元註冊資本及 人民幣191,302,300元繳足股本			生產電力	
Longnan District Xinchangsheng New Energy Co., Ltd*	The PRC	29 March 2017	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB136,004,400 and paid up capital of RMB107,435,500	100%	100%	Generation of electricity	
龍南縣鑫昌盛新能源有限公司	中國	2017年3月29日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣136,004,400元註冊資本及 人民幣107,435,500元繳足股本			生產電力	
CGN New Energy Qinzhou Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	27 December 2021	Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability	Registered capital of RMB221,590,000 and paid up capital of RMB215,000,000	100%	100%	Generation and supply of electricit	
中廣核新能源钦州有限公司	中國	2021年12月27日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣221,590,000元註冊資本及 人民幣215,000,000元繳足股本			生產及供應電力	
Rudong Nuclear New Energy Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	7 April 2022	Foreign investment enterprise with limited	Registered capital of RMB242,598,300 and paid up capital of RMB227,458,980	100%	0%	Generation of electricity	
如東聚核新能源有限公司	中國	2022年4月7日	外商投資的有限責任企業	人民幣242,598,300元註冊資本及 人民幣227,458,980元繳足股本			生產電力	
	Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱 Co., Ltd.* 中廣核 (磯州) 新能源有限公司 가	Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱Place of establishment/ incorpation/ operation gezetion gezetion gezetion gezetion gezetion gezetion gezetion du / 注冊成立/ 管理地點CGN (Ganzhou) New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRCPm@kk (礦州) 新能源有限公司中國Xngye CGN New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRC// Rgye TGN New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRC// Rgye TGN New Energy Clear Water Co., Ltd.*The PRC// Rgk新能源明水有限公司中國/ CGN New Energy Clear Water Co., Ltd.*The PRC/ Longnan District Xinchangsheng New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRC/ Longnan District Xinchangsheng New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRC/ CGN New Energy Oinzhou Co., Ltd.*The PRC/ Ripskali-Bashtäjänt RocalHom/ Ripskali-Bashtäjänt RocalHom/ Ripskali-Bashtäjänt RocalHom/ Rudong Nuclear New Energy Co., Ltd.*The PRC	Name of subsidiaries MagCap 2.4 ft incorporation/ operation mod 2.4 ft incorporation/ operation mod 2.4 ft incorporation mod 2.4 ft 	Name of subsidiaries Image and 5.4 microprotion/ operation 成立/註冊成立/ 整理地點Date of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊成立/ 註冊成立日期Legal form 合法形式CGN (Ganchou) New Energy Co, Lut*The PRC12 October 2018Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中康核 (備州) 新能源有限公司中國2018年10月12日外商投資的有限責任企業Xingye CGN New Energy Co, Lut*The PRC31 October 2018Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability興業中康核新能源有限公司中國2018年10月31日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Co, Lut*The PRC28 June 2019Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2019年6月28日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Clear Water Co, Lut*The PRC29 March 2019Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2019年6月28日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Clear Water Co, Lut*The PRC29 March 2019Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2019年3月29日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Co, Ld* me Energy Co, Ld*The PRC29 March 2017Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2017年3月29日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Cinzhou Co, Ld*The PRC27 December 2021Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2017年3月29日外商投資的有限責任企業CGN New Energy Cinzhou Co, Ld*The PRC27 December 2021Foreign investment enterprise with limited liability中國2017年3月29日外商投資的有限責任企業F	Investment number Loss of the procession of the processi	Investment in sub-Uriers (controller) a. 於問名이 Name of subsidiaries (Exp CPA CAR) Face of stabilization (Exp CPA CAR) Date of stabiliza	Investment n www.investment n wwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwwww	

* English names are for identification purpose only.

The above table lists the principal subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

上表載列本公司的主要附屬公司,本公司董事 認為,該等附屬公司主要影響本集團的業績或 資產。董事認為,載列其他附屬公司的詳情將令 資料過於冗長。

概無附屬公司於年末發行任何債務證券。

Notes: a.

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

41. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 18 January 2024, the Company, as service receiver, entered into certain financial services framework agreements with CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance each as service provider, respectively, pursuant to which such service providers agreed to provide deposit and other financial services to the Group. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 18 January 2024.

On 25 January 2024, Rudong Lu Nuclear New Energy Co., Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as employer, entered into an engineering, procurement and construction contract with China Energy Engineering Group Jiangsu No. 1 Electric Power Construction Co., Ltd., as contractor, pursuant to which such contractor was engaged to carry out the works for the design, engineering, procurement, construction and construction management of a power storage station located in Nantong City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC and related structures and facilities. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 25 January 2024.

On 8 March 2024, CGN New Energy Yancheng Co., Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as employer, entered into an engineering, procurement and construction contract with China Energy Engineering Group Jiangsu Electric Power Design Institute Co., Ltd., as contractor, pursuant to which such contractor was engaged to carry out the works for the design, engineering, procurement, construction and construction management of the phase one of the fishery and photovoltaic complementary project located in Jianhu County, Yancheng City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC and related structures and facilities. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 8 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above, no important event or transaction affecting the Group and which is required to be disclosed by the Company has taken place after 31 December 2023.

41. 報告期後事項

於2024年1月18日,本公司(作為服務接受方)與 中廣核華盛及中廣核財務(各自作為服務供應 商)分別訂立若干金融服務框架協議,據此,有 關服務供應商同意向本集團提供存款及其他金 融服務。有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司日期為 2024年1月18日的公告。

於2024年1月25日,本公司的全資附屬公司如東 鷺核新能源有限公司(作為僱主)與中國能源建 設集團江蘇省電力建設第一工程有限公司(作 為承包商)訂立工程、採購及施工合同,據此, 有關承包商獲委聘對位於中國江蘇省南通市的 儲電站以及相關結構及設施進行設計、工程、採 購、施工及施工管理工作。有關進一步資料,請 參閱本公司日期為2024年1月25日的公告。

於2024年3月8日,本公司全資附屬公司中廣核 新能源鹽城有限公司(作為僱主)與中國能源建 設集團江蘇省電力設計院有限公司(作為承包 商)訂立工程、採購及施工合同,據此,有關承 包商獲委聘對位於中國江蘇省鹽城市建湖縣的 漁光互補項目的第一期工程及相關結構及設施 進行設計、工程、採購、施工及施工管理工作。 有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司日期為2024年3 月8日的公告。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日後,概 無影響本集團及本公司須披露之重要事項或交 易。

for the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

42. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS. **NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT** YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2023**

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2023 and which have not been adopted in these consolidated financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

42. 截至2023年12月31日止年 度已頒佈但尚未生效的修訂 本、新訂準則及詮釋可能產 生的影響

> 截至該等綜合財務報表日期,國際會計準則理 事會已頒佈多項新訂或經修訂準則,惟該等準 則於截至2023年12月31日止年度尚未生效,且 並無於該等綜合財務報表採納。該等發展包括 以下可能與本集團相關者。

> > Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

			於以下日期或之後 開始的會計期間生效
Amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of financial statements: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current ("2020 amendments")	國際會計準則第1號(修訂 將債務分類為流動或非		1 January 2024 2024年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of financial statements: Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022 amendments")	國際會計準則第1號(修訂 <i>帶契諾的非流動負債(</i> /		1 January 2024 2024年1月1日
Amendments to IFRS 16, <i>Leases: Lease liability in a sale and leaseback</i>	國際財務報告準則第16號 <i>租的租賃負債</i>	(修訂本), <i>租賃:售後回</i>	1 January 2024 2024年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 7, Statement of cash flows and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier finance arrangements	國際會計準則第7號(修訂 <i>財務報告準則第7號,金 融資安排</i>	本),現金流量表及國際 融工具:披露:供應商	1 January 2024 2024年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 21, The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates: Lack of exchangeability	國際會計準則第21號(修訂 <i>影響:缺乏可交換性</i>	訂本),外 <i>匯匯率變動的</i>	1 January 2025 2025年1月1日
The Group is in the process of making an assessme impact of these developments is expected to be in		本集團正在評估該等發展 產生的影響。迄今得出結	

these developments is expected to be in the initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

ふ 寺 牛 則 1 大可能對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

Financial Summary 財務概要

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		2019 2019年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2020 2020年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2021 2021年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元
Revenue	收入	1,276,281	1,149,892	1,775,305	2,430,056	2,192,977
Operating expenses: Coal, oil, gas and wood pellet	經營開支: 煤炭、石油、天然氣及 木質顆粒	698,265	492,510	778,486	1,247,302	983,336
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	159,831	193,031	266,346	335,969	343,740
Repair and maintenance Staff costs Recognition/(reversal) of loss allowance of trade and othe receivables and contract	維修及保養 員工成本 確認/(撥回)就貿易及 r 其他應收款項及合同 資產虧損撥備	40,675 76,524	30,447 85,835	37,684 102,854	29,971 109,395	31,358 120,313
assets Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	69,368	(99) 60,701	20,292 90,047	2,791 114,976	8,593 153,144
Total operating expenses	經營開支總額	1,044,663	862,425	1,295,709	1,840,404	1,640,484
Operating profit Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of results of associates Gain on deconsolidation/ disposal of subsidiaries	經營溢利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 財務費用 攤佔聯營公司業績 取消合併/出售 附屬公司的收益	231,618 23,157 (25,093) (122,120) 32,807 548	287,467 26,318 (11,089) (145,005) 29,342 18,135	479,596 41,307 44 (188,216) (37,551)	589,652 42,699 (69,000) (227,105) (63,252)	552,493 19,774 (9,996) (212,765) 3,022
Profit before taxation Income tax	除稅前溢利 所得稅	140,917 (41,564)	205,168 (37,533)	295,180 (34,066)	272,994 (58,571)	352,528 (72,895)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	99,353	167,635	261,114	214,423	279,633
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to: Equity shareholders of the	應佔年內溢利/(虧損): 本公司權益股東					
Company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	111,207 (11,854)	162,087 5,548	244,274 16,840	195,149 19,274	267,685 11,948
		99,353	167,635	261,114	214,423	279,633
Earnings per Share, basic and diluted (US cents)	每股盈利,基本及攤薄 <i>(美仙)</i>	2.59	3.78	5.69	4.55	6.24

Financial Summary 財務概要

		2019 2019年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2020 2020年 <i>US\$'000</i> 千美元	2021 2021年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2022 2022年 <i>US\$'000 千美元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2023 2023年 <i>US\$'000</i> <i>千美元</i>
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Total assets Total liabilities	資產及負債 總資產 總負債	5,379,167 4,369,720	6,976,532 5,679,151	8,733,954 7,238,743	8,343,933 6,844,377	8,350,142 6,661,583
NET ASSETS	淨資產	1,009,447	1,297,381	1,495,211	1,499,556	1,688,559
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	/ 本公司權益股東應佔 總權益 非控股權益	930,115 79,332	1,213,155 84,226	1,373,690 121,521	1,362,225 137,331	1,544,591 143,968
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	1,009,447	1,297,381	1,495,211	1,499,556	1,688,559





中國廣核新能源控股有限公司 CGN New Energy Holdings Co., Ltd.

A Contraction

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